

Satellites and Vanuatu How We Are Doing It?

ITU Satellite Symposium Bangkok, Thailand August/September 2017





Agenda

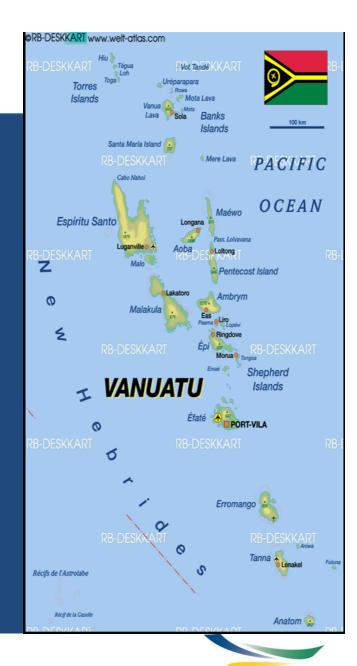
- About Vanuatu
- Competitive Landscape
- Satellite Use in Vanuatu
- Future Challenges
- Summary





Vanuatu – Geopolitical Overview

- Archipelago consisting of 83 islands of which 63 are inhabited
- Population of approximately 272,500 (July 2017 mini census estimates)
 - 40% of the population are under 15
 - 75% of the population live in rural areas
- GDP (2015) of \$US767.4 million
- Largest contributor to GDP is Services (tourism)
 - Agriculture follows close behind
- GNI per capita (2014) \$US3,1480
 - 5% of monthly income is \$US13
 - Cheapest unlimited internet service is \$US58 (512kbps)
 - 1Gb monthly prepaid mobile data is \$US10
- Political system is unicameral
 - Single chamber, multiparty, democratic republic
- Challenges
 - Political stability, economic development, natural disasters, high cost of logistics (transport and shipping)







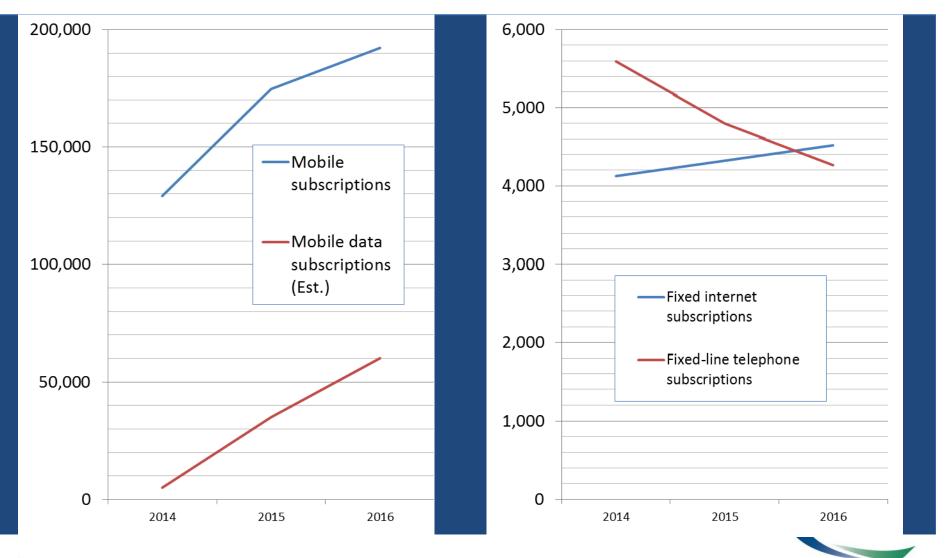
Competitive Landscape

- TRR is an Independent Regulator
- Two full service carriers (Telecom Vanuatu, Digicel)
 - TVL dominant in fixed line and ISP
 - Digicel dominant in mobile
- A further 3 ISP players
 - Telsat, Wantok (fixed 4G), SPIM
 - Cover Port Vila only at this point in time
- Single Submarine Cable Interchange Cable Limited
 - Fiji Vanuatu
 - Wholesale pricing is starting to reduce with volume uptake
- Broadband satellite coverage Kacific Broadband Limited
 - Ubiquitous coverage of Vanuatu landmass via Ku and future Ka satellite broadband
 - Ku band operational since June 2016 (9 pilot sites)
 - Retail service provision via Telsat
 - Niche implementation into areas unable to be served by terrestrial infrastructure





