

## LAC MOBILE MONEY STATE OF THE INDUSTRY & BRIEF OVERVIEW OF THE REGULATORY LANDSCAPE

ITU/BDT Regional Economic and Financial Forum of Telecommunications/ICTs for Latin America and the Caribbean

## AGENDA



- GSMA MM PROGRAM
- MM LAC STATE OF THE INDUSTRY
- REGULATORY LANDSCAPE
- OVERSIGHT BY TELECOMMUNICATIONS REGULATORS

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# Achieve financial inclusion, enable innovation and build the digital economy, by leveraging mobile money

### **MOBILE MONEY**

Both banks and non banks are allowed to provide mobile money services sustainably and a functional and proportional regulatory framework

### **ECOSYSTEM**

Mobile money providers implement wallet to wallet interoperability and offer other financial services

Other entities use mobile money platform to provide financial and non-financial (M4D) services

Merchants, governments and business are financially connected through mobile money platforms





### What we do

#### PUBLIC POLICY OBJECTIVE

 Help providers and regulators to create and maintain policy environments that allow the sustainable development of an inclusive digital ecosystem, providing a foundation for socio-economic development through mobile-based services

#### PUBLIC POLICY ACTIVITIES

- Gather and analyse market data and commercial practices
- Build evidence-based body of knowledge of enabling policy solutions
- Create awareness among stakeholders (operators, policymakers, regulators, partners)
- Build capacity of dialogue between stakeholders
- Advocate for reforms that support sustainable provision of mobile financial services and scale the ecosystem

#### INDUSTRY CAPACITY BUILDING

 Equip the industry to improve compliance and risk mitigation/management (Code of Conduct)

## Activities and outputs



### **GLOBAL**

- Engagement with standard setters: BIS, FATF, ITU, ISO
- Engagement with development partners: WB, IFC, UNCDF, CGAP, AFI, etc.
- Events: Leadership Forum
- Position papers
- Case studies

### COUNTRY LEVEL ENGAGEMENTS

- Work with regulators (BCEAO, Colombia, Liberia, etc.)
- Position papers (India, Rwanda)

### **COMMUNICATION**

Online tools: Mobile Money Regulatory Guide, etc.

#### CAPACITY BUILDING

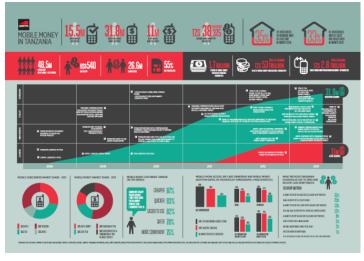
Training for operators (60 compliance managers, Tigo, Airtel)



### Resources







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2014

State of the Industry

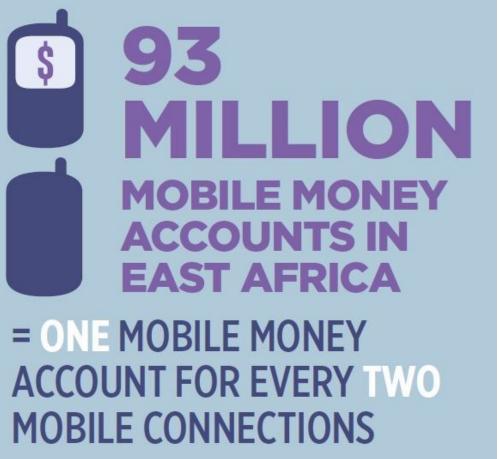
Mobile Financial Services for the Unbanked

