

Identity Management (IdM)



Side Event

Cybersecurity

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Objectives

- ❑ What is Identity Management (IdM)?
- ❑ Why is IdM work in ITU-T important?
- ❑ What are the major IdM benefits?



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Introduction

- ❑ Networks are increasingly distributed, converged, and packet based where access to services can be based on identity contexts and roles and accessed anywhere, anytime.
- ❑ Security and trust of identity information in this environment is significantly more complex.
 - Users may have multiple, context dependent “identities”
 - Network services may require different identity trust levels
 - Identity information is distributed throughout the network
- ❑ Old methods of managing of identity information are inadequate, may limit services, and cause significant cybersecurity problems
- ❑ Consequently, a new, robust set of secure and trusted capabilities is needed i.e IdM



IdM

- ❑ An evolutionary technology
- ❑ Identity-based services.
- ❑ Security services, especially those associated with user, device, application authentication



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IdM is a set of Capabilities that:

- ❑ Attach identity data to a person, device, or application.
- ❑ Facilitate the secure storage, retrieval and secure exchange of identity data.
- ❑ Provide significantly better identity lifecycle management.
- ❑ Can allow user control of personally identifiable information (PII).



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ITU-T work on IdM

- ❑ Existing identity management solutions:
 - Are not interoperable,
 - In some cases they are unknown to each other and need to be “discoverable”.
- ❑ Principal focus of ITU-T Program is:
 - Common data model for identity information,
 - Common view of trust levels,
 - Discovery of authoritative identity information,
 - Application of IdM to next generation networks.



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Major Benefits of IdM:

- Better privacy
- Multiple trust levels
- Nomadic "any-" services
- Single sign-on/off
- Inter-Federation services
- Simplified user-service interface
- Efficient Lifecycle management of identity data
- Creation of new security and identity based services
- Option to use third party identity service providers

Reduces identity theft & fraud



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Conclusions

□ IdM is

- An important capability in the distributed, anywhere, anytime converged packet-based network environment.

□ ITU-T is uniquely positioned to:

- Harmonize IdM solutions for global use,
- Collaborate among diverse Forums, Standards Bodies, Consortiums, and Nations.



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