

ITU: Session on ICT products – Gateways to Digital Transformation  
Conformance and Interoperability Challenges for developing countries

# Ensuring reliable and secure communication in a hyper-connected world

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**ROHDE & SCHWARZ**

Make ideas real



“ Everything that will be benefit  
from being connected  
will be connected “

*Ericsson, 2010*



# IoT enabling applications in developing countries

Real-time data for  
Immunization



GSM powered  
water monitoring



Remote solar power  
solution w/ IoT



Cattle tracking and  
monitoring

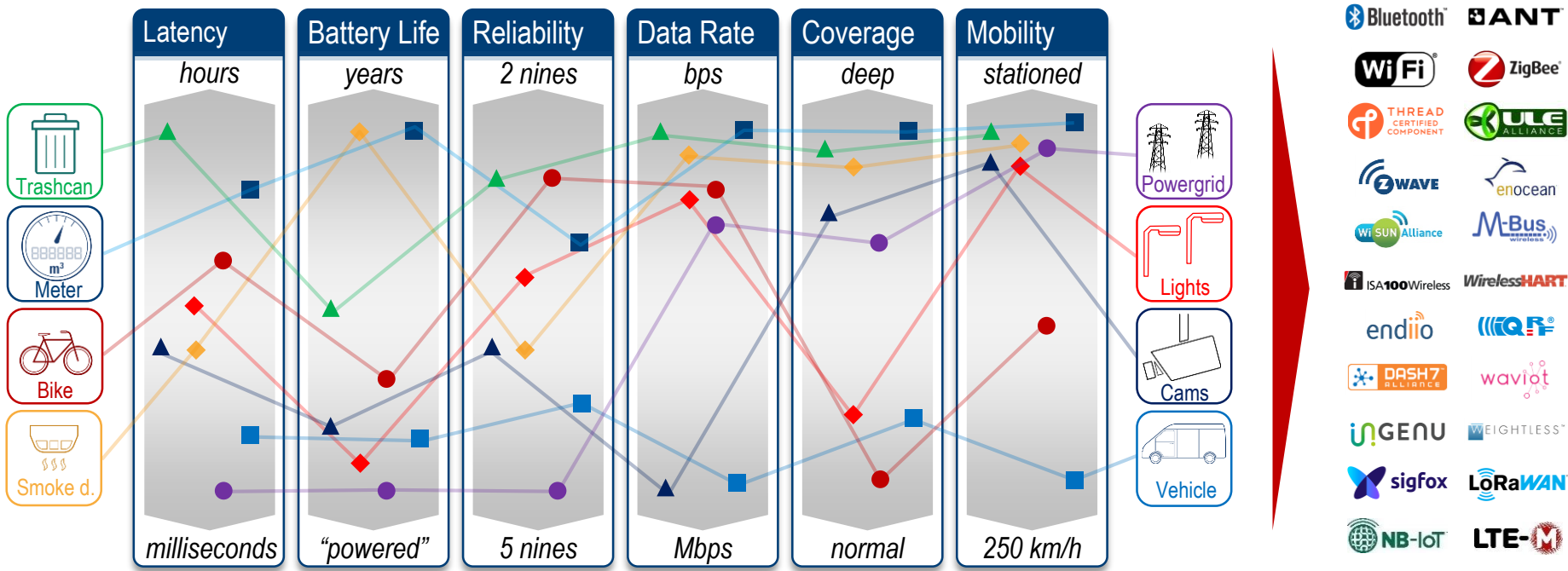


requiring cost-efficient, reliable and secure wireless communication

# Challenges in wireless IoT design








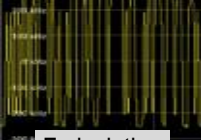

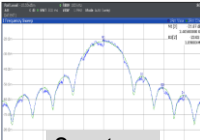
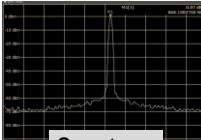
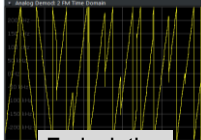

