|  |
| --- |
| C:\Users\comas\AppData\Local\Temp\Rar$DRa0.735\jpg\ITU official logo_blue_RGB.jpg**TDAG Working Group on Resolutions, Declaration and Thematic Priorities****30 June – 1 July 2021, Virtual** |
|  |  |
|  | **Document** **TDAG-WG-RDTP/****DT/13-E** |
|  | **23 June 2021** |
|  | **Original: English** |
| Source: | Chairman, TDAG-WG-RDTP |
| **Title:** | Compilation of membership proposals for the draft Addis Ababa Declaration |

|  |
| --- |
| **Summary:** This document presents a compilation of membership proposals for the draft Addis Ababa Declaration to be submitted to WTDC-21 for approval, based on document TDAG-WG-RDTP/36.**Action required:**TDAG-WG-RDTP is invited to examine this document and adopt the proposals contained therein.**References:**N/A |

**Draft Addis Ababa Declaration**

|  |
| --- |
| We, the high-level representatives of ITU Member States and delegates **endorse the present Declaration** at the eighth World Telecommunication Development Conference, which took place in Addis Ababa, Ethiopia from 8 to 19 November 2021 under the theme **Connecting the Unconnected to Achieve Sustainable Development**. |
| **TDAG-WG-RDTP/42 - Arab States** The eighth World Telecommunication Development Conference (Addis Ababa, 2021), which took place from 8 to 19 November 2021 in Addis Ababa, Ethiopia under the theme **Connecting the Unconnected to achieve Sustainable Development and** endorse this **Addis Ababa Declaration**. |
| **TDAG-WG-RDTP/43 - ATU**We, the high-level representatives of ITU Member States and delegates endorse the Addis Ababa Declaration at the conclusion of the eighth World Telecommunication Development Conference, which took place in Addis Ababa, Ethiopia from 8 to 19 November 2021, under the theme Connecting the unconnected to achieve sustainable development, |
| **TDAG-WG-RDTP/47 - CEPT**We, the high-level representatives of ITU Member States and delegates **endorse the present Declaration** at the eighth World Telecommunication Development Conference [, which took place in Addis Ababa, Ethiopia from 8 to 19 November 2021] under the theme **Connecting the Unconnected to Achieve Sustainable Development**. |
| **We declare that:**1. Telecommunications/information and communication technologies (ICTs) have become the foundation for every economic sector and a catalyst for social inclusion, decent employment, and personal growth. Yet, in 2021 some 3.7 billion people remain **unconnected**, of whom 360 million are young people and for them, the transformative power of ICTs remains untapped. |
| **TDAG-WG-RDTP/42 - Arab States****We declare that:**1. ITU is committed to improving people’s lives and making the world a better place through the use of telecommunications/ICTs which have become the foundation for all sectors and a catalyst for social inclusion, decent employment, and personal growth. Yet, in 2021 some 3.7 billion people remain **unconnected**, of whom 360 million are young people and for them, the transformative power of ICTs remains untapped;
 |
| **TDAG-WG-RDTP/43 - ATU**we declare that:1. telecommunications/information and communication technologies (ICTs) have become the foundation for every economic sector and a catalyst for social inclusion, decent employment, and personal growth. Yet, in 2021 some 3.7 billion people remain unconnected, of whom 360 million are young people and for them, the transformative power of ICTs remains untapped. Rural and Remote areas, particularly in Developing Countries have largely remained behind in terms of access to high quality Broadband Services. The underlying problem has largely been that of lack of pre-requisite essential infrastructure that includes electricity, as well as backbone and backhaul broadband infrastructure; |
| **TDAG-WG-RDTP/47 - CEPT****We declare that:**1. Telecommunications/information and communication technologies (ICTs) have become the foundation for every economic sector and a catalyst for social inclusion, decent employment, and personal growth. Yet, in 2021 some 3.7 billion people remain **unconnected**, and for them the transformative power of ICTs remains untapped. |
| **N/A** |
| **TDAG-WG-RDTP/37 - Zimbabwe**2. Rural and Remote areas, particularly in Developing Countries have largely remained behind in terms of access to Broadband Services. The underlying problem has largely been that of lack of, or inadequate pre-requisite infrastructure, particularly relating to transport and energy |
| **TDAG-WG-RDTP/43 - ATU**2. that effective radio-frequency spectrum and satellite orbit management are important for connecting the unconnected and eliminate digital divide, including, facilitating transition to digital TV; |
| 2.  **COVID-19** has changed the way we live, work, learn, and do business. In the digital era, connectivity is indispensable and provides opportunities for boosting productivity and efficiency, ending poverty, improving livelihoods and ensuring that sustainable development becomes a reality for all. |
| **TDAG-WG-RDTP/37 - Zimbabwe**3. **COVID-19** has changed the way we live, work, learn, and do business. In the digital era, connectivity is indispensable and provides opportunities for boosting productivity and efficiency, ending poverty, improving livelihoods and ensuring that sustainable development becomes a reality for all.  |
