

Requirements for the Next Generation of Mobile Services and Applications

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**WGB – Services, Devices and Service
Architectures**

**WGA – User Needs & Requirements in
Wireless World**



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Motivation

*“xG does not happen just by increasing capacity.
We have enough bandwidth, **Users** require new
applications/services!” 8.9.2004*

- Technologies have evolved (bandwidth, devices)
- Users and their behavior have changed
- Apps and services have exploded

Users now and in future

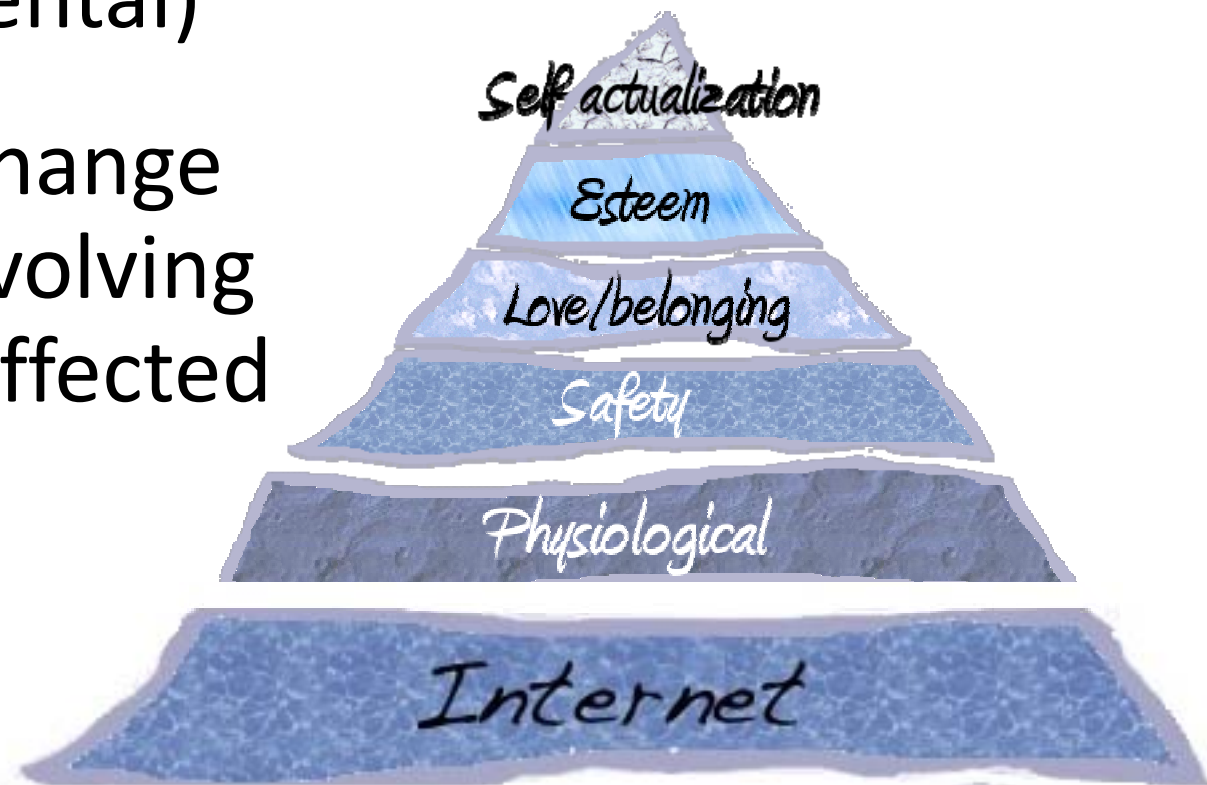
- Generations of users
 - Post war generation (born in 40s - mid 60s)
 - X-Generation (mid 60s – early 80s)
 - Y-Generation (early 80s – mid 90s)
 - Z-Generation (late 90s-)
- X-Generation users are digital immigrants
- Y/Z-Generation users are digital natives, Millennials
 - Z-Generation more “social”

Millennials

- New generations have been researched in sense of education and working life aspects
- Information age mindset
 - Computers aren't technology
 - The Internet is better than TV
 - Staying connected is essential
 - Multitasking is a way of life
 - Doing is better than knowing
 - Zero tolerance for delays
- Different values and active challenging

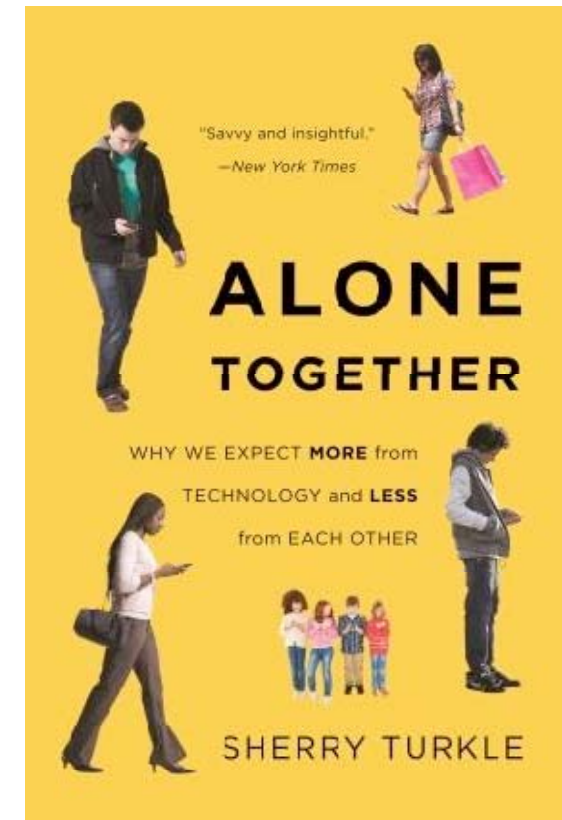
Basics for the user needs

- Psychologist A. Maslow characterized user needs in various levels
 - Human tries to satisfy the basic needs first (physical -> mental)
 - How has the change of users and evolving technologies affected this model ?



