## RESOLUTION 166 (WRC-19)

## Use of the frequency band 24.25-27.5 GHz by high-altitude platform stations in the fixed service in Region 2

The World Radiocommunication Conference (Sharm el-Sheikh, 2019),

considering

- a) that there is a need for greater broadband connectivity in underserved communities and in rural and remote areas;
- b) that WRC-15 invited the ITU Radiocommunication Sector (ITU-R) to study additional spectrum needs for fixed high-altitude platform station (HAPS) links to provide broadband connectivity and to facilitate the use of HAPS links on a global or regional basis, recognizing that the existing HAPS identifications were established without reference to today's broadband capabilities;
- c) that HAPS can provide broadband connectivity with minimal ground network infrastructure;
- d) that ITU-R has conducted studies dealing with compatibility between HAPS systems and systems in existing services in the frequency band 24.25-27.5 GHz and in the adjacent band in Region 2, leading to Report ITU-R F.2472-0,

considering further

that current technologies can be used to deliver broadband applications by HAPS, which can provide broadband connectivity and disaster-recovery communications with minimal ground network infrastructure,

recognizing

that, in the frequency bands 24.75-25.25 GHz and 27.0-27.5 GHz, with respect to earth stations in the fixed-satellite service (FSS) (Earth-to-space) and HAPS ground station receivers which operate in the fixed service, No. **9.17** applies,

resolves

that, for the purpose of protecting fixed-service systems in the territory of other administrations in the frequency band 27-27.5 GHz, the power flux-density (pfd) level per HAPS produced at the surface of the Earth in the territory of other administrations shall not exceed the following limits, developed for clear-sky conditions, unless the explicit agreement of the affected administration is provided at the time of notification of HAPS:

$0.39 \theta - 132.12$	$dB(W/(m^2 \cdot MHz))$	for	$0^{\circ} \le \theta < 13^{\circ}$
$2.715 \theta - 162.3$	$dB(W/(m^2\cdot MHz))$	for	$13^{\circ} \le \theta < 20^{\circ}$
$0.45 \; \theta - 117$	$dB(W/(m^2\cdot MHz))$	for	$20^{\circ} \le \theta < 60^{\circ}$
-90	$dB(W/(m^2 \cdot MHz))$	for	$60^{\circ} \le \theta \le 90^{\circ}$

where  $\theta$  is the angle of arrival of the incident wave above the horizontal plane, in degrees.

During periods of rain, the equivalent isotropically radiated power (e.i.r.p.) of the beam suffering rain fade may be increased by a level commensurate with the level of rain fade, by up to 20 dB above the e.i.r.p. associated with the above pfd mask at the surface of the Earth;

that, for the purpose of protecting mobile-service systems in the territory of other administrations in the frequency band 24.25-25.25 GHz, the pfd level per HAPS produced at the surface of the Earth in the territory of other administrations shall not exceed the following limits, developed for clear-sky conditions, unless the explicit agreement of the affected administration is provided at the time of notification of HAPS:

where  $\theta$  is the angle of arrival of the incident wave above the horizontal plane, in degrees.

The limits above take into account the 3 dB aggregate loss due to polarization mismatch, and body loss was not taken into account.

During periods of rain, the e.i.r.p. of the beam suffering rain fade may be increased by a level commensurate with the level of rain fade, by up to 20 dB above the e.i.r.p. associated with the above pfd mask at the surface of the Earth;

that, for the purpose of protecting mobile-service systems in the territory of other administrations in the frequency band 27-27.5 GHz, the pfd level per HAPS produced at the surface of the Earth in the territory of other administrations shall not exceed the following limits, developed for clear-sky conditions, unless the explicit agreement of the affected administration is provided at the time of notification of HAPS:

$0.95 \theta - 114$	$dB(W/(m^2 \cdot MHz))$	for	$0^{\circ} \leq \theta < 5.7^{\circ}$
$0.6 \theta - 112$	$dB(W/(m^2\cdot MHz))$	for	$5.7^{\circ} \le \theta \le 20^{\circ}$
-100	$dB(W/(m^2 \cdot MHz))$	for	$20^{\circ} \le \theta \le 90^{\circ}$

where  $\theta$  is the angle of arrival of the incident wave above the horizontal plane, in degrees.

The limits above take into account the 3 dB aggregate loss due to polarization mismatch, and body loss was not taken into account.

During periods of rain, the e.i.r.p. of the beam suffering rain fade may be increased by a level commensurate with the level of rain fade, by up to 20 dB above the e.i.r.p. associated with the above pfd mask at the surface of the Earth;

- that, for the purpose of protecting mobile-service systems operating in the frequency band 25.25-27 GHz in the territory of neighbouring administrations, coordination of a transmitting HAPS ground station is required when the pfd in  $dB(W/(m^2 \cdot MHz))$  at the border of a neighbouring administration exceeds a pfd limit of -110.3  $dB(W/(m^2 \cdot MHz))$ , and the pfd values shall be verified considering a percentage of time of 1% using the most recent version of Recommendation ITU-R P.452 and a mobile-station antenna height of 20 m;
- that, for the purpose of protecting the inter-satellite service and the FSS, the e.i.r.p. density per HAPS in the frequency band 27-27.5 GHz shall not exceed -10.7 dB(W/MHz) for off-nadir angles higher than 85.5°;

