ITU-D Study Groups Question 3/1 and Question 4/1 joint session on the Economic Impact of OTTs on National Telecommunication/ICT Markets

Tuesday, 1 October 2019 (Room K, ITU)

ITU-D Study Groups Rapporteur Group meetings 2019

Key talking points for ITU Session on the Economic Impact of OTTs on National Telecommunication/ICT Markets

Richard Morgan • 26 September 2019 • 2014613-394

A new study by Analysys Mason, updating the ground-breaking work we published in 2014, shows that since 2014, online service providers (OSPs) have invested over USD300 billion in internet infrastructure. This amounts to USD75 billion per year, which is more than double the 2011–13 average annual investment of USD33 billion.

Over 90% of this investment has been in hosting infrastructure as OSPs build hyperscale data centres to support the explosion in online content and cloud services, and install equipment in third-party colocation facilities.

OSPs are making significant investments to extend their networks, moving ever closer to end users. This includes spending on new data centres in more locations, and a diversification of data centre investments to smaller and more localised cloud facilities. To reach these facilities and exchange traffic in ever more places with ever more operators globally, OSPs lease, purchase or invest in terrestrial and submarine fibre networks. Finally, OSPs are driving investment in delivery networks, to support quality of service by bringing content as close as possible to end users.

In addition to ongoing investments in infrastructure, OSPs also continue to dedicate billions of dollars each year on research and development (R&D) to improve their products. The total R&D spend for nine of the major OSPs more than doubled from 2013 to 2017, as companies continue to invest in innovative technology, much of which is designed to improve the efficiency of their future infrastructure deployments and operations.

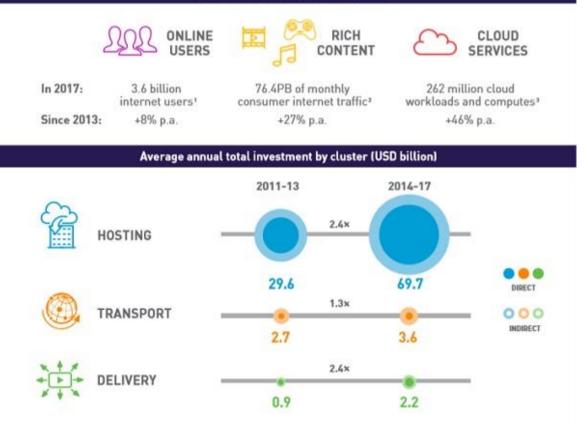
OSPs are not simply providing content and services using third-party networks and facilities, but are making a large and growing contribution to the infrastructure that underpins the Internet. OSP investments are typically made in parallel with investments from a variety of other stakeholders in the global internet landscape. Revenues from OSPs' activities support investments by players including telecoms carriers, data-centre operators and internet service providers, providing benefits to the whole ecosystem. Further growth in investment, both directly by OSPs and indirectly through other service providers, can be expected in the coming years, as OSPs strive to keep pace with the growing demand for content and cloud services across all regions of the globe.



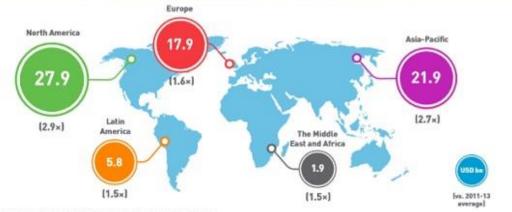
INVESTMENT IN INFRASTRUCTURE

Online service providers support around USD75 billion annual investment in infrastructure worldwide

Drivers of infrastructure investment



Average annual total investment by region (USD billion, 2014-17)



Internet users: International Telecommunication Union, United Nations

³ Consumer internet traffic: Cisco Visual Networking Index 2016-2021 and earlier editions; 2017 figure is a Cisco Torecast.
³ Cloud workloads and compute instances: Cisco Global Cloud Index 2016-2021 and earlier editions; 2017 figure is a Cisco Torecast.



