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| **World Radiocommunication Conference (WRC-15)Geneva, 2–27 November 2015** |  |
| **INTERNATIONAL TELECOMMUNICATION UNION** |  |
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| PLENARY MEETING | **Addendum 2 toDocument 56-E** |
|  | **15 October 2015** |
|  | **Original: English** |
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| Bulgaria (Republic of) |
| Proposals for the work of the conference |
|  |
| Agenda item 1.2 |

1.2 to examine the results of ITU‑R studies, in accordance with Resolution **232 (WRC‑12)**, on the use of the frequency band 694-790 MHz by the mobile, except aeronautical mobile, service in Region 1 and take the appropriate measures;

Introduction

Resolution 232 (WRC-12) states the requirements and studies to be conducted under WRC-15 Agenda item 1.2 about the use of the frequency band 694-790 MHz by the mobile, except aeronautical mobile, service in Region 1 taking into account that the frequency band 470-806/862 MHz is allocated to the broadcasting service on a primary basis in all three Regions and used predominantly by this service. At the same time in Region 1, in accordance with No. 5.296, the band 470-698/790 MHz is allocated additionally to the land mobile service on a secondary basis intended for applications ancillary to broadcasting operating deployed in a number of Region 1 countries.

In Bulgaria this band has long been used for applications ancillary to broadcasting and programme-making. That is why the Bulgarian Administration taking into account the European proposals on WRC-15 Agenda item 1.2 and specially the proposal for the modification of No. 5.296 (EUR/9A2A1/4 in Addendum 1 to Document 9(Add.2)) would like the country name of Bulgaria to be included in the list of country names in this footnote.

Proposal

ARTICLE 5

Frequency allocations

Section IV – Table of Frequency Allocations
(See No. 2.1)

MOD BUL/56A2/1

5.296 *Additional allocation:* in Albania, Germany, Saudi Arabia, Austria, Bahrain, Belgium, Benin, Bosnia and Herzegovina, Bulgaria, Burkina Faso, Cameroon, Congo (Rep. of the), Côte d'Ivoire, Croatia, Denmark, Djibouti, Egypt, United Arab Emirates, Spain, Estonia, Finland, France, Gabon, Ghana, Iraq, Ireland, Iceland, Israel, Italy, Jordan, Kuwait, Latvia, The Former Yugoslav Republic of Macedonia, Libya, Liechtenstein, Lithuania, Luxembourg, Mali, Malta, Morocco, Moldova, Monaco, Niger, Norway, Oman, the Netherlands, Poland, Portugal, Qatar, the Syrian Arab Republic, Slovakia, the Czech Republic, the United Kingdom, Sudan, Sweden, Switzerland, Swaziland, Chad, Togo, Tunisia, Turkey, Angola, Botswana, Lesotho, Malawi, Mauritius, Mozambique, Namibia, Nigeria, South Africa, Tanzania, Zambia and Zimbabwe, the band 470-694 MHz is also allocated on a secondary basis to the land mobile service, intended for applications ancillary to broadcasting and programme-making. Stations of the land mobile service in the countries listed in this footnote shall not cause harmful interference to existing or planned stations operating in accordance with the Table in countries other than those listed in this footnote.    (WRC‑15)

**Reasons:** In Bulgaria the band 470-694 MHz is used for applications ancillary to broadcasting and programme-making in accordance with ERC/REC 70-03 relating to the use of Short Range Devices (SRD). The upper frequency boundary of the secondary land mobile allocation needs be changed to 694 MHz for all countries in No. 5.296 as the modification of the frequency band in No. 5.296 is an expected change due to the addition of a primary mobile allocation in 694-790 MHz band by WRC‑15 under Agenda Item 1.2. Adding the term “and programme-making” in addition to “applications ancillary to broadcasting” into No. 5.296 will increase flexibility in the use of the spectrum.

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