## International Telecommunication Union Structure & Study Groups



ITU Centres of Excellence Network for Asia and the Pacific State Radio Monitoring Center - China

Training on MONITORING RF SPECTRUM IN MODERN WIRELESS ERA Kunming, Yunnan Province, China (Peoples Republic of)

16 – 20 April 2018



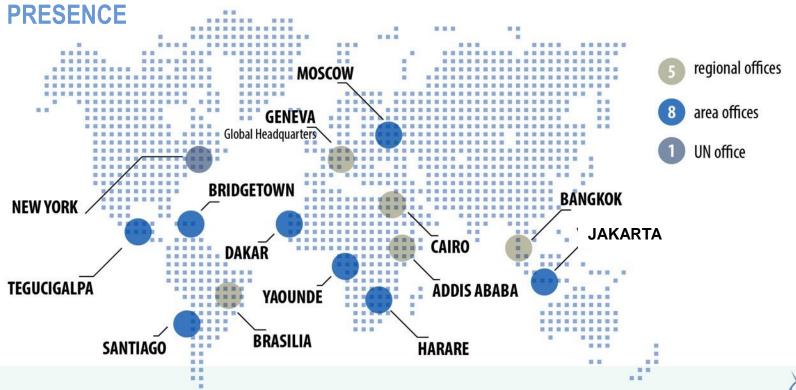
#### About us



#### **Specialized Agencies of the United Nations**



Where are we?



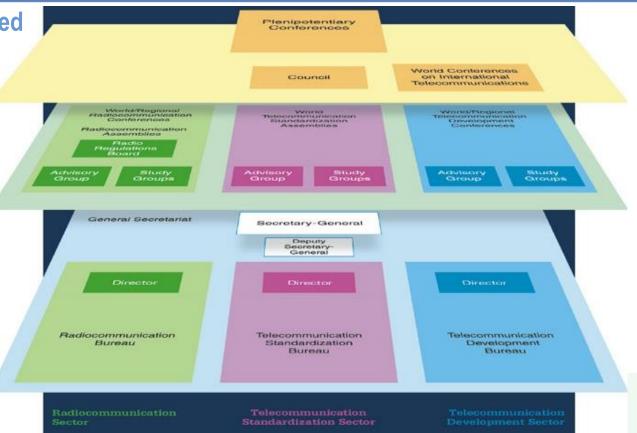


## Meet us How we work

About us

How are we organized

Each sector has separate mandate, but all work cohesively towards connecting the world



