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The Fully Networked Car Geneva, 4-5 March 2009





#### Architecture and Technology for Adaptive Multi-hop V2V Networking in Dynamic Environments

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# Social Requirements on Automotive and Transportation Systems

### o Driving Safety

• US: over 40,000 (casualty) & 3 million (injuries)

# o Traffic efficiency

- Less congestion
- Less energy consumption
- Clear air
  - US: ~ 3B gallons of fuel wasted on congestion per year
  - Highway congestion accounts for ~50% of  $CO_2$  emissions

# o Comfort and convenience

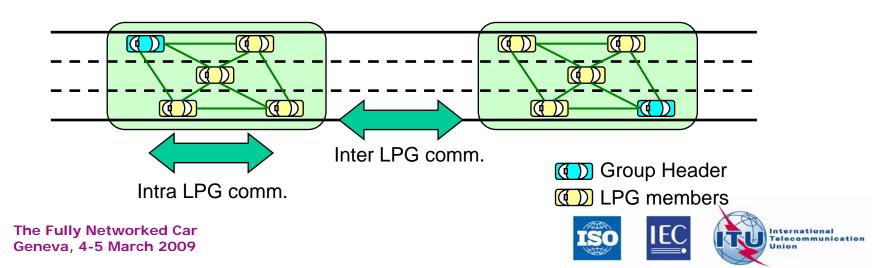


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### **Local Peer Group Communication**

# o Local Peer Group Communication (LPG)

- Group formation and maintenance
  - Intra LPG communication
    - Tight coordination of vehicles in the immediate vicinity
  - Inter LPG communication
    - Loose coordination among inter-connected LPGs
- Cross-layer design
  - Channel assignment & usage
  - Dissemination (topology- or position-based)



# **Dynamic Vehicle Group Organization**

# o Group Header (GH)

- A node elected to manage the group
- Creates and maintains group identity (ID)
- Handles changes in group membership
- Periodically broadcasts HeartBeat (HB) with group ID, GH info and member list

# o Group Node (GN)

- Node in group which is not a group header
- Responds to the HB with a Membership Report (MR) to maintain membership in group
- Can become a GH if current GH disappears (GH timeouts)

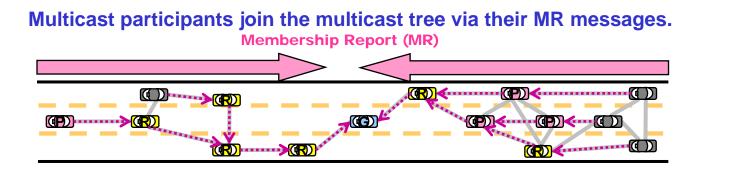


HB

MR

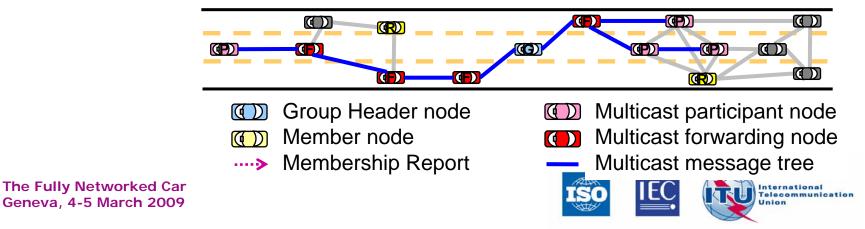
# **Dynamic Vehicle Group Multicast**

- o Multicast protocol (GHM)
  - HB/MR messages for tree formation and maintenance; use of light suppression to control multicast forwarding

