RESOLUTION 166 (REV.WRC-23)

Use of the frequency band 24.25-27.5 GHz by high-altitude platform stations in the fixed service in Region 2

The World Radiocommunication Conference (Dubai, 2023),

considering

a) that there is a need for greater broadband connectivity in underserved communities and in rural and remote areas;

b) that WRC-15 invited the ITU Radiocommunication Sector (ITU-R) to study additional spectrum needs for fixed high-altitude platform station (HAPS) links to provide broadband connectivity and to facilitate the use of HAPS links on a global or regional basis, recognizing that the existing HAPS identifications were established without reference to today's broadband capabilities;

c) that HAPS can provide broadband connectivity with minimal ground network infrastructure;

d) that ITU-R has conducted studies dealing with compatibility between HAPS systems and systems in existing services in the frequency band 24.25-27.5 GHz and in the adjacent band in Region 2, leading to Report ITU-R F.2472-0,

considering further

that current technologies can be used to deliver broadband applications by HAPS, which can provide broadband connectivity and disaster-recovery communications with minimal ground network infrastructure,

recognizing

that, in the frequency bands 24.75-25.25 GHz and 27.0-27.5 GHz, with respect to earth stations in the fixed-satellite service (FSS) (Earth-to-space) and HAPS ground station receivers which operate in the fixed service, No. **9.17** applies,

resolves

1 that, for the purpose of protecting fixed-service systems in the territory of other administrations in the frequency band 27-27.5 GHz, the power flux-density (pfd) level per HAPS produced at the surface of the Earth in the territory of other administrations shall not exceed the following limits, developed for clear-sky conditions, unless the explicit agreement of the affected administration is provided at the time of notification of HAPS:

$0.39 \ \theta - 132.12$	$dB(W/(m^2\cdot MHz))$	for	$0^\circ \le \theta < 13^\circ$
$2.715 \theta - 162.3$	$dB(W/(m^2\cdot MHz))$	for	$13^\circ \le \theta < 20^\circ$
$0.45\;\theta-117$	$dB(W/(m^2\cdot MHz))$	for	$20^\circ \le \theta < 60^\circ$
-90	$dB(W/(m^2\cdot MHz))$	for	$60^\circ \le \theta \le 90^\circ$

where θ is the angle of arrival of the incident wave above the horizontal plane, in degrees;

during periods of rain, the equivalent isotropically radiated power (e.i.r.p.) of the beam suffering rain fade may be increased by a level commensurate with the level of rain fade, by up to 20 dB above the e.i.r.p. associated with the above pfd mask at the surface of the Earth;

2 that, for the purpose of protecting mobile-service systems in the territory of other administrations in the frequency band 24.25-25.25 GHz, the pfd level per HAPS produced at the surface of the Earth in the territory of other administrations shall not exceed the following limits, developed for clear-sky conditions, unless the explicit agreement of the affected administration is provided at the time of notification of HAPS:

-110.3	$dB(W/(m^2 \cdot MHz))$	for	$0^\circ \le \theta \le 4^\circ$
$-110.3 + 1.2 (\theta - 4)$	$dB(W/(m^2\cdot MHz))$	for	$4^\circ < \theta \le 9^\circ$
-104.3	$dB(W/(m^2 \cdot MHz))$	for	$9^\circ < \theta \le 90^\circ$

where θ is the angle of arrival of the incident wave above the horizontal plane, in degrees;

the limits above take into account the 3 dB aggregate loss due to polarization mismatch, and body loss was not taken into account;

during periods of rain, the e.i.r.p. of the beam suffering rain fade may be increased by a level commensurate with the level of rain fade, by up to 20 dB above the e.i.r.p. associated with the above pfd mask at the surface of the Earth;

3 that, for the purpose of protecting mobile-service systems in the territory of other administrations in the frequency band 27-27.5 GHz, the pfd level per HAPS produced at the surface of the Earth in the territory of other administrations shall not exceed the following limits, developed for clear-sky conditions, unless the explicit agreement of the affected administration is provided at the time of notification of HAPS:

$0.95\;\theta-114$	$dB(W/(m^2 \cdot MHz))$	for	$0^\circ \le \theta < 5.7^\circ$
$0.6 \theta - 112$	$dB(W/(m^2\cdot MHz))$	for	$5.7^\circ \le \theta < 20^\circ$
-100	$dB(W/(m^2 \cdot MHz))$	for	$20^\circ \le \theta \le 90^\circ$

where θ is the angle of arrival of the incident wave above the horizontal plane, in degrees;

the limits above take into account the 3 dB aggregate loss due to polarization mismatch, and body loss was not taken into account;

during periods of rain, the e.i.r.p. of the beam suffering rain fade may be increased by a level commensurate with the level of rain fade, by up to 20 dB above the e.i.r.p. associated with the above pfd mask at the surface of the Earth;

4 that, for the purpose of protecting mobile-service systems operating in the frequency band 25.25-27 GHz in the territory of neighbouring administrations, coordination of a transmitting HAPS ground station is required when the pfd in dB(W/(m² · MHz)) at the border of a neighbouring administration exceeds a pfd limit of -110.3 dB(W/(m² · MHz)), and the pfd values shall be verified considering a percentage of time of 1% using the most recent version of Recommendation ITU-R P.452 and a mobile-station antenna height of 20 m;

5 that, for the purpose of protecting the inter-satellite service (ISS) and the FSS, the e.i.r.p. density per HAPS in the frequency band 27-27.5 GHz shall not exceed -10.7 dB(W/MHz) for off-nadir angles higher than 85.5°;

