ITU-SUDACAD Regional Forum on Internet of Things for Development of Smart and Sustainable Cities

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SSC ICT Architecture framework

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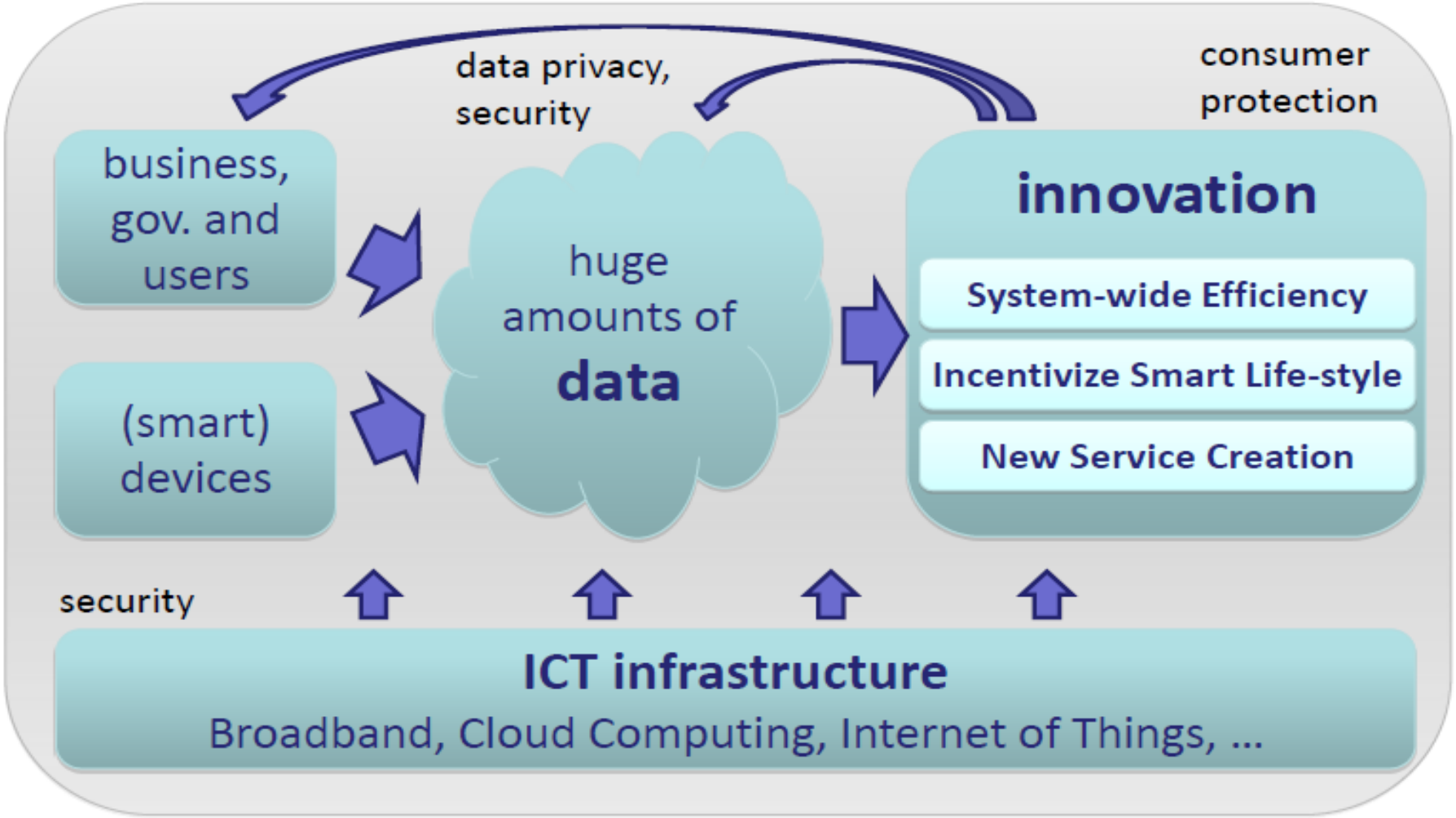
Data-driven Innovation for Smart Social Infrastructure