#### Meet us WHO ARE WE?

**Our numbers** 



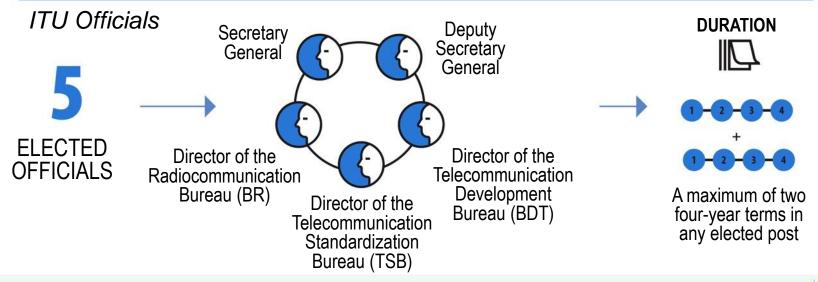




#### WHO ARE WE?

04

#### ITU Elections : during Highest Governance Forum i.e. Plenipotentiary conference

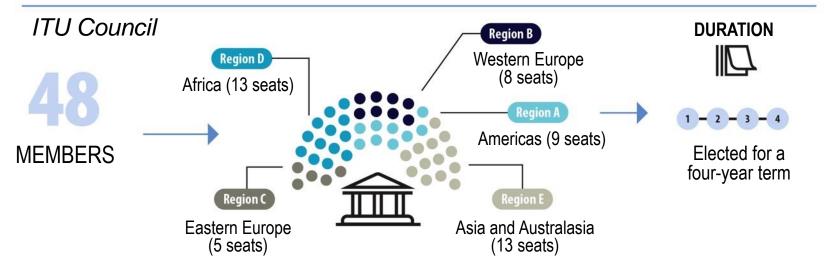




#### Meet us

#### But what about the time between plenipotentiary conferences?

ITU Elections : during highest Governance Forum i.e Plenipotentiary conference



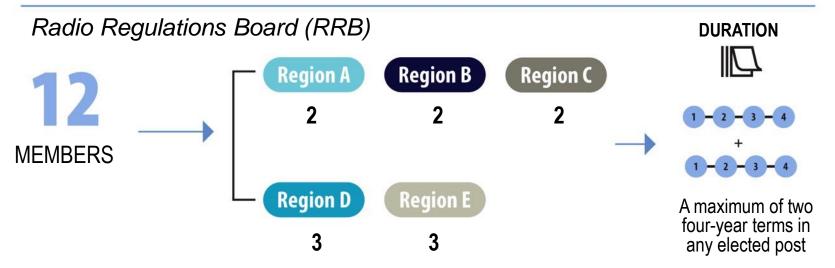


Meet us

#### **Other Elections during Plenipotentiary**



ITU Elections : during Highest Governance Forum i.e Plenipotentiary conference

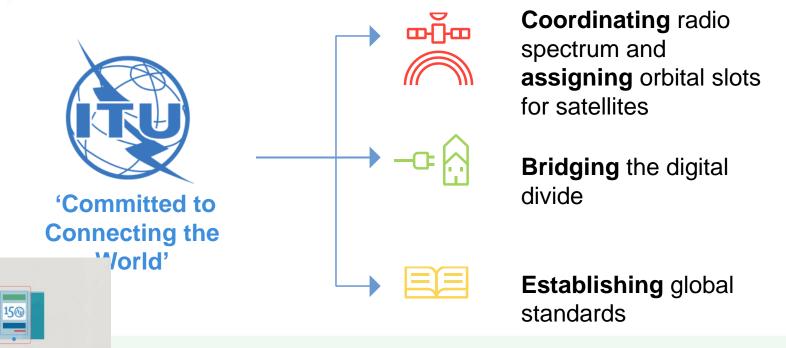


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http://www.itu.int/en/plenipotentiary/2014/Pages/default.aspx

#### About us

#### WHAT WE DO





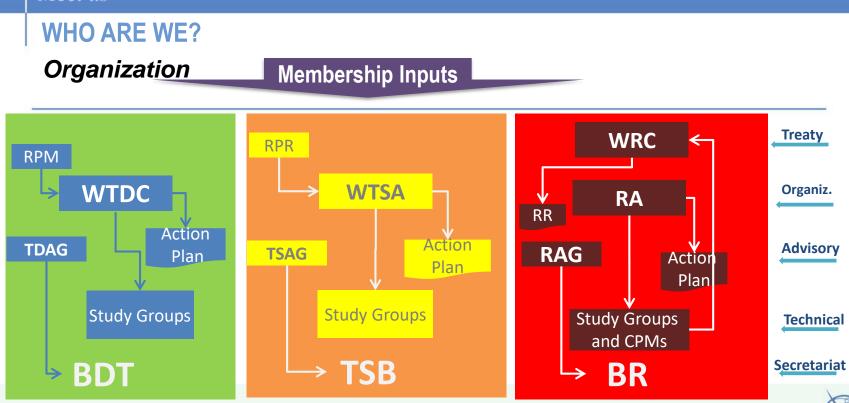
Meet us

#### WHO ARE WE?

#### Organization









#### Meet the sectors

## RADIOCOMMUNICATIONS/

#### Meet the sectors

#### ITU - R





ITU Radiocommunication Sector (ITU-R) plays a vital role in the global management of the radio-frequency spectrum and satellite orbits - limited natural resources which are increasingly in demand from a large and growing number of services such as fixed, mobile, broadcasting, amateur, space research, emergency telecommunications, meteorology, global positioning systems, environmental monitoring and communication services - that ensure safety of life on land, at sea and in the skies.

#### Organization

4 Departments

- 1. Space Services Department (SSD)
- 2. Terrestrial Services Department (TSD)
- 3. Study Groups Department (SGD)
- 4. Informatics, Administration and Publications Department (IAP)