Implications

- *“The way in which we strive for society’s respect and approval has drastically changed over the centuries”*
- Humans, Families and Society have changed from static to more dynamic
- *“Our human need for respect and recognition has thus remained, while attaining this goal has become all more difficult”*



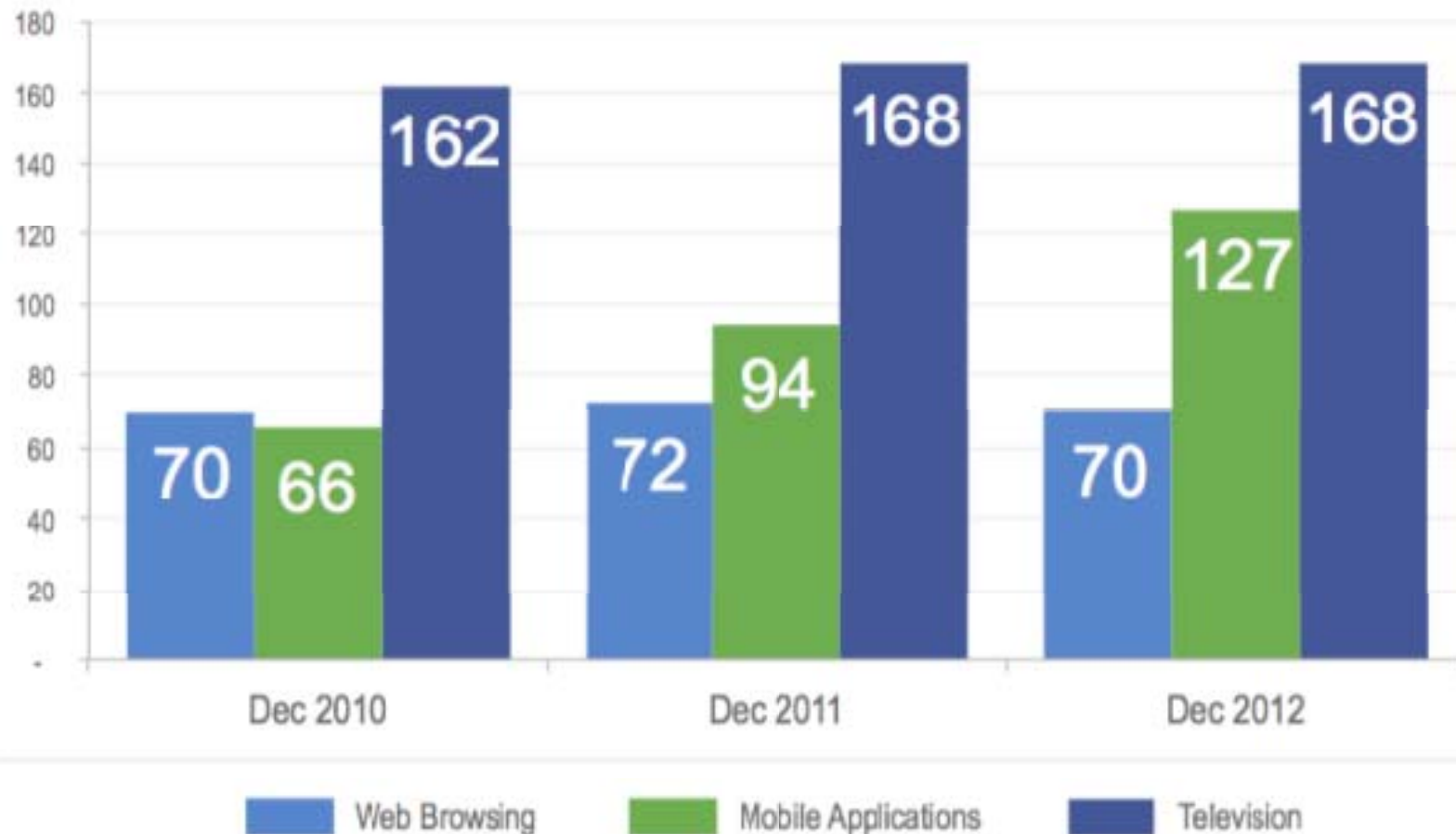
Clash of Generations

- Technology is seen as efficient solution in various fields
 - “Technologies for healthy aging” or “Ambient assisted living technologies” are good examples of fields where good technological solutions might not be adapted due to the clash of generations
- Physiological and esteem needs: “Capacity to handle it myself approach”, “Technologies make people appear helpless and challenges their self-image”,
- Security and belonging: “Little concern for safety but seek out human contact”, “Whose need we are looking at ?”
- “Many existing technologies are poorly matched to the real needs of prospective users”

Thielke S. et al.