@gsmammu gsma.com/mmu/insights

## The number of mobile money accounts reached 299m in 2014, but there's room for further growth





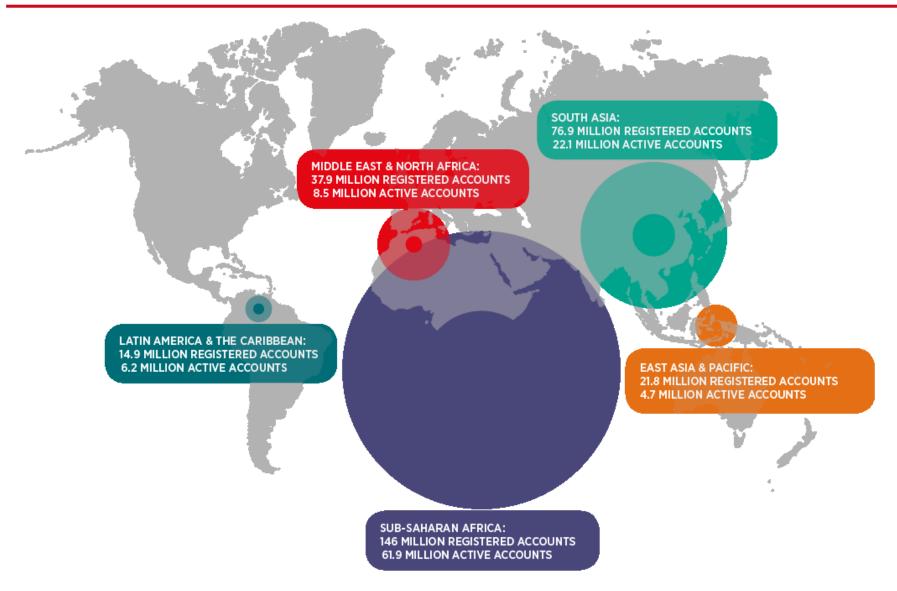






## The industry is getting smarter about activating customers: there are now 103m active accounts globally





## Mobile Money Landscape in LatAm 2009 - today





## Mobile Money Landscape in LatAm Today





## Number of mobile money services per country in LatAM





## MM LAC STATE OF THE INDUSTRY



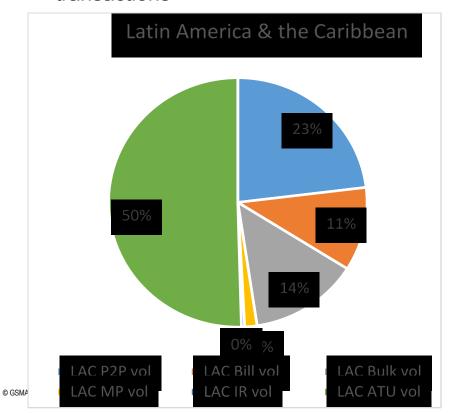
- Nearly two thirds of markets in Latin America and the Caribbean (LAC) have at least one live mobile money service
- 36 mobile money services in 19 markets
- 14.9 million total registered accounts
- 6.2 million 90-day active accounts
- New since 2014: Brazil, the Dominican Republic, Panama and Peru.
- 18+ planned deployments in LAC = 18% of all planned deployments globally
- 50% growth rate in registered accounts between December 2013 and 2014 = fastest growing region globally
- LAC is ahead of the global average in terms of its customer active rate (42% compared to 35% globally
- 5 deployments in LAC with over 1 million registered customers.
- 3 of these deployments have crossed the 1 million active customer milestone

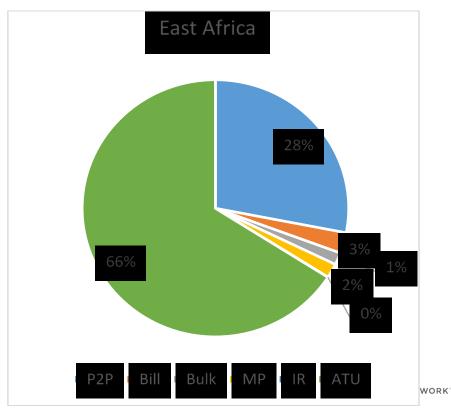


## How are mobile money services are being used



- P2P transfers and ATU comprise the majority of transaction volumes in LAC, as is common globally
- 1/4 of all transaction volumes in LAC were from ecosystem transactions with third parties: bill payments, bulk payments, and merchant payments (up from just 14% in September 2012)
- In East Africa only 6% of all transaction volumes were considered ecosystem transactions





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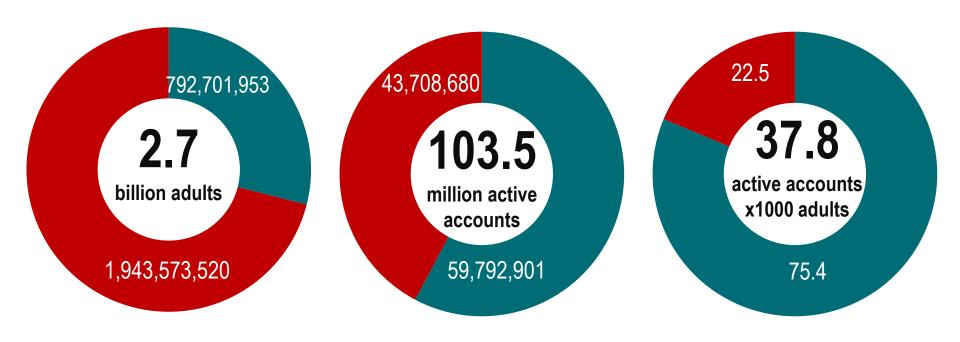
## Regulatory barriers are inhibiting the industry, preventing it from achieving its full potential



89 countries with live mobile money deployments (December 2014)

■ Enabling regulatory approach (47 countries)

■ Non-enabling regulatory approach (42 countries)



## WHY REGULATION MATTERS



Mobile Money for the Unbanked Mobile Money Profitability: A digital ecosystem to drive healthy margins