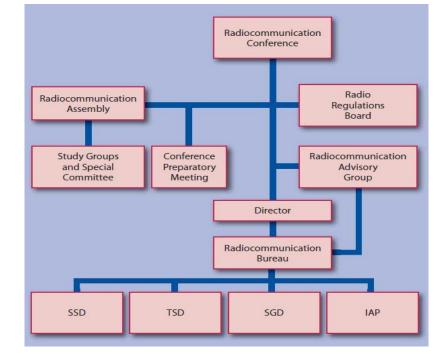


#### Meet the sectors



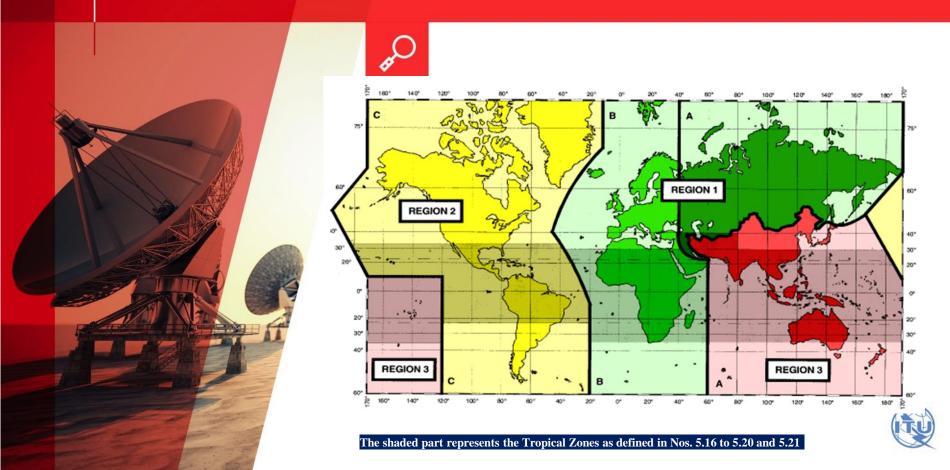


#### **Sector Organization**

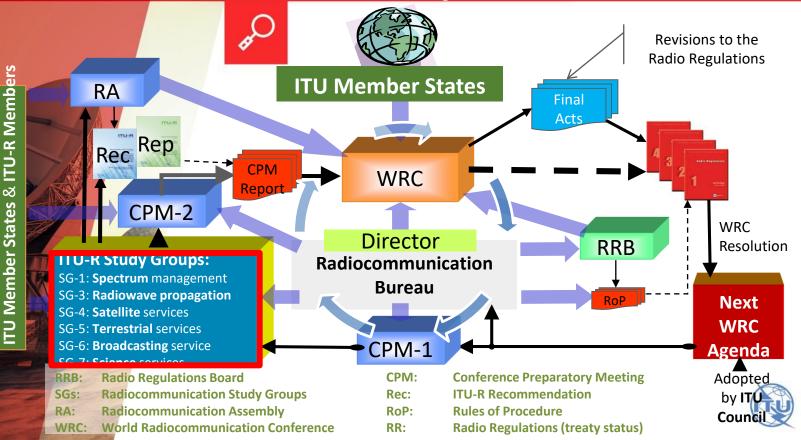




#### International Frequency Allocations



#### The WRC Cycle







## ITU-R Study Groups



## Study Group 1 (SG 1)

#### Spectrum Management

Spectrum management principles and techniques, general principles of sharing, spectrum monitoring, long-term strategies for spectrum utilization, economic approaches to national spectrum management, automated techniques and assistance to developing countries in cooperation with the Telecommunication Development Sector.

- Working Party 1A (WP 1A) Spectrum engineering techniques
- Working Party 1B (WP 1B) Spectrum management methodologies and economic strategies
- Working Party 1C (WP 1C) Spectrum monitoring



## Study Group 3 (SG 3)





#### **Radiowave Propagation**

#### Scope:

Propagation of radio waves in ionized and non-ionized media and the characteristics of radio noise, for the purpose of improving radiocommunication systems.

- Working Party 3J (WP 3J) Propagation fundamentals
- Working Party 3K (WP 3K) Point-to-area propagation
- Working Party 3L (WP 3L) Ionospheric propagation and radio noise
- Working Party 3M (WP 3M) Point-to-point and Earth-space propagation



## Study Group 4 (SG 4)

#### **Satellite Services**



Scope: Systems and networks for the fixed-satellite service, mobilesatellite service, broadcasting-satellite service and radiodetermination-satellite service.

- Working Party 4A (WP 4A) Efficient orbit/spectrum utilization for FSS and BSS
- Working Party 4B (WP 4B) Systems, air interfaces, performance and availability objectives for FSS, BSS and MSS, including IP-based applications and satellite news gathering
- Working Party 4C (WP 4C) Efficient orbit/spectrum utilization for MSS and RDSS



## Study Group 5 (SG 5)

#### **Terrestrial Services**

Systems and networks for fixed, mobile, radiodetermination, amateur and amateur-satellite services.

- Working Party 5A (WP 5A) Land mobile service above 30 MHz (excluding IMT); wireless access in the fixed service; amateur and amateur-satellite services
- Working Party 5B (WP 5B) Maritime mobile service including Global Maritime Distress and Safety System (GMDSS); aeronautical mobile service and radiodetermination service
- Working Party 5C (WP 5C) Fixed wireless systems; HF and other systems below 30 MHz in the fixed and land mobile services
- Working Party 5D (WP 5D) IMT Systems
- Task Group 5/1 WRC-19 Agenda item 1.13



## Study Group 6 (SG 6)

#### **Broadcasting Service**



#### Scope:

Radiocommunication broadcasting, including vision, sound, multimedia and data services principally intended for delivery to the general public. to delivery nodes, and secondary distribution to consumers.

- Working Party 6A (WP 6A) Terrestrial broadcasting delivery
- Working Party 6B (WP 6B) Broadcast service assembly and access
- Working Party 6C (WP 6C) Programme production and quality assessment



## Study Group 7 (SG 7)





#### **Science Services**

#### Scope:

- Systems for space operation, space research, Earth exploration and meteorology, including the related use of links in the inter satellite service.
- Systems for remote sensing, including passive and active sensing systems, operating on both ground-based and space-based platforms.
- Radio astronomy and radar astronomy.
- Dissemination, reception and coordination of standard-frequency and time-signal services, including the application of satellite techniques, on a worldwide basis.

