#### **RESOLUTION ITU-R 5-5**

## Work programme and Questions of Radiocommunication Study Groups

(1993-1995-1997-2000-2003-2007)

The ITU Radiocommunication Assembly,

considering

- a) those parts of Resolution ITU-R 1 concerning the Questions to be studied by the Radiocommunication Study Groups;
- b) Resolution 82 (Minneapolis, 1998) of the Plenipotentiary Conference relating to the alternative procedure for the approval of ITU-R Questions and Recommendations, and Resolution ITU-R 45;
- c) that for efficient use of available resources, it is necessary for the Radiocommunication Study Groups to focus on core issues and not undertake studies on issues not within the mandate of ITU-R:
- d) that the amount of work performed by the Bureau depends on the number of contributions made in response to the Questions assigned to the Study Groups;
- e) that it is incumbent upon the Study Groups to conduct continual reviews of their assigned Questions and to replace old Questions (eight years old) by new Questions with new work plans;
- f) that the duties of the Study Groups in fulfilling the purpose of the Union are described in various provisions of the Constitution and Convention of the ITU,

resolves

- 1 that the categories used to identify the priority and urgency of Questions to be studied should be:
- C: Conference-oriented Questions associated with work related to specific preparations for, and decisions of, world and regional radiocommunication conferences:
  - C1: very urgent and priority studies, required for the next World Radiocommunication Conference:
  - C2: urgent studies, expected to be required for other radiocommunication conferences;
- S: Questions which are intended to respond to:
- matters referred to the Radiocommunication Assembly by the Plenipotentiary Conference, any other conference, the Council, the Radio Regulations Board;
- advances in radiocommunication technology or spectrum management;
- changes in radio usage or operation:
  - S1: urgent studies which are intended to be completed within two years;
  - S2: important studies, necessary for the development of radiocommunications;
  - S3: required studies, expected to facilitate the development of radiocommunications;

If necessary, following a world or regional radiocommunication conference, the Director of the Radiocommunication Bureau, in consultation with the Chairmen of the Study Groups concerned, may assign appropriate categories to Questions which are related to the decisions of the conference or to the agendas of future world or regional radiocommunication conferences.

- 2 that Questions identified as suitable for approval by the alternative procedure according to Resolution ITU-R 45 should be within the categories S1, 2 or 3; such Questions shall be identified as "/AP":
- that, as early as possible in the study period, the Study Groups shall identify which of their Questions, if any, are suitable for approval by the alternative procedure according to Resolution ITU-R 45. Identification of Questions using this procedure is subject to being approved, without opposition, by correspondence.

This approval procedure for the identification of Questions should not delay the starting of the process for the approval of Recommendations under the alternative procedure in accordance with Resolution ITU-R 45;

- 4 that the work programme for the next study period shall include the Questions listed in Annexes 1 to 6 with Categories C and S. These Questions shall be referred to the appropriate Study Groups. The texts of the Questions listed in Annexes 1 to 6 are to be found in Document 1 of the series of documents for the next study period of the appropriate Study Group taking into account *considering* e);
- that the work programme shall also include studies, within the scope of the Study Group, on matters relevant to agenda items of WRCs or RRCs, or to WRC Resolutions;
- 6 that Conference-oriented Questions for study by the Study Groups shall:
- address topics seeking a Recommendation or a report to a conference;
- address a single specific issue;
- include a specified target date for the output;
- 7 that each Question shall:
- indicate in a concise form the reason for the study;
- specify the scope of the study as precisely as possible;
- indicate the form in which the response should be prepared (e.g. as a Recommendation or other text, etc.) and, when possible, an outline of the contents of the expected response;
- specify the date when a complete or partial response is needed or the time period for the study, together with the milestones for the progress of the study;
- be modified to take account of partial answers;
- identify relevant Study Groups working in closely related areas, to which the text of the Question should be sent for consideration;
- 8 that Study Groups shall consider all their Questions and make proposals to each Assembly:
- so as to bring them into conformity with *further resolves* 2 and 3;
- for the identification and categorization of Questions;
- for the deletion of Questions, where the study has been completed, where no contributions are expected within the next study period, or, in conformance with Resolution ITU-R 1, 
  § 1.7, where no contributions have been made; such Questions shall be identified as category D;

- 9 that each Study Group shall report to each Radiocommunication Assembly the progress that has been made in respect of each Question allocated to it with categories C1, C2 or S1;
- that, as a part of the work programme, a Study Group may also undertake studies, within the scope of its mandate, for the revision of an existing Recommendation or on a topic for which a new Question would normally be required. Where such study is expected to continue beyond the date of the next Radiocommunication Assembly, an appropriate Question should be drafted for approval by the Assembly,

#### further resolves

1 that the Study Groups, when reviewing Questions assigned to them in accordance with Resolution ITU-R 4 and this Resolution, should reach unanimous conclusions, and should use the following guidelines:

#### a) Questions which are within the mandate of the ITU-R:

this guideline ensures that Questions and their associated studies are related to the conduct of radiocommunication matters, i.e., per ITU Convention, Article 11, Nos. 150-154 and 159, "a) use of the radio-frequency spectrum in terrestrial and space radiocommunication and of the geostationary-satellite and other satellite orbits; b) characteristics and performance of radio systems; c) operation of radio stations; and d) radiocommunication aspects of distress and safety matters and ITU Convention, Article 11 No. 159". However new or revised Questions, when adopted, shall not include any reference to spectrum matters covering proposals on allocation unless requested under a Radiocommunication Assembly agenda item relating to the Question, or in a WRC Resolution seeking studies by ITU-R;

