RECOMMENDATION ITU-R BS.450-3*

Transmission standards for FM sound broadcasting at VHF**

(1982-1995-2001)

The ITU Radiocommunication Assembly,

recommends

1 that for FM sound broadcasting in band 8 (VHF) the following transmission standards should be used:

1 Monophonic transmissions

1.1 Radio-frequency (RF) signal

The RF signal consists of a carrier frequency-modulated by the sound signal to be transmitted, after pre-emphasis, with a maximum frequency deviation equal to:

±75 kHz or ±50 kHz.

NOTE 1 – In the West European countries and the United States of America, the maximum deviation is ±75 kHz. In the ex-USSR and in some other European countries, it is ±50 kHz.

1.2 Pre-emphasis of the sound signal

The pre-emphasis characteristic of the sound signal is identical to the admittance-frequency curve of a parallel resistance-capacitance circuit having a time constant of:

50 µs or 75 µs.

NOTE 2 – In Europe, the pre-emphasis is 50 µs. In the United States of America, it is 75 µs.

2 Stereophonic transmissions

2.1 Polar-modulation system

2.1.1 RF signal

The RF signal consists of a carrier frequency-modulated by a baseband signal, known in this case as the “stereophonic multiplex signal”, with a maximum frequency deviation equal to:

±75 kHz or ±50 kHz (see Note 1, § 1).

2.1.2 Stereophonic multiplex signal

This signal is produced as follows:

2.1.2.1 A signal $M$ is formed equal to one half of the sum of the left-hand signal, $A$, and the right-hand signal, $B$, corresponding to the two stereophonic channels. This signal, $M$, is pre-emphasized in the same way as monophonic signals (see § 1).

* Radiocommunication Study Group 6 made editorial amendments to this Recommendation in October 2018 in accordance with Resolution ITU-R 1.

** Administrations are invited to supply further information on the system parameters, particularly concerning new tables on frequency tolerances.
2.1.2.2 A signal $S$ is produced equal to one half of the difference between signals $A$ and $B$ mentioned above. This signal, $S$, is pre-emphasized in the same way as signal $M$. The pre-emphasized signal, $S$, is used for the amplitude modulation of a sub-carrier at 31.25 kHz; the spectrum of the amplitude-modulated sub-carrier is formed so that the sub-carrier amplitude is reduced by 14 dB and the spectral components of the given modulating signal appear to be transformed as follows:

$$K(f) = \frac{1 + j 6.4 f}{5 + j 6.4 f}$$

where $f$ is equal to each frequency component (kHz).

2.1.2.3 The stereophonic multiplex signal is the sum of:

- the pre-emphasized signal, $M$;
- the sideband spectral components which are the product of amplitude-modulated unsuppressed carrier by a pre-emphasized signal $S$ additionally transformed from the law $K(f)$;
- the sub-carrier with the amplitude reduced by 14 dB.

2.1.2.4 The amplitudes of the various components of the stereophonic multiplex signal, referred to the maximum amplitude of that signal (which corresponds to the maximum frequency deviation) are:

- signal $M$: maximum value 80% ($A$ and $B$ being equal, and in phase);
- signal $S$: maximum value 80% ($A$ and $B$ being equal but of opposite phase);
- reduced sub-carrier at 31.25 kHz; maximum residual amplitude 20%.

2.1.2.5 The frequency modulation is arranged in such a way that positive values of the multiplex signal correspond to a positive frequency deviation of the main carrier and negative values to negative frequency deviation.

2.2 Pilot-tone system

2.2.1 RF signal

The RF signal consists of a carrier frequency-modulated by a baseband signal, known in this case as the “stereophonic multiplex signal”, with a maximum frequency deviation equal to:

$\pm 75$ kHz or $\pm 50$ kHz (see Note 1, § 1).

2.2.2 Stereophonic multiplex signal

This signal is produced as follows:

2.2.2.1 A signal $M$ is formed equal to one half of the sum of the left-hand signal, $A$, and the right-hand signal, $B$, corresponding to the two stereophonic channels. This signal, $M$, is pre-emphasized in the same way as monophonic signals (see § 1) (see Note 1, § 2).

