## **RECOMMENDATION ITU-R BR.1375-3\***

## **High-definition television (HDTV) digital recording formats**

(Question ITU-R78/6)

(1998-2001-2002-2007)

#### Scope

This Recommendation is intended to provide end users with an overview of currently available taperecording formats for HDTV signals.

The ITU Radiocommunication Assembly,

considering

a) that the common image format, having  $1080 \times 1920$  square pixels, is now recommended as the image capture format for HDTV;

b) that the digital broadcasting service for HDTV programmes has gained in momentum. There are many services in operation or being planned in many countries;

c) that various analogue and digital format video tape recorders (VTRs) for HDTV tape recording have been developed, and the analogue formats are being replaced with digital formats;

d) that many countries hold large archives of valuable, irreplaceable HDTV programmes, based on the signal formats defined in Recommendation ITU-R BT.709, Part 1;

e) that analogue HDTV open-reel recording formats are considered to be obsolete for use in programme production today, and technical support for many analogue formats is no longer offered;

f) that digital recording of HDTV programmes is now widely used in HDTV production and post-production;

g) that there are several types of equipment available for digital HDTV recording today, that differ in the recording medium (e.g. cassette, optical disc, or solid-state memory), in recording format (e.g. use or not of bit-rate compression) and in recorder type (e.g. deck or portable camcorder);

h) that bit-rate compression techniques based on DCT and VLC coding can provide highly efficient methods of recording HDTV programmes, whose source data rate exceeds 2 Gbit/s;

j) that the operational and handling characteristics of digital HDTV VTRs have improved to the point that they can be used not only in the studios but also in the field as part of camcorders, with a level of convenience similar to that of conventional SDTV VTRs;

k) that HDTV cameras using two-million pixel CCD imaging devices and digital signal processing with advanced VLSI chip(s) can provide high quality HDTV pictures while offering the operating features and small size of conventional cameras;

1) that the use of 24 frame formats will be used to supplement and augment film production,

<sup>\*</sup> This Recommendation should be brought to the attention of the International Electrotechnical Commission (IEC).

#### recommends

1 that digital HDTV recording should be preferred for HDTV programme origination and production, and for storage for programme exchange;

2 that analogue HDTV tape recordings should preferably be transferred to a digital recording format for post-processing and archiving;

3 that the  $1080 \times 1920$  common image format specified in Recommendation ITU-R BT.709, Part 2 shall be preferred for HDTV recording, while the other image formats specified in Recommendation ITU-R BT.709, Part 1 will retain their value especially in view of the need to ensure the possibility of reusing archived HDTV programme assets;

4 that HDTV programmes intended for extensive and complex post-processing should preferably be recorded on a digital format that does not use lossy compression, while HDTV programmes intended for limited or no post-processing should preferably be recorded on a digital format, which may use a modest amount of compression;

5 that for the purpose of international programme exchange<sup>1</sup>, operators should take into account that, at the present time and depending on the application, the three HDTV recording formats generally known as HDCAM-SR, HDCAM and HD-D5 are the ones in most widespread use.<sup>2</sup>

NOTE 1 – Attention is drawn to the fact that analogue formats are no longer in use, and that some early digital formats are no longer available or in use.

NOTE 2 – The Tables in Appendix 1 recall specifications of available recording formats for programme production in the HDTV formats specified in the latest version of Recommendation ITU-R BT.709.

## Appendix 1

Among the various recording formats listed in the Tables of this Appendix, there are three predominant formats available for international exchange for HDTV recordings. These are those generally known as HDCAM-SR, HDCAM and HD-D5.

Each of these formats has their own design objectives, as each data rate shows. A lower data rate gained from a higher compression ratio provides a longer recording time and is suitable for handy camcorder operations. A higher data rate provides a better picture quality suitable for subsequent video processing and is suitable for studio operation.

Some key parameters for these three formats are shown for information in Table 1. All formats are described in the other Tables of this Appendix.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> International programme exchange is defined as the transmission of television or sound programme material (or components thereof) among professional parties in different countries. It should be based on internationally agreed and widely employed technical standards or operating practices, except by prior bilateral agreement among the parties involved.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup> This provision is not intended to exclude the possibility that other formats may be used in house, or for programme exchange subject to mutual agreement among the parties concerned.