Subscriber Growth







Market Trends

- Mobile penetration rate continues to grow from 53% in 2914 to 71% in 2016
- Analysis suggests around 98% of the population will have mobile coverage by 1
 January 2018
- Mobile data has grown dramatically in the last 2 years
- Fixed internet subscriptions are growing gradually
- SMS has declined and substituted with OTT applications
- Mobile data bundles now have typical unit costs of US1 cent per MB
- Streaming services such as Netflix and YouTube are very popular, leading to demand and quality of experience improvements





Activities Contributing to the Increase in Connectivity

- Increase/improvement in mobile and internet coverage to unserved and under served areas
 - Combination of operator commercial activities and Government Universal Access
 Policy (UAP) funded projects
- Operator Activities
 - Pay or Plat approach under UAP
 - Involves signed undertakings to rollout infrastructure in un/underserved areas
 - Other contributions can be made such as bandwidth
- UAP Funded Projects
 - Initial focus on education delivery of school/community labs
 - Assist in implementing school and student administration systems
 - Investigate and assist in opportunities in health, agriculture and Government services delivery
- Consumer awareness and education programs to schools ad communities across
 Vanuatu





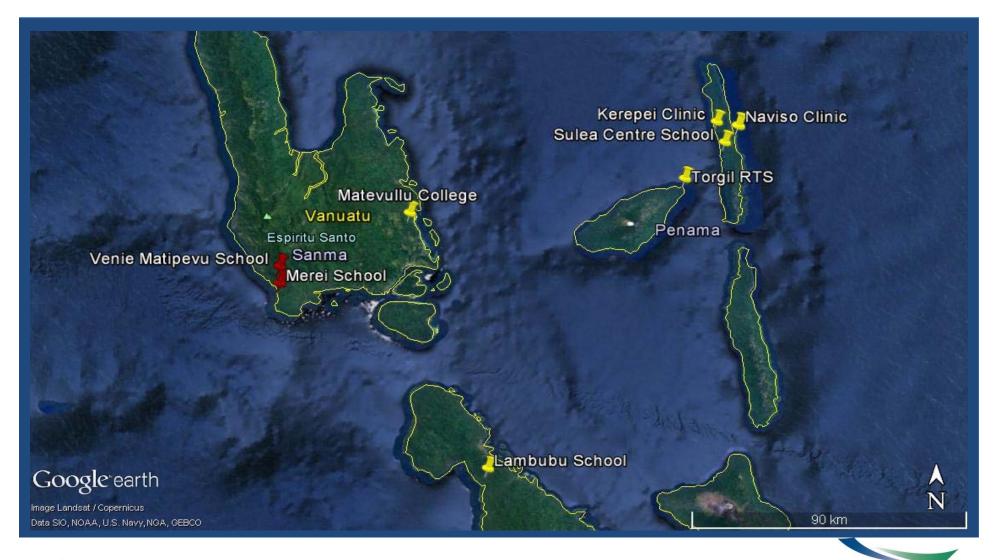
Why Satellite Technology

- Previously limited use of satellite technologies
 - Carrier use as gateway entry/egress until fibre
 - Some small scale VSAT services supplied by other Carriers
- UAP programs allocated funds to unserved areas for the establishment of
 - Computer Laboratories and Internet Community Centres (CLICC)
 - Provision of computer labs, solar power and internet facilities to 15 schools
 - Tablets for School (TFS)
 - Provision of tablets, solar power, secure storage and internet facilities to 7 schools
 - Telemedicine pilot
- Provided an opportunity to pilot alternative technologies in difficult environments
 - Kacific Broadband Satellites stepped up to provide "free" bandwidth for 12 months to 9 sites
 - Local ISP undertook all installation work
- ITU Disaster Community Centres
 - Currently in implementation phase
 - Commencing with 2 sites selected in Banks and Santo