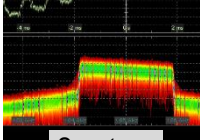


# Different requirements have led to a large variety of technologies



All product names, logos, and brands are property of their respective owners

# Selection of wireless technologies most relevant for IoT

	 Bluetooth™ Low Energy	 Wi-Fi ax	 ZigBee™ θ THREAD	 sigfox	 LoRaWAN™	 NB-IoT	 LTE-M
Technique	FHSS	OFDMA	DSSS	UNB	CSS	OFDMA	OFDMA
Modulation	GFSK	BPSK QPSK	O-QPSK	UL: DBPSK DL: GFSK	Frequency Chirps	BPSK QPSK	QPSK 16QAM
Bandwidth	2 MHz	20 ... 160 MHz	2 MHz	100 Hz (ETSI) 600 Hz (FCC)	125, 250, 500 kHz	3.75, 15 kHz 180 kHz	1.4 MHz (M1) 5 MHz (M2)
Spectrum	2.4 GHz ISM	1.. 6 GHz ISM	2.4 GHz ISM	Sub-GHz ISM	Sub-GHz ISM	< 6 GHz 3GPP	< 6 GHz 3GPP
Characteristics	 F. deviation	 Spectrum	 Spectrum	 Spectrum	 F. deviation	 Spectrum	 Spectrum



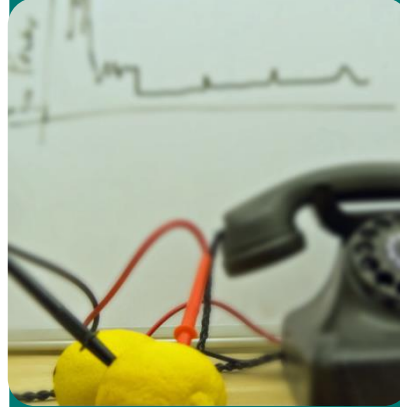
# Embedded design challenges to meet specific IoT requirements