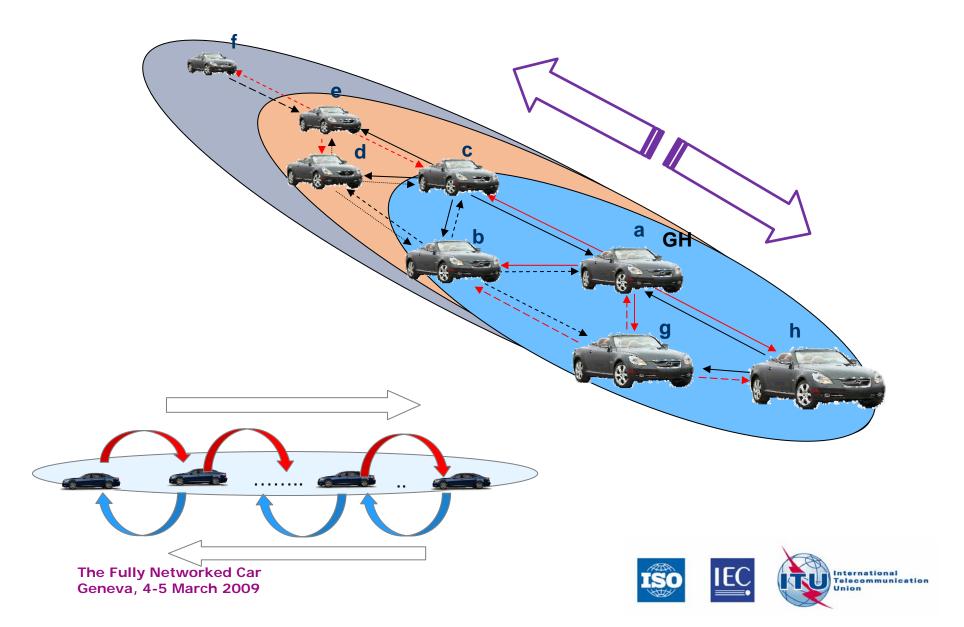


MR takes the reverse paths of HB toward the GH; a multicast tree is formed accordingly.

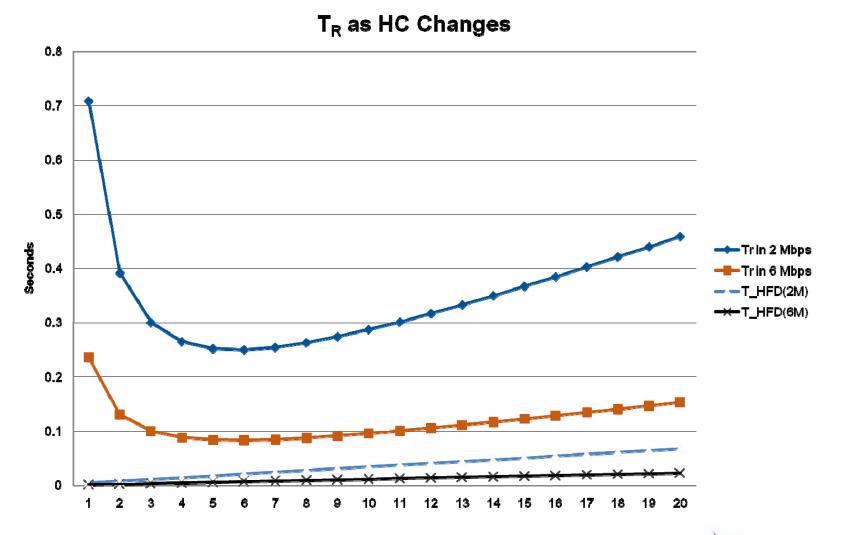
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### **Dynamic Vehicle Group Size Control**



# $T_{R}$ as HC Changes (N=100, p = 10<sup>-4</sup>)



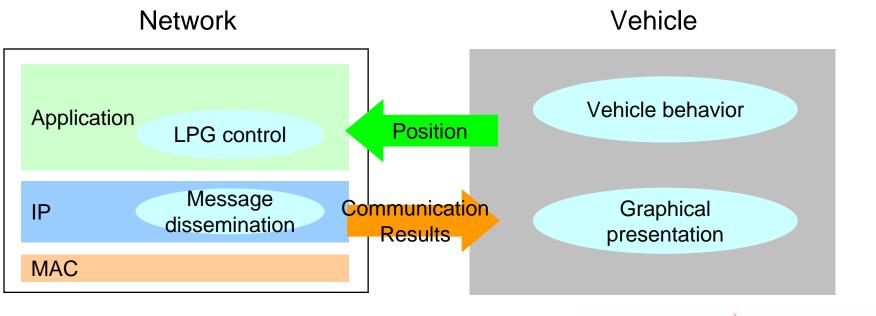
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# **Simulation Implementation**

### o Integrated simulator

- Network simulator
  - LPG control and message dissemination
- Vehicle simulator
  - Vehicle behavior calculation and graphical presentation





# **Simulation Implementation**

### o Vehicle dynamics

- Vehicle size: 5m length x 2m width
- Human driver reaction
  - Tracking behavior
  - Driver reaction time of 1 second
  - Maximum deceleration on 4.5m/s<sup>2</sup>
- Electronic brake
  - Tracking behavior
  - Activation upon warning message reception
  - Maximum deceleration of 7.0m/s<sup>2</sup>
- o Tracking behavior
  - Acceleration/deceleration computed from minimal distance