Source: OECD

Policy Objectives for Smart ICT Innovation

System-wise optimization with smart infrastructure

- Incentivize energy-efficient products/facilities with networking function
- Promote demand-side energy management

Citizen empowerment for smart life-style

- Feedback timely information on eco-footprint of individual behaviour
- Promote energy-management servicer / smart devices

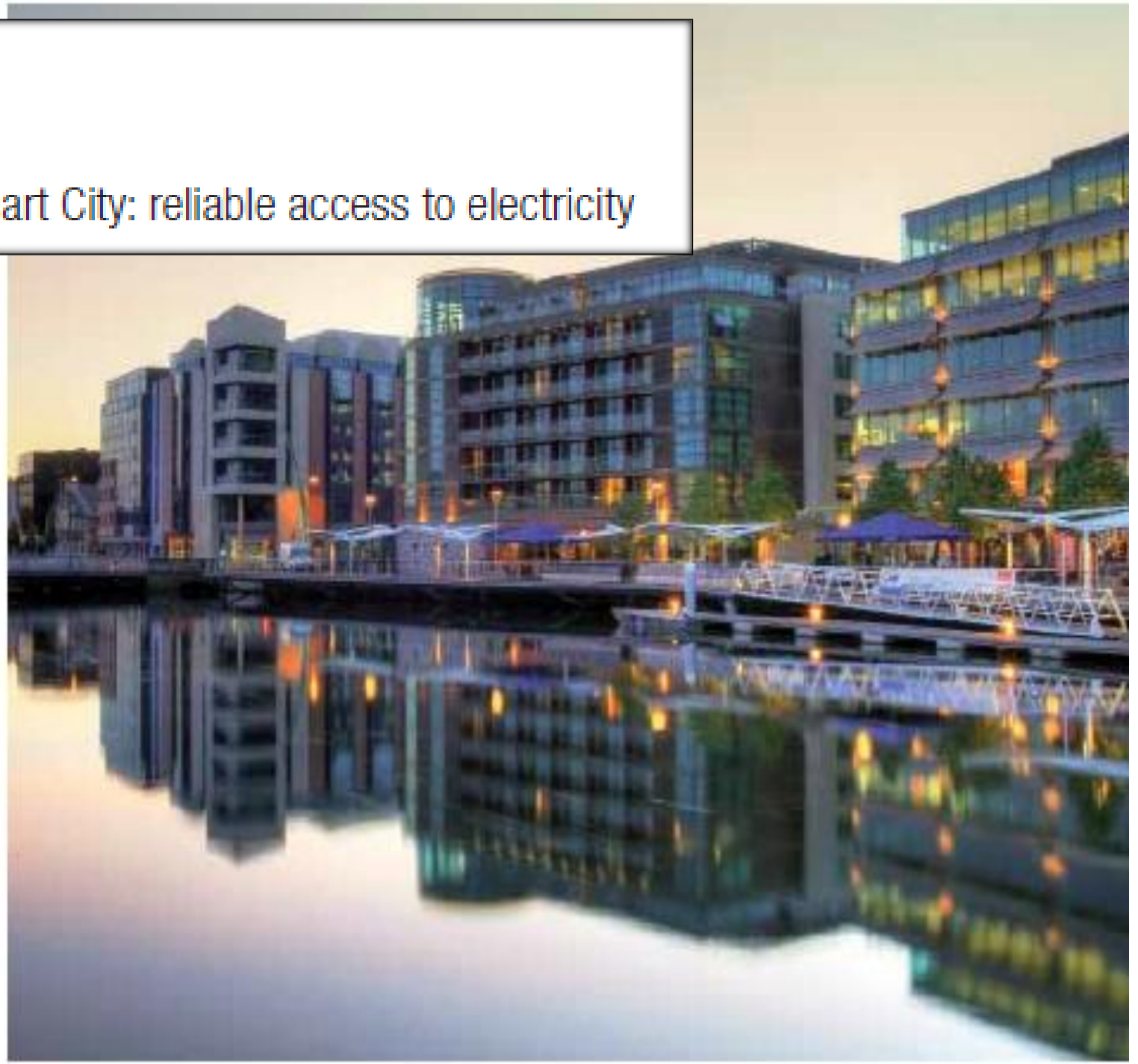
Promote social consensus building and data-driven innovation