Quality & reliability



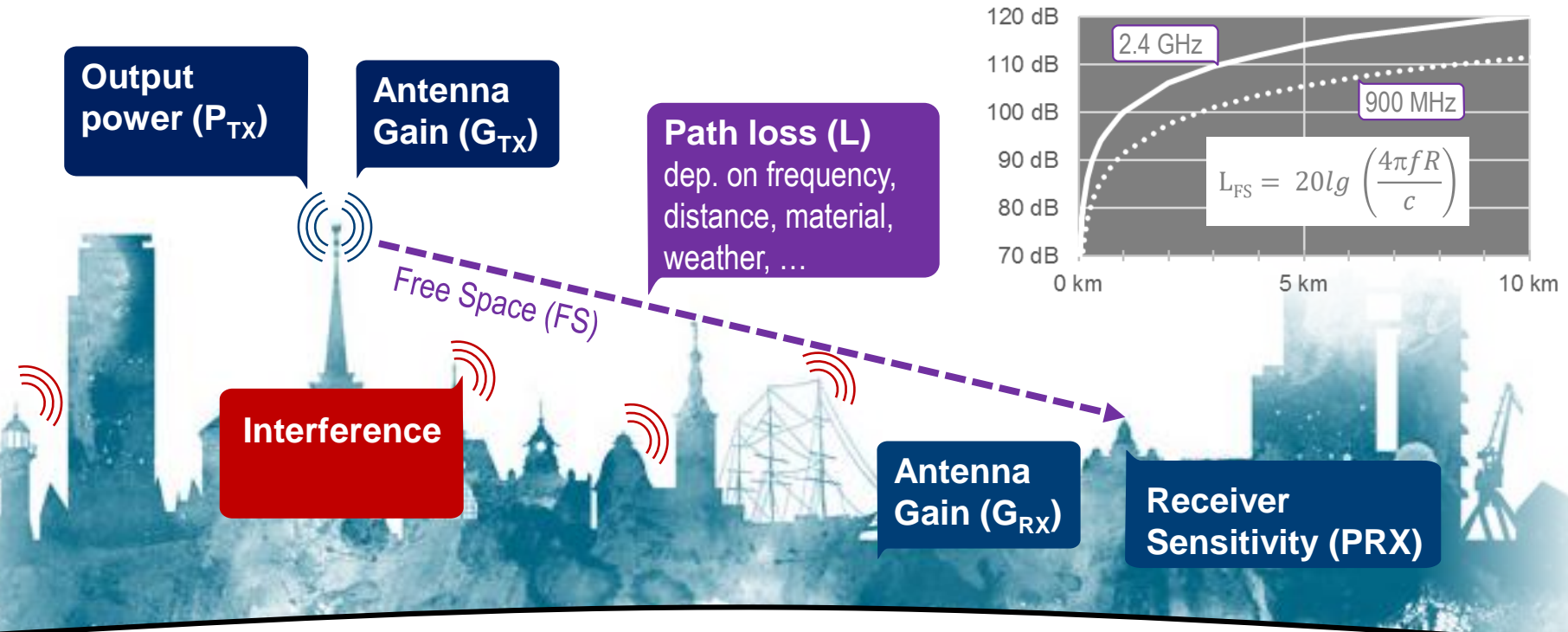
Low power



Deep coverage



# Wireless communication - a wonder, but essentially just physics

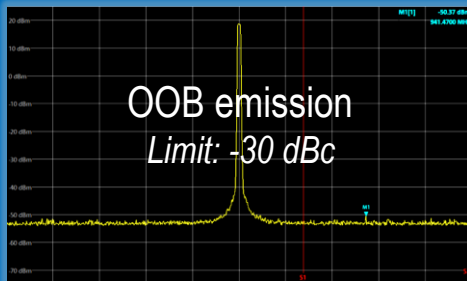
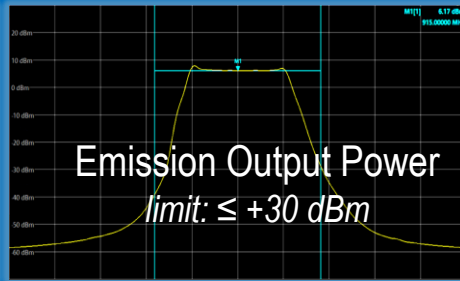
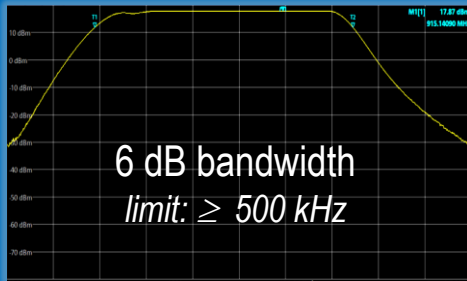


$$\text{Maximum Coupling Loss (MCL)} = P_{TX} + G_{TX} - IM + G_{RX} - P_{RX}$$



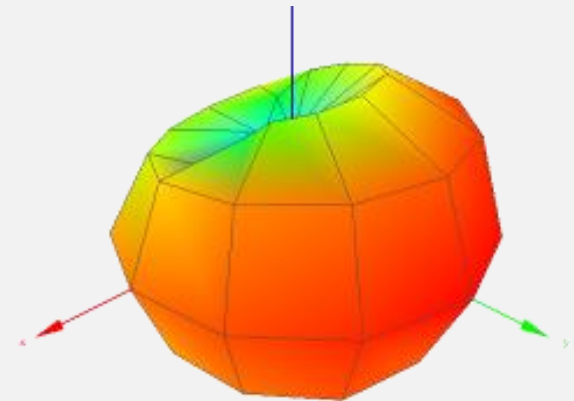
# Example LoRa Certification – Tx measurements

## FCC 15.247 for Systems Employing Digital Modulation



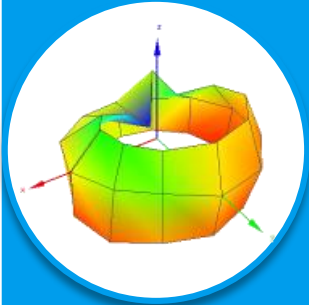
## LoRa Alliance RF performance guideline

$$TRP = \frac{1}{4\pi} \oint [(EIRP_{\phi}(\Omega, f) + (EIRP_{\theta}(\Omega, f))] d\Omega$$