| **TDAG-WG-RDTP/42 - Arab States**2. **COVID-19** have introduced new challenges and as a result altered the way we live, work, learn, and do business. In the time of global pandemics, having access to modern, secure, affordable and accessible telecommunication/ICT services and applications, including high speed broadband connectivity is indispensable and provides opportunities for boosting productivity and efficiency to end poverty, improving peoples' lives, and ensuring that sustainable development becomes a reality. The COVID-19 pandemic has heightened the digital skills gap and revealed a need for students and workers in all industries to have strong digital skills |
| **TDAG-WG-RDTP/43 - ATU**3. COVID-19 has highlighted our global interdependency and changed many things, including the way we live, work, learn, and do business. In this era, affordable, available, interoperable, trusted and accessible Telecommunications/ ICTs specially emerging ones, are essential catalysts for expediting and sustaining socio-economic development, and are also instrumental in timely, inclusive, and resilient recovery from the COVID-19 pandemic. Telecommunications/ ICT solutions are indispensable and provide opportunities for boosting productivity and efficiency to end poverty, improving peoples' lives, and for ensuring the realisation of the sustainable development goals. The pandemic has also heightened the digital divide, the digital skills gap and revealed a need for students and workers in all industries to have strong digital skills; |
| **TDAG-WG-RDTP/47 - CEPT**2. **COVID-19** has changed the way we live, work, learn, and do business. In the digital era, universal, secure and affordable connectivity is indispensable and provides opportunities for boosting productivity and efficiency, ending poverty, improving livelyhoods and ensuring that sustainable development becomes a reality for all.  |
| 3. Inequalities remain and continue to widen in the use of data and digital ICT-centric technologies, and in the **digitally skilled human** resources between regions, between and within countries, and between women and men. We recognize that affordable, available, dependable, and accessible ICTs when leveraged through adequate digital skills can provide powerful drivers for development, and are instrumental in timely, inclusive and resilient recovery from the COVID-19 pandemic. |
| **TDAG-WG-RDTP/42 - Arab States**3. While there has been significant progress and efforts throughout the years, the digital divide continues to persist in both the applications and the skills of telecommunications/ ICT technologies, between regions, and between urban, rural and underserved areas within countries, as well as in the availability of accessible and affordable telecommunications/ICTs for women, youth, children, indigenous people, senior citizens, and persons with disabilities, including age-related disabilities; |
| **TDAG-WG-RDTP/43 - ATU**4. inequalities remain and continue to widen in the use of data and digital ICT technologies, and in ICT skills among and within regions and countries, and between women and men. In many countries, digital ICT skills need to be extensively developed knowing that  |
| **TDAG-WG-RDTP/47 - CEPT**3. Inequalities remain and continue to widen in the use of data and digital ICT-centric technologies, and in the **digitally skilled human resources** between regions, between [and within] countries, between urban and rural territories, between SMEs and large companies, and between women and men. We recognize that available, affordable, available, dependable, and accessible ICTs when leveraged through adequate digital skills can provide powerful drivers for development, and are instrumental in timely, inclusive and resilient recovery from the COVID-19 pandemic. |
| 4. Insufficient digital capacity and lack of digital skills are also core barriers to **digital inclusion,** **digital transformation, and realization of digital economies**. The demand for digitally skilled workers will increase with the accelerated move towards digital transformation, which can deepen the digital skills gap. While many jobs will be lost due to the economic crisis following the COVID-19 pandemic, the digital economy can nurture new ICT-centric jobs. |
| **TDAG-WG-RDTP/42 - Arab States**~~4.~~  Digital Inclusion is not a luxury, no one should be left behind to enjoy the access to digital services and fully benefit from the integration of emerging technologies in the different sectors of the economy. Developing countries still witness mounting challenges to acquire the necessary digital skills to accelerate the digital transformation process. |
| **TDAG-WG-RDTP/43 - ATU****5.** lack of those skills could be the core barrier to digital inclusion and transformation, so that, an increased participation of developing countries in ITU activities to bridge the standardization gap is needed for transfer Telecommunication/ICT technologies, inclusive digital inclusion and global economic growth; |
| **TDAG-WG-RDTP/47 - CEPT**4. Insufficient digital capacity and lack of digital skills are also core barriers to **digital inclusion,** **digital transformation, and realization of digital economies**. The demand for digitally skilled workers will increase with the accelerated move towards digital transformation, which can deepen the digital gap. While many jobs have been and will be lost due to the economic crisis following the COVID-19 pandemic, the digital economy can nurture new ICT-centric jobs. |
| **N/A** |
| **TDAG-WG-RDTP/43 - ATU**6. Covid-19 also reveals the importance of fostering a conducive environment for the promotion of digital inclusion, including digital financial services and the development of new and emerging technologies. Digital inclusion is not a luxury, everyone should enjoy access to digital services and benefit from its positive impacts by investment attraction, mobilizing funds, with the aim to tackling pandemics and reducing poverty; |