- Working Party 7A (WP 7A) Time signals and frequency standard emissions
- Working Party 7B (WP 7B) Space radiocommunication applications
- Working Party 7C (WP 7C) Remote sensing systems
- Working Party 7D (WP 7D) Radio astronomy



## Task Group 5/1





Task Group 5/1 is responsible for the development of draft CPM text under WRC-19 Agenda item 1.13.

In developing sharing studies and draft CPM text, Task Group 5/1 has to consider, the results of appropriate studies from Working Party 5D on the spectrum needs, technical and operational characteristics including protection criteria, and deployment scenarios for the terrestrial component of IMT, as well as propagation models, technical characteristics including protection criteria for existing services allocated in, or adjacent to, the bands identified in resolves to invite ITU-R 2 of Resolution 238 (WRC-15).

Task Group 5/1 is also required to conduct the appropriate sharing and compatibility studies, taking into account the protection of services to which the band is allocated on a primary basis.

More information at https://www.itu.int/dms\_pub/itu-r/opb/gen/R-GEN-SGB-2016 PD E.pdf#page=42&pagemode=none

## ITU-R Study Groups

Study Group Number	Focus Area	Structure
SG – 1	Spectrum Management	<ul> <li>Working Party 1A (WP 1A) - Spectrum engineering techniques</li> <li>Working Party 1B (WP 1B) - Spectrum management methodologies and economic strategies</li> <li>Working Party 1C (WP 1C) - Spectrum monitoring</li> </ul>
SG – 3	Radio Wave Propagation	<ul> <li>Working Party 3J (WP 3J) - Propagation fundamentals</li> <li>Working Party 3K (WP 3K) - Point-to-area propagation</li> <li>Working Party 3L (WP 3L) - Ionospheric propagation and radio noise</li> <li>Working Party 3M (WP 3M) - Point-to-point and Earth-space propagation</li> </ul>
SG – 4	Satellite Services	<ul> <li>Working Party 4A (WP 4A) - Efficient orbit/spectrum utilization for FSS and BSS</li> <li>Working Party 4B (WP 4B) - Systems, air interfaces, performance and availability objectives for FSS, BSS and MSS, including IP-based applications and satellite news gathering</li> <li>Working Party 4C (WP 4C) - Efficient orbit/spectrum utilization for MSS and RDSS</li> </ul>

## ITU-R Study Groups

Study Group	Focus Area	Structure
SG – 5	Terrestrial Services	<ul> <li>Working Party 5A (WP 5A) - Land mobile service above 30 MHz (excluding IMT); wireless access in the fixed service; amateur and amateur-satellite services</li> <li>Working Party 5B (WP 5B) - Maritime mobile service including Global Maritime Distress and Safety System (GMDSS); aeronautical mobile service and radiodetermination service</li> <li>Working Party 5C (WP 5C) - Fixed wireless systems; HF and other systems below 30 MHz in the fixed and land mobile services</li> <li>Working Party 5D (WP 5D) - IMT Systems</li> <li>Task Group 5/1 - WRC-19 Agenda item 1.13</li> </ul>
SG – 6	Broadcasting Services	<ul> <li>Working Party 6A (WP 6A) - Terrestrial broadcasting delivery</li> <li>Working Party 6B (WP 6B) - Broadcast service assembly and access</li> <li>Working Party 6C (WP 6C) - Programme production and quality assessment</li> </ul>
SG – 7	Science Services	<ul> <li>Working Party 7A (WP 7A) - Time signals and frequency standard emissions</li> <li>Working Party 7B (WP 7B) - Space radiocommunication applications</li> <li>Working Party 7C (WP 7C) - Remote sensing systems</li> <li>Working Party 7D (WP 7D) - Radio astronomy</li> </ul>