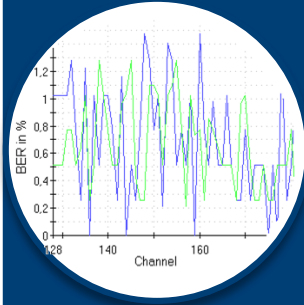
# OTA measurements, that help to ensure the desired performance and compliance with regulation

## Performance



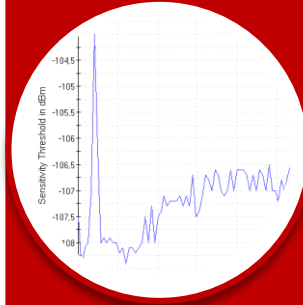
Measurement of radiated RF power (TRP) and receiver sensitivity (TIS/TRS)

## Coexistence



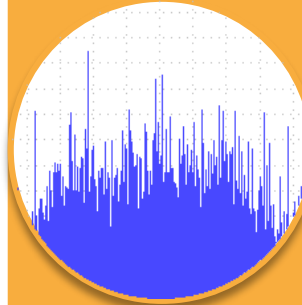
Assessment of the interference of one wireless technology on another

## Desense



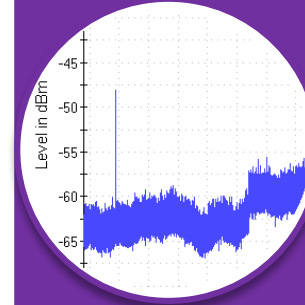
Self-interference test by measuring error rates with an active potential interferer