## b) Questions that relate to work being conducted by other international entities:

if such work is being conducted elsewhere, the Study Group should liaise with such other entities, in accordance with Resolution ITU-R 1, § 5.4, and Resolution ITU-R 9 to determine the most appropriate way to conduct the studies, with a view to taking advantage of external expertise;

- 2 that the Study Groups will evaluate draft new Questions proposed for adoption against the same guidelines set forth in *further resolves* 1 and will include such evaluation when submitted to Administrations for approval according to Resolution ITU-R 1;
- 3 that the Study Groups will grant a high priority for the continuation of their work to the Questions meeting guidelines defined in *further resolves* 1, with an intent to manage as efficiently as possible the scarce resources of the ITU, taking into account the need to give appropriate priority to topics addressed to them by relevant ITU bodies, such as PPs, WRCs, and the RRB,

#### invites

1 administrations to use the guidelines indicated in *further resolves* 1, above, in their determination of whether or not a Question is appropriate for approval.

# QUESTIONS ASSIGNED BY THE RADIOCOMMUNICATION ASSEMBLY TO STUDY GROUP 1

## **Spectrum management**

Question ITU-R	Title	Category
<u>66/1</u>	Methods and algorithms for frequency planning	<b>S</b> 3
<u>202-2/1</u>	Identification and measurement of various interference sources to analogue and digital radiocommunications systems (according to their originating mechanism and interference effect)	S2
<u>205-1/1</u>	Long-term strategies for spectrum utilization	S2
<u>206/1</u>	Strategies for economic approaches to national spectrum management and their financing	S2
<u>207/1</u>	Assessment, for spectrum planning and strategic development, of the benefits arising from the use of the radio spectrum	S2
<u>208/1</u>	Alternative methods of national spectrum management	S2
<u>209-1/1</u>	Parameters of radio systems and equipment required for spectrum management and the efficient use of the radio spectrum	S2
<u>210-2/1</u>	Wireless power transmission	<b>S</b> 3
<u>211/1</u>	Unwanted emissions	C2
<u>212/1</u>	Development of method(s) for the determination of the coordination area around earth stations	C1
<u>213/1</u>	Technical and operating parameters and spectrum requirements for short-range devices	S2
<u>214/1</u>	Monitoring of digital broadcasting signals	S2
<u>215/1</u>	Monitoring of the radio coverage of land mobile networks to verify compliance with a given license	S2
216/1	Spectrum redeployment as a method of national spectrum management	S2
<u>217/1</u>	Compatibility between short range devices operating within the band 59-64 GHz and industrial, scientific and medical (ISM) applications operating in the band 61-61.5 GHz	S2
<u>218-1/1</u>	Techniques for measurement of radiation from high data rate telecommunication systems using electricity power supply of telephone distribution wiring	S2
<u>219/1</u>	Remote access to radio monitoring equipment of other administrations	S2
<u>220-1/1</u>	Identification and characterization of various interference sources to analogue and digital radiocommunication systems (according to their originating mechanism and interference effect)	S2
<u>221-1/1</u>	Compatibility between radiocommunication systems and high data telecommunication systems using electricity power supply or telephone distributing wiring	S2
<u>222/1</u>	Definition of the spectral properties of transmitter emissions	<b>S</b> 1

Question ITU-R	Title	Category
223/1	Guidance on the regulatory framework for national spectrum management	S2
<u>224/1</u>	Technical convergence with respect to terrestrial fixed, mobile, and broadcasting interactive multimedia applications and the associated regulatory environment	C1
<u>225/1</u>	Inspection of radio stations to verify compliance with licence parameters	S2
<u>226/1</u>	Spectrum management framework related to the introduction of ultra-wideband devices	<b>S</b> 1
<u>227/1</u>	Compatibility between ultra-wideband devices and radiocommunication services	S1
228/1	Possibility and relevance of including in the Radio Regulations frequency bands above 3 000 GHz	C1
229/1	Improving the international spectrum regulatory framework	C1
230/1	Improved measurement methods for unwanted emissions of primary radars using magnetrons	S2
231/1	Measuring technique for measuring the noise floor in radio applications	S2
232/1	Methods and techniques used in space radio monitoring	S2
233/1	Measurement of spectrum occupancy	S2
234/1	Alternative techniques for radiolocation determination	S2

