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| **World Radiocommunication Conference (WRC-19) Sharm el-Sheikh, Egypt, 28 October – 22 November 2019** |  |
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| PLENARY MEETING | **Addendum 20 to Document 57-E** |
|  | **4 October 2019** |
|  | **Original: English** |
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| Brazil (Federative Republic of) | |
| Proposals for the work of the conference | |
|  | |
| Agenda item 8 | |

8 to consider and take appropriate action on requests from administrations to delete their country footnotes or to have their country name deleted from footnotes, if no longer required, taking into account Resolution **26 (Rev.WRC-07)**;

Background

At WRC-15, the Brazilian Administration participated in the discussions regarding IMT in the bands 3 300-3 400 MHz and 4 800-4 900 MHz. At the time, it was decided not to join the footnotes Nos. **5.429D** and **5.441A** of the Radio Regulations (RR), respectively, for identification of both bands to IMT. Many developments have happened in the country since and now it’s time to join such footnotes.

In response to agenda item 8 of WRC-19, the Brazilian Administration proposes to include its name in footnotes RR Nos. **5.429D** and **5.441A**.

ARTICLE 5

Frequency allocations

Section IV – Table of Frequency Allocations  
(See No. 2.1)

MOD B/57A20/1

5.429D In the following countries in Region 2: Argentina, Brazil, Colombia, Costa Rica, Ecuador, Mexico and Uruguay, the use of the frequency band 3 300-3 400 MHz is identified for the implementation of International Mobile Telecommunications (IMT). Such use shall be in accordance with Resolution **223 (Rev.WRC‑15)**. This use in Argentina and Uruguay is subject to the application of No. **9.21**. The use of the frequency band 3 300-3 400 MHz by IMT stations in the mobile service shall not cause harmful interference to, or claim protection from, systems in the radiolocation service, and administrations wishing to implement IMT shall obtain the agreement of neighbouring countries to protect operations within the radiolocation service. This identification does not preclude the use of this frequency band by any application of the services to which it is allocated and does not establish priority in the Radio Regulations.     (WRC‑19)

**Reasons:** To update the RR including in the IMT identification in Brazil in 3 300-3 400 MHz.

MOD B/57A20/2

5.441A In Brazil and Uruguay, the frequency band 4 800-4 900 MHz, or portions thereof, is identified for the implementation of International Mobile Telecommunications (IMT). This identification does not preclude the use of this frequency band by any application of the services to which it is allocated and does not establish priority in the Radio Regulations. The use of this frequency band for the implementation of IMT is subject to agreement obtained with neighbouring countries, and IMT stations shall not claim protection from stations of other applications of the mobile service. Such use shall be in accordance with Resolution **223 (Rev.WRC‑15)**.     (WRC‑19)

**Reasons:** To update the RR including in the IMT identification in Brazil in 4 800-4 990 MHz.

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