- Consensus building for privacy and competition policy on large-scale data
- Facilitate secured link and use of data in the smart network

Facts for Smart Cities

Fact

1st step to a Smart City: reliable access to electricity



Fact

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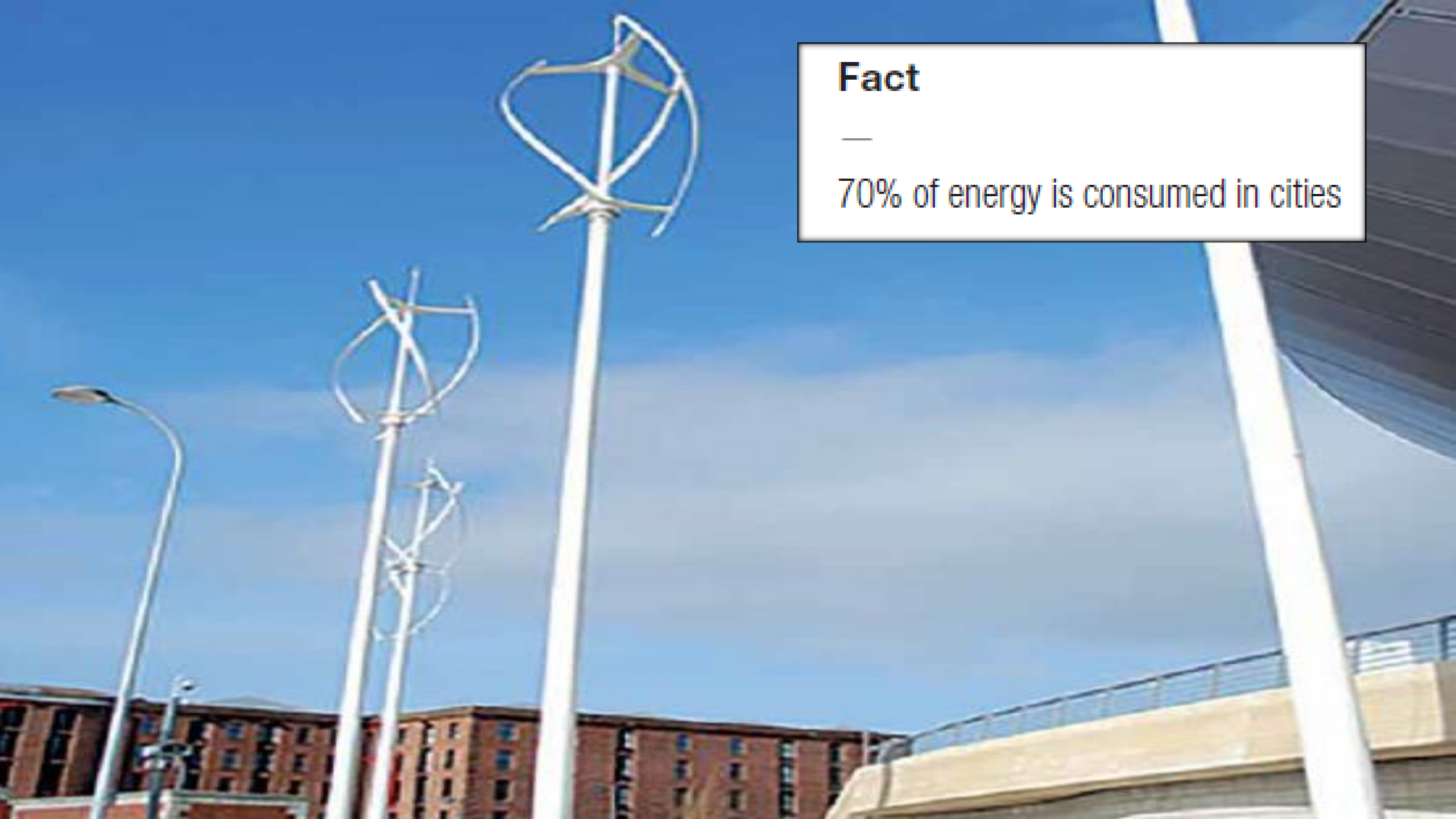
Every city requires its own mix of solutions