Satellite Service Locations







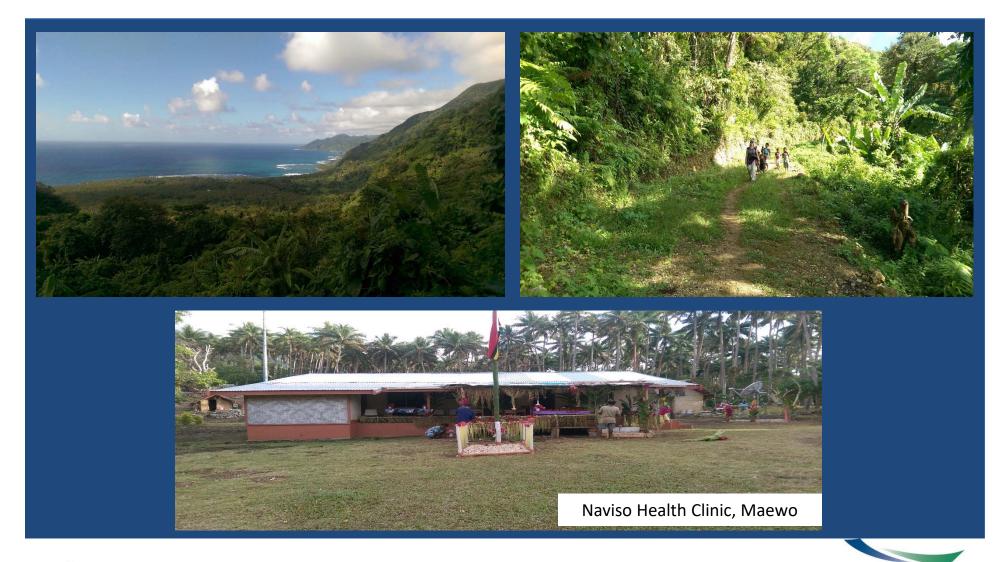
School Sites







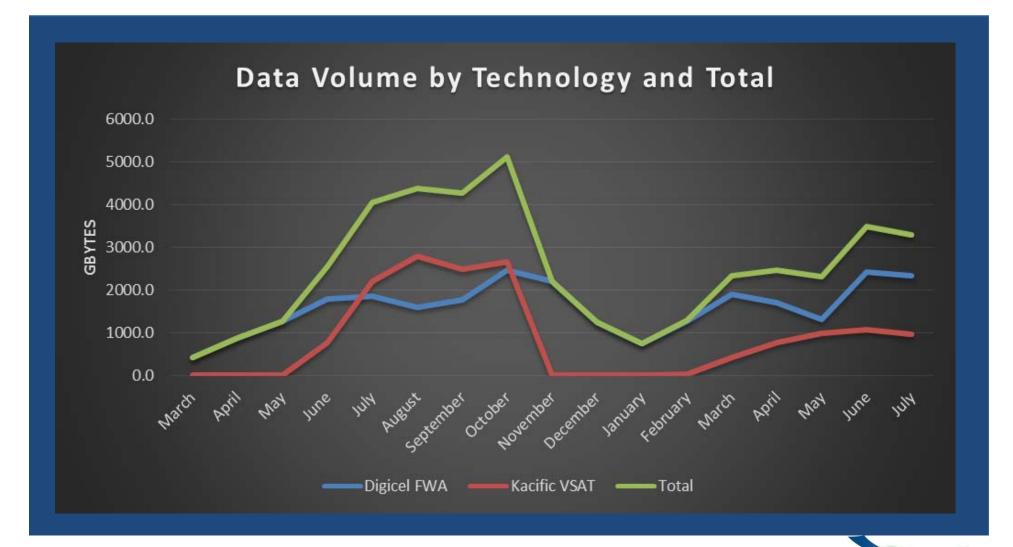
Health Sites







Data Volume







How Providing Access and Services Help Communities

- The CLICC technology hubs are providing the point where the community can engage with ICT technologies
- The use of these centres allows quick dissemination information that is of benefit to the community
 - General community social issues
 - Establishing and transacting business online
 - E-government services such as agricultural extension services
 - Capturing local kastom, tradition and language
 - Adult and children's ICT training
- Health service provided faster across telemedicine and social media
 - Improves the diagnostic ability of local clinicians with early intervention saving lives and reducing the cost burden on the health system
 - Reduces the need of unnecessary transport of patients
 - Improves the local communities overall wellbeing
 - Facebook chat provides a forum for discussion