# QUESTIONS ASSIGNED BY THE RADIOCOMMUNICATION ASSEMBLY TO STUDY GROUP 3

## Radiowave propagation

Question ITU-R	Title	Category
201-3/3	Radiometeorological data required for the planning of terrestrial and space communication systems and space research application	S2
<u>202-3/3</u>	Methods for predicting propagation over the surface of the Earth	S2
<u>203-3/3</u>	Propagation prediction methods for terrestrial broadcasting, fixed (broadband access) and mobile services at frequencies above 30 MHz	S1
<u>204-3/3</u>	Propagation data and prediction methods required for terrestrial line-of-sight systems	S2
205-1/3	Propagation data and prediction methods required for trans-horizon systems	S2
<u>206-3/3</u>	Propagation data and prediction methods for fixed and broadcasting-satellite services	S2
<u>207-3/3</u>	Propagation data and prediction methods for satellite mobile and radiodetermination services above about 0.1 GHz	S2
<u>208-3/3</u>	Propagation factors in frequency sharing issues affecting fixed-satellite services and terrestrial services	S2
<u>209/3</u>	Variability and risk parameters in system performance analysis	S2
<u>211-4/3</u>	Propagation data and propagation models for the design of short-range wireless communication and access systems and wireless local area networks (WLAN) in the frequency range 300 MHz to 100 GHz	S1
212-1/3	Ionospheric properties	<b>S</b> 3
<u>213-1/3</u>	The short-term forecasting of operational parameters for ionospheric and transionospheric radiocommunications	<b>S</b> 3
214-3/3	Radio noise	S2
<u>218-3/3</u>	Ionospheric influences on space systems	S2
221/3	VHF and UHF propagation by way of sporadic E and other ionization	S3
<u>222-1/3</u>	Measurements and data banks of ionospheric parameters	S2
<u>225-5/3</u>	The prediction of propagation factors affecting systems at LF and MF including the use of digital modulation techniques	S1
226-3/3	Ionospheric and tropospheric characteristics along satellite-to-satellite paths	S2
<u>227-1/3</u>	HF channel simulation	S3
<u>228-1/3</u>	Propagation data required for the planning of space radiocommunication systems and space science service systems operating above 275 GHz	C1
229/3	Prediction of sky-wave propagation conditions, signal intensity, circuit performance and reliability at frequencies between about 1.6 and 30 MHz, in particular for systems using digital modulation techniques	S1

Question ITU-R	Title	Category
230/3	Prediction methods and models applicable to power line telecommunications systems	S1
231/3	The effect of electromagnetic emissions from man-made sources on the performance of radiocommunication systems and networks	S2

## QUESTIONS ASSIGNED BY THE RADIOCOMMUNICATION ASSEMBLY TO STUDY GROUP $4^{\ast}$

## **Satellite services**

Question ITU-R	Title	Category
42-1/4	Characteristics of antennas at earth stations in the fixed-satellite service	S1
<u>46-3/4</u>	Preferred multiple-access characteristics in the fixed-satellite service	S2
<u>55-2/4</u>	Feeder links in the fixed-satellite service used for the connections to and from geostationary satellites in various mobile-satellite services	S2
<u>68-1/4</u>	Frequency sharing of the fixed-satellite service and the inter-satellite service with other space radio services under provisions of No. 9.21 of the Radio Regulations	<b>S</b> 3
<u>70-1/4</u>	Protection of the geostationary-satellite orbit against unacceptable interference from transmitting earth stations in the fixed-satellite service at frequencies above 15 GHz	S3
<u>73-2/4</u>	Availability and interruptions to traffic on digital paths in the fixed-satellite service	S2
<u>75-3/4</u>	Performance objectives of international digital transmission links in the fixed-satellite service	S1
81-1/4	Frequency sharing among networks in the fixed-satellite service, the mobile-satellite service and those of satellites equipped to operate in more than one service in the 20-50 GHz band	S3
203-1/4	The impact of using small antennas on the efficient use of the geostationary-satellite orbit	S2
205-1/4	Frequency sharing between non-geostationary satellite feeder links in the fixed-satellite service used by the mobile-satellite service	S2
206-3/4	Sharing between non-geostationary satellite feeder links in the fixed-satellite service used by the mobile-satellite service and other space services, and networks of the fixed-satellite service using geostationary satellites	S2
<u>208/4</u>	Use of statistical and stochastic methods in evaluation of interference between satellite networks in the fixed-satellite service	S3
209/4	The use of frequency bands allocated to the fixed-satellite service for both the up and down links of geostationary-satellite systems	S1
<u>214/4</u>	Technical implications of steerable and reconfigurable satellite beams	S2
218-1/4	Compatibility between on-board processing satellites in the fixed-satellite service and terrestrial networks	S2
223/4	Interference criteria for short-term interference events into the fixed-satellite service networks	S1

<sup>\*</sup> Refer to footnote for this Study Group in Resolution ITU-R 4-5.

Question ITU-R	Title	Category
231/4	Sharing between networks of the fixed-satellite service using non- geostationary satellites and other networks of the fixed-satellite service	S2
232/4	Use of regenerative processing in fixed-satellite service allocations	S2
233/4	Dedicated user digital satellite communications systems and their associated architectures	S2
<u>235/4</u>	Use of operational facilities to meet power-flux-density limitation under Article 21 of the Radio Regulations	S2
236/4	Interference criteria and calculation methods for the fixed-satellite service	S2
<u>239/4</u>	Sharing criteria between systems utilizing inter-satellite links	S2
<u>240-1/4</u>	Technical criteria for frequency sharing between the fixed-satellite service using highly elliptical orbits and the fixed service as they affect the fixed-satellite service	S1
244/4	Sharing between feeder links of the mobile-satellite (non-geostationary) service in the band 5 091-5 250 MHz and the aeronautical radionavigation service in the band 5 000-5 250 MHz	C2
245/4	Out-of-band and spurious emission limits	S1
246/4	Sharing between the inter-satellite service, Earth-exploration satellite (passive) service and other services in frequency bands above 50 GHz	S2
247/4	Design objectives for radiation patterns applicable to non-geostationary-satellite orbit/mobile-satellite service feeder link earth stations operating in the 5/7 GHz band	S1
248/4	Frequency sharing between systems in the fixed-satellite service and wireless digital networks around 5 GHz	S1
251-1/4	Frequency sharing criteria between systems in the fixed-satellite service and systems in the fixed service using high-altitude platform stations	S1
<u>252/4</u>	Criteria for the protection of Appendix 30B Plan against interference from non-geostationary satellite orbit systems	S1
254-1/4	Sharing feasibility of earth stations on board vessels operating in the fixed-satellite service with stations in the fixed service in the band 5 925-6 425 MHz and other uplink frequency bands at 6 GHz and 14 GHz	S1
<u>256/4</u>	Criteria and methodologies for sharing between the fixed-satellite service and other services with allocations in the band 40.5-42.5 GHz	C2
<u>259/4</u>	Earth station off-axis e.i.r.p. density levels in the bands above 14.5 GHz allocated to the fixed-satellite service	S2
263-1/4	Performance objectives of digital links in the fixed-satellite service for transmission of Internet or higher layer Protocol packets	S1
<u>264/4</u>	Technical and operational characteristics of networks of the fixed-satellite service operating above 275 GHz	C2
<u>266/4</u>	Technical characteristics of high-density fixed-satellite service earth stations operating with geostationary satellite orbit fixed-satellite service networks in the 20/30 GHz bands	C1
<u>267/4</u>	Technical and operational considerations relating to the advance publication, coordination and notification of fixed-satellite networks	C2

