CYBERWELLNESS PROFILE
REPUBLIC OF IRAQ

BACKGROUND
Total Population: 33 703 000
Internet users, percentage of population: 9.20%
(data source: ITU Statistics, December 2013)

1. CYBERSECURITY

1.1 LEGAL MEASURES

1.1.1 CRIMINAL LEGISLATION
Specific legislation on cybercrime has been enacted through the following instruments:
-Cyber Crime law in Iraq revoked.

1.1.2 REGULATION AND COMPLIANCE
Specific legislation and regulation related to cybersecurity has been enacted through the following instruments:
-None.

1.2 TECHNICAL MEASURES

1.2.1 CIRT
Iraqi ministry of communications attended a four-day comprehensive capacity building programme (a security core and CIRT training) with ITU-IMPACT. There is still no nationally recognized CERT in Iraq.

1.2.2 STANDARDS
Iraq does not have an officially approved national or sector specific cybersecurity framework for implementing internationally recognized cybersecurity standards.

1.2.3 CERTIFICATION
There is no cybersecurity framework for the certification and accreditation of national agencies and public sector professionals in Iraq.

1.3 ORGANIZATION MEASURES

1.3.1 POLICY
Iraq has made some effort to form a higher committee for cybersecurity.

1.3.2 ROADMAP FOR GOVERNANCE
There is no national governance roadmap for cybersecurity in Iraq.

1.3.3 RESPONSIBLE AGENCY
There is no agency responsible for cybersecurity in Iraq.

1.3.4 NATIONAL BENCHMARKING
Iraq does not have any benchmarking or referential for measuring cybersecurity.

1.4 CAPACITY BUILDING

1.4.1 STANDARDISATION DEVELOPMENT
There is no officially recognized national or sector-specific research and development program or project for cybersecurity standards, best practices and guidelines.

1.4.2 MANPOWER DEVELOPMENT
There is no educational and professional training program for raising awareness, higher education and certification.

1.4.3 PROFESSIONAL CERTIFICATION
Iraq does not have the exact number of public sector professionals certified under internationally recognized certification programs in cybersecurity.

1.4.4 AGENCY CERTIFICATION
Iraq does not have any certified government and public sector agencies certified under internationally recognized standards in cybersecurity.

1.5 COOPERATION

1.5.1 INTRA-STATE COOPERATION
There is no framework to facilitate sharing of cybersecurity assets across borders or with other nation states.

1.5.2 INTRA-AGENCY COOPERATION
Iraq does not have an officially recognized national or sector-specific program for sharing cybersecurity assets within the public sector.

1.5.3 PUBLIC SECTOR PARTNERSHIP
There is no officially recognized national or sector-specific program for sharing cybersecurity assets within the public and private sector in Iraq.

1.5.4 INTERNATIONAL COOPERATION
Iraq is a member of the ITU-IMPACT initiative and has access to relevant cybersecurity services.

2. CHILD ONLINE PROTECTION

2.1 NATIONAL LEGISLATION
Specific legislation on child online protection has been enacted through the following instruments:
-None.

2.2 UN CONVENTION AND PROTOCOL
Iraq has acceded, with no declarations or reservations to articles 16, 17(e) and 34(c), to the Convention on the Rights of the Child.

Iraq has acceded, with no declarations or reservations to articles 2 and 3, to the Optional Protocol to The Convention on the Rights of the Child on the Sale of Children, Child Prostitution and Child Pornography.

2.3 INSTITUTIONAL SUPPORT
There is no agency responsible for child online protection in Iraq.

2.4 REPORTING MECHANISM
There is no website or hotline dedicated to receiving reports of incidents.