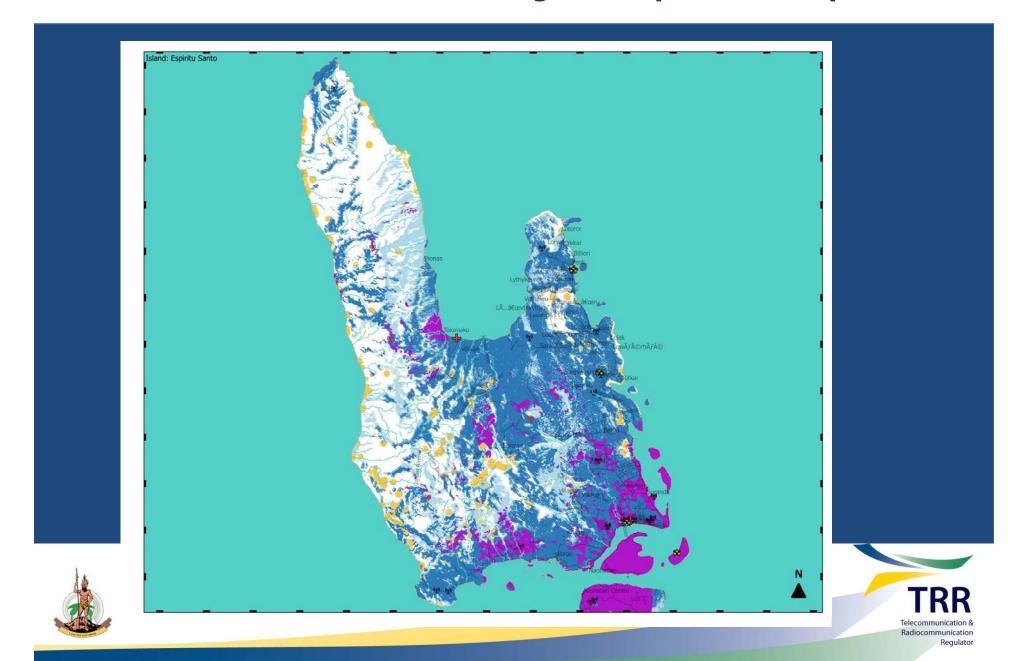
The Future Challenges in Vanuatu

- There are a number of challenges that have been identified that satellite services may help to overcome
 - Unreliable Fixed Wireless internet services,
 - Fixed Wireless Access services at the edge of the network are not stable which have a negative impact on users and the perception of the service provider
 - Failure can be monthly, but due to many factors including poor quality infrastructure and environmental factors
 - Leads to lengthy downtimes
 - Actual geographic terrain is leading to limitations in terrestrial infrastructure
 - Sites identified have little to no access
 - Sites require significant amount of clearing
 - Shadowing of mountain ranges limits coverage to some localities
 - Economic returns
 - Increasing land disputes and terrain difficulties see escalating build cost for operators
 - Local revenues are small leading to loss making towers for operators and poor returns on investment
- Need to consider alternative technologies to facilitate services in remote locales
 - Satellite solutions have small footprint and lower cost
 - Satellite solutions cover the archipelago
 - Active sharing of small cell infrastructure with satellite backhaul?





Future Use of Satellite - Coverage Example Santo Espirito



Summary

- Universal Access/Service is becoming a human right
- The more the population is exposed to and use ICT the better for the country
 - Educationally
 - Economically
 - Healthwise
- Satellite solutions provide complementary services to terrestrial services
 - Access and service is achieved at low cost in areas that are uneconomic or unable to be reached by terrestrial means
- Satellite solutions provide a wider coverage capability
 - Excellent for areas where terrestrial unlikely to be deployed
 - Good for infill in environmental cases
- Terrestrial Infrastructure investment in unserved areas is high with little return on investment
 - Satellite services are economical and provide a variety of services and access
 - Shared risk between private and public partners to support unserved areas
 - Need to consider agnostic infrastructure/spectrum sharing with satellite backhaul





Tankyu Tumas