2.2.2.2 A signal $S$ is produced equal to one half of the difference between signals $A$ and $B$ mentioned above. This signal, $S$, is pre-emphasized in the same way as signal $M$. The pre-emphasized signal, $S$, is used for the suppressed-carrier amplitude modulation of a sub-carrier at 38 kHz $\pm 4$ Hz.
NOTE 2 – The same effect is obtained by pre-emphasizing the left-hand signal $A$ and the right-hand signal $B$ before encoding. For technical reasons this procedure is sometimes preferred.

2.2.2.3 The stereophonic multiplex signal is the sum of:
- the pre-emphasized signal, $M$;
- the sidebands of the suppressed sub-carrier amplitude modulated by the pre-emphasized signal, $S$;
- a “pilot signal” with a frequency of 19 kHz exactly one-half the sub-carrier frequency.

2.2.2.4 The amplitudes of the various components of the stereophonic multiplex signals referred to the maximum amplitude of that signal (which corresponds to the maximum frequency deviation) are:
- signal $M$: maximum value 90% ($A$ and $B$ being equal and in phase);
- signal $S$: maximum value of the sum of the amplitudes of the two sidebands: 90% (which corresponds to $A$ and $B$ being equal and of opposite phase);
- pilot signal: 8 to 10%;
- sub-carrier at 38 kHz suppressed: maximum residual amplitude 1%.

2.2.2.5 The relative phase of the pilot signal and the sub-carrier is such that, when the transmitter is modulated by a multiplex signal for which $A$ is positive and $B = -A$, this signal crosses the time axis with a positive slope each time the pilot signal has an instantaneous value of zero. The phase tolerance of the pilot signal should not exceed $\pm 3^\circ$ from the above state. Moreover, a positive value of the multiplex signal corresponds to a positive frequency deviation of the main carrier.

2.2.3 Baseband signal in the case of a supplementary signal transmission

If, in addition to the monophonic or stereophonic programme, a supplementary monophonic programme and/or supplementary information signals are transmitted and the maximum frequency deviation is $\pm 75$ kHz, the following additional conditions must be met:

2.2.3.1 The insertion of the supplementary programme or signals in the baseband signal must permit compatibility with existing receivers, i.e. these additional signals must not affect the reception quality of the main monophonic or stereophonic programmes.

2.2.3.2 The baseband signal consists of the monophonic signal or stereophonic multiplex signal described above and having an amplitude of not less than 90% of that of the maximum permitted baseband signal value, and of the supplementary signals having a maximum amplitude of 10% of that value.

2.2.3.3 For a supplementary monophonic programme, the sub-carrier and its frequency deviation must be such that the corresponding instantaneous frequency of the signal remains between 53 and 76 kHz.

2.2.3.4 For supplementary information signals, the frequency of any additional sub-carrier must be between 15 and 23 kHz or between 53 and 76 kHz.

2.2.3.5 Under no circumstances may the maximum deviation of the main carrier by the total base signal exceed $\pm 75$ kHz.

3 System parameters

The system parameters used in different countries are given in Annex 1.
ANNEX 1
Current sound broadcasting systems in the bands included in the Radio Regulations (RR) used in different countries/areas in the world

TABLE 1A
Terrestrial FM sound broadcasting (above 30 MHz)

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Country/Geographical area</th>
<th>Information related to current emission applications</th>
<th>Transmitter frequency tolerances (RR Article 1)</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Frequency bands used (MHz)</td>
<td>Polarization</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Modulation characteristics</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Channel spacing (kHz)</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Pilot tone system</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Maximum frequency deviation (kHz)</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Pre-emphasis/ de-emphasis (μs)</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Horizontal</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Vertical</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Mixed</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Germany (Federal Republic of)</td>
<td>+ + +</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Aruba</td>
<td>+ + +</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Australia</td>
<td>+</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Bahamas (Commonwealth of the)</td>
<td>+</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Bangladesh (People's Republic of)</td>
<td>+ +</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Brazil (Federative Republic of)</td>
<td>+ +</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Cyprus (Republic of)</td>
<td>+</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Vatican City State</td>
<td>+</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Colombia (Republic of)</td>
<td>+</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Korea (Republic of)</td>
<td>+</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Denmark</td>
<td>+</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Ecuador</td>
<td>+</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Spain</td>
<td>+</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

(1) For definition see Recommendation ITU-R BS.412. It is not meant the frequency spacing in overlapping service areas or tuning steps of the receiver.
### TABLE 1A (continued)