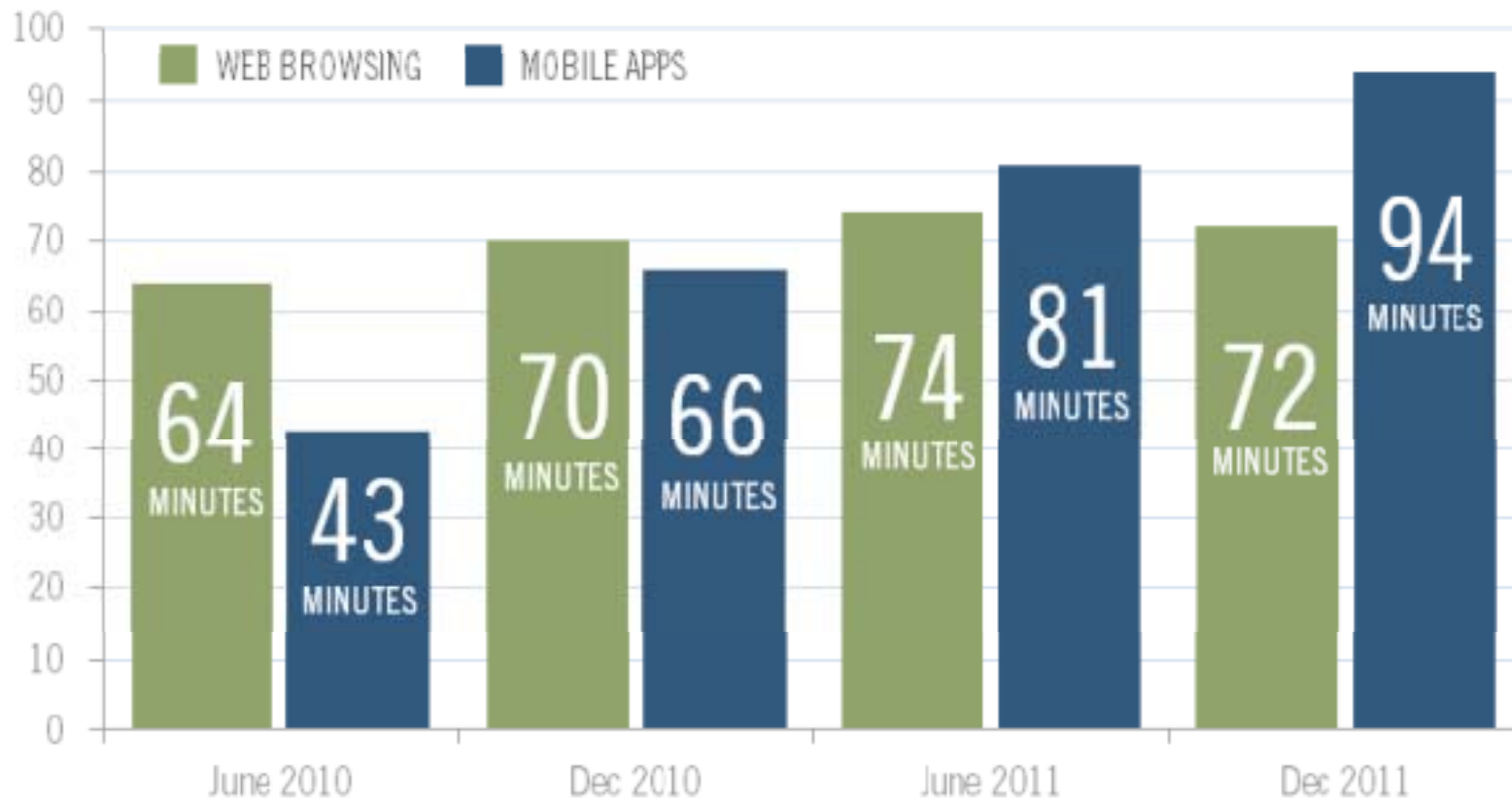
Change of the habits

U.S. Web vs. Mobile App vs. TV Consumption, Minutes per Day



Mobile takes over

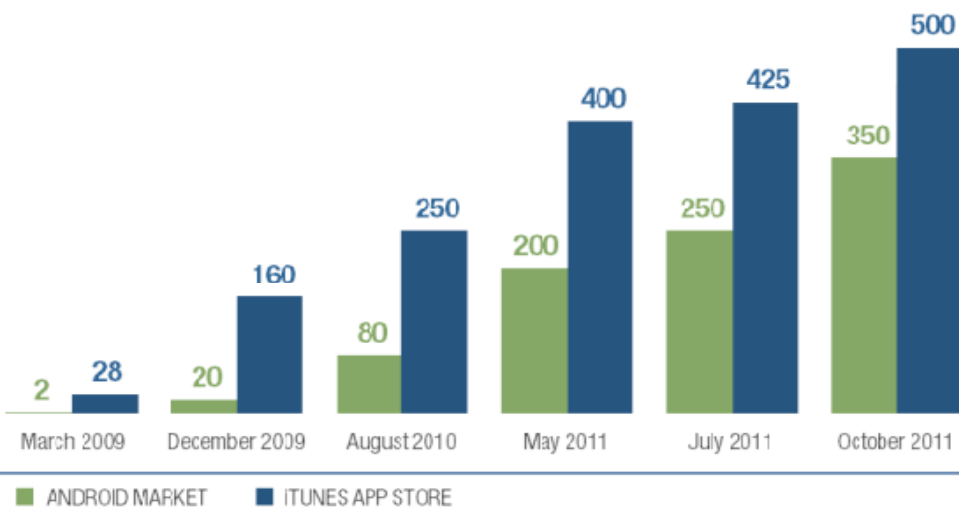
U.S. Mobile Apps vs. Web Consumption, Minutes per Day



Rise of the apps

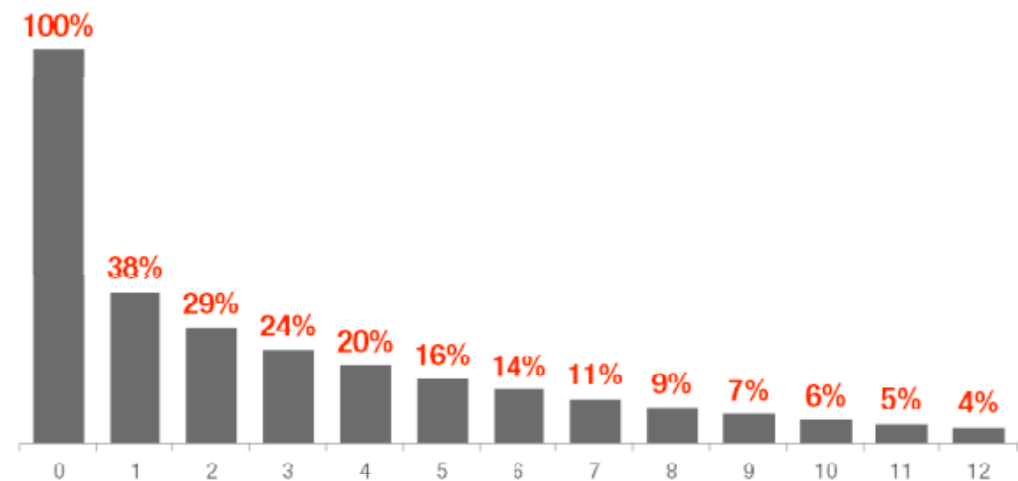
- Ordinary people consume more and more mobile services and applications
 - Number of available applications has exploded
 - Users try several applications and change then frequently