## EMI



Detection of EMI sources with a receiver performing a frequency sweep

## Spurious Em.



Measurement of radiated spurious emissions (RSE) in- & out-of-band

OTA performance verification in R&D, Integration, Production and Service/Repair

# Heavy use of ISM bands by different technologies asks for regulation e.g. by ETSI and FCC

## Different technologies



## Density of networks



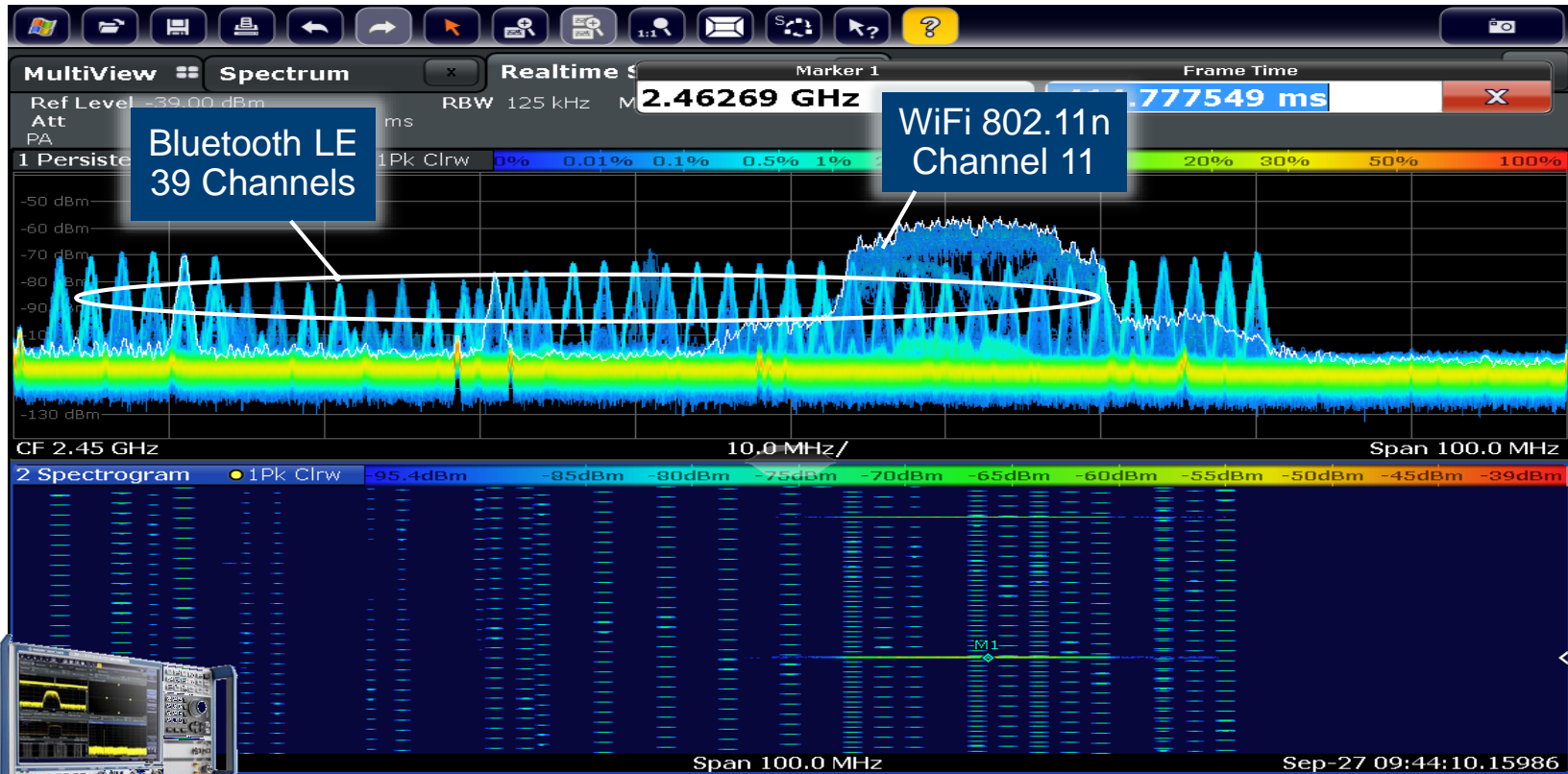
## No network control



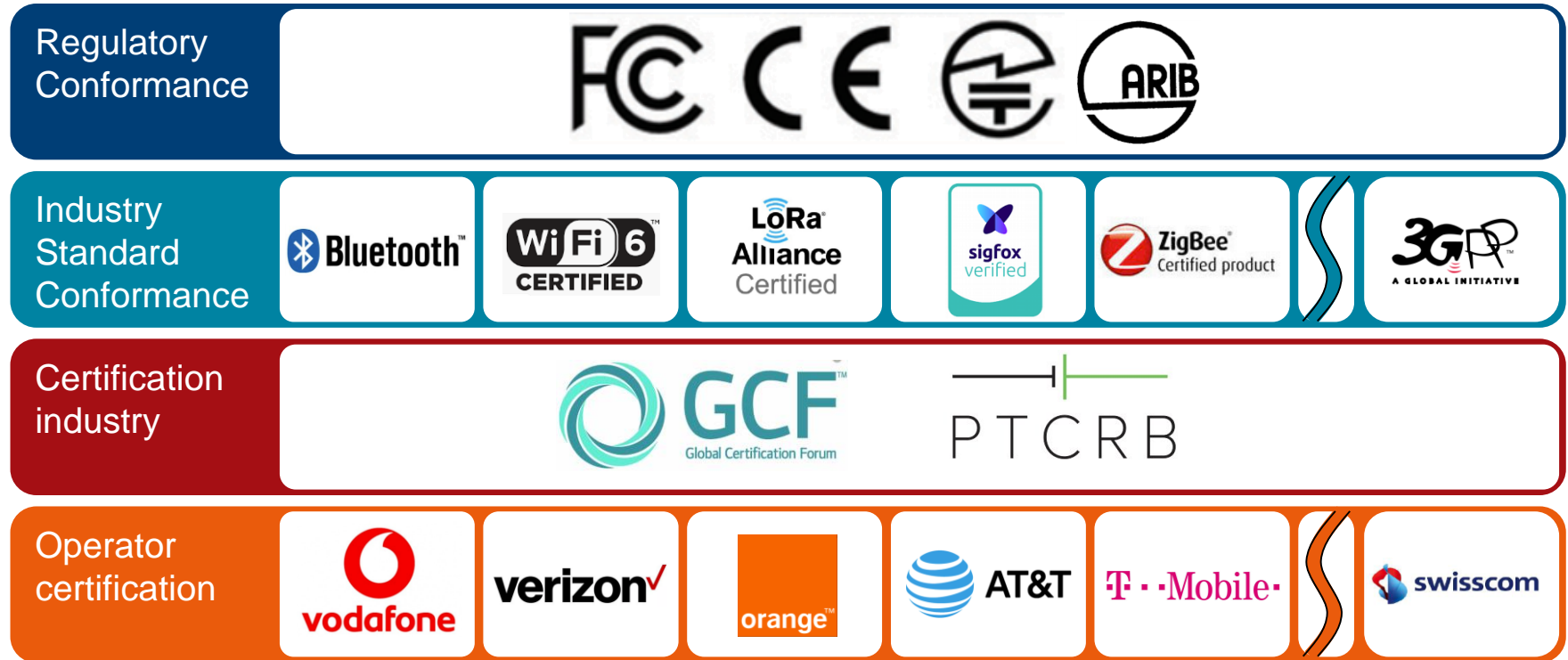
Ensure coexistence of different services/technologies operating in the same frequency band