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Country/Geographical area</th>
<th>International agreements</th>
<th>Information related to current emission applications</th>
<th>Transmitter frequency tolerances (RR Article 1)</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>Frequency bands used (MHz)</td>
<td>Modulation characteristics</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>Monophonic</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>United States of America</td>
<td></td>
<td>87.8 - 108</td>
<td>+</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Finland</td>
<td></td>
<td>60</td>
<td>+</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>France</td>
<td></td>
<td>61</td>
<td>+</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Gambia (Republic of the)</td>
<td></td>
<td>66-68</td>
<td>+</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Hungary</td>
<td></td>
<td>73-74</td>
<td>+</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>India (Republic of)</td>
<td></td>
<td>76-87.5</td>
<td>+</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Iran (Islamic Republic of)</td>
<td></td>
<td>88.0-108</td>
<td>+</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Italy</td>
<td></td>
<td>87.5-108</td>
<td>+</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Japan</td>
<td></td>
<td>87.5-108</td>
<td>+</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Kuwait (State of)</td>
<td></td>
<td>88.0-108</td>
<td>+</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Lithuania (Republic of)</td>
<td></td>
<td>90-100</td>
<td>+</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Mali (Republic of)</td>
<td></td>
<td>100</td>
<td>+</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Morocco (Kingdom of)</td>
<td></td>
<td>100</td>
<td>+</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Mexico</td>
<td></td>
<td>100</td>
<td>+</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Norway</td>
<td></td>
<td>100</td>
<td>+</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>New Zealand</td>
<td></td>
<td>100</td>
<td>+</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Oman (Sultanate of)</td>
<td></td>
<td>100</td>
<td>+</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Papua New Guinea</td>
<td></td>
<td>100</td>
<td>+</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Netherlands (Kingdom of the)</td>
<td></td>
<td>100</td>
<td>+</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
### TABLE 1A (end)

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Country/Geographical area</th>
<th>International agreements</th>
<th>Information related to current emission applications</th>
<th>Transmitter frequency tolerances (RR Article 1)</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Geneva 60</td>
<td>Frequency bands used (MHz)</td>
<td>Current requirement</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Stockholm 61</td>
<td></td>
<td>Long-term designed objective</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Geneva 84</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Others</td>
<td>Frequency bands used (MHz)</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>66-68</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>68-73</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>73-74</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>76-87.5</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>87.5-108</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>88.0-108</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Others</td>
<td>Frequency bands used (MHz)</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Monophonic</td>
<td>Modulation characteristics</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Stereophonic</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Polar-modulation system</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Pilot-tone system</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Channel spacing (kHz)</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Pre-emphasis/ de-emphasis (μs)</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Maximum frequency deviation (kHz)</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Horizontal</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Vertical</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Mixed</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Country/Geographical area</th>
<th>Frequency bands used (MHz)</th>
<th>Modulation characteristics</th>
<th>Polarization</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Qatar (State of)</td>
<td>+</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Czech Republic</td>
<td>+</td>
<td>+</td>
<td>+</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>United Kingdom of Great Britain and Northern Ireland</td>
<td>+</td>
<td>+</td>
<td>+</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Rwandese Republic</td>
<td>+</td>
<td>+</td>
<td>+</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Senegal (Republic of)</td>
<td>+</td>
<td>+</td>
<td>+</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Singapore (Republic of)</td>
<td>+</td>
<td>+</td>
<td>+</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Slovenia (Republic of)</td>
<td>+</td>
<td>+</td>
<td>+</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>South Africa (Republic of)</td>
<td>+</td>
<td>+</td>
<td>+</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Sweden</td>
<td>+</td>
<td>+</td>
<td>+</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Switzerland (Confederation of)</td>
<td>+</td>
<td>+</td>
<td>+</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Turkey</td>
<td>+</td>
<td>+</td>
<td>+</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Ukraine</td>
<td>+</td>
<td>+</td>
<td>+</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Qatar (State of): + + + + 200 50 ±75
Czech Republic: + + + + + 100 50 ±75 + + +
United Kingdom of Great Britain and Northern Ireland: + + + + + 100 50 ±75 +
Rwandese Republic: + + + + 100 50 ±75 +
Senegal (Republic of): + + + + + 100 50 ±75 +
Singapore (Republic of): + + + + + 300 50 ±75 +
Slovenia (Republic of): + + + + + 100 50 ±75 + + +
South Africa (Republic of): + + + + + 100 50 ±75 + +
Sweden: + + + + + 100 50 ±75 +
Switzerland (Confederation of): + + + + + 100 75 ±50 +
Turkey: + + + + + 100 75 ±50 +
Ukraine: + + + + + + + + + + 30 50 ±50 ±75 + + +

few few
## TABLE 1b
Terrestrial FM sound broadcasting (above 30 MHz)