#### **Examples of ITU Reports and Recommendations**

Category	Report/Recommendation Details
General	<ul> <li>Recommendation ITU-R SM.1050</li> <li>Recommendation ITU-R SM.1723</li> <li>Recommendation ITU-R SM.1794</li> <li>ITU Spectrum Monitoring Handbook, 2011, Chapter 1</li> </ul>
Direction finding measurement and location determination	<ul> <li>Recommendation ITU-R SM.854</li> <li>Recommendation ITU-R SM.1598</li> <li>ITU Spectrum Monitoring Handbook, 2011, Section 4.7</li> </ul>
Spectrum and channel Occupancy measurement	<ul> <li>Recommendation ITU-R SM.1880</li> <li>Report ITU-R SM.2256</li> <li>ITU Spectrum Monitoring Handbook, 2011, Section 4.10</li> </ul>
Unwanted emissions	<ul> <li>Recommendation ITU-R SM.328</li> <li>Recommendation ITU-R SM.329</li> <li>Recommendation ITU-R SM.1752</li> <li>Recommendation ITU-R SM.1792</li> <li>ITU Spectrum Monitoring Handbook, 2011, Section 4.12</li> </ul>
Measurement on digital broadcasting systems	<ul> <li>Recommendation ITU-R SM.1682</li> <li>Recommendation ITU-R SM.1792</li> <li>ITU Spectrum Monitoring Handbook, 2011,Sections 4.11 and 5.2</li> </ul>
Mobile monitoring	<ul> <li>Recommendation ITU-R SM.1708</li> <li>Recommendation ITU-R SM.1723</li> <li>ITU Spectrum Monitoring Handbook, 2011,Section 2.4.2</li> </ul>
Standard data exchange format at monitoring stations	Recommendation ITU-R SM.1809

#### **Examples of ITU Reports and Recommendations**

Category	Report/Recommendation Details
Frequency	<ul> <li>Recommendation ITU-R SM.377</li> <li>ITU Spectrum Monitoring Handbook, 2011, Section 4.2</li> </ul>
Field strength (see also Radio Regulations Art. 21)	<ul> <li>Recommendation ITU-R P.845</li> <li>Recommendation ITU-R SM.378</li> <li>Recommendation ITU-R SM.1447</li> <li>Recommendation ITU-R SM.1708</li> <li>ITU Spectrum Monitoring Handbook, 2011, Section 4.10</li> </ul>
Modulation	<ul> <li>Recommendation ITU-R SM. 1268</li> <li>ITU Spectrum Monitoring Handbook, 2011, Sections 4.6 and 4.8</li> </ul>
Bandwidth	<ul> <li>Recommendation ITU-R SM.443</li> <li>ITU Spectrum Monitoring Handbook, 2011, Section 4.5</li> </ul>
Identification	<ul> <li>Recommendation ITU-R SM.1052</li> <li>Recommendation ITU-R SM.1600</li> <li>ITU Spectrum Monitoring Handbook, 2011, Section 4.8</li> </ul>
Signal analysis	ITU Spectrum Monitoring Handbook, 2011, Section 4.8
Measurements related to inspection of radio installations	Report ITU-R SM.2130

#### **Examples of ITU Reports and Recommendations**

Category	Report/Recommendation Details
Selectivity of monitoring receivers	<ul> <li>Recommendation ITU-R SM.1836</li> <li>Report ITU-R SM.2125</li> </ul>
IP3 of monitoring receivers	<ul> <li>Recommendation ITU-R SM.1837</li> <li>Report ITU-R SM.2125</li> </ul>
Noise figure of monitoring receivers	<ul> <li>Recommendation ITU-R SM.1838</li> <li>Report ITU-R SM.2125</li> </ul>
Scanning speed of monitoring receivers	<ul> <li>Recommendation ITU-R SM.1839</li> <li>Report ITU-R SM.2125</li> </ul>
Sensitivity of monitoring receivers	<ul> <li>Recommendation ITU-R SM.1840</li> <li>Report ITU-R SM.2125</li> </ul>
Other parameters	Report ITU-R SM.2125
Selectivity of monitoring receivers	Recommendation ITU-R SM.1836

• Report ITU-R SM.2125



# Meet the sectors

## Meet the sectors **ITU - T**



Crucial role in **defining operation** and interoperability of technologies that underpin global communications network

200 - 300 new global standards approved every year, with over4,000 in use today

#### ITU at a glance



#### Meet the sectors

ITU - T



PKI

Public-key infrastructure, central to e-commerce ITU at a glance



#### **H.264**

The Emmy award winning video codec and its successor, H.265



## *Meet the sectors* **ITU - T**



WORLD TELECOMMUNICATION STANDARDIZATION ASSEMBLY (WTSA)

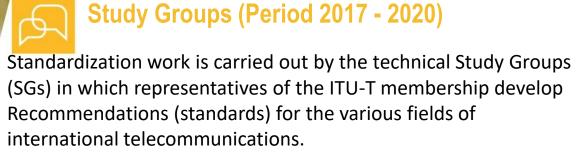
Draws up the ITU-T **Action Plan** (actions, their associated responsibilities, necessary collaborations, reporting mechanisms and implementation status.

