1. CYBERSECURITY

1.1 LEGAL MEASURES

1.1.1 CRIMINAL LEGISLATION
Specific legislation on cybercrime has been enacted through the following instrument:
- Penal Code.

1.1.2 REGULATION AND COMPLIANCE
Specific legislation and regulation related to cybersecurity has been enacted through the following instruments:
- Law on Digital Signatures
- Law N° 19798 of Telecommunications
- Law N° 27078 – Argentina Digital
- Decree N° 1552/10 – Argentina Conectada Plan
- Law on Personal Data Protection
- Decree N° 1067/2015 of creation the Undersecretary of CIIP and Cybersecurity and the National Direction of CIIP and Cybersecurity under the Chief of the Cabinet Office for the National Government
- Resolution N° 580/2011 of creation of the National Program of CIIP and Cybersecurity
- Resolution N° 2035/14. Designation of the Attorney Dr. Horacio Azzolin as the focal point of Argentina cybercrime by the Public Prosecutor
- Law on Internet Providers.

1.2 TECHNICAL MEASURES

1.2.1 CIRT
Argentina has an officially recognized national CIRT known as the ICIC CERT.

1.2.2 STANDARDS
There is no information on any officially approved national (and sector specific) cybersecurity frameworks for implementing internationally recognized cybersecurity standards in Argentina.

1.2.3 CERTIFICATION
There is no information on any cybersecurity framework for the certification and accreditation of national agencies and public sector professionals.

1.3 ORGANIZATION MEASURES

1.3.1 POLICY
The Oficina Nacional de Tecnologías de Información (ONTI) is currently working on the second draft of the National Cyber Security and Critical Infrastructure Protection Plan 2013–2015. This Plan is based on four pillars: awareness raising, securing digital assets, promoting judicial and academic understanding of information security, and critical information infrastructure.

1.3.2 ROADMAP FOR GOVERNANCE
There is no national or sector-specific governance roadmap for cybersecurity in Argentina.

1.3.3 RESPONSIBLE AGENCY
The following agencies are responsible for implementing a national cybersecurity strategy, policy and roadmap by respective agencies:
- **ONTI**
- Undersecretary of CIIP and Cybersecurity
- The National Directorate of CIIP and Cybersecurity
- Argentine Federal Police
- Argentine National Gendarmerie (ANG)
- Programa Nacional de Infraestructuras Críticas (National Program of CIIP and Cybersecurity) (ICIC).

1.3.4 NATIONAL BENCHMARKING
There is no national benchmarking exercises or referential to measure cybersecurity development in Argentina.

1.4 CAPACITY BUILDING

1.4.1 STANDARDISATION DEVELOPMENT
ICIC GAP conducts research and preventative actions to reduce security incidents. This is the officially recognized national research and development (R&D) program/project for cybersecurity standards, best practices and guidelines to be applied in the public sector.

1.4.2 MANPOWER DEVELOPMENT
The ICIC has also developed an initiative referred to as Internet Sano (“healthy” or “sound” Internet), which aims to promote responsible use of ICTs and the internet. A second awareness raising program called “With you on the web” has been developed by the National Directorate for the Protection of Personal Information, under the Ministry of Justice and Human Rights. Several institutions of higher learning in Argentina currently offer certification and degree programs in a wide range of aspects of cybersecurity, including digital forensics. The National Institute for Public Administration (INAP) also reportedly offers training and coursework on cybersecurity-related topics. The Argentine Federal Police Cyber Crimes Unit organizes seminars to train staff and the general public and works with NGOs, prosecutors and judges.

1.4.3 PROFESSIONAL CERTIFICATION
Argentina does not have the exact number of public sector professionals certified under internationally recognized certification programs in cybersecurity.

1.4.4 AGENCY CERTIFICATION
Argentina does not have any certified government and public sector agencies certified under internationally recognized standards in cybersecurity.

1.5 COOPERATION

1.5.1 INTRA-STATE COOPERATION
Argentina is a member of the UNASUR and MERCOSUR cybersecurity-related working groups as well as a part of the Internet Governance Forum and ICANN.

1.5.2 INTRA-AGENCY COOPERATION
The Undersecretary of CIIP and Cybersecurity and the National Directorate of CIIP and Cybersecurity under the Chief of the Cabinet Office collaborate with the Federal Agency of Intelligence under the President of Argentina, with the General Directorate of Cyber Defense under the Ministry of Defense, with the National Directorate for the Protection of Personal Information, under the Ministry of Justice and Human Rights and with NIC.ar.

1.5.3 PUBLIC SECTOR PARTNERSHIP
Specific private sector entities are part of the National Program of CIIP and Cybersecurity (ICIC).

1.5.4 INTERNATIONAL COOPERATION
Argentina is a member of the ITU-IMPACT initiative and has access to relevant cybersecurity services. Argentina hosted the OAS Crisis Management Exercise on Cybersecurity and, as a member of the Meridian process, hosted the Meridian Congress in 2013. Argentina is also a member of the Inter-American Committee against Terrorism (CICTE-OAS).

2. CHILD ONLINE PROTECTION

2.1 NATIONAL LEGISLATION
Specific legislation on child online protection has been enacted through the following instruments:
- Article 128* of the Criminal Code
- Law for the Protection of Children and Adolescents* there is not specifically pertaining to the internet.

2.2 UN CONVENTION AND PROTOCOL
Argentina has acceded, with no declarations or reservations to articles 16, 17(e) and 34(c), to the Convention on the Rights of the Child.

Argentina has acceded, with no declarations or reservations to articles 2 and 3, to the Optional Protocol to The Convention on the Rights of the Child on the Sale of Children, Child Prostitution and Child Pornography.

2.3 INSTITUTIONAL SUPPORT
ICIC provides information on general cybersecurity and a link to the governmental initiative aiming to promote safety on internet. The Internet Sano initiative provides information* on child online protection for children, parents and educators.

2.4 REPORTING MECHANISM
InternetSano initiative provides a practical guide to report computer-facilitated offenses. The federal police receives complaints about computer incidents through the email address delitostecnologicos@policiafederal.gov.ar.

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