Available Apps, App Store vs. Android Market (thousands)



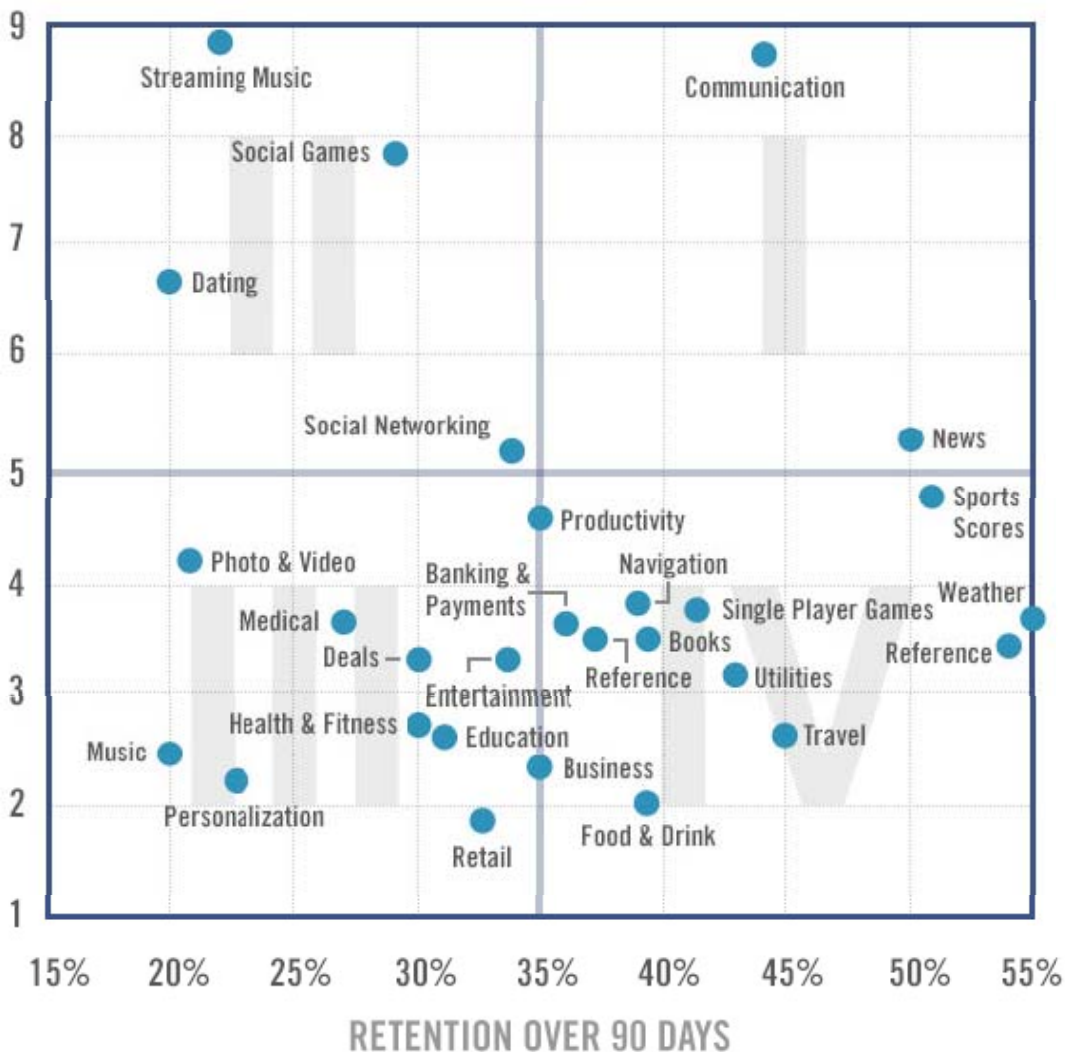
■ ANDROID MARKET ■ ITUNES APP STORE

iOS & Android App User Retention, Months Since Acquisition (%)