# **Simulation Environment**

### o Demonstration

- Comparison of electronic braking with LPG support
  - In contrast to human controlled braking
- 3 lane mobility scenario
  - 20 nodes in each lane (60 total)
  - Initial vehicle spacing is 20m
  - Initial vehicle speed is 35m/s, i.e. 78mph
  - 802.11a radio with 100m range and 6Mbps effective
- LPG
  - Size of 10 hops; One second HB sending cycle
- Warning message
  - Sent once by designated vehicle at emergency point
  - 128 bytes size
- Background traffic
  - 8 streams distributed in the network

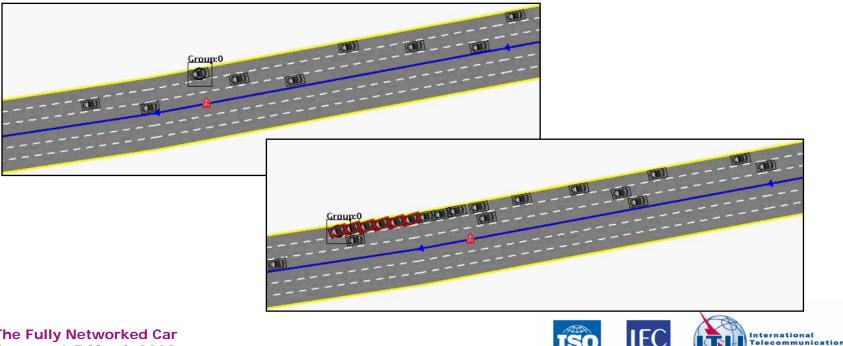


# **Simulation Demonstration**

### o Demonstration

- Human controlled braking (no communication)
  - No warning about the emergency event is sent.
  - Multiple collisions occur since human reaction does not allow for braking early enough.

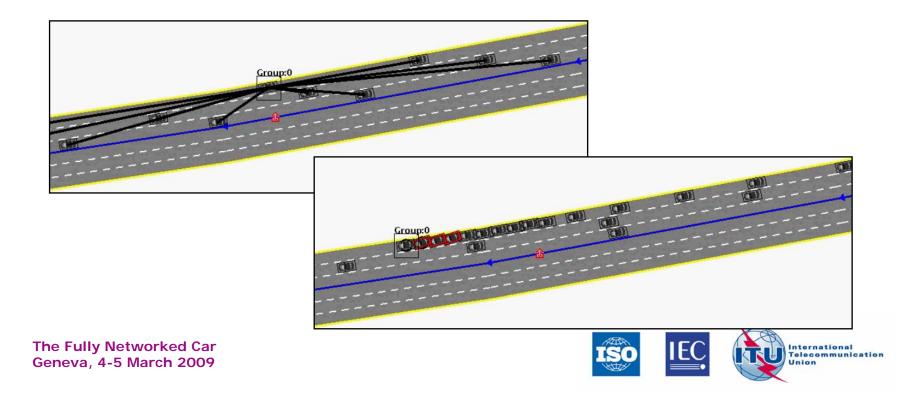
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# **Simulation Demonstration**

#### o Demonstration

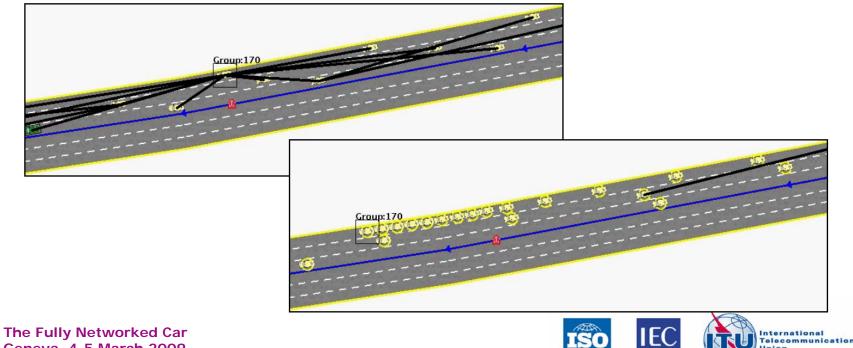
- Electronic braking with simple flooding support
  - The lead vehicle sends warning to the following vehicles.
  - The warning message does not go beyond the first hop due to interference.
  - Vehicle in the first hop stopped but there are still collisions.



# **Simulation Demonstration**

#### o Demonstration

- Cars using LPG to distribute the warning message
  - All vehicles can use electronic brake to stop in time.
  - The demo showed the capability of LPG approach to provide fast reliable multicast communications for safety applications.



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