Question ITU-R	Title	Category
<u>268/4</u>	Development of methodologies for the assessment of satellite unwanted emission levels before launch	S2
<u>269/4</u>	Spectrum requirements and technical and operational characteristics of user terminals (VSAT) for global broadband satellite systems	<b>S</b> 1
<b>270-1/4</b>	Fixed-satellite service systems using very wideband spreading signals	<b>S</b> 1
<u>271/4</u>	Interference between satellite news gathering (SNG) carriers by unintentional access	<b>S</b> 1
<u>272/4</u>	Frequency sharing between the FSS and the space research service in the 37.5-38 GHz and 40-40.5 GHz bands	S2

# QUESTIONS ASSIGNED BY THE RADIOCOMMUNICATION ASSEMBLY TO STUDY GROUP 5

## **Terrestrial services**

Question ITU-R	Title	Category
1-4/8	Interference protection ratios and minimum field strengths required in the land mobile services	S2
7-6/8	Characteristics of equipment for the land mobile service between 25 and 6 000 MHz	S2
<u>35-1/8</u>	Efficient use of the radio spectrum by radar stations in the radiodetermination service	S2
37-5/8	Digital land mobile systems for dispatch traffic	S2
48-6/8	Techniques and frequency usage in the amateur service and amateur-satellite service	S2
<u>51-3/8</u>	Automatic determination of location and guidance in the land mobile service	
<u>62-2/8</u>	Interference to the aeronautical mobile and aeronautical radionavigation services	S2
77-6/8	Consideration of the needs of developing countries in the development and implementation of mobile radiocommunication technology	S2
<u>83-5/8</u>	Efficient use of the radio spectrum and frequency sharing within the mobile-satellite service	<b>S</b> 1
84-4/8	Use of non-geostationary-satellite orbits in mobile-satellite services	S2
<u>85-1/8</u>	Availability of circuits in mobile-satellite services	S2
<u>87-4/8</u>	Transmission characteristics for a mobile-satellite communication system	S2
<u>88-1/8</u>	Propagation and mobile earth station antenna characteristics for mobile-satellite services	S3
<u>90/8</u>	Technical and operating characteristics of systems providing radiocommunication using satellite techniques for distress and safety operations	S2
<u>91-1/8</u>	Technical and operating characteristics of the radiodetermination-satellite service	S2
93-2/8	Automation of MF, HF and VHF maritime mobile communications	S2
<u>96-2/8</u>	Improved efficiency in the use of the band 156-174 MHz by stations in the maritime mobile service with a view to enhancing maritime safety and port security	S2
<u>98/8</u>	Transmission of digital data for the updating of electronic chart display systems	S2
99-1/8	Interference due to intermodulation products in the land mobile services between 25 and 6 000 MHz	S2
101-4/8	Quality of service requirements in the land mobile service	S2
106-1/8	Criteria for sharing between the broadcasting-satellite service (sound) and complementary terrestrial broadcasting and the mobile and amateur services within the range 1-3 GHz	C2
<u>107-1/8</u>	Cellular land mobile telecommunication systems	

Question ITU-R	Title	Category
109-1/8	Global Maritime Distress and Safety System requirements for mobile-satellite systems operating in the bands 1 530-1 544 MHz and 1 626.5-1 645.5 MHz	S1
110-1/8	Interference to the aeronautical mobile-satellite (R) service	S2
<u>112/8</u>	Performance objectives for digital mobile-satellite services	<b>S</b> 3
<u>114/8</u>	Technical and operational characteristics of cordless telephones and cordless telecommunication systems	
<u>201-1/8</u>	Frequency sharing between mobile-satellite services and other services	C2
<u>202-3/8</u>	Unwanted emissions of primary radar systems	S2
205-4/8	Intelligent transportation systems	S2
208-1/8	Evolution of land mobile systems towards IMT-2000 and systems beyond IMT-2000	S2
209-3/8	Contributions of the mobile and amateur services and associated satellite services to the improvement of disaster communications	S2
210-1/8	Technical characteristics for mobile Earth stations operating with global non-geostationary-satellite systems in the mobile-satellite service in the band 1-3 GHz	S1
<u>211-2/8</u>	Interference criteria and calculation methods for the mobile-satellite service	S1
212-3/8	Nomadic wireless access systems including radio local area networks for mobile applications	S2
<u>213/8</u>	Transmission of data messages on shared private land mobile radio channels	
<u>214/8</u>	The re-planning of bands in the land mobile service	
215-2/8	Frequency bands, technical characteristics, and operational requirements for fixed wireless access systems in the land mobile service	S2
216-2/8	Compatibility of radionavigation, earth exploration-satellite (active), space research (active), mobile, and radiolocation services operating in the band 5 350-5 650 MHz and compatibility between the radionavigation and radiolocation services in the band 2 900-3 100 MHz	C2
217-2/8	Interference to the radionavigation-satellite service in the ICAO global navigation satellite system	S2
<u>218/8</u>	Essential technical requirements of mobile earth stations for global and regional geostationary mobile-satellite service systems in the band 1-3 GHz	S1
<u>221/8</u>	Use of the frequencies between 2.8-22 MHz by the aeronautical mobile (R) service for data transmissions using class of emission J2DEN	S1
223-2/8	Internet protocol applications over mobile systems	S2
224-2/8	Adaptive antennas	S2
225/8	Interference to the aeronautical and maritime mobile services in the HF bands by unauthorized stations	S1
<u>226/8</u>	Characteristics of and protection criteria for radars operating in the radiodetermination service	<b>S</b> 1
227/8	Technical and operational characteristics of emergency communications in the mobile-satellite service	<b>S</b> 1
228-1/8	Future submission of satellite radio transmission technologies for International Mobile Telecommunications-2000	<b>S</b> 1