| 5. We have just ten years left to achieve the **Sustainable Development Goals**, and telecommunications/ICTs are agents of change that can shape the future of the world for the better. Telecommunications/ICTs are instrumental in multi-stakeholder activities and sharing of best practices as prescribed by the **World Summit on the Information Society**. Furthermore, multi-stakeholder cooperation offers a platform for all to join forces, seize opportunities and leverage innovations offered by digital technologies while mitigating risks, so that progress towards achieving the Goals by 2030 can be made collectively. |
| **TDAG-WG-RDTP/42 - Arab States**5. The telecommunications/ICTs are agents of change that can shape the future of the world for better. Telecommunications/ICTs are instrumental in multi-stakeholder activities and sharing of best practices as demanded by the **World Summit on the Information Society**. Furthermore, multi-stakeholder cooperation offers a platform for all to join forces, seize opportunities and leverage innovations offered by digital technologies while mitigating the risks, so that progress towards achieving the Sustainable Development Goals by 2030 can be made collectively; |
| **TDAG-WG-RDTP/43 - ATU**7. We have less than ten years left to achieve the Sustainable Development Goals and five years to engage more and to overcome the challenges towards the implementation of the outcomes of World Summit on the Information Society taking into consideration that Telecommunications/ICTs are agents of change that shape the future for a better world. Furthermore, multi-stakeholder cooperation, leading to timely agile and joint actions with meaningful impact, is critical. By joining forces, seizing opportunities and leveraging innovations offered by digital technologies while mitigating the risks, progress towards achieving the sustainable development goals by 2030, can collectively, be made; |
| 6. **Developing countries**, and in particular **LDCs, LLDCs and SIDS**, face additional challenges in mobilizing sufficient investment and financing for digital infrastructures and require substantial support to provide universal, safe, reliable, and affordable ICTs.  |
| **TDAG-WG-RDTP/47 - CEPT**6. **Developing countries**, and in particular **LDCs, LLDCs and SIDS**, face additional challenges in mobilizing sufficient investment and financing for digital infrastructures and require substantial support to provide universal, safe, reliable, and affordable ICTs.  |
| **N/A** |
| **TDAG-WG-RDTP/42 - Arab States**7. widespread conformance and interoperability of telecommunication/ICT equipment and systems through the implementation of relevant programmes, policies and decisions had proved and remain important to increase market opportunities, competitiveness and reliability as well as encouraging global integration and trade; |
| **TDAG-WG-RDTP/43 - ATU****8.** emerging technologies will be a catalyst in helping to achieve the 2030 agenda for sustainable development. Developing countries, and in particular LDCs, LLDCs and SIDS, face additional challenges in the development of digital infrastructures and require substantial support to provide universal, safe, reliable, and affordable ICTs; |
| **N/A** |
| **TDAG-WG-RDTP/42 - Arab States**8. security and personal data protection are a fundamental aspect to enhance trust in the network and accelerate the process of digital transformation. The use of telecommunication/ICT applications provides innovative and beneficial services for users, but also presents challenge of building confidence and trust in the availability, reliability, security and use of telecommunications/ICTs, bearing in mind the ethical dimension of the information society. |
| **TDAG-WG-RDTP/43 - ATU****9.** cybersecurity, data protection and privacy remain top challenges while transitioning towards digital economy. Mobilizing human and financial resources in capacity building for the development for national strategies related to cybersecurity, national CERTs/CISRTs, as well as cooperation among ITU’s membership and other stakeholders, have become more important than ever; |
| **N/A** |
| **TDAG-WG-RDTP/43 - ATU****10.** that ITU-D is committed to the agency’s worldwide contribution at the global and regional level and within the United Nations system, on information and communication infrastructure issues, capacity building and building confidence and security in the use of ICTs, according to WSIS Action Line C2 and C5; |
| **We commit to working diligently on four key areas, namely Connectivity, Digital Transformation, Enabling Environment, and Resource Mobilization and International Cooperation by** |
| **TDAG-WG-RDTP/37 - Zimbabwe****We commit to working diligently on four key areas, namely Connectivity, Digital Inclusion, Enabling Environment, and Resource Mobilization and International Cooperation by:** |
| **TDAG-WG-RDTP/42 - Arab States****We commit to:**  |
| **TDAG-WG-RDTP/43 - ATU****We commit to:**  |
| **N/A** |
| **TDAG-WG-RDTP/42 - Arab States**1. that ITU-D should target its efforts in achieving ITU-D contributions to the ITU Strategic Plan and the ITU-D Action Plan, especially in mobilizing financial resources to **connect the unconnected,** ensuring access to cost-effective and affordable **broadband connectivity, and to support the achievement of the Sustainable Development Goals**.
