An example of System Implementation of Broadband Wireless Access in Japan

Broadband Access by "Fiber + Radio" -WIPAS (Wireless IP Access System)-

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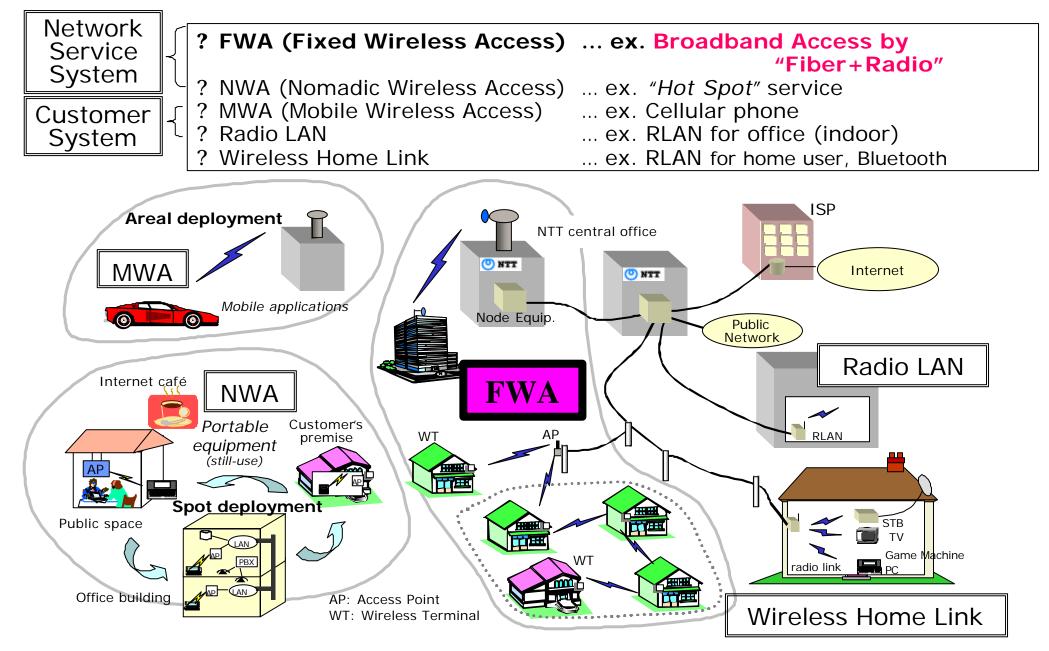
-Overview of Wireless Access and Broadband Services

-Broadband Access by "Fiber + Radio": WIPAS

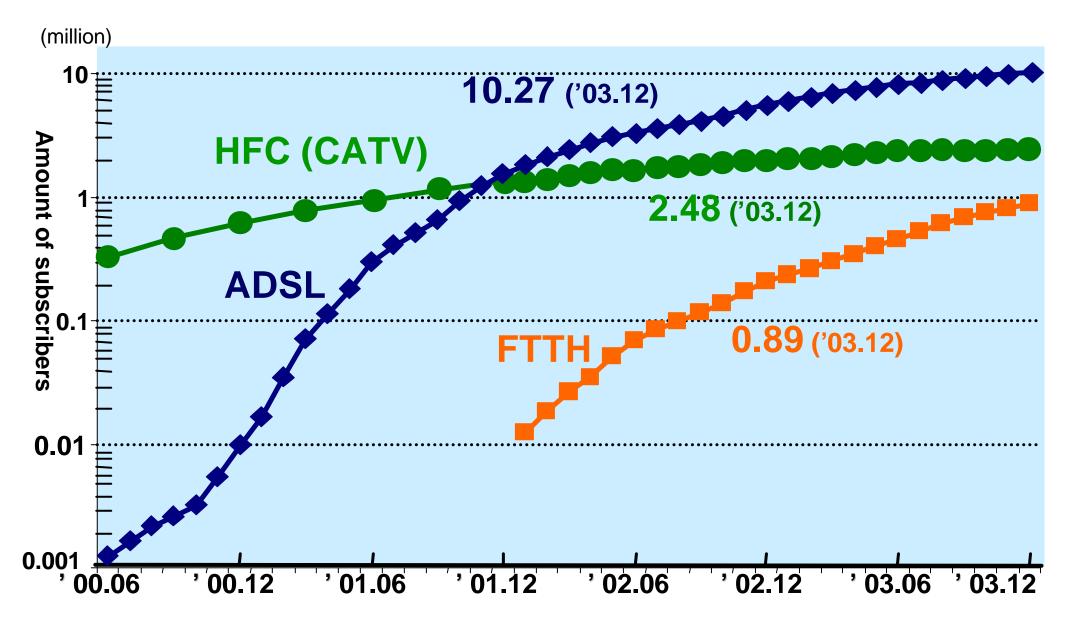
-Characteristics of WIPAS

-Examples of Broadband Services by "Fiber + Radio"