- El dinero móvil puede generar ingresos considerables para los operadores móviles
- El dinero móvil es un negocio de OPEX, no CAPEX comisiones para la red de agentes consumen 40-80% de los ingresos de dinero móvil
- La mayoría de los 240+ despliegues hasta la fecha sufren de falta de inversión
  OPEX
- El dinero móvil tiene un impacto negativo el los márgenes de EBITDA de los operadores móviles, por lo menos en el corto plazo

http://www.gsma.com/mobilefordevelopment/wp-content/uploads/2014/11/2014\_Mobile-money-profitability-A-digital-ecosystem-to-drive-healthy-margins.pdf

## What constitutes an enabling environment?



- Regulation permits non-banks to issue electronic money (or equivalent) by allowing them to:
  - be licensed directly, OR
  - set up a subsidiary for this business, OR
  - apply for a payments bank (or equivalent) license, OR
  - provide the mobile money service under a letter of no-objection to the non-bank or its partner bank, pending the approval of a specific regulation.
- AND imposes initial and ongoing capital requirements that are proportional to the risks of the e-money business
- AND permits them to use agents for cash-in/cash-out operations
- AND does not prescribe the implementation of specific interoperability models without allowing for a market-led approach

## Key GSMA regulatory principles



Mobile money can effectively contribute to financial inclusion, stability, integrity, and consumer protection

Open & Level Playing Field

Safeguard Consumer Funds

Customer<br/>Due Diligence

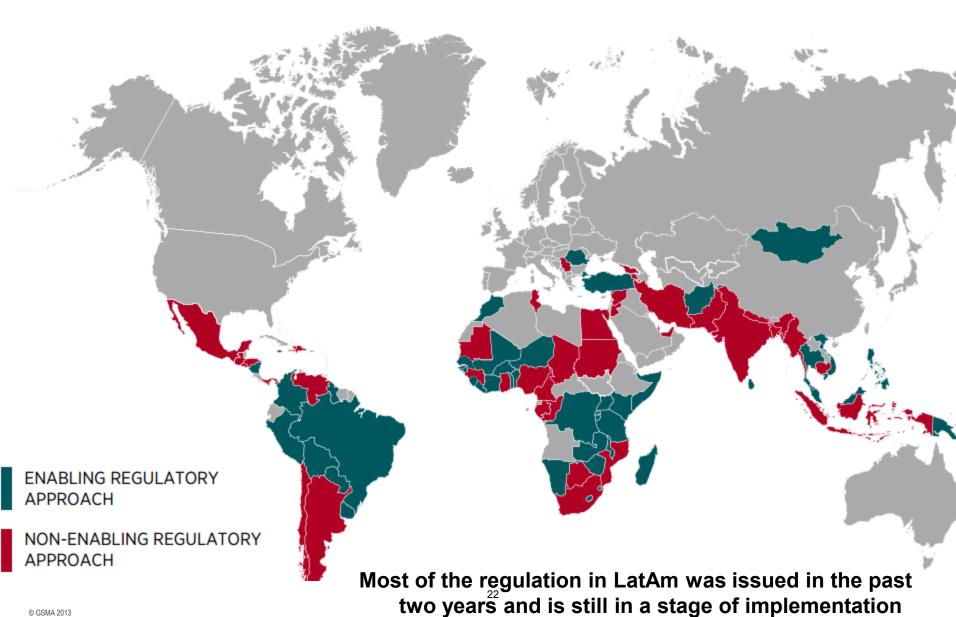
Distribution & Outsourcing

Interoperability

Consumer Protection

## MOBILE MONEY MARKETS BY REGULATORY APPROACH

(DECEMBER 2014)



## Regulation in LAC



- As of March 2015, 8 out of 18 (44%) mobile money markets in LAC have an enabling environment for mobile money (up from only 2 enabling markets in 2012).
- By comparison, 77% of East African mobile money markets and 53% of mobile money markets globally are considered 'enabling'.



## The Role of Telco regulation and policy in enabling MM



- Adopt a 'Mobile for Development' approach
  - Be an advocate for operators' role in mobile money
  - Support the building of a broader ecosystem that leverages mobile money to offer socio-economic benefits
- Support harmonization of KYC processes for mobile money and SIM registration
- Allow Access to the USSD cannel determined by operators' commercial decision making
- Contribute to the development of technology and security standards
- Support a competitive mobile money market





### Conclusions



- Latin America has emerged as strong newcomer to mobile money
- The region displayed the fastest growth
- A growing number of deployments in LAC are showing signs of reaching scale: three mobile money services have today crossed the 1million active customer milestone
- Roughly half of adults in Latin America and the Caribbean (LAC) remain unbanked
- Recent regulatory changes are enabling non-banks to issue e-money in several markets, or include provisions that allow non-banks to acquire limited banking licenses to issue payments instruments.







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