Fact

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70% of energy is consumed in cities

Fact

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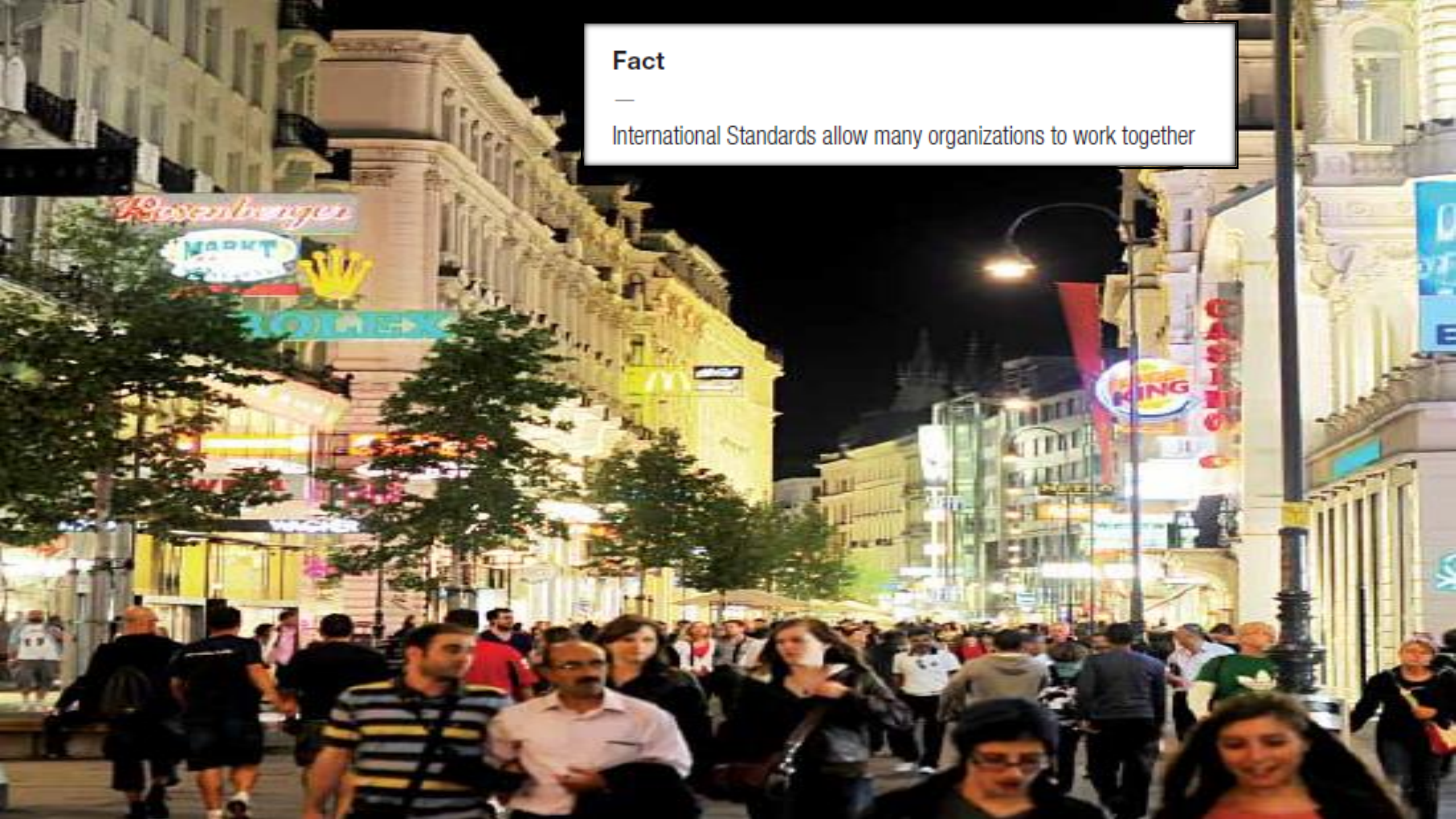
Not every Smart City is built up from scratch