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Country/Geographical area</th>
<th>Information related to current receiving applications</th>
<th>Additional information</th>
<th>Remarks</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Recommended or used IF (MHz)</td>
<td>Oscillartor position</td>
<td>Electromagnetic immunity requirements for receivers</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>High</td>
<td>Low</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Germany (Federal Republic of)</td>
<td>10.7</td>
<td>+</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Aruba</td>
<td>10.7</td>
<td>+</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Australia</td>
<td>10.7</td>
<td>+</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Bahamas</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Bangladesh (People's Republic of)</td>
<td>10.7</td>
<td>+</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Brazil (Federative Republic of)</td>
<td>10.7</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Cyprus (Republic of)</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Vatican City State</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Colombia (Republic of)</td>
<td>10.7</td>
<td>+</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Korea (Republic of)</td>
<td>10.7</td>
<td>+</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Denmark</td>
<td>10.7</td>
<td>+</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Ecuador</td>
<td>10.7</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Spain</td>
<td>10.7</td>
<td>+</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>United States of America</td>
<td>10.7</td>
<td>Not defined</td>
<td>FCC 47 CFR 15</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Finland</td>
<td>10.7</td>
<td>+</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Country/Geographical area</td>
<td>Information related to current receiving applications</td>
<td>Additional information</td>
<td>Remarks</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>---------------------------</td>
<td>-------------------------------------------------------</td>
<td>------------------------</td>
<td>---------</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Recommended or used IF (MHz)</td>
<td>Oscillator position</td>
<td>Electromagnetic immunity requirements for receivers</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>High</td>
<td>Low</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>France</td>
<td>10.7</td>
<td>+</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Gambia (Republic of)</td>
<td>10.8</td>
<td>+</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Hungary</td>
<td>10.7</td>
<td>Not defined</td>
<td>EN 55020</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>India (Republic of)</td>
<td>10.7</td>
<td>+</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Iran (Islamic Republic of)</td>
<td>10.7</td>
<td>+</td>
<td>No</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Italy</td>
<td>10.7</td>
<td>+</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Japan</td>
<td>10.7</td>
<td>+</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Kuwait (State of)</td>
<td>10.7</td>
<td>+</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Lithuania (Republic of)</td>
<td>10.7</td>
<td>+</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Mali (Republic of)</td>
<td>10.7</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Morocco (Kingdom of)</td>
<td>10.7</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Mexico</td>
<td>10.7</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Country/Geographical area</td>
<td>Information related to current receiving applications</td>
<td>Additional information</td>
<td>Remarks</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>------------------------------------------</td>
<td>--------------------------------------------------------</td>
<td>-------------------------</td>
<td>----------------------------------------------</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Recommended or used IF (MHz)</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>High</td>
<td>Low</td>
<td>Oscillator position</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Norway</td>
<td>10.7</td>
<td>+</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>New Zealand</td>
<td>10.7</td>
<td>+</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Oman (Sultanate for)</td>
<td>10.7</td>
<td>+</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Papua New Guinea</td>
<td>10.7</td>
<td>+</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Netherlands (Kingdom of the)</td>
<td>10.7</td>
<td></td>
<td>Left to manufacturer</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Qatar (State of)</td>
<td>10.7</td>
<td>+</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Czech Republic</td>
<td>10.7</td>
<td>+</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>United Kingdom of Great Britain and Northern Ireland</td>
<td>10.7</td>
<td>+</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Rwandese Republic</td>
<td>10.7</td>
<td>+</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Senegal (Republic of)</td>
<td>10.7</td>
<td>+</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Singapore (Republic of)</td>
<td>10.7</td>
<td>+</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Slovenia (Republic of)</td>
<td>10.7</td>
<td>+</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>South Africa (Republic of)</td>
<td>10.7</td>
<td></td>
<td>+</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Sweden</td>
<td>10.7</td>
<td>+</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Switzerland (Confederation of)</td>
<td>10.7</td>
<td>+</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Turkey</td>
<td>10.7</td>
<td>+</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Ukraine</td>
<td>10.7</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>