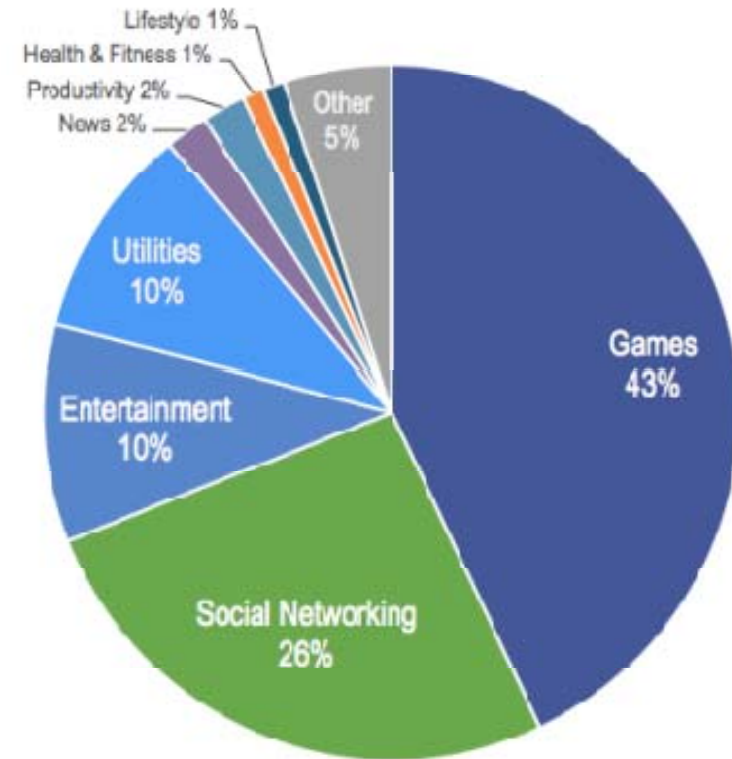


How do we use our time

Loyalty by Application Category



WW iOS & Android Smart Device Time Spent per App Category



Real needs vs. usage

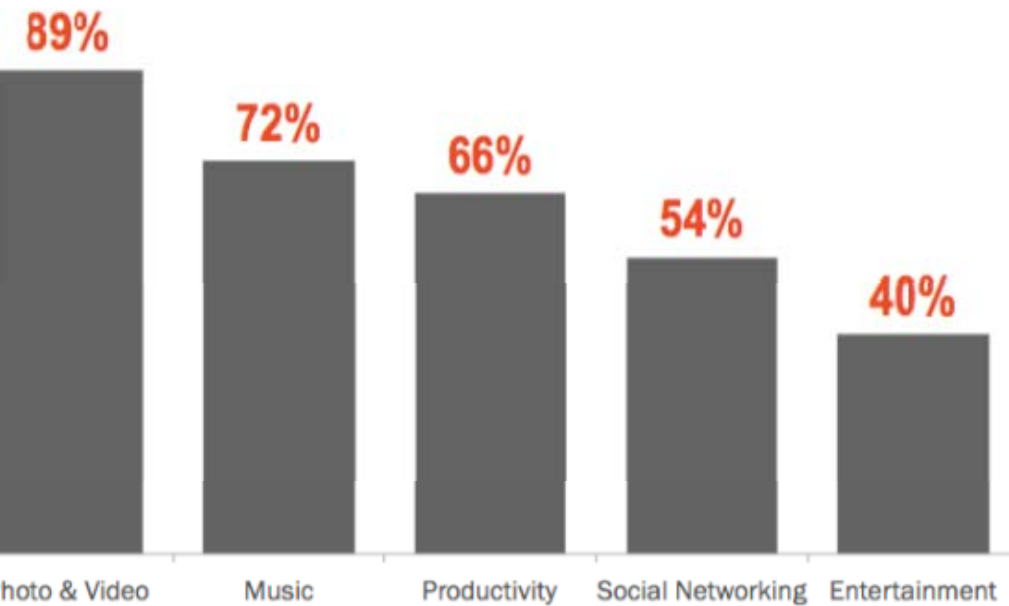
Kukka et al.

- PanOulu experiments for various years reveal the difference what users think they need and what they actually use

Service	Details	Card sorting		Actual hotspot usage	
		Avg.	Score (%)	Avg.	Score (%)
Hotspots	Where places are and what's near me	10.7	100	122	86
Transport	Public transportation schedules, location of transports etc.	10.7	100	6	4
Events	What's happening today/tomorrow/next week	9.3	87	15	10
Food	Restaurant menus, happy hours etc.	8.8	82	9	6
Business	General information related to opening hours, local history, healthcare etc.	7.2	67	n/a	n/a
Weather	Weather information	7.2	67	n/a	n/a
Traffic	Free parking spaces, construction sites, traffic jams etc.	6.8	64	n/a	n/a
Offers	Offers from stores, where to buy etc.	6.7	63	6	4
News	News from national and international sources	6.6	62	142	100
Media	Images, video, live streaming etc.	4.7	44	82	57
Downloads	Possibility to contribute own content	4	37	45	32
Municipal	Information about municipal decisions, council meetings etc.	3.7	35	5	3
Games	Games, quizzes, and fun	3.3	31	139	98
Survey	Questionnaires regarding the hotspots	n/a	n/a	100	70