2. ensure that the unconnected 3.7 billion people in the world have access to reliable Internet to participate more effectively in economic, social, educational, and other activities; mobilize financial resources to connect, and make broadband connectivity cost-effective and affordable; create a system to monitor the level and quality of delivered services;
3. that ITU should support Member States in building capacity regarding the use of telecommunications/ICTs in preparing for and responding to disasters and pandemics, including in the area of early warning and disaster preparedness plans, and in encouraging regional and international cooperation, collaboration and information sharing;

d) that transparent and collaborative collection and dissemination of quality indicators and statistics that measure the information society and provide comparative analysis of advancements in the use and adoption of ICTs continue to be a major factor for supporting socio-economic growth and assist in identifying gaps that requires national policy formulation. |
| a) accelerating the expansion and use of digital infrastructures, services and applications for building and further developing digital economies and societies, including mobilization of financial resources for **connecting the unconnected** communities and schools as soon as possible. This will also include promoting **investments** in broadband infrastructure and access to support sustainable development, encouraging cooperation between Member States and creation of alliances and partnerships between public and private sectors, international funding agencies and other stakeholders. |
| **TDAG-WG-RDTP/42 - Arab States**e) develop and implement innovative strategies and regulatory initiatives to bridge the widening **digital gap** and increase universal and affordable **broadband access** while addressing trust, security and safety of infrastructure and services. This includes effective plans and capacity building initiatives to urgently develop the required **digital ICT skills**, without which the digital gap will continue to widen. This will also include promoting **investments** in broadband infrastructure, services, and applications in support of sustainable development, encouraging cooperation between Member States and creation of alliances and partnerships between the public sector, private sector, international funding agencies and other stakeholders. |
| **TDAG-WG-RDTP/43 - ATU**a) ensure that the unconnected people in the world have access to reliable Internet access on a non-discriminatory basis, to enable all to participate more effectively in economic, social, educational, and other activities; mobilize financial resources to connect, and make broadband connectivity cost-effective and affordable; create a system to monitor the level and quality of delivered services, develop partnerships with the related Sectors on strategies to ensure that there is pre-requisite essential infrastructures to enable broadband infrastructure development to connect rural, remote, and underserved areas; |
| **N/A** |
| **TDAG-WG-RDTP/37 - Zimbabwe**b) Broker partnerships between the telecommunication/ICT sectors with the energy and transport Sectors, on strategies to ensure that that there is adequate energy and transport infrastructure, to enable broadband infrastructure development, in order to connect rural and remote areas. |
| b) urgently mitigating the impact of disasters and **the COVID-19** pandemic through bold and innovative national plans and recovery strategies to ensure governance, business, education, and social life continuity. This includes providing the necessary platforms and networks for essential activities such as teleworking, e-commerce, remote learning, telemedicine, and digital financial services while paying special attention to the needs of women and girls, persons with disabilities and other persons with specific needs, and children. |
| **TDAG-WG-RDTP/42 - Arab States** |
| **TDAG-WG-RDTP/43 - ATU**b) urgently mitigate the impact of disasters and COVID-19 pandemic through bold and innovative national recovery strategies to ensure business, education, and social life continuity. This includes providing necessary platforms and networks for teleworking, e-commerce, remote learning, telemedicine, digital financial services, etc, and ensuring that all schools are connected to Internet as soon as possible, by mobilizing all the needed resources; |
| **TDAG-WG-RDTP/47 – CEPT**b) urgently mitigating the impact of disasters and the **COVID-19** pandemic through bold and innovative national plans and recovery strategies to ensure governance, business, education, and social life continuity. This includes providing the necessary platforms and networks for essential activities such as teleworking, e-commerce, remote learning, telemedicine, and digital financial services while paying special attention to the needs of women and girls, persons with disabilities and other persons with specific needs, and children. |
| c) promoting sound, open, transparent, collaborative and future proof policy and regulatory decisions with a view to facilitating digital transformation in the aftermath of COVID-19 pandemic and beyond. We will implement innovative strategies and regulatory initiatives to bridge the widening **digital divide** and make high-quality **broadband connectivity** universal, cost-effective, and affordable while addressing trust, security and safety of infrastructure and services. As such, we will develop and implement regulatory frameworks to ensure infrastructure resiliency and protection of data. Besides, we will adopt effective plans to develop and enhance **digital capacities and skills** that are required in the online world, without which the digital divide will continue to widen.  |
