



ESCAP projects and call for partnerships

Follow-up Meeting of the Connect Asia-Pacific Summit Launch of ADB/ITU initiative on ICT for Development in the Asia-Pacific region

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ESCAP's partnerships on ICT for Development

- Longstanding and fruitful partnership with ITU (UN delivering as one), including on ICT infrastructure transmission networks for seamless connectivity
- Partnerships with regional donors (RoK, Russian Federation)
- Evolving partnership with World Bank
- Welcome further partnerships, in particular on 3 areas of work:
- 1. Mapping ICT infrastructure and developing cross-sectoral infrastructure synergies, especially on intelligent transport corridors
- 2. ICT and statistics for improved socio-economic quantitative analysis
- 3. ICT and education





1. Update on ESCAP/ ITU Asia-Pacific maps on transmission networks

- Maps launched at Asia-Pacific Connect Summit, by ESCAP and ITU's respective heads, on 19 November 2013 Positive response
- Unique aspects of maps:
 - first time that terrestrial fibre optic routes mapped and consolidated across countries
 - maps' base-layers reflect highest UN cartographic standards thanks to collaboration of UN Secretariat's cartographic services, facilitated by ESCAP
 - first time ESCAP's Asian Highways and Trans-Asian Railways overlayed providing information of analytical value: show potential synergies of synchronizing fiber deployment along major transport corridors.





1. Interactive maps available on ESCAP and ITU websites



http://www.unescap.org/idd/maps/asia-pacific-superhighway





ESCAP's way forward

- Analytical use of Maps:
 - Identify physical gaps in terrestrial fiber networks,
 - Identify related investment opportunities,
 - Identify potential synergies with transport and energy infrastructures for creation of intelligent corridors and smart grids that improve safety, security and efficiencies of systems.
- ESCAP's way forward
 - Analysis of good practices to systematically coordinate fiber optic lay-out with work on transport infrastructure (dig-once policy).
 - Introduction of recommendations into ESCAP's transport agreements (AH, TAR).
 - Add map layers on usage of fiber, reflect actual traffic measurement
 - Further improve other metrics to complete assessment of investment opportunities (speed assessment., content by languages)
 - Cost-benefit analysis at country level, taking into account ground-level situations
 - Partners: ITU, World Bank, LirneAsia





1. ESCAP's way forward

Second phase for ESCAP/ ITU maps

- MoU between ESCAP and ITU extended to 2015
- Continued update of terrestrial transmission networks.
- Cooperation with Telegeography to add submarine cables to maps.
- •Inclusion of investment information, socio-economic indicators, IXP's, existing/planned regional networks
- Presentation to carrier/telecom industry audience for further feedback.





2. ICT and national statistics for evidenced-based policies

- ICT playing an increasing important role in social and economic development.
- Many ICT data gaps, especially in LDCs, Pacific Islands, quantitative measurement of the economic benefits difficult
- Makes it difficult for ICT policy officials to make the economic case to planning agencies and finance ministries, for higher prioritization of ICTs in national policy-making agendas
- 3 possible area of intervention for ESCAP and partners :
 - Measuring core ICT indicators in vulnerable economies for evidence-based economic and social policies.
 - Use of Open-Data in national statistics systems,
 - ICT for Civil Registration Statistics.





2. ESCAP project proposal for capacity building on ICT statistics

- Support definition of national priorities for ICT data needs
- Capacity building of ICT policymakers and National Statistical Systems to ensure data in line with national priorities
- Technical assistance for the production of statistics (training to NSOs, other entities),
- ESCAP to leverage partnerships:
 - Partnership on Measuring ICT for Development (12 specialised agencies)
 - Collaboration with ITU regional office, ESCAPS's ICT and statistics divisions, SIAP
 - Subregional approach: leverage on sub-regional offices.





- Joint project between ESCAP-ICT programme in Bangkok and APCICT (regional institute on capacity building in ICT4 D)
- Complementarities between policy research and normative functions of Bangkok programme, with capacity building/dissemination and outreach programme of APCICT
- Partners: UNESCO, ASAIHL, among others
- Initial funding from Republic of Korea





- The large youth population and fast growing economies, is proving to be a major bottleneck for harnessing the benefits of future innovations, competitiveness and development.
- The gender gaps in enrolment in science, technology, engineering and mathematics fields of study, as well as in sectoral workforce participation rates, also highlight the importance for a gender sensitive approach to maximizing human capital in this area.





- Need to bolster policymakers' understanding of the effects of using technology on the quality of education, and more specifically, what types of interventions lead to improved learning outcomes.
- Similarly, deeper understanding is needed about the impact of integrating ICT and ICTD into university curricula in developing countries of the region.





- Phase 2 will increase the impact of phase I by considering how technology-supported education has, or could:
 - i) develop skills needed by markets, now and in the future,
 - ii) improve learning outcomes, including engaged learning outcomes
 - iii) improve policy-planning actions of governments to mainstream ICT into higher education, and the resulting state of curricula in five selected countries in the region.





Thank you

For further information please contact

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