Sets ITU-T Study Group top **priorities and questions** 



## Meet the sectors

#### ITU - T



- 1. <u>SG2 Operational aspects</u>
- 2. SG3 Economic and policy issues
- 3. <u>SG5 Environment and cellular economy</u>
- 4. SG9 Broadband cable and TV
- 5. <u>SG11 Protocols and test specifications</u>
- 6. SG12 Performance, QoS and QoE
- 7. SG13 Future networks (& cloud)
- 8. SG15 Transport, Access and Home
- 9. SG16 Multimedia
- 10. <u>SG17 Security</u>
- 11. SG20 IoT and applications, smart cities



## *Meet the sectors* **ITU - T**



## Focus Group on Machine Learning for Future Networks including 5G

The ITU-T Focus Group on Machine Learning for Future Networks including 5G was established by ITU-T Study Group 13 at its meeting in Geneva, 6-17 November 2017.

The Focus Group will draft technical reports and specifications for machine learning (ML) for future networks, including interfaces, network architectures, protocols, algorithms and data formats.



# Meet the sectors



### Example: New Standards on

**ITU Y.3101** "Requirements of the IMT-2020 network" describes the features of 5G networks necessary to ensure efficient 5G deployment and high network flexibility.

### **ITU Y.3150** *"High-level technical characteristics of network softwarization for IMT-2020"*

 describes the value of slicing in both horizontal and vertical, application-specific environments.

#### ITU Y.3130 "Requirements of IMT-2020 fixed-mobile convergence"

• calls for unified user identity, unified charging, service continuity, guaranteed support for high quality of service, control plane convergence and smart management of user data.



# Meet the sectors

The Telecommunication Development Sector (ITU-D) fosters international cooperation and solidarity in the delivery of technical assistance and in the creation, development and improvement of telecommunication and ICT equipment and networks in developing countries. ITU-D is required to discharge the Union's **dual responsibility** as a United Nations specialized agency and executing agency for implementing projects under the United Nations development system or other funding arrangements,

### Organization

Meet the sectors

ITU - D

- 4 Departments (Geneva), 5 Regional Offices and 8 Area Offices:
- 1. Administration and Operations Coordination Department;
- 2. Infrastructure, Enabling Environment & E-applications Department;
- 3. Innovation and Partnership Department; (includes SG)
- 4. Project Support and Knowledge Management Department





### How its Done: Global Objectives (2018-2021)

**Objective** #1

**Objective** #2

**Objective** #3

**Coordination**: Foster international cooperation and agreement on telecommunication/ICT development issues

Modern and secure telecommunication/ICT Infrastructure: Foster the development of infrastructure and services, including building confidence and security in the use of telecommunications/ICTs

**Enabling environment:** Foster an enabling policy, and regulatory environment conducive to sustainable telecommunication/ICT development

#### **Objective** #4

Inclusive digital society: Foster the development and use of telecommunications /ICTs and applications to empower people and societies for sustainable development



### 16 related Outcomes

### **ITU:** Asia- Pacific (ASP)

#### Set by Members of ITU from ASP total 38 including



ASP1	Addressing special needs of least developed countries, small island developing states, including Pacific island countries, and landlocked developing countries		
ASP2	Harnessing ICTs to support the digital economy and an inclusive digital society		
and the second sec			
ASP3	Fostering development of infrastructure to enhance digital connectivity		
ASP4	Enabling policy and regulatory environments		
and the second second			
ASP5	Contributing to secure and resilient environment		

# *Meet the sectors* ITU - D SMS4DC $\triangleright$ > SMTP $\geq$

### SOME MAJOR ACHIEVEMENTS

- Providing vital emergency Telecommunications to assist rescue and relief operations in the immediate aftermath of a disaster
- Masterplans of Spectrum Management
- **Digital Inclusion**
- National roadmaps for transition from Analog to Digital Terrestrial TV
- And many others.....





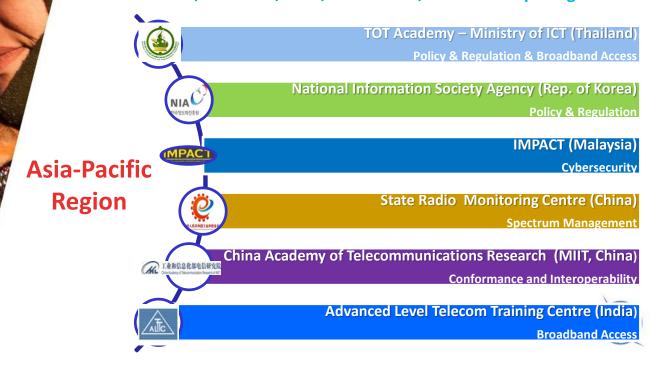
SOME MAJOR ACHIEVEMENTS **ITU Projects and Partnerships in Asia-Pacific** 



SOME MAJOR ACHIEVEMENTS: 36 ITU Centres of Excellence Africa, Americas, Arab, Asia-Pacific, CIS and Europe Region

Meet the sectors

ITU - D



Study Groups ITU - D



# **ITU-D Study Groups**



# Study Groups

# Introduction

**Responsible for** developing Reports, Guidelines, and Recommendations based on input received from the membership.

Shared knowledge base Information is gathered through surveys, contributions and case studies and is made available for easy access by the membership using content management and web publication tools.