| **TDAG-WG-RDTP/42 - Arab States**c) develop and implement innovative strategies and regulatory initiatives to bridge the widening **digital gap** and increase universal and affordable **broadband access** while addressing trust, security and safety of infrastructure and services. This includes effective plans and capacity building initiatives to urgently develop the required **digital ICT skills**, without which the digital gap will continue to widen. This will also include promoting **investments** in broadband infrastructure, services, and applications in support of sustainable development, encouraging cooperation between Member States and creation of alliances and partnerships between the public sector, private sector, international funding agencies and other stakeholders.  |
| **TDAG-WG-RDTP/43 - ATU**c) develop and implement innovative strategies and regulatory initiatives to scale up adoption and use of broadband to bridge the widening digital gap through consumer protection and empowerment mechanisms, including ensuring service affordability as well the availability of ICT gadgets at affordable prices, whilst addressing trust, security and safety of persons, infrastructures and services. This includes effective plans to urgently develop the required digital ICT skills, without which, the digital gap will continue to widen. This will also include promoting investments in broadband infrastructure, services, and relevant applications in support of sustainable development, encouraging cooperation between Member States and creation of alliances and partnerships between the public sector, private sector, international funding agencies and other stakeholders; |
| **TDAG-WG-RDTP/47 - CEPT**c) promoting sound, open, transparent, collaborative and future proof policy and regulatory decisions with a view to facilitating digital transformation in the aftermath of COVID-19 pandemic and beyond. We will implement innovative strategies and regulatory initiatives to bridge the widening **digital divide** and make high-quality **broadband connectivity** universal, cost-effective, and affordable while addressing trust, security and safety of infrastructure and services. As such, we will develop and implement regulatory frameworks to ensure infrastructure resiliency and protection of data. Besides, we will adopt effective plans to develop and enhance **digital capacities and skills**, including upskilling and reskilling, that are required in the online world, without which the digital divide will continue to widen.  |
| d) fully exploiting the opportunities provided by **digital transformation** of various sectors of the economy by supporting the industry, academia and private sector to unleash new and emerging technologies. We will encourage innovations to foster sustainable development and address current and future challenges, such as poverty alleviation, job creation, gender inequality, and cybersecurity. In doing so, we will implement evidence-based decision making to measure and maximize the impact of digital transformation.  |
| **TDAG-WG-RDTP/42 - Arab States**f) fully exploit the opportunities provided by **digital transformation** of various sectors of the economy; and support the industry, academia, and private sector to unleash new technologies by encouraging innovations that can foster sustainable development and address current and future challenges, including poverty alleviation, job creation, gender equality, quality and timely education, child online protection, etc. This will include evidence-based decision making to measure and maximize the impact of digital transformation. Knowledge transfer and sharing of best practices are essential in the realignment of public policies pertaining to digital transformation and efficient implementation of such policies. In doing so, we pay special attention to the needs of children, women, senior citizens, persons with disabilities and other persons with specific needs. and people living in unserved and underserved areas; |
| **TDAG-WG-RDTP/43 - ATU**d) fully exploit the opportunities provided by digital transformationthrough the development of national and regional plans and strategies encompassing various sectors of the economy in order to enhance the broadband absorptive capacity of economies; and support the industry, academia and private sector to unleash new technologies by encouraging innovations that can foster sustainable development and address current and future challenges. This will be done by evidence-based decision making through data and statistics, knowledge transfer and best practices sharing. In doing so, we will pay special attention to the needs of women and girls, persons with disabilities and other persons with specific needs, as well as, youth and children, and people living in underserved areas; |
| **N/A** |
| **TDAG-WG-RDTP/42 - Arab States**g) Provide adequate support to Member States to develop a conducive ecosystem to leverage the full benefits of emerging technologies and share possible guidelines to achieve resilient and efficient cross-border data flows assisting broader integration of such technologies between Member States to promote socio-economic benefits of such technologies.  |
| e) providing support to and cooperate