Rising apps

Fastest Growing App Categories, Time per Active User



FLURRY

Source: Flurry Analytics, October 2011 – March 2012

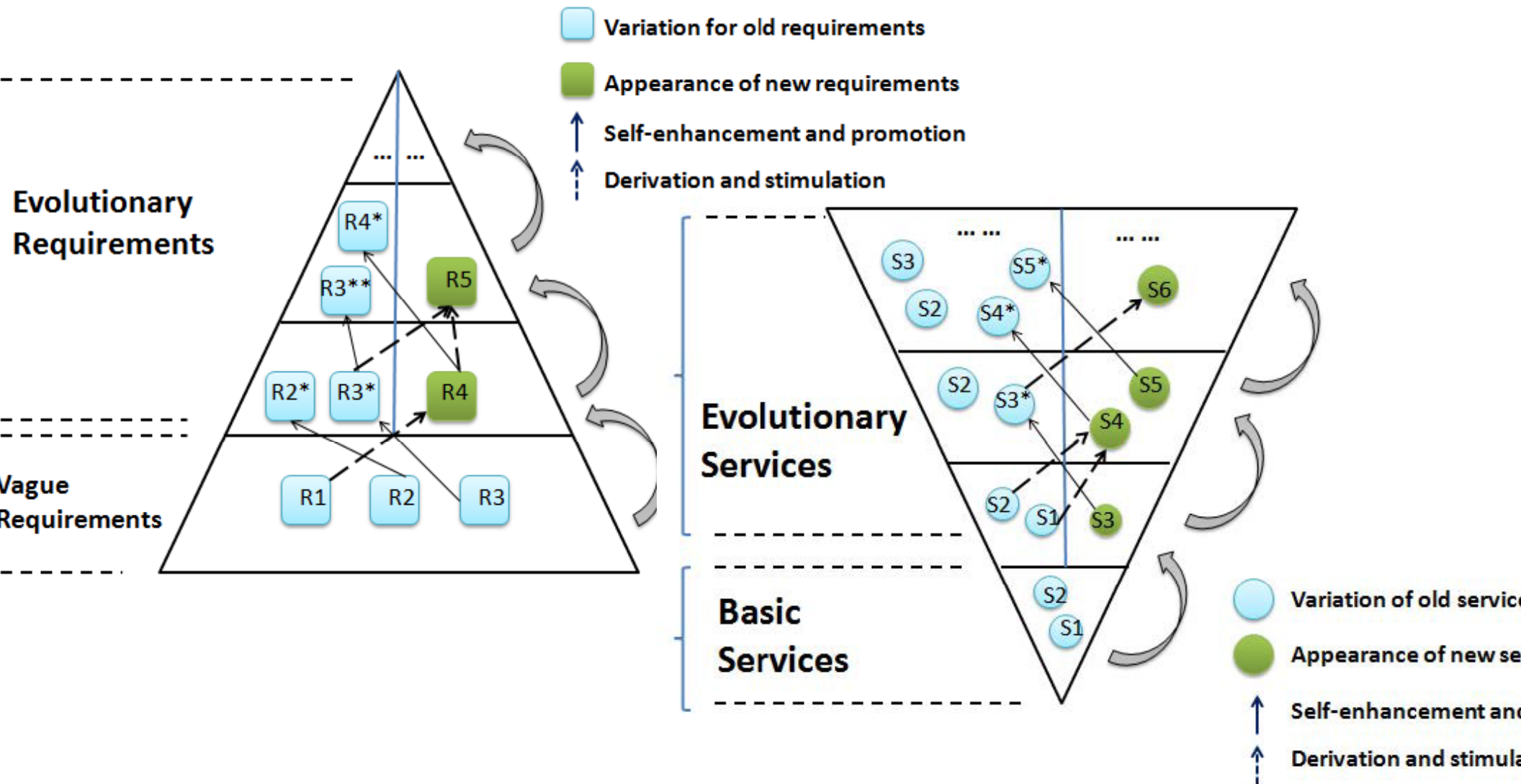
Monthly Minutes per Active User, Photo & Video Apps



FLURRY

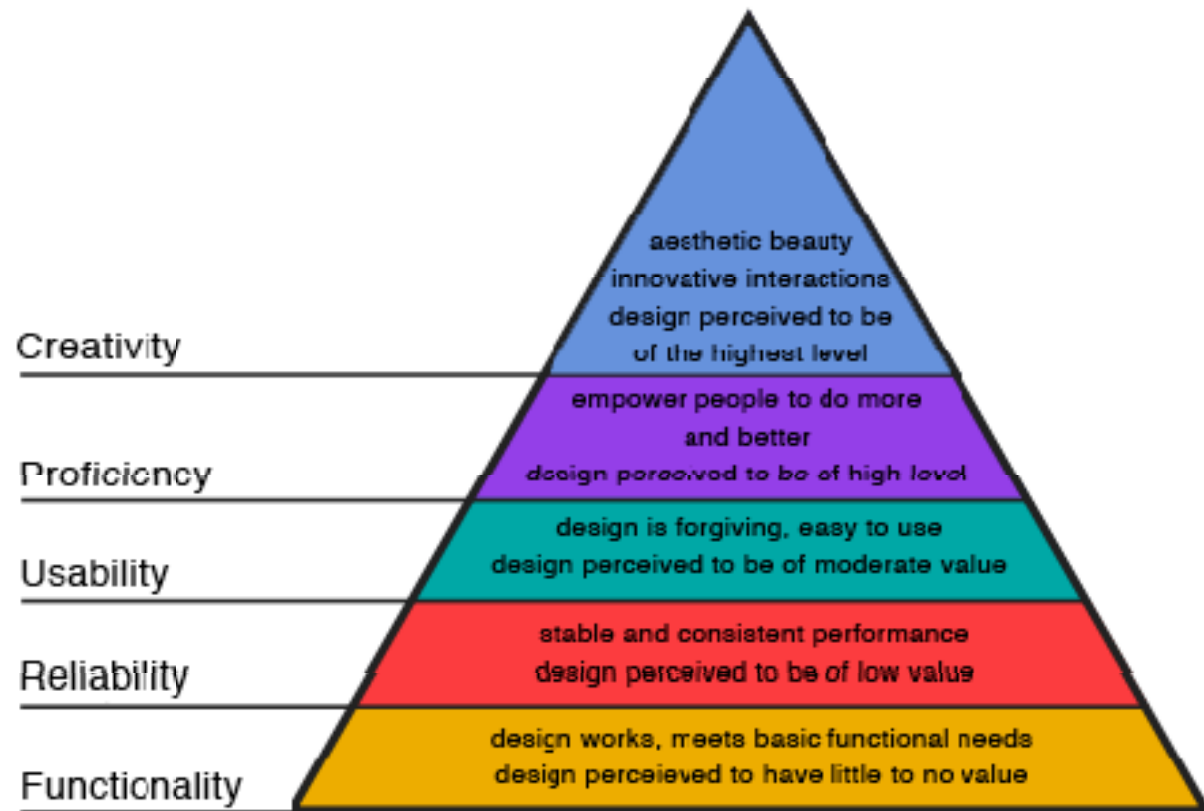
Source: Flurry Analytics, 8 Million Active

Maslow and services



UX is all to the users

“The idea of a design hierarchy of needs rests on the assumption that in order to be successful, a design must meet basic needs before it can satisfy higher-level needs. Before a design can “Wow” us, it must work as intended. “



Design Hierarchy of Needs

What makes the difference ?