Fact

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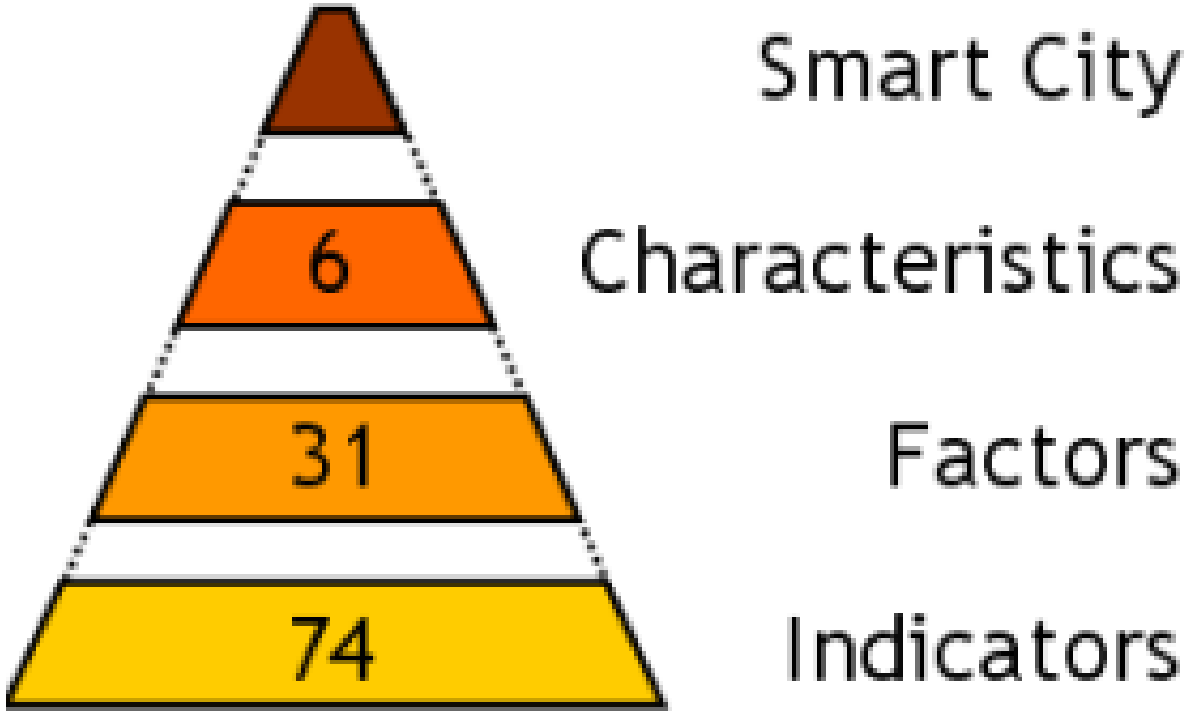
International Standards allow many organizations to