Question ITU-R	Title	Category
229-1/8	Future development of IMT-2000 and systems beyond IMT-2000	S2
230-2/8	Software defined radios	S2
231/8	Operation of wideband aeronautical telemetry in bands above 3 GHz	S2
<u>232/8</u>	Universal shipborne automatic identification system	S2
233/8	Technical and operational characteristics for packet network transmission in mobile-satellite services	<b>S</b> 1
234/8	Compatibility of radionavigation and radiolocation services operating in the bands 9 000-9 200 MHz and 9 300-9 500 MHz	S2
<u>235/8</u>	Protection criteria for aeronautical and maritime systems	S2
236-2/8	Characteristics and operational requirements of radionavigation-satellite service (space-to-Earth, space-to-space, Earth-to-space) systems	S2
<u>237/8</u>	Characteristics and protection criteria of radars operating in the radiodetermination service in the VHF frequency band	S2
238-1/8	Broadband wireless access systems for the mobile service	C2
239-1/8	Methodology for the coordination of radionavigation-satellite service systems and networks	S1
240/8	Technical and operational characteristics and spectrum requirements of high-frequency surface wave radar systems operating in the frequency range 3 to 50 MHz	S2
241-1/8	Cognitive radio systems in the mobile service	S2
	Draft new Question ITU-R AERO/8 - Support of the modernization of civil aviation telecommunication systems and the extension of telecommunication systems to remote and developing regions with current and planned satellite networks	S2
102-4/9	Availability of digital fixed wireless systems	S1
107-2/9	Characteristics of fixed wireless systems operating in frequency bands above about 17 GHz	S2
108-2/9	Radio-frequency channel arrangements for fixed wireless systems operating in frequency bands above about 17 GHz	S2
<u>110-1/9</u>	Antenna radiation diagrams of fixed wireless stations for use in sharing studies	S2
<u>111-3/9</u>	Sharing criteria between the broadcasting-satellite service (sound and television) and the fixed service	S2
<u>113-2/9</u>	Frequency sharing and compatibility between systems in the fixed service and systems of the Earth exploration-satellite service and the space research service	S2
<u>118-4/9</u>	Sharing criteria between the mobile-satellite service and the fixed service	C1
<u>122-4/9</u>	Effects of propagation on the design and operation of fixed wireless systems	S2
<u>125-7/9</u>	Point-to-multipoint fixed wireless systems used in access or back-haul networks	S2
127-4/9	Maximum allowable performance and availability degradations of fixed wireless systems due to various sources of interference	S2
<u>133-1/9</u>	Sharing criteria between the fixed and land mobile services in the frequency bands above about 0.5 GHz	S2

Question ITU-R	Title	Category
136-2/9	Radio-frequency channel arrangements for digital fixed wireless systems operating in frequency bands below about 17 GHz	S2
145-2/9	Characteristics required for high-speed data transmission over HF radio circuits	S2
147-2/9	Automatically controlled radio systems and networks in the HF fixed service	S2
<u>158-1/9</u>	Packet data transmission protocols for systems operating below about 30 MHz	<b>S</b> 3
<u>161-4/9</u>	Performance limits for bringing into service and maintenance of digital fixed wireless systems	S2
<u>202-1/9</u>	Reference radiation patterns of omnidirectional and sectoral antennas in point-to-multipoint systems for use in sharing studies	S2
<u>205-1/9</u>	The use of frequency adaptive HF systems	C1
206-2/9	Sharing criteria for systems in the fixed service with systems in the fixed-satellite service involving a large number of non-geostationary satellites for bands in the 10-30 GHz range	S1
<u>209-1/9</u>	Technical criteria for frequency sharing between the fixed service and the fixed-satellite service using highly elliptical orbits as they affects the fixed service	S1
<u>210-2/9</u>	Error performance objectives for digital fixed wireless sections	S2
<u>212-2/9</u>	System characteristics and frequency bands for fixed service systems utilizing high altitude platform stations	C1
213-1/9	Simulation of HF transmission through an ionospheric channel	<b>S</b> 3
<u>216/9</u>	System characteristics and sharing criteria for the fixed service operating in frequency bands below 1 GHz	S2
<u>217-1/9</u>	Feasibility of the fixed service sharing with the fixed-satellite service operating at the same frequencies in the range 30-52 GHz	S1
<u>218-1/9</u>	Frequency sharing criteria for systems in the fixed service using high altitude platform stations and systems in the fixed-satellite service	S1
<u>219/9</u>	Determination of coordination area related to the fixed service for earth stations operating with non-geostationary satellites in the fixed-satellite service	S1
<u>225/9</u>	Improvements to Recommendation ITU-R F.758	<b>S</b> 1
<u>226-1/9</u>	Sharing feasibility of stations in the fixed service with earth stations on board vessels operating in the fixed-satellite service in the band 5 925-6 425 MHz and other uplink frequency bands at 6 GHz and 14 GHz	S1
<u>227/9</u>	Sharing criteria for point-to-multipoint systems used for fixed wireless access in the fixed service using the same frequency band with very small aperture terminal systems in the fixed-satellite service in the band 3 400-3 700 MHz	S2
228-1/9	Performance and availability objectives for the access part of the network formed wholly or partly by fixed wireless systems	S2
229-1/9	Frequency arrangements based on frequency blocks for systems in the fixed service	S2
232/9	Assessment of sharing and mitigation options to facilitate the use of the band 3 400-3 700 MHz by certain fixed wireless access and radiolocation systems	S2
233/9	Criteria for sharing between stations in the fixed service and stations in the aeronautical mobile service in bands between about 37 GHz and 50 GHz	S2