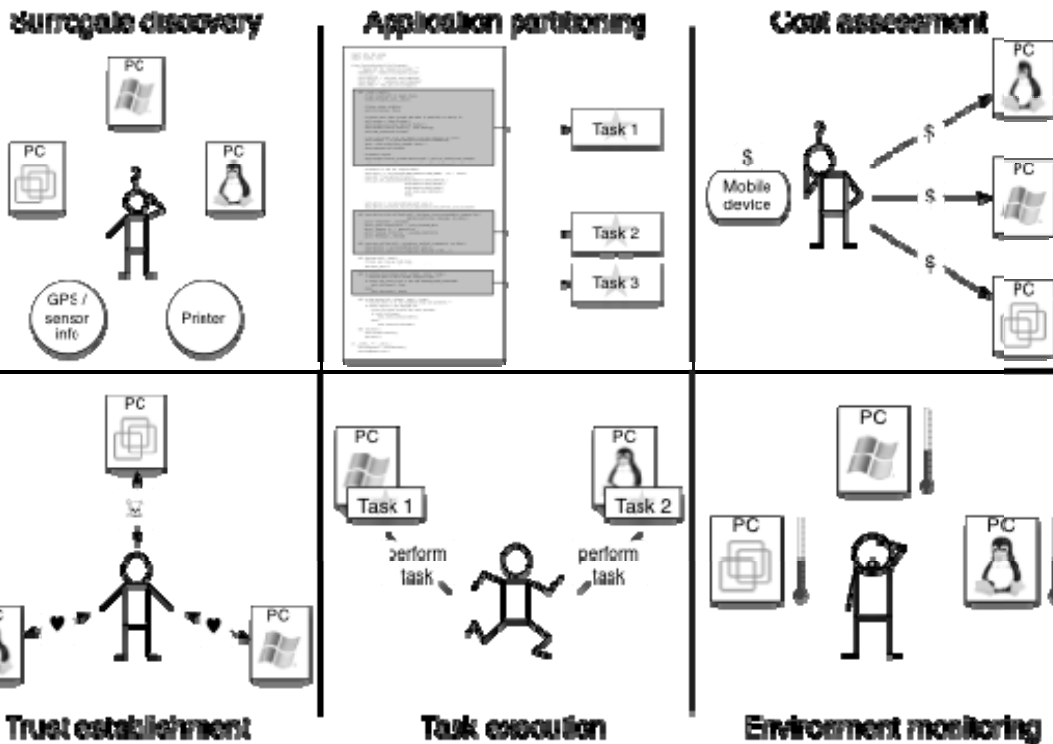
- Various elements affecting to the user experience (design)
- Mobile ≠ Web
- Should take mobile characteristics into account
- Challenges for the developers and developing tools





Cyber foraging

- small mobile devices offloading some of their resource intensive work to stronger computers (surrogates) in the local network environment
 - Resources: CPU power, “energy”, network connectivity, storage capacity, external displays, printers etc.



CRYPTING RESULTS - GALAXY TAB

	Runtime	mAh	mAh/s
Local	654.07	73.00	0.1116
Local - Wifi	670.78	73.80	0.1100
Scavenge	69.11	12.00	0.1736
Change	10.57%	16.44%	155.57%

Transferring user requirements

1 s



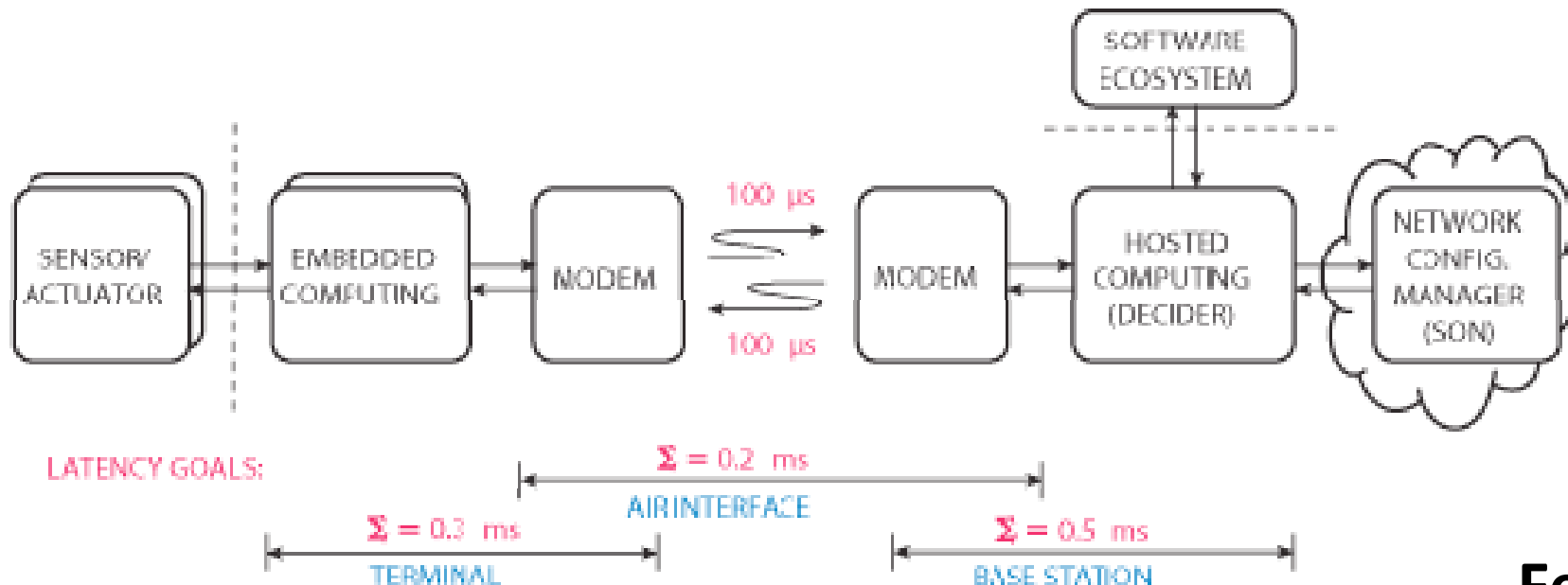
100 ms



10 ms



1 ms



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WWRF Activities

**WGA – User Needs & Requirements in
Wireless World**

**WGB – Services, Devices and Service
Architectures**



WGA Objectives

- WGA is focused on discovering and promoting research areas that strive to understand the **users' needs** for and **requirements** to wireless future internet systems; how the users are **driving** the creation and design of new, emerging services in a **secure** environment and how users will **interact** with devices, systems and applications in the Wireless World. Based on an understanding of the user requirements and the user interaction with devices, systems and applications, WGA investigates and studies the elements of viable business models under different **socio-economic conditions**.