- that, for the purpose of protecting the inter-satellite service, the e.i.r.p. density per HAPS in the frequency band 24.45-24.75 GHz shall not exceed -19.9 dB(W/MHz) for off-nadir angles higher than 85.5°;
- that, for the purpose of protecting non-geostationary space stations of the inter-satellite service, the e.i.r.p. density per HAPS ground station in the frequency band 25.25-27 GHz shall not exceed 12.3 dB(W/MHz) under clear-sky conditions;

In addition, for the purpose of protecting geostationary space stations of the inter-satellite service, the maximum e.i.r.p. density in the frequency band 25.25-27 GHz of HAPS ground stations shall not exceed 0.5 dB(W/MHz) in the direction of geostationary arc under clear-sky conditions. It is also needed to take into account a possible orbit inclination of GSO space stations of between -5° and 5°.

Automatic power control may be used to increase the e.i.r.p. density only to the level to compensate rain fade, by up to 20 dB;

- 8 that, for the purpose of protecting the FSS, the e.i.r.p. density per HAPS in the frequency band 24.75-25.25 GHz shall not exceed -9.1 dB(W/MHz) for off-nadir angles higher than 85.5°;
- that, for the purpose of protecting the Earth exploration-satellite service (EESS) (passive) in the frequency band 23.6-24 GHz, the e.i.r.p. density in the frequency band 23.6-24 GHz per HAPS operating in the frequency band 24.25-25.25 GHz shall not exceed:

$$-0.7714 \theta - 16.5$$
  $dB(W/200 \text{ MHz})$  for  $-4.53^{\circ} \le \theta < 35^{\circ}$   $-43.5$   $dB(W/200 \text{ MHz})$  for  $35^{\circ} \le \theta \le 90^{\circ}$ 

where  $\theta$  is the elevation angle in degrees at the platform height;

that, in order to ensure the protection of in-band space research service (SRS)/EESS in the territory of other administrations from the HAPS gateway in the frequency band 25.5-27.0 GHz, the pfd shall not exceed the threshold values given below at the SRS/EESS earth stations at a height of 20 m above the ground level. If the pfd threshold values below are exceeded, then HAPS shall coordinate in accordance with No. 9.18, taking into account the parameters of the relevant systems. These limits relate to the pfd which would be obtained under assumed propagation conditions predicted by Recommendation ITU-R P.452 using the following time percentages: 0.001% for SRS, 0.005% for EESS non-GSO and 20% for EESS GSO:

SRS: 
$$pfd = -121 dB(W/(m^2 \cdot MHz))$$

EESS non-GSO: 
$$pfd = -97 dB(W/(m^2 \cdot MHz))$$

EESS GSO: 
$$pfd = -129 dB(W/(m^2 \cdot MHz));$$

that, in order to ensure the protection of the radio astronomy service (RAS), the pfd level produced by unwanted emissions from HAPS downlink transmissions in the frequency band 24.25-25.25 GHz shall not exceed -177 dB(W/(m² · 400 MHz)) for continuum observations and -191 dB(W/(m² · 250 kHz)) for spectral line observations in the frequency band 23.6-24 GHz at an RAS station location at a height of 50 m; this limit relates to the pfd which would be obtained using a time percentage of 2% in the relevant propagation model.

To verify compliance, the following formula shall be used:

$$pfd = e.i.r.p._{nominal clear sky} (Az, \theta) + Att_{618} - 10 \log (4\pi d^2) - GasAtt(\theta)$$

where:

e.i.r.p. nominal clear sky: nominal unwanted emission e.i.r.p. density towards the RAS station at which the HAPS operates under clear-sky conditions in dB(W/400 MHz) for continuum observations and in dB(W/250 kHz) for spectral line observations in the frequency band 23.6-24 GHz

Az: azimuth in degrees from the HAPS towards the RAS station

θ: elevation angle in degrees at the HAPS towards the RAS station

 $Att_{618p=2\%}$ : attenuation in dB from Recommendation ITU-R P.618 corresponding to p=2%of the time at the radio astronomy location

d: separation distance in metres between the HAPS and the RAS station

pfd: pfd at the Earth's surface per HAPS in dB(W/(m<sup>2</sup> · 400 MHz)) for continuum observations and in dB(W/(m<sup>2</sup> · 250 kHz)) for spectral line observations in the frequency band 23.6-24 GHz

 $GasAtt(\theta)$ : gaseous attenuation for an elevation angle of  $\theta$  (see Recommendation ITU-R SF.1395);

- that resolves 11 applies at any radio astronomy station that was in operation prior to 22 November 2019 and has been notified to the Radiocommunication Bureau (BR) in the frequency band 23.6-24 GHz before 22 May 2020, or at any radio astronomy station that was notified before the date of receipt of the complete Appendix 4 information for notification, for the HAPS system to which resolves 11 applies; radio astronomy stations notified after this date may seek an agreement with administrations that have authorized HAPS;
- 13 that administrations planning to implement a HAPS system in the frequency band 24.25-27.5 GHz shall notify the frequency assignments by submitting all mandatory elements of Appendix 4 to BR for the examination of compliance with respect to this Resolution with a view to their registration in the Master International Frequency Register,

instructs the Director of the Radiocommunication Bureau

to take all necessary measures to implement this Resolution.