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#### TABLE 1

#### Major specifications of the recommended HDTV recording formats

Manufacture specification		HDCAM-SR		HDCAM			HD-D5							
Video specification	Quantization		10			8			10 or 8					
	Compression		$\frac{1/2 \text{ for HQ}^{(1)} \text{ mode}}{1/2.7 \text{ for SQ}^{(2)} \text{ mode}}$			1/7			1/5 for 10 bits 1/4 for 8 bits					
	Sampling structureDCT (luminance)DCT (chrominance)Data rate (Mbit/s)		4:4:4 for HQ mode 4:2:2 for SQ mode			3:1:1			4:2:2					
			1/2 for HQ mode 1/2.7 for SQ mode			1/3.6			1/5 for 10 bits 1/4 for 8 bits					
			1/2 for HQ mode 1/2.7 for SQ mode			1/7.2			1/5 for 10 bits 1/4 for 8 bits					
			880 for HQ mode 440 for SQ mode			140		235						
Audio specification	ion Bit/sample		24			20			20 or 24					
Number of AES3 <sup>(3)</sup> channels			6			2			2 or 4					
	Multi-channel audio and/or AES3/EBU non-audio data					Yes								
Recording/	Size of cassette (mm)	L	$254 \times 145 \times 25$			$254 \times 145 \times 25$			$296 \times 167 \times 25$					
playback length	М		None			None			$212\times124\times25$					
		S		$156 \times 9$	6 × 25			156 × 9	96 × 25	-		$161 \times 9$	$98 \times 25$	-
	System (see Recommendation ITU-R BT.709, Part 2)		24*/25/P	30/P*	50/I/P	60/I/P*	25/P	30/P*	50/I	60/I*	25/P	30/P*	50/I	60/I*
	Time (min)	L	148	124	148	124	148	124	148	124	148	124	148	124
											75	63	75	63
S		S	48	40	48	40	48	40	48	40	27	23	27	23

NOTE 1 – The mark "\*" shows inclusion of the frame or field frequency having those values divided by 1.001.

S: small, M: medium, L: large.

<sup>(1)</sup> HQ (high quality) mode allowing for  $2 \times$  speed recording yielding 880/738 Mbit/s to tape with a 2:1 compression ratio in full band RGB 4:4:4, and 3D mode.

<sup>(2)</sup> SQ (standard quality) providing 440/369 Mbit/s video payload to tape in both 4:4:4 or 4:2:2.

<sup>(3)</sup> An AES3 channel may carry two linear PCM audio channels or it may carry data as indicated by status channel bit 1.

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The following Tables describe the major features and specifications for the available HDTV storage devices:

Table 2: Digital tape recorder for 1125/60 (59.94) – Overview

Table 3: Digital VTR for 1125/60 (59.94) – Details

Table 4: Digital tape recorder for 1125/50 – Overview

Table 5: Digital VTR for 1125/50 – Details

### TABLE 2

#### Digital tape recorder for 1125/60 (59.94) – Overview

Compressed/non-compressed			Non-compressed				
Package type			Cassette				
Manufacture specification		HDCAM-SR	HDCAM	HD-D5	DVCPRO HD/HD-LP	D6 <sup>(1)</sup>	
Recording/playback time (maximum)		40/124 min	40/124 min	23/63/124 min	46/92/126 min	8/28/64 min	
Luminance (MHz)		30	23	30	20	30	
video balluwiduli	Chrominance (MHz)	15	7	15	10	15	
	Number of active lines			1080			
Audio specification	Number of AES3 channels	6	2	2 or 4	4	5	
	Sampling frequency	48 kHz, 24 bits	48 kHz, 20 bits	48 kHz, 20 or 24 bits	48 kHz, 16 bits	48 kHz, 20/24 bits	
Ancillary data	cillary data Capacity		1.53 kbytes/Frame	5.8 kbytes/Frame	7.4 kbytes/Frame	38.4 kbytes/Frame	
Media	Media Tape width (mm)		12.65	6.35	19.01		
	Size of cassette (mm)	S: $156 \times 96$ S: $156 \times 96$ L: $254 \times 145$ L: $254 \times 145$		S: 161 × 98 M: 212 × 124 L: 296 × 167	L: 125 × 78 XL: 172 × 102	S: 172 × 109 M: 254 × 150 L: 366 × 206	
	Substance		Metal particle				
Application example		Camcorder	Camcorder	Portable	Camcorder	Studio deck	

<sup>(1)</sup> The D6 format is included in this Table only for information purposes, as it is rarely used.