WGA Challenges

- **Translating user experience requirements**
 - integration between user requirements and technology advances
- **Context security**
 - authenticity and identity on the move
- **User experience and values**
 - viable business models
- **User requirements and geographical context**
 - Impact of socio-cultural settings
- **User Scenarios for a Worldwide Wireless Future**

WGA Working subjects

- Methods, processes, best practices for user-centered research and design
- User scenario creation and analysis
- The needs of users, operators, service providers for secure and trustworthy wireless systems
- Identification of future services and applications based on user experiences
- User interaction technologies
- User Centric Identity Management Systems
- Spectrum requirements needed to serve user (e.g., no home/ work distinction)
- Geographical or socio-economic contexts
- Business models

WWRF Vision 2020

7 trillion wireless devices serving 7 billion people by 2020

- All people will be served with wireless devices
- Affordable to purchase and operate
- Calm computing: Technology invisible to users
- Machine to machine communications
- All devices are part of the (mobile) Internet

WGB – Challenges

- **Emphasize services and not just devices**
 - Devices are going to be (very) cheap and various ecosystems will evolve; BUT customers will use services
 - => All people will be **provided with services through** wireless devices
- **Ease the use of services and devices**
 - Personalization and Adaptation needs to be taken into account
 - => **Key-point is the User experience** not the (in-)visibility of technology
- **Provide needed services at the right time & place**
 - Emphasize roaming & service availability instead of connectivity
 - User experience may sometimes work without connections
 - => **All Users are able to take part** in the (mobile) Internet by services

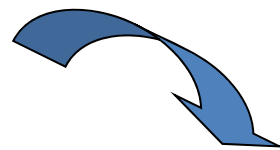
WGB – Impact Areas

- **What is already clear**
 - The (mobile) Internet should/will not be a network of sites
 - The Future Internet starts as a web of information
- **WGB paves the way to information usage**



Source: Dreamworks Pictures, 2002

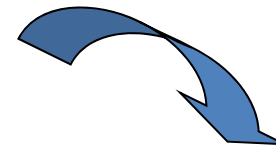
Easy
information
navigation



Turning
information
into
knowledge



Knowledge
Management



Making
Decisions



Starting
Actions

WGB - Overall Vision

An ambient life style where

- seven trillion devices running services, that are



- **Easy to create** →

- Intuitive Tools for Service Creation
- Graphical Service Composition



- **Easy to share** →

- Generalised client-server / P2P architecture
- Service deployment in just a few clicks
- Semantic based publishing

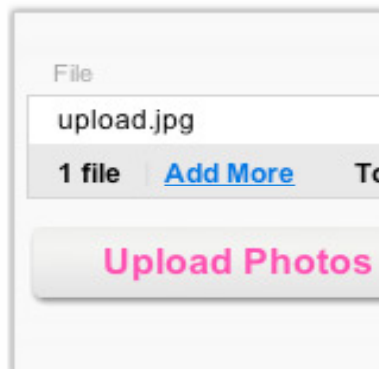


- **Easy to use** →

- Semantic Service discovery
- Interoperability, composability of services
- Excellent User Experience

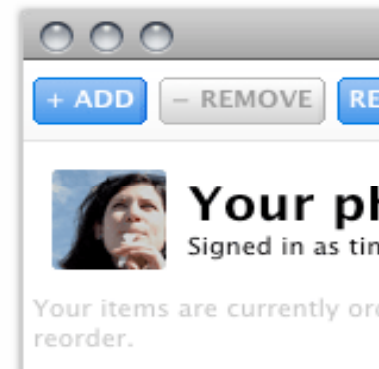
WGB - Overall Vision

Service Creation should be done by everybody
- Like uploading photos to Flickr®



Browser Upload

Flickr's [Web Uploader](#) is the easiest way to get your photos onto Flickr.



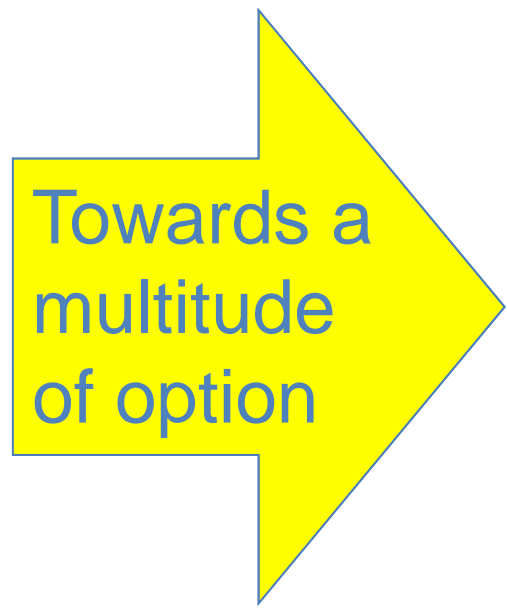
Desktop App

[Desktop Uploader](#) lets you easily manage uploads from your desktop. Drag and drop photos to add tags, descriptions and titles before uploading to Flickr.

WGB - Overall Vision

Enrich Service Landscape

- Like choosing tables/chairs from stores



WGB - Overall Vision

Service experience is of upmost importance
- Should be far beyond “touching screens”



Enhance user
experience



**Better look for EnE (Efficiency & Experience)
vs. LnG (Layers & Generations)**

Summary

- Users and societies are in middle of fast changes
- Need to understand the nature of these changes
- Changes create needs
- Needs are tackled in various levels; applications, devices, networks, radio
- WWRF is the right place to work on the future solutions