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| A close up of a sign  Description automatically generated | **World Radiocommunication Conference (WRC-23) Dubai, 20 November - 15 December 2023** | |  |
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| PLENARY MEETING | | **Document 192-E** | |
|  | | **30 October 2023** | |
|  | | **Original: English** | |
|  | | | |
| Mongolia | | | |
| Proposals for the work of the conference | | | |
|  | | | |
| Agenda item 1.3 | | | |

1.3to consider primary allocation of the frequency band 3 600‑3 800 MHz to the mobile service in Region 1 and take appropriate regulatory actions, in accordance with Resolution**246** **(WRC‑19)**;

ARTICLE 5

Frequency allocations

Section IV – Table of Frequency Allocations  
(See No. 2.1)

MOD MNG/192/1#1400

3 600-4 800 MHz

|  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- |
| Allocation to services | | |
| Region 1 | Region 2 | Region 3 |
| 3 600-3 800  FIXED  FIXED-SATELLITE (space-to-Earth)  MOBILE ADD 5.D13-D | 3 600-3 700  FIXED  FIXED-SATELLITE (space-to-Earth)  MOBILE except aeronautical mobile 5.434  Radiolocation 5.433 | 3 600-3 700  FIXED  FIXED-SATELLITE (space-to-Earth)  MOBILE except aeronautical mobile  Radiolocation  5.435 |
| 3 700-4 200  FIXED  FIXED-SATELLITE (space-to-Earth)  MOBILE except aeronautical mobile | |
| 3 800-4 200  FIXED  FIXED-SATELLITE (space-to-Earth)  Mobile |

**Reasons:** The identification of mid-band frequency band for IMT is essential to be able to address digitalization (e.g., sustainable smart cities, industries) and reduce the digital divide in Mongolia.

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