Question ITU-R	Title	Category
<u>234/9</u>	Technical and operational characteristics of fixed wireless systems operating in frequency bands allocated to the fixed service above 57 GHz	C2
<u>236/9</u>	Fixed wireless systems providing broadband wireless access	<b>S</b> 1
<u>237/9</u>	Fixed service applications using frequency bands above 3 000 GHz	C2
<u>238/9</u>	Technical and operational characteristics of systems in the fixed service operating in the MF/HF band used for disaster mitigation and relief	S1
<u>239/9</u>	Technical and operational characteristics of disaster relief wireless communication systems in the fixed service	S1
240/9	Error performance and availability objectives for digital HF fixed systems	S2
241/9	Technical characteristics and channelling requirements for adaptive HF systems	S2

## QUESTIONS ASSIGNED BY THE RADIOCOMMUNICATION ASSEMBLY TO STUDY GROUP $6^*$

## **Broadcasting service**

Question ITU-R	Title	Category
<u>1/6</u>	Digital image formats for programme production and exchange for digital television broadcasting	S1
<u>2/6</u>	Audio metering characteristics suitable for use in digital sound production	S1/AP
<u>3/6</u>	Digital broadcasting of multiple services and programmes in the broadcasting-satellite service	S2
4-2/6	Planning parameters for digital television broadcasting using terrestrial channels	S2
<u>5-1/6</u>	Serial data transport mechanism for packetized data within a television production studio based on, and compatible with, Recommendations ITU-R BT.656 and ITU-R BT.1120	S3/AP
<u>6-1/6</u>	Standards for digital high-definition television coding	<b>S</b> 1
<u>7/6</u>	Interface to webcasting and its supporting data services	S2/AP
<u>8/6</u>	Methods for the assessment of automated audio metadata extraction systems	S2/AP
<u>9/6</u>	Universal transmitters and retransmitters for both analogue and digital terrestrial TV broadcasting	S2
<u>12-1/6</u>	Generic bit-rate reduction coding of digital TV signals (SDTV, EDTV and HDTV) for production, for contribution, for primary and secondary distribution, for emission and for related applications	S1
13/6	Multimedia evolution and common content format	S1
<u>14/6</u>	Digital and analogue-digital TV receivers and receiving antenna characteristics required for the terrestrial TV broadcasting frequency planning	S2
<u>15-2/6</u>	Large screen digital imagery (LSDI)	S2
<u>16-1/6</u>	Digital interactive broadcasting systems	S1
<u>17/6</u>	Data broadcasting in the digital broadcasting environment	S1
<u>19/6</u>	Low bit-rate audio coding standards	S1
<u>20/6</u>	Digital HDTV studio interfaces	S1/AP
21/6	Characteristics of receiving systems in the broadcasting-satellite service (sound and television)	S2
<u>22-1/6</u>	Satellite orbits and space station technology for the broadcasting-satellite service (sound and television)	S2
23/6	Characteristics of systems in the broadcasting-satellite service (sound) for individual reception by means of portable and vehicular receivers	C2

 $<sup>^{*}</sup>$  Refer to footnote for this Study Group in Resolution 4-5.

