#### RECOMMENDATION ITU-R F.1568

# Radio-frequency block arrangements for fixed wireless access systems in the range 10.15-10.3/10.5-10.65 GHz

(Questions ITU-R 136/9 and ITU-R 229/9)

(2002)

The ITU Radiocommunication Assembly,

considering

- a) that fixed wireless access (FWA) systems in the range 10.15-10.65 GHz can provide enhanced telephony and data services;
- b) that several administrations have introduced FWA systems in bands within the range 10.15-10.65 GHz;
- c) that a flexible block (sub-band) arrangement, rather than use of a conventional point-to-point channel arrangement can accommodate various FWA technologies, whilst remaining consistent with good spectrum management principles, including provision for intersystems/services operation and overall spectrum efficiency;
- d) that in some countries there may be cases where FWA systems need to coexist with point-to-point (P-P) systems in the same fixed service (FS) allocation;
- e) that a standardized block width might offer benefits through economies of scale and simplified inter-system and inter-operator frequency planning in the same deployment area;
- f) that there are a number of different access technologies that may be used, for which different channelling and/or frequency allocation schemes may be appropriate;
- g) that Recommendation ITU-R F.747, Annexes 1 and 2, presents radio-frequency arrangements for fixed wireless systems operating in the 10.5-10.68 GHz band;
- h) that Recommendation ITU-R F.746, Annex 3, presents radio-frequency arrangements for fixed wireless systems operating in the 10.3-10.68 GHz band;
- j) that in some cases administrations may use other Recommendations to harmonize more readily with P-P channel arrangements;
- k) that Recommendation ITU-R F.1191 provides limitation of unwanted emissions of FS systems for the adjacent bands,

recognizing

- a) that according to Article 5 of the Radio Regulations (RR), the frequency band 10.5-10.68 GHz is allocated to the FS on a worldwide basis and the frequency band 10-10.45 GHz in Regions 1 and 3;
- b) that the band 10.6-10.68 GHz is allocated to the Earth exploration-satellite service (passive), space research service (passive) and radio astronomy service on a primary basis;

c) that the World Radiocommunication Conference (Istanbul, 2000) (WRC-2000) amended RR No. 5.480 to allocate the band 10-10.45 GHz for the FS in 14 countries of Region 2,

noting

a) that Recommendation ITU-R F.746 provides the basis for the development of radio-frequency arrangements and defines the main parameters affecting the choice of radio-frequency channel arrangements,

recommends

- that those administrations, planning to implement FWA systems in the frequency bands 10.15-10.3/10.5-10.65 GHz, should consider the block arrangements presented in Annexes 1 and 2;
- that administrations should consider the adoption of carrier centre frequencies, within the preferred frequency blocks, from the channel slots of 0.25 MHz, as derived in Annexes 1 and 2;
- that administrations wishing to adopt other homogeneous patterns, should consider the use of one or multiple slots of 0.25 MHz, as derived in Annexes 1 and 2.

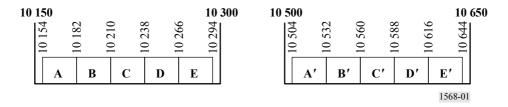
#### ANNEX 1

## Radio-frequency arrangement based on 28 MHz blocks

1 This arrangement consists of five adjacent blocks of 28 MHz bandwidth in the band 10.15-10.3 GHz, paired with five adjacent blocks of 28 MHz in the band 10.5-10.65 GHz, as per Fig. 1.

FIGURE 1

28 MHz block plan for the ranges 10.15-10.3/10.5-10.65 GHz
(Frequencies in MHz)



### 2 Derivation of discrete channel slots of 0.25 MHz

The discrete channel slots of 0.25 MHz are derived as follows:

$$f_n = 10150 + 0.25 n$$
 MHz

where  $f_n$  is the centre frequency (MHz) of each slot, and n ranges from 17 to 575, within the band 10.15-10.3 GHz, and from 1417 to 1975, within the band 10.5 to 10.65 GHz.

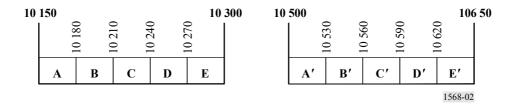
# ANNEX 2

# Radio-frequency arrangement based on 30 MHz blocks

1 This arrangement consists of five adjacent blocks of 30 MHz bandwidth in the band 10.15-10.3 GHz, paired with five adjacent blocks of 30 MHz in the band 10.5-10.65 GHz, as per Fig. 2.

FIGURE 2

30 MHz block plan for the ranges 10.15-10.3/10.5-10.65 GHz
(Frequencies in MHz)



## 2 Derivation of discrete channel slots of 0.25 MHz

The discrete channel slots of 0.25 MHz are derived as follows:

$$f_n = 10150 + 0.25 n$$
 MHz

where  $f_n$  is the centre frequency (MHz) of each slot, and n ranges from 1 to 599, within the band 10.15-10.3 GHz, and from 1401 to 1999, within the band 10.5 to 10.65 GHz.