work together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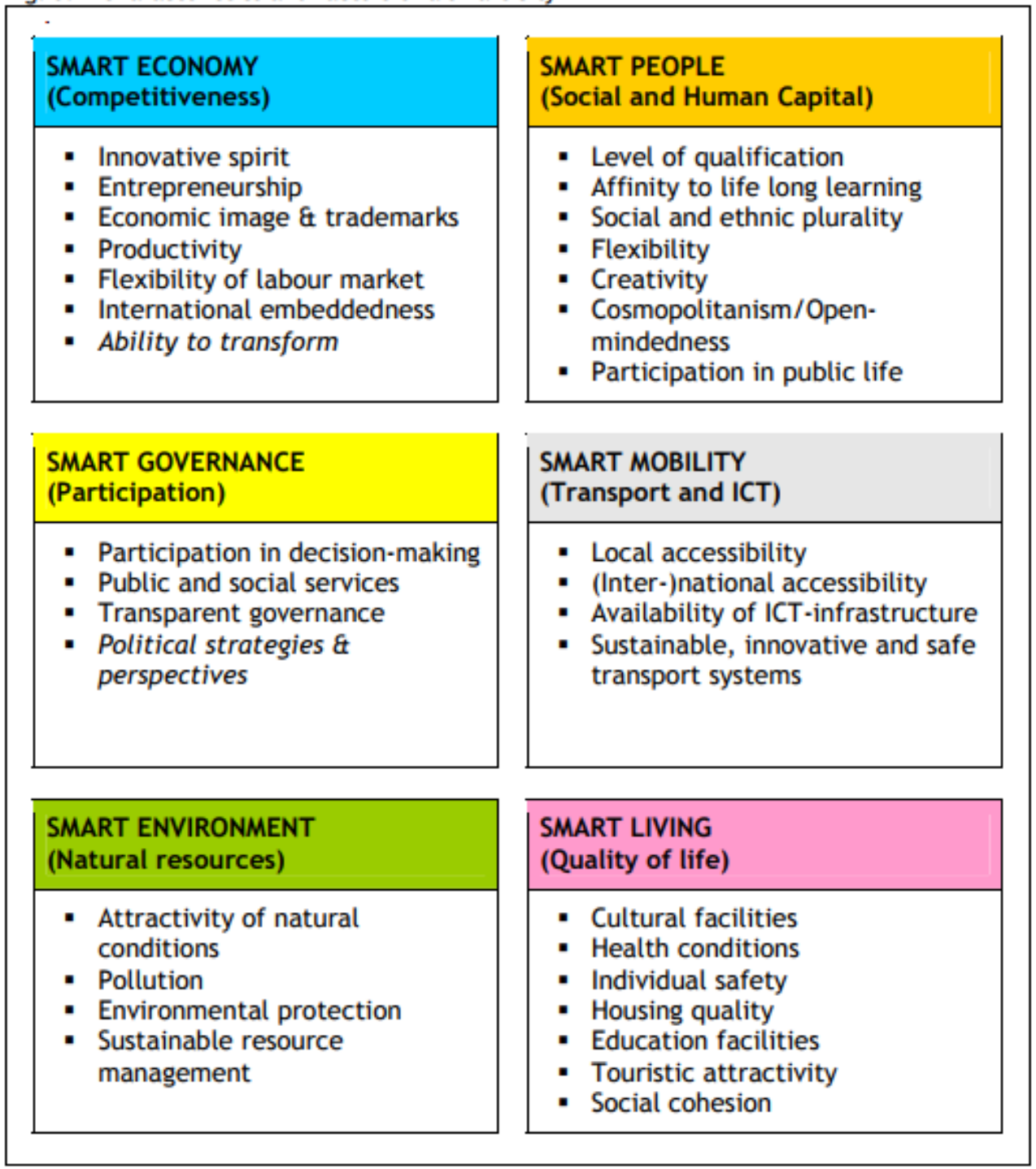
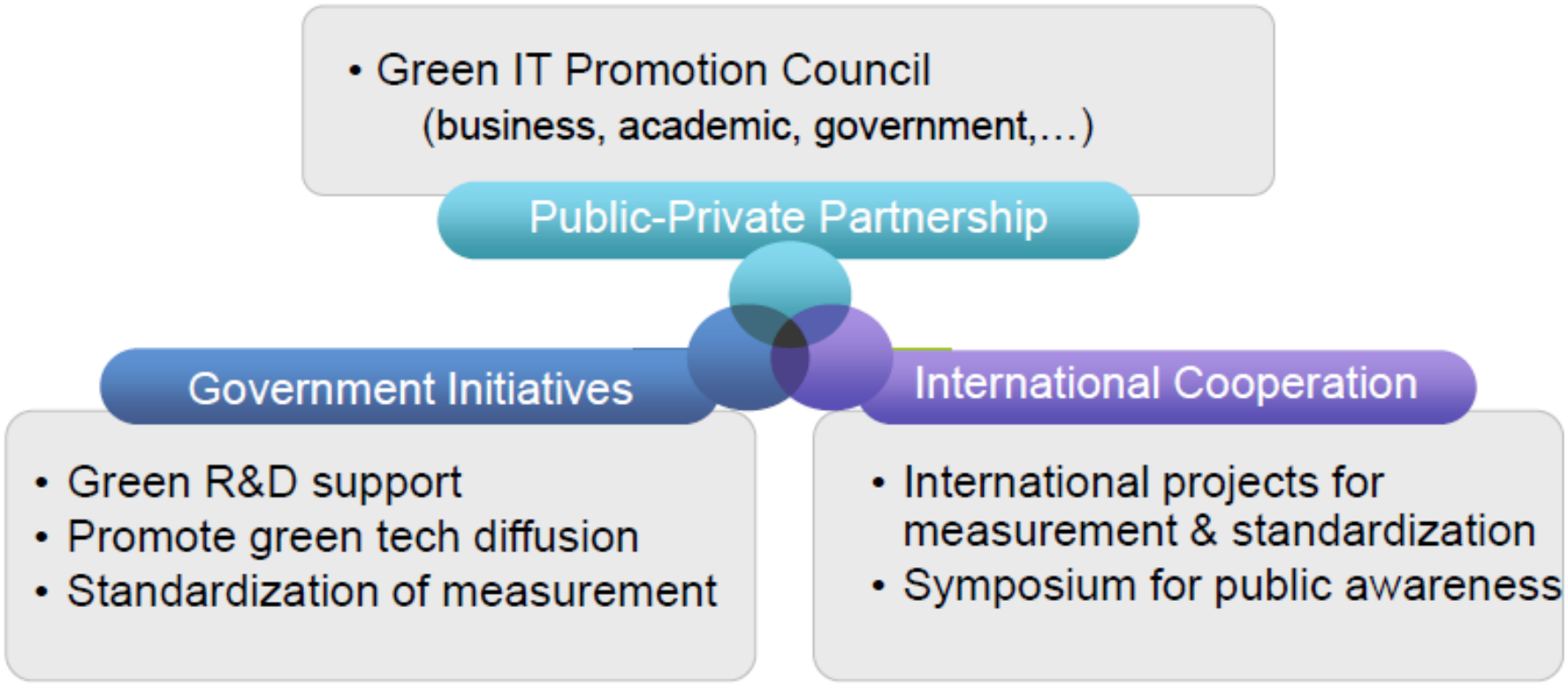