#### **IMPACT**

Outputs agreed on in the ITU-D Study Groups, and related reference material, are used as input for the implementation of policies, strategies, projects and special initiatives Member States.

### Study Group 1 (SG 1) Study Groups

ITU - D



Enabling environment for the development of telecommunications/ICTs

### Scope

- National telecommunication/ICT policy, regulatory, technical and strategy development which best enables countries to benefit from the impetus of telecommunications/ICTs, including broadband, cloud computing and consumer protection, as an engine for sustainable growth.
- Economic policies and methods of determining costs of services related to national telecommunications/ICTs.
- Access to telecommunications/ICTs for rural and remote areas and by persons with disabilities and specific needs.
- The needs of developing countries in spectrum management, including the ongoing transition from analogue to digital terrestrial television broadcasting and the use of the digital dividend, in addition to any future digital switchover.



# Study Groups 2 (SG 2)

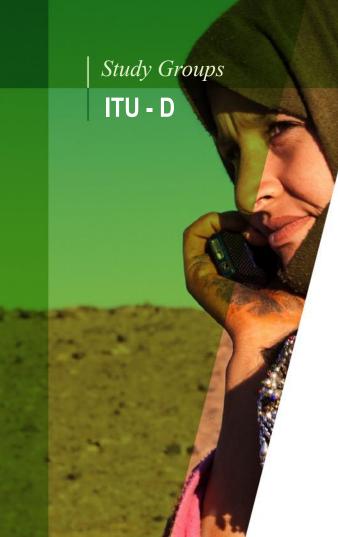


ICT applications, cybersecurity, emergency telecommunications & climate change adaptation

### Scope

- Services and applications supported by telecommunications/ICTs.
- Building confidence and security in the use of ICTs.
- The use of telecommunications/ICTs in mitigating the impact of climate change on developing
- countries, and for natural disaster preparedness, mitigation and relief, as well as conformance and interoperability testing.
- Human exposure to electromagnetic fields and safe disposal of electronic waste.
- The implementation of telecommunications/ICTs, taking into account the results of the studies carried out by ITU-T and ITU-R, and the priorities of developing countries.







### SOME MAJOR ACHIEVEMENTS Study period 2010 – 2014

**19 final** *reports* and guidelines available for download in <u>all 6 official languages</u> at: <u>http://www.itu.int/pub/D-STG</u>



Study Groups ITU - D



### ITU-D Study Groups (for Period 2018 to 2021)



### Study Group 1 (SG 1) Questions Under Study

Enabling environment for the development of telecommunications/ICTs

Question 1/1	Strategies and policies for the deployment of <b>broadband</b> in developing countries
Question 2/1	Strategies, policies, regulations and methods of migration and adoption of digital broadcasting and implementation of new services
<u>Question 3/1</u>	Emerging technologies, including cloud computing: m-services, and <b>OTTs</b> : Challenges and opportunities, economic and policy impact for developing countries
Question 4/1	Economic policies and methods of determining the <b>costs</b> of services related to national telecommunication/ICT networks
<u>Question 5/1</u>	Telecommunications/ICTs for rural and remote areas
<u>Question 6/1</u>	Consumer information, protection and rights: Laws, regulation, economic bases, consumer networks
Question 7/1	Access to telecommunication/ICT services by persons with disabilities and other persons with specific needs

### Study Group 2 (SG 2)

Questions under study

ICT applications, cybersecurity, emergency telecommunications & climate change adaptation

Question 1/2	Creating the smart cities and society: Employing ICTs for sustainable social and economic development
Question 2/2	Telecommunications/ICTs for <b>eHealth</b>
Question 3/2	Securing information and communication networks: Best practices for developing a culture of <b>cybersecurity</b>
Question 4/2	Assistance to developing countries for implementing conformance and interoperability (C&I) programmes and combating counterfeit ICT equipment and theft of mobile devices
Question 5/2	Utilizing telecommunications/ICTs for disaster risk reduction and management
Question 6/2	ICTs and the environment
Question 7/2	Strategies and policies concerning human exposure to electromagnetic fields

# events

### What we do

### **EVENTS**

World Telecommunication Standardization Assembly / WTSA



Held every four years and defines the next period of study for ITU-T.

- Draws up the ITU-T Action Plan (actions, their associated responsibilities, necessary collaborations, reporting mechanisms and implementation status.
- Sets ITU-T Study Group top priorities and questions

Last WTSA-16 took place 25 October - 3 November 2016 in Yasmine Hammamet, Tunisia.