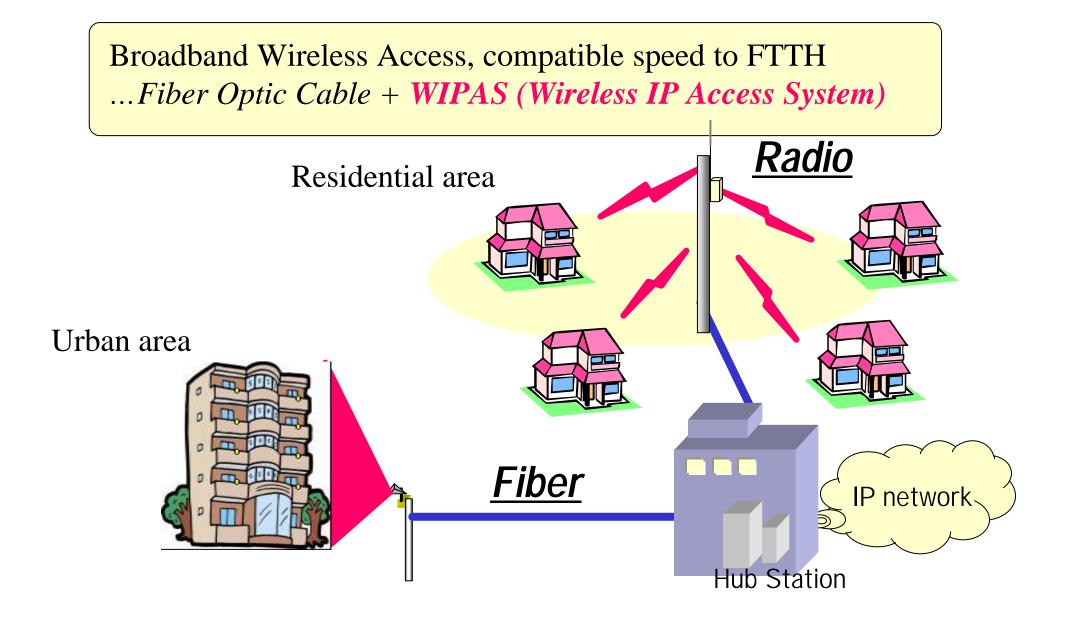
Classification of Wireless Access Systems



Broadband Service Market in Japan



Broadband Access by "Fiber+Radio"

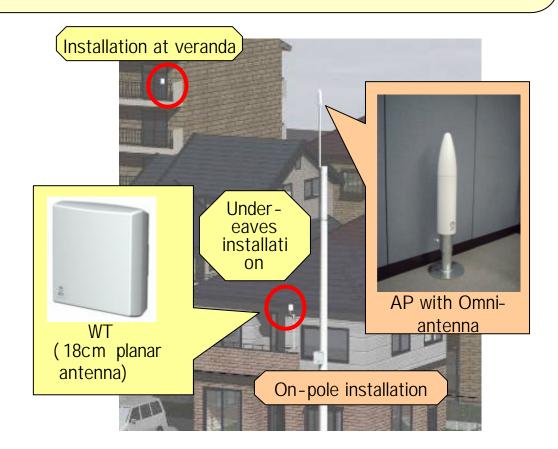


WIPAS: Wireless IP Access System

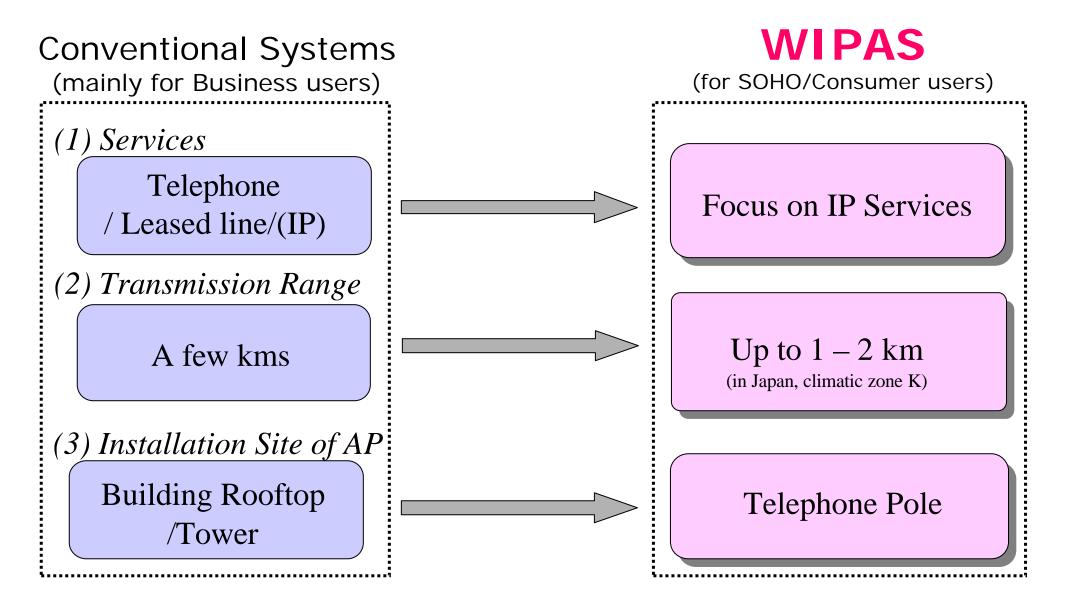
WIPAS is the Broadband FWA (Fixed Wireless Access) system that consists of AP (Access Point) and WTs (Wireless Terminal) employing upper SHF: 26GHz band. Transmission rate of the wireless section is 80Mbit/s (Maximum transmission rate of Ethernet is 46Mbit/s), which is shared among the plural WTs.

Transmission rate 16QAM: 80 Mbit/s (46Mbit/s) QPSK : 40 Mbit/s (23Mbit/s)

? (): Maximum transmission rate of Ethernet frame



WIPAS System Design Concept

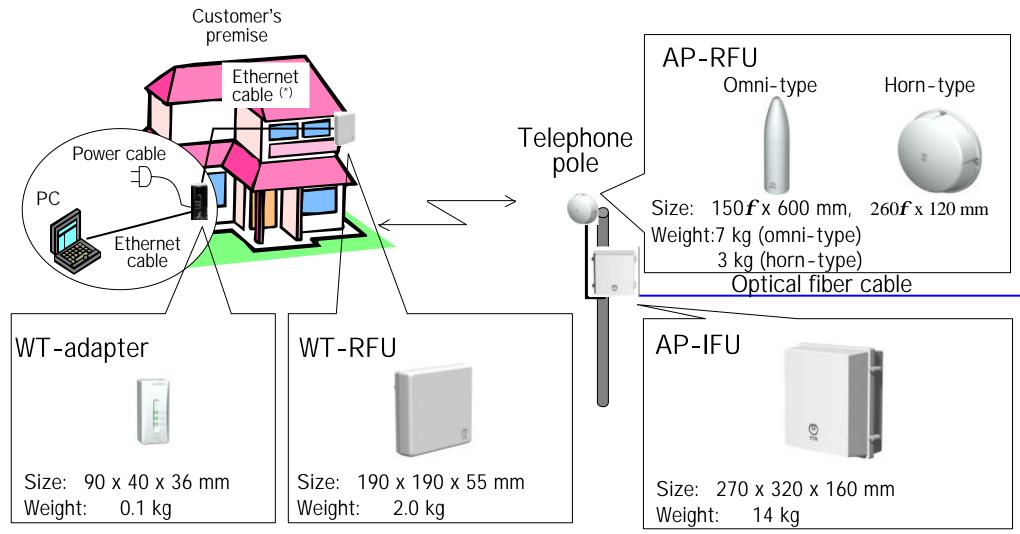


Technical Specifications of WIPAS

...conformable to ARIB STD T 58(P-P) / T 59 (P-MP)

Frequency Band		26 GHz band
Communication Scheme		TDMA/dynamic TDD
Symbol Speed		20M Symbol/Sec
Modulation Scheme		Adaptive Modulation (16QAM/QPSK)
Wireless Transmission Speed (Maximum forward rate of Ethernet frame)		QPSK: 40 Mbps (23 Mbps) 16 QAM: 80 Mbps (46 Mbps)
Transmission Power		QPSK : 14dBm 16 QAM : 11.5 dBm
Maximum Number of Subscriber		239 Subscriber Stations per Access Point
Network Interface		100 Base-TX or 100 Base-FX (Interactive service can be attained by one optic fiber)
User Interface		100 Base-TX or 10 Base-T
Antenna Gain	Access Point (AP)	Horn Antenna (5.5 dBi) Omni Directional Antenna (6 dBi)
	CPE (WT)	18cm Flat Antenna (31.5dBi)
Transmission Range		1-2 km (Line of Sight)
Bandwidth Control		-Fairness Queuing Control by Round-robin -Minimum Bandwidth Grant by Priority Queuing

Overview of WIPAS Equipment

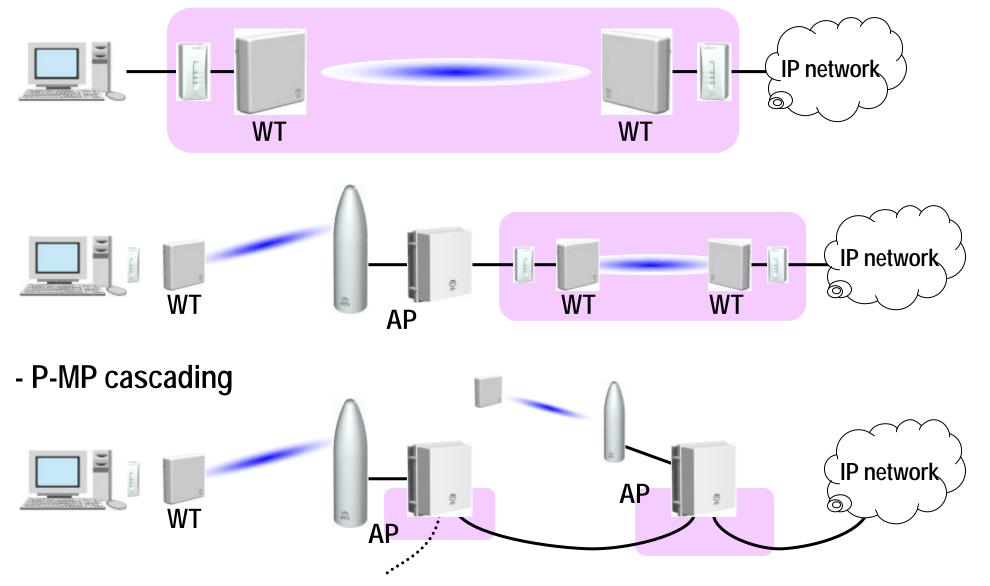


(*) Vacant cores within Ethernet cable are used for power supply to WT.

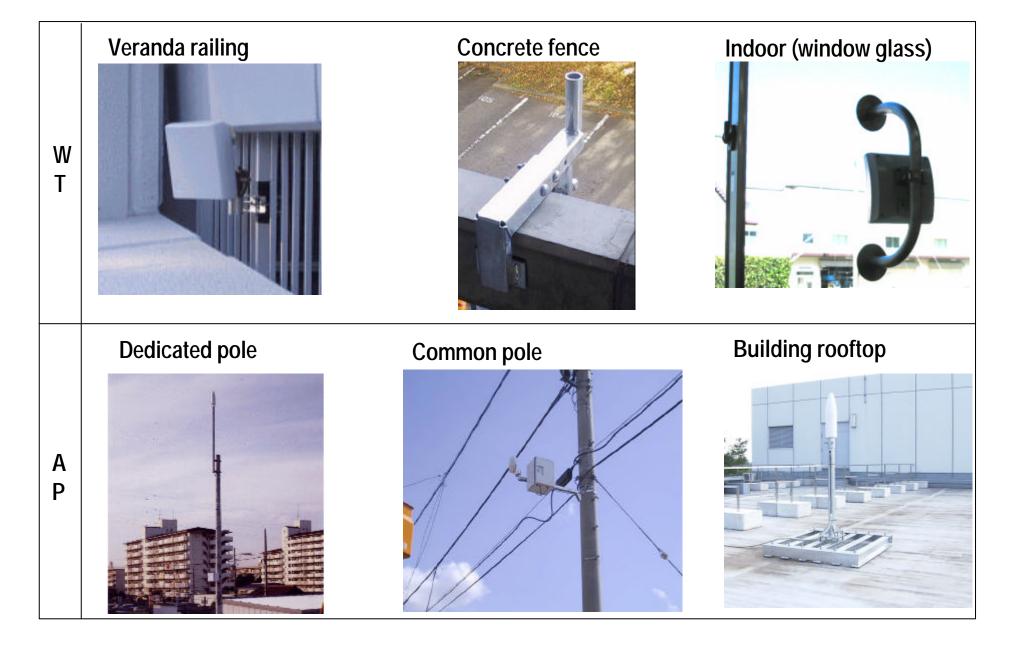
AP: Access Point WT: Wireless Terminal RFU: Radio Frequency Unit IFU: Interface Unit

Variations of System Configuration

- P-P access line / entrance line



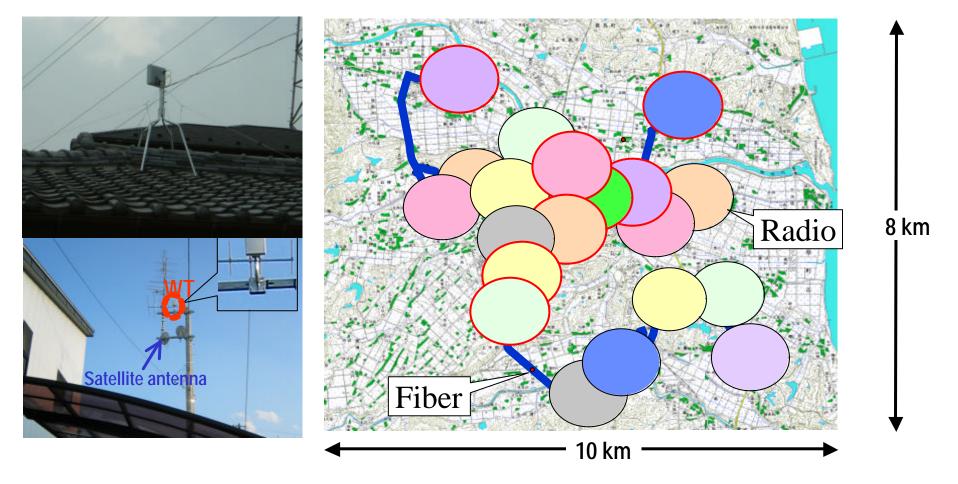
WT/AP Installation Images



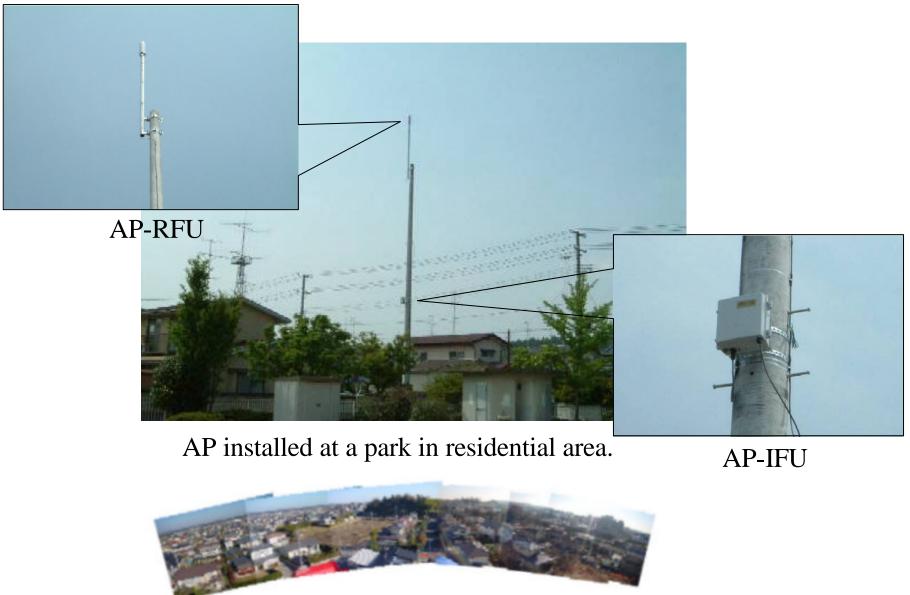
Examples of Broadband Services by "Fiber + Radio" - Suburban redidential area-

Dense deployment in Haramachi city

• designed to have more than 80 % LOS with premises in the cell



Installed AP at suburban residential area



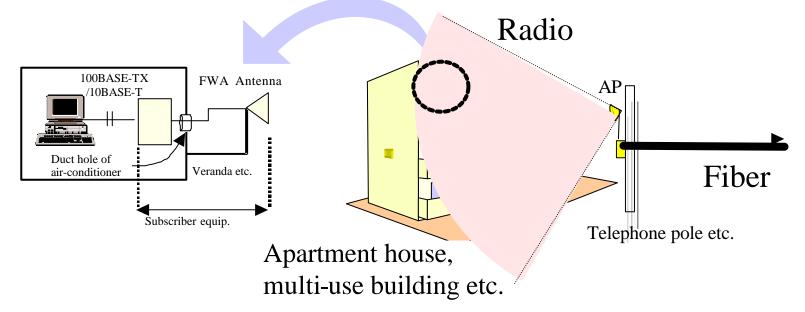
Aerial view of residential area

Examples of Broadband Services by "Fiber + Radio" - Urban redidential spot-

Spot deployment at apartment houses

• fiber construction problems due to architectural limitations

Share connection of up to 46 Mbps download and up to 32 Mbps upload



Installed Equipment at urban spot area

(1) AP(Installation height: 8-10m)

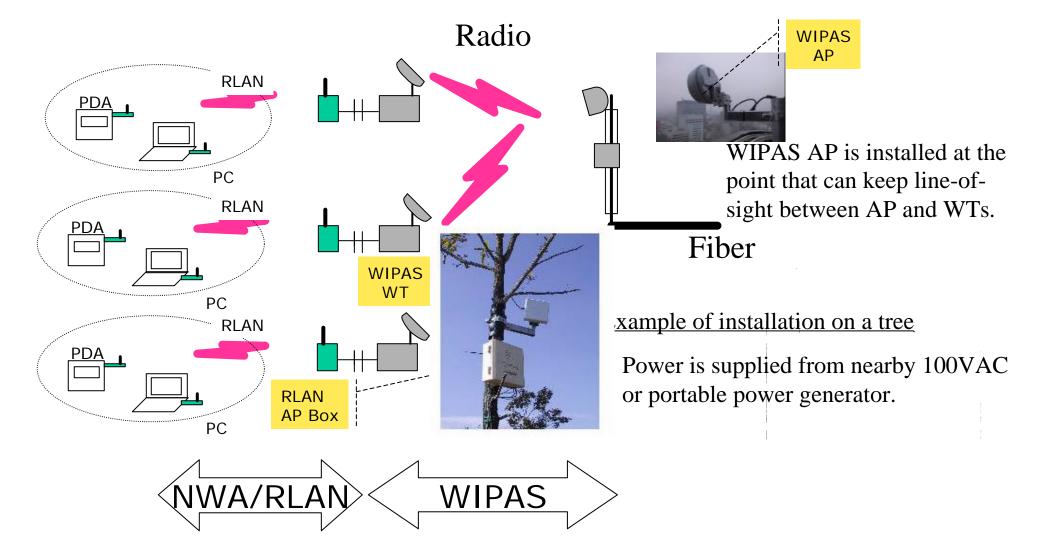


(2) WT





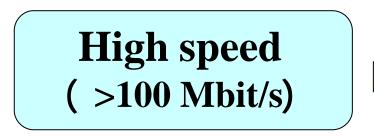
Examples of Broadband Services by "Fiber + Radio" - NWA/RLAN Backhaul -



Required Technologies for Higher Speed "Fiber + Radio" FWA

Background

- · Digital broadcasting services has been started in 2003 in Japan.
- · Last-one-hop problem is still essential.



Key technologies

- · Frequency resource management
- · Multi-level modulation
- · Selected beam antenna
- · Transmitter power problem
- \cdot Higher efficiency for MAC

Summary

-Broadband Access by "Fiber+Radio" may be useful concept for deploying of Broadband Wireless Access Network.

-FWA systems using upper SHF band (for example: 26GHz band) can be introduced in Broadband Access Sevice Network effectively.

-Higher speed capability of FWA will be also required as complement for FTTH in the future.