Characteristics of Smart city

http://www.smart-cities.eu/download/smart_cities_final_report.pdf

Green ICT Initiative: bottom-up approach



Smart grid & demand-side energy management

Policies

Optimizing energy efficiency in the ICT sector (e.g. for data centers)

Encouraging R&D by establishing CC innovation center on the regional level.

Localizing and Adapting Green procurement specifications and regulations according to international standards.

Enhancing use of ICT emission monitoring tools.

Harmonizing legislations as needed for better management of e-waste.

Identifying national projects and piloting for less informal sector recycling (e.g. e-waste management).

Partnering with expert institutions for knowledge Transfer and research (e.g. e-waste assessment report).

Leading by example in Smart buildings; examples include turning the Smart Village to a model for smart and green city.

Promoting and expanding use of Smart Grids/ metering for monitoring and controlling energy usage.

Generating tele- work using tele- presence, and broadband applications.

Conducting studies on potential of ICTs in sustaining the built environment.

Transforming the transport system to Smart Management (Routing efficiency- Traffic control systems and cameras on roads).

Implementing Smart water management; metering and sensors towards AMI (e.g. Irrigation innovations in The Nile Delta)

- Bridging the digital divide by increasing Broad Band capacity and applications for further greener effect.
- Prioritizing areas of work based on national needs.
- Generating investments and Allocating funds for R&D and deployment of smart ICTs.
- Coordinating with different sectors to avail smart ICTs.

Thank You