# TABLE 3 Digital VTR for 1125/60 (59.94) – Details

Manufacture specification		HDD/HDDP	HDD/HDDP HDCAM-SR HDCAM H		HD-D5	DVCPRO HD/HD-LP			
Sampling frequencyVideo (MHz)Audio (kHz)		74.25 (74.25/1.001)							
		48							
Quantization	Video (bits)	8	10	8	10/8	8			
Quantization	Audio (bits)	20	24	20	20/24	16			
Number of AES3 channels		4 (Digital) + 1 (Analogue)	6	2	2 or 4	4			
	Compression	N.A.	Intra field/ frame 1/2.7Intra field/ frame 1/7Intra field 1/5 (10 bits); 		Intra field 1/5 (10 bits); 1/4 (8 bits)	Intra frame 1/10			
Video	Sampling structure	4:2:2	4:4:4 HQ 4:2:2 SQ	3:1:1	4:2:2	2.7:1.3:1.3			
specification	DCT (luminance)	N.A.	1/2.7 SQ	1/3.6	1/5;1/4	1/6.6			
	DCT (chrominance)	N.A.	1/2.7 SQ	1/7.2	1/5;1/4	1/6.6			
Channel coding		8-8 map	S-NRZ	S-NRZI	8-14 map	24-25 I-NRZI			
Total rate (Mbit/s)		1 188	593 SQ 1 186 HQ	185	301	167			
Video rate (Mbit/s)		958.5	440 SQ 880 HQ	140	235	100			
Number of recording RF channels		8	4	4 (camcorder)/ 2 (studio)	4	4 (camcorder)/ 2 (studio)			
FOO	Inner	110, 104	244, 228	231, 219	95, 87	85, 77			
ECC	Outer	64, 60	126, 114	250, 226	128, 120	149, 138			
Drum diamete	er (mm)	134.6	81.4	81.4 76.0		21.7			
Drum rotation (rps)		120	90 SQ 180 HQ	45 (camcorder)/ 90 90 (studio)		150 (camcorder)/ 300 (studio)			
Number of tra	cks (/field)	16	12	6	12	40/frame			
Tape speed (mm/s)		805.2	117.62 SQ 235 HQ	96.8	167.228	135.28			
Track pitch (µm)		37	13.2	21.7	20.0	18			
Minimum wavelength (µm)		0.69	0.294	0.49	0.63	0.49			
Tape width (mm)		25.4 12.65		12.65		6.35			
Media substance		Metal particle							
Tape Hc (kA/	m)	115	215	135	143	184			
Cassette size (mm)		11.75/14 in. reel	S: 156 × 96 L: 254 × 145	S: 156 × 96 L: 254 × 145	S: 161 × 98 M: 212 × 124 L: 296 × 167	L: 125 × 78			
Recording tim	ne (min)	63/94	40/124	40/124	32/63/124	46			

ECC: error correction code

N.A.: not applicable.

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## TABLE 4

## **Digital tape recorder for 1125/50** – Overview

Compressed/non-compressed		Compressed					
Package type		Cassette					
Manufacture specification		HDCAM-SR	HDCAM-SR HDCAM		DVCPRO HD		
Recording/playback time (maximum)		48/148 min 48/148 min		27/75/148 min	46 min		
	Luminance (MHz)	30	23	30	23		
Nominal video bandwidth	Chrominance (MHz)	15	7	15	11		
	Number of active lines	1080					
Audio	Number of AES3 channels	6 2 4			1		
specification	Audio sampling	48 kHz, 24 bits			48 kHz, 16 bits		
Ancillary data Capacity		14.4 kbytes/ Frame	1.5 kbytes/ Frame	5.8 kbytes/ Frame	8.9 kbytes/ Frame		
	Tape width (mm)	12.65	12.65	12.65	6.35		
Media	Size of cassette (mm)	S: 156 × 96 L: 254 × 145 S: 156 × 96 L: 254 × 145		S: 161 × 98 M: 212 × 124 L: 296 × 167	L: 125 × 78		
	Substance	Metal particle					

# TABLE 5Digital VTR for 1125/50 – Details

Manufacture specification		HDCAM-SR	HDCAM-SR HDCAM		DVCPRO HD/ HD-LP				
Sampling Video (MHz)		74.25							
frequency	Audio (kHz)		48						
Quantization	Video (bits)	10	8	8/10	8				
Quantization	Audio (bits)	24	20	24	16				
Number of AES3 c	hannels	6	2	4					
	Compression	Intra field/frame 1/2.7	Intra field/frame 1/7	Intra field 1/5 (10 bits); 1/4 (8 bits)	Intra frame 1/8.9				
Video parameters	Sampling structure	4:4:4 HQ 4:2:2 SQ	3:1:1	4:2:2	3:1.5:1.5				
	DCT (luminance)	1/2.7 SQ	1/3.6	1/5;1/4	1/6.6				
	DCT (chrominance)	1/2.7 SQ	1/7.2	1/5;1/4	1/6.6				
Channel coding		S-NRZ	S-NRZI	8-14 map	24-25 I-NRZI				
Total rate (Mbit/s)		495 SQ 990 HQ	154	269	167				
Video rate (Mbit/s)		369 SQ 738 HQ	117	196	100				
Number of recording RF channels		4	4/2	4	4 (camcorder)/ 2 (studio)				
ECC	Inner	244, 228	231, 219	95, 87	85, 87				
ECC	Outer	126, 114	250, 226	128, 120	149, 138				
Drum diameter (mm)		81.4	81.4	76.0	21.7				
Drum rotation (rps)		75 SQ 150 HQ	37.5/75	75	150 (camcorder)/ 300 (studio)				
Number of tracks (/	/field)	12	6 12		48/frame				
Tape speed (mm/s)		98.115 SQ 196.2 HQ	80.7	80.7 139.496					
Track pitch (µm)		13.2	21.7 20		18				
Minimum wavelength (µm)		0.294	0.49 0.59		0.49				
Tape width (mm)		12.65	12	.65	6.35				
Media substance		Metal particle							
Tape Hc (kA/m)		215	135	143	184				
Cassette size (mm)		S: 156 × 96 L: 254 × 145	S: 156 × 96 L: 254 × 145	S: 161 × 98 M: 212 × 124 L: 296 × 167	125 × 78				
Recording time (min)		48/148	48/148	27/75/148	46				