1. CYBERSECURITY

1.1 LEGAL MEASURES

1.1.1 CRIMINAL LEGISLATION
Specific legislation on cybercrime has been enacted through the following instrument:
- None.

1.1.2 REGULATION AND COMPLIANCE
Specific legislation and regulation related to cybersecurity has been enacted through the following instrument:
- Electronic Transactions Act.

1.2 TECHNICAL MEASURES

1.2.1 CIRT
Palestine does not have any officially recognized national CIRT. ITU conducted a CIRT assessment for Palestine in 2014.

1.2.2 STANDARDS
Palestine does not have any officially approved national or sector specific cybersecurity framework for implementing internationally recognized cybersecurity standards.

1.2.3 CERTIFICATION
There is no cybersecurity framework for the certification and accreditation of national agencies and public sector professionals in Palestine.

1.3 ORGANIZATION MEASURES

1.3.1 POLICY
Palestine has an officially recognized Information Security Policy and the National Strategy for Information and Communication Technology.

1.3.2 ROADMAP FOR GOVERNANCE
There is no national governance roadmap for cybersecurity in Palestine.

1.3.3 RESPONSIBLE AGENCY
The Ministry of Communication and Information Technology is the agency responsible for cybersecurity in Palestine.

1.3.4 NATIONAL BENCHMARKING
Palestine does not have any officially recognized national benchmarking or referential to measure cybersecurity development.
1.4 CAPACITY BUILDING

1.4.1 STANDARDISATION DEVELOPMENT
There is no officially recognized national or sector-specific research and development program or project for cybersecurity standards, best practices and guidelines.

1.4.2 MANPOWER DEVELOPMENT
The Information Security Bulletins serve as an educational tool and to promote professional cybersecurity awareness.

1.4.3 PROFESSIONAL CERTIFICATION
Palestine does not have the exact number of public sector professionals certified under internationally recognized certification programs in cybersecurity.

1.4.4 AGENCY CERTIFICATION
Palestine does not have any certified government and public sector agencies certified under internationally recognized standards in cybersecurity.

1.5 COOPERATION

1.5.1 INTRA-STATE COOPERATION
There is no framework to facilitate sharing of cybersecurity assets across borders or with other nation states in Palestine.

1.5.2 INTRA-AGENCY COOPERATION
Palestine does not have any officially recognized national or sector-specific program for sharing cybersecurity assets within the public sector.

1.5.3 PUBLIC SECTOR PARTNERSHIP
There is no officially recognized national or sector-specific program for sharing cybersecurity assets within the public and private sector in Palestine.

1.5.4 INTERNATIONAL COOPERATION
There is no information on any international cooperation Palestine participates in.

2. CHILD ONLINE PROTECTION

2.1 NATIONAL LEGISLATION
Specific legislation on child online protection has been enacted through the following instruments:
- None.

2.2 UN CONVENTION AND PROTOCOL
Palestine has acceded, with no declarations or reservations to articles 16, 17(e) and 34(c), to the Convention on the Rights of the Child.
Palestine has acceded, with no declarations or reservations to articles 2 and 3, to the Optional Protocol to The Convention on the Rights of the Child on the Sale of Children, Child Prostitution and Child Pornography.

2.3 INSTITUTIONAL SUPPORT
There is no agency responsible for child online protection in Palestine.

2.4 REPORTING MECHANISM
There is no website or hotline dedicated to child online protection in Palestine.

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