Question ITU-R	Title	Category
<u>26-1/6</u>	Interactive satellite broadcasting systems (television, sound and data)	S1
<u>27/6</u>	Receivers for sound broadcasting below 30 MHz	S2
<u>29/6</u>	Transmission of supplementary information with a single transmitter in frequency-modulation sound broadcasting	S2
<u>30/6</u>	Transmitting and receiving antennas at VHF and UHF	S2
<u>31-1/6</u>	Digital terrestrial television broadcasting	S1
32/6	Protection requirements of broadcasting systems against interference from radiation caused by wired telecommunication systems, from emissions of industrial, scientific and medical equipment, and from emissions of short-range devices	S1
<u>33/6</u>	Standards for digital audio coding and interfaces	S2
34-1/6	File formats for the exchange of audio, video, data and metadata materials in the professional television and large screen digital imagery (LSDI) environments	S2
<u>36/6</u>	Standards for the high-definition television studio and for international programme exchange	S3
<u>37/6</u>	System parameters for multichannel sound systems	S3
<u>39/6</u>	Standards for digital audio techniques	S2
<u>40/6</u>	Extremely high-resolution imagery	<b>S</b> 1
<u>41/6</u>	Auxiliary signals for digital television codecs to assist editing and cascading	S3/AP
<u>42/6</u>	Interfaces for digital video signals	S2
<u>43/6</u>	Digital coding for multi-programme television in contribution and distribution circuits	S2/AP
<u>44-3/6</u>	Objective picture quality parameters and associated measurement and monitoring methods for digital television images	S3
<u>45-1/6</u>	Broadcasting of multimedia and data applications for mobile reception	S1
<u>46-1/6</u>	User requirements for metadata related to digital production, post production, recording and archiving of sound and television programmes in broadcasting	S1
<u>47/6</u>	Prevention of photosensitive epileptic seizures caused by television	S1
<u>48/6</u>	In-service monitoring of perceived audio quality for distribution and broadcasting networks	S1/AP
<u>49-1/6</u>	Conditional-access broadcasting systems	S2
<u>51/6</u>	Sky-wave reception in LF, MF and HF broadcasting	S1
<u>52-1/6</u>	Coverage in LF, MF and HF broadcasting	S1
<u>53/6</u>	Standards for the transmission of several sound signals in one television channel in terrestrial or satellite broadcasting including high-definition and enhanced definition television systems	S2
<u>55/6</u>	Subjective assessment of sound quality in broadcasting using digital techniques	S2
<u>56-1/6</u>	Characteristics of terrestrial digital sound broadcasting systems for reception by vehicular, portable and fixed receivers	S1

Question ITU-R	Title	Category
<u>57/6</u>	Frequency sharing issues related to the introduction of the broadcasting-satellite service (sound) in the frequency range 1-3 GHz	C2
<u>58/6</u>	Recording of sound programmes for international exchange	S2/AP
<u>59/6</u>	Archival of sound programmes in broadcasting	S2/AP
<u>60/6</u>	Digital broadcasting at frequencies below 30 MHz	S2
<u>61/6</u>	Spectrum management issues related to the introduction of the broadcasting-satellite service (sound) in the frequency range 1-3 GHz	C2
<u>62/6</u>	Subjective assessment of small, medium and large impairments in sound quality	S2/AP
<u>63/6</u>	Calibration of the listening level for headphones in subjective listening tests	S1/AP
<u>64-1/6</u>	Planning parameters for digital broadcasting at frequencies below 30 MHz	S1
<u>65/6</u>	Spectrum requirements for sound broadcasting	S1
<u>66/6</u>	Audio coding schemes for sound broadcast programme inserts	S1
<u>67/6</u>	Methodologies for subjective assessment of audio and video quality	S2/AP
69-1/6	Conditions for a satisfactory television service in the presence of reflected signals	S1
<u>70/6</u>	Frequency sharing for the feeder links to a broadcasting satellite (sound and television)	C2
<u>71/6</u>	Sharing studies between high-definition television in the broadcasting- satellite service and other services	C2
<u>72/6</u>	Digital techniques in the broadcasting-satellite service (sound and television)	S2
<del>73-1/6</del>	Receiving earth station antennas for the broadcasting-satellite service	S1
<u>74/6</u>	Radiation of unwanted emissions from space stations in the broadcasting- satellite service (sound and television)	C2
<u>75/6</u>	Telemetry, tracking and command signals and test signals for maintenance and testing of the radio-frequency characteristics of broadcasting-satellite	S2
<u>76/6</u>	Satellite broadcasting of high-definition television	C2
<u>77-1/6</u>	Methods and practices for digital recording of television programme material intended for international exchange	S2/AP
<u>78-1/6</u>	Digital recording of high-definition television programmes for international exchange	S3/AP
<u>79/6</u>	The harmonization of standards between broadcast and non-broadcast applications of television	S1
80/6	Coding for the broadcasting of digitally-encoded TV signals in terrestrial narrow-band channels	S1
81-1/6	Subjective assessments of the quality of television pictures including alphanumeric and graphic pictures	S3/AP
82/6	Technical characteristics of feeder links to broadcasting satellites operating in the 12, 17 and 21 GHz bands	C2
83/6	Characteristics of systems in the broadcasting-satellite service (sound and television) for reception by transportable and fixed receivers	S2

Question ITU-R	Title	Category
84/6	Protection ratios for interference studies and system planning in the broadcasting-satellite service (sound and television)	C2
<u>85/6</u>	Simultaneous transmissions of TV programmes on BSS and FSS services from a multiservice space station	S2
<u>86/6</u>	Overall coordination of the technical characteristics and associated test methods for the separate parts of the television signal chain	S2/AP
<u>87/6</u>	Acquisition and recovery times in digital television encoding	S2/AP
<u>88/6</u>	Subjective assessment of stereoscopic television pictures	S3/AP
<u>89-1/6</u>	User requirements for electronic news gathering	S1
<u>90/6</u>	Television recording format for long-term programme archives	S3/AP
<u>93/6</u>	Frequency requirements for electronic news gathering	S2
<u>94/6</u>	Access to orbit and spectrum resources for the broadcasting-satellite service and the fixed-satellite service direct-to-home applications	C2
<u>95/6</u>	Use of computer technology in television broadcasting applications	S2
<u>96-1/6</u>	User requirements in the area of media asset management and transfer protocols for television programme production, recording and archiving	S3/AP
<u>99/6</u>	Relationship between quality, quality evaluation methodology, and type of application, in a multimedia environment	S2/AP
100/6	Television and multimedia images quality levels	S1
<u>101/6</u>	Broadcasting of copy protection signalling for television	S1
102/6	Methodologies for subjective assessment of audio and video quality	S1/AP
103/6	Reference signals for the component digital studio	S1/AP
<u>104/6</u>	Sharing criteria for BSS networks in the 17.3-17.8 GHz band in Region 2, and in the 21.4-22 GHz band in Regions 1 and 3, and their associated feeder links	S1
105/6	Spectrum requirements for television broadcasting	S1
<u>106-1/6</u>	Recording formats for different media to be used for the international exchange of recordings for high-definition television programme evaluation	S2/AP
108/6	Digital sound broadcasting in band 7 (HF) in the Tropical Zone	S1
<u>109/6</u>	In-service monitoring of perceived audiovisual quality for broadcasting and distribution networks	S1
<u>110/6</u>	Processability margins required for contribution programme material in television production	S2
<u>111-1/6</u>	Technical methods for the protection of the privacy of end-users in interactive broadcasting systems (television, sound and data)	S1
<u>112-1/6</u>	Guidelines on functionalities of facilities based on the use of digital servers in broadcast programme recording, archiving and playout	S2
<u>113/6</u>	Delivery of interactive information to and from large screen digital imagery venues through broadcasting systems	S2
<u>114/6</u>	Characteristics of television receivers and receiving antennas essential for frequency planning	S2
115/6	Registration methods for television and multimedia images	S1