6 that, for the purpose of protecting the ISS, the e.i.r.p. density per HAPS in the frequency band 24.45-24.75 GHz shall not exceed -19.9 dB(W/MHz) for off-nadir angles higher than 85.5° ;

7 that, for the purpose of protecting non-geostationary space stations of the ISS, the e.i.r.p. density per HAPS ground station in the frequency band 25.25-27 GHz shall not exceed 12.3 dB(W/MHz) under clear-sky conditions;

in addition, for the purpose of protecting geostationary space stations of the ISS, the maximum e.i.r.p. density in the frequency band 25.25-27 GHz of HAPS ground stations shall not exceed 0.5 dB(W/MHz) in the direction of the geostationary arc under clear-sky conditions; it is also necessary to take into account a possible orbit inclination of GSO space stations of between -5° and 5° ;

automatic power control may be used to increase the e.i.r.p. density only to the level to compensate rain fade, by up to 20 dB;

8 that, for the purpose of protecting the FSS, the e.i.r.p. density per HAPS in the frequency band 24.75-25.25 GHz shall not exceed -9.1 dB(W/MHz) for off-nadir angles higher than 85.5° ;

9 that, for the purpose of protecting the Earth exploration-satellite service (EESS) (passive) in the frequency band 23.6-24 GHz, the e.i.r.p. density in the frequency band 23.6-24 GHz per HAPS operating in the frequency band 24.25-25.25 GHz shall not exceed:

$-0.7714 \ \theta - 16.5$	dB(W/200 MHz)	for	$-4.53^{\circ} \leq \theta < 35^{\circ}$
-43.5	dB(W/200 MHz)	for	$35^\circ \le \theta \le 90^\circ$

where θ is the elevation angle in degrees at the platform height;

10 that, in order to ensure the protection of in-band space research service (SRS)/EESS in the territory of other administrations from the HAPS gateway in the frequency band 25.5-27.0 GHz, the pfd shall not exceed the threshold values given below at the SRS/EESS earth stations at a height of 20 m above ground level; if the pfd threshold values below are exceeded, then HAPS shall coordinate in accordance with No. **9.18**, taking into account the parameters of the relevant systems; these limits relate to the pfd which would be obtained under assumed propagation conditions predicted by the most recent version of Recommendation ITU-R P.452 using the following time percentages: 0.001% for SRS, 0.005% for EESS non-GSO and 20% for EESS GSO:

SRS: $pfd = -121 \ dB(W/(m^2 \cdot MHz))$ EESS non-GSO: $pfd = -97 \ dB(W/(m^2 \cdot MHz))$ EESS GSO: $pfd = -129 \ dB(W/(m^2 \cdot MHz));$

11 that, in order to ensure the protection of the radio astronomy service (RAS), the pfd level produced by unwanted emissions from HAPS downlink transmissions in the frequency band 24.25-25.25 GHz shall not exceed $-177 \text{ dB}(W/(\text{m}^2 \cdot 400 \text{ MHz}))$ for continuum observations and $-191 \text{ dB}(W/(\text{m}^2 \cdot 250 \text{ kHz}))$ for spectral line observations in the frequency band 23.6-24 GHz at an RAS station location at a height of 50 m; this limit relates to the pfd which would be obtained using a time percentage of 2% in the relevant propagation model;

to verify compliance, the following formula shall be used:

$$pfd = e.i.r.p_{nominal \ clear \ sky} (Az, \theta) + Att_{618_{n=2\%}} - 10 \log(4\pi d^2) - GasAtt(\theta)$$

where:

- *e.i.r.p.*_{nominal clear sky}: nominal unwanted emission e.i.r.p. density towards the RAS station at which the HAPS operates under clear-sky conditions in dB(W/400 MHz) for continuum observations and in dB(W/250 kHz) for spectral line observations in the frequency band 23.6-24 GHz
 - Az: azimuth in degrees from the HAPS towards the RAS station
 - θ : elevation angle in degrees at the HAPS towards the RAS station
 - *Att*_{618p=2%}: attenuation in dB from the most recent version of Recommendation ITU-R P.618 corresponding to p = 2% of the time at the radio astronomy location
 - d: separation distance in metres between the HAPS and the RAS station
 - *pfd*: pfd at the Earth's surface per HAPS in dB(W/($m^2 \cdot 400 \text{ MHz}$)) for continuum observations and in dB(W/($m^2 \cdot 250 \text{ kHz}$)) for spectral line observations in the frequency band 23.6-24 GHz
 - *GasAtt*(θ): gaseous attenuation for an elevation angle of θ (see the most recent version of Recommendation ITU-R SF.1395);

12 that *resolves* 11 applies at any radio astronomy station that was in operation prior to 22 November 2019 and has been notified to the Radiocommunication Bureau in the frequency band 23.6-24 GHz before 22 May 2020, or at any radio astronomy station that was notified before the date of receipt of the complete Appendix **4** information for notification, for the HAPS system to which *resolves* 11 applies; radio astronomy stations notified after this date may seek an agreement with administrations that have authorized HAPS;

13 that administrations planning to implement a HAPS system in the frequency band 24.25-27.5 GHz shall notify the frequency assignments by submitting all mandatory elements of Appendix **4** to the Bureau for the examination of compliance with respect to this Resolution with a view to their registration in the Master International Frequency Register,

instructs the Director of the Radiocommunication Bureau

to take all necessary measures to implement this Resolution.