### What we do

### **EVENTS**

### *World Radio Conference / WRC*



Held every three to four years. It is the job of WRC to review, and, if necessary, revise the Radio Regulations, the international treaty governing the use of the radio-frequency spectrum and the geostationary-satellite and non-geostationary-satellite orbits. Under the terms of the ITU Constitution, a WRC can:

- revise the Radio Regulations and any associated Frequency assignment and allotment Plans;
- address any radio-communication matter of worldwide character;
- instruct the RRB and ITU-R, and review their activities;
- determine Questions for study by the <u>Radio-</u> <u>communication Assembly</u> and its Study Groups in preparation for future Radio-communication Conferences.

### What we do

### **EVENTS**

### World Telecommunication Development Conference / WTDC



Held every 4 years and a number of Regional Preparatory Meetings within that same period. WTDC serve as forums for discussion by all concerned with the Development Sector, review the numerous programmes and projects. Results are reported and new projects are launched.



### **EVENTS**

World Summit on the Information Society / WSIS



Establishes internationally agreed foundations for the Internet Society to **ensure digital opportunities for all people**. The WSIS Forum is held annually to review the implementation of the Summit outcomes.

This year WSIS Forum 2018, was hosted by ITU in Geneva (Switzerland) from 19 to 23 March 2018.

### **EVENTS**

# Global Symposium for Regulators

### GSR



9-12 July 2018

The event to unite the global community of ICT regulators to **examine and debate** the latest ICT regulatory challenges. This year it would include

- Global Dialogue on AI, IoT and Cyberse urity –
   Policy and regulatory challenges and
   opportunities
- Chief Regulatory Officials (CRO)/ Industry Advisory Group for Development (IAGDI) Meeting
- Regional Regulatory Associations Meeting

### What we do

### **EVENTS**

### AI for Good Summit



The AI for Good series is the leading United Nations platform for dialogue on AI.

### The action-oriented 2018 summit will

- identify practical applications of AI and supporting strategies to improve the quality and sustainability of life on our planet.
- Continue to formulate strategies to ensure trusted, safe and inclusive development of AI technologies and equitable access to their benefits.



# For further reading:

- ITU Handbook Computer-Aided Techniques for Spectrum Management (CAT), 2015
- ITU Handbook on National Spectrum Management, 2015
- SMS4DC 5.0 User Guide
- ITU Handbook on Spectrum Monitoring, 2011
- Recommendation ITU-R SM 1370
- Recommendation ITU-R SM 1537
- Recommendation ITU-R SM.1604

### Radio-Electric Spectrum: General Technical Usage

Band	Frequency range	Range	Common use	Bandwidth
VLF (myriametric waves)	3-30 kHz	1 000 km	Long-range radionavigation	Very narrow
LF (kilometric waves)	30-300 kHz	1 000 km	Long-range radionavigation	Very narrow
MF (hectometric waves)	300-3 000 kHz	2-3 000 km	Long-range radionavigation	Moderate
HF (decametric waves)	3-30 MHz	Up to 1 000 km	Fixed point-to-point, Global broadcasting	Wide
VHF (metric waves)	30-300 MHz	2-300 km	Broadcasting, Mobile, WAN	Very wide
UHF (decimetric waves)	300-3 000 MHz	< 100 km	Broadcasting, Mobile, Satellite	Very wide
SHF (centimetric waves)	3-30 GHz	30-2 000 km	Fixed, Broadcasting, Mobile, WAN, Satellite communications	Very wide up to 1 GHz
EHF (millimetric waves)	30-300 GHz	20-2 000 km	Broadcasting, Fixed point-to- point, Mobile, Satellite communications	Very wide up to 10 GHz

### **Spectrum Management (SM)**

Key Terms

	Allocation	Allotment	Assignment
Definition	Allocation (of a frequency	Allotment (of a radio frequency or	Assignment (of a radio
	band): Entry in the Table of	radio frequency channel): Entry of	frequency or radio
	Frequency Allocations of a given	a designated frequency channel in	frequency channel):
	frequency band for the purpose	an agreed plan, adopted by a	Authorization given by an
	of its use by one or more	competent conference, for use by	administration for a radio
	terrestrial or space	one or more administrations for a	station to use a radio
	radiocommunication services or	terrestrial or space	frequency or radio
	the radio astronomy service	radiocommunication service in one	frequency channel under
	under specified conditions. This	or more identified countries or	specified conditions.
	term shall also be applied to the	geographical areas and under	
	frequency band concerned.	specified conditions.	
Frequency	Services	Areas or Countries	Stations
Distribution to			

## **RF Spectrum as a National Resource**

Features	Natural Resource			
reatures	Spectrum	Land	Oil	Water
Is the resource varied?	YES	YES	Not very	Not very
Is it scarce?	YES	YES	YES	YES
Is it renewable?	YES	Partially	NO	YES
Can it be stored for later use?	NO	NO	YES	YES
Can it be exported?	NO	NO	YES	YES
Can it be traded?	YES	YES	YES	YES
Can it be made more productive?	YES	YES	YES	NO