ETSI EN 300 328 V1.8.1/ V1.9.1 (2.4 GHz) and ETSI EN 301 893 V1.7.1/ V1.8.1 8 (5GHz)  
FCC §15.247 (2.4 GHz & 5.8 GHz) and FCC §15.407

# Real-time spectrum analysis to analyze interference issues



# IoT certification landscape





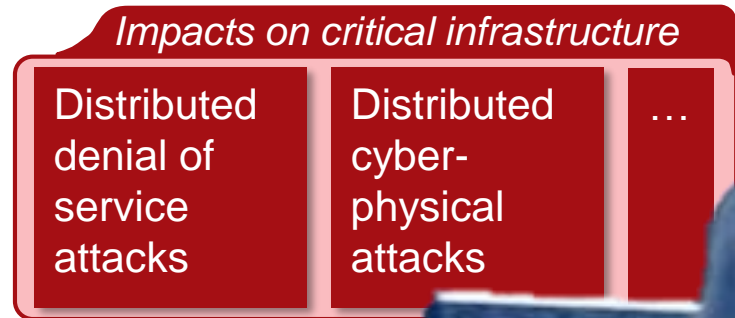
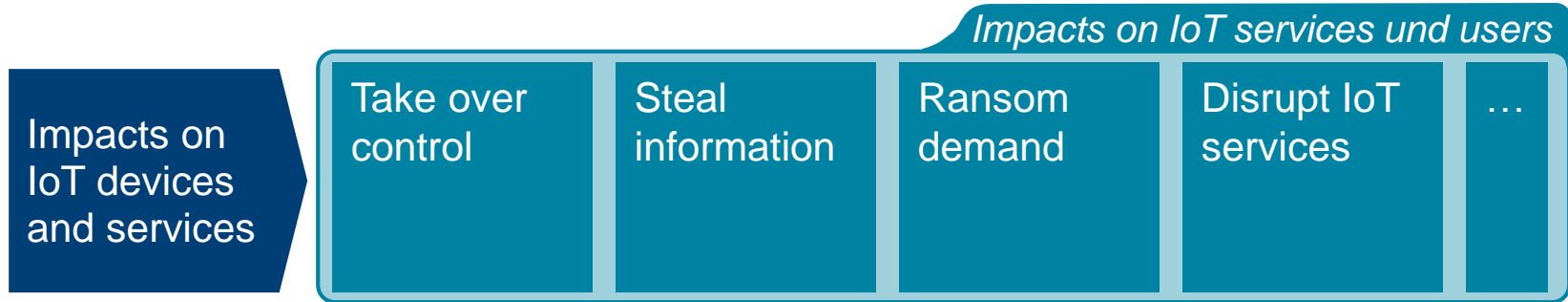
# Industrial Internet of Things creates a magic triangle

New  
applications



Need for new  
or adapted  
certification  
schemes

# The impacts of 'unsecure' IoT devices could be devastating



Need for security certification?



**Together, we shape the future of security and communications to enable a safer and connected world**

**Thank  
you  
very much**