Question ITU-R	Title	Category
<u>116/6</u>	Parameters and tolerance limits for the technical quality of audio signals intended for international exchange	<b>S</b> 1
<u>118-1/6</u>	Broadcasting means for public warning, disaster mitigation and relief	<b>S</b> 1
<u>119/6</u>	Use of lossless/perceptually lossless bit-rate reduction to transport HDTV signals over HD-SDI	<b>S</b> 1
<u>120/6</u>	Digital sound broadcasting in Region 2	<b>S</b> 1
<u>121/6</u>	Spectrum usage and user requirements for wireless microphones	<b>S</b> 1
122/6	Objective perceptual audio quality measurement methods	S1/AP
123/6	Approaches in programme production intended to improve the perceived image quality of broadcast digital SDTV and HDTV programmes	S1/AP
124/6	Measurement methods for the verification and validation of digital television and sound broadcasting planning procedures	S1
125/6	Stereoscopic television	S1
<u>126/6</u>	Recommended operating practices to tailor television programme material to broadcasting applications at various image quality levels and sizings	S2
<u>127/6</u>	Mitigation techniques required for the use of digital modulation in the "26 MHz" broadcasting band for local coverage	S2

# QUESTIONS ASSIGNED BY THE RADIOCOMMUNICATION ASSEMBLY TO STUDY GROUP 7

## **Science services**

Question ITU-R	Title	Category
110-2/7	Time codes	S2
<u>111-1/7</u>	Signal delays in antennas and other circuits and their calibration for high-accuracy time transfer	S2
<u>118-2/7</u>	Factors which affect frequency sharing between data relay satellite systems and systems of other services	S2
129-2/7	Unwanted emissions radiated from and received by stations of the science services	S2
<u>139-3/7</u>	Data transmission for Earth exploration-satellite systems	S2
141-3/7	Data transmission for meteorological satellite systems	S2
145-2/7	Technical factors involved in the protection of radioastronomical observations	S2
146-2/7	Criteria for evaluation of interference to radio astronomy	S2
149-1/7	Frequency utilization on the far side of the Moon	S2
<u>152-2/7</u>	Standard frequencies and time signals from satellites	S2
<u>202-1/7</u>	Protection criteria and frequency sharing between space very long baseline interferometry and other space research systems	S2
<u>203-1/7</u>	Characteristics and telecommunication requirements for space very long baseline interferometry	S2
207-2/7	Time and frequency transfer using digital communication links	S2
<u>211/7</u>	Frequency sharing between the space research service and other services in the 37-38 GHz and 40-40.5 GHz bands	S2
221/7	Preferred frequency bands and protection criteria for space research service observations (passive)	S2
222-1/7	Radio links between earth stations and lunar and planetary missions by means of lunar and/or planetary data relay satellites	S2
223/7	The role of differential GPS networks in timing applications	S2
226/7	Frequency sharing between the radio astronomy service and other services in bands above 70 GHz	S2
229/7	Frequency sharing between the Earth exploration-satellite service (passive) and airborne altimeters in the aeronautical radionavigation service in the band 4 200-4 400 MHz	C2
230/7	Protection and sharing criteria for radio astronomy measurements from space	S2
231/7	Earth exploration-satellite service (active) and space research service (active) operating above 100 GHz	S2
232-1/7	Frequency sharing between spaceborne passive sensors and other services in the bands 10.60-10.68 GHz, 31.5-31.8 GHz and 36-37 GHz	S2

Question ITU-R	Title	Category
<u>234/7</u>	Frequency sharing between active sensor systems in the Earth exploration-satellite service and systems operating in other services in the 1 215-1 300 MHz band	S2
<u>235-1/7</u>	Technical and operational characteristics of applications of science services operating above 275 GHz	S2
236/7	The future of the UTC time scale	S2
237/7	Technical and operational factors relating to interference mitigation practices at radio astronomy stations	S2
<u>238/7</u>	Trusted time source for time stamp authority	S2
<u>239/7</u>	Instrumentation time codes	S2
<u>242/7</u>	Radio quiet zones	S2
<u>243/7</u>	Characterization of technical parameters and interference effects and possible interference mitigation techniques for passive sensors operating in the Earth exploration-satellite service (passive)	S2
244/7	Interference between standard frequency and time signal services operating between 20 and 90 kHz	S2
<u>245/7</u>	Interference to the standard frequency and time signal service in the low-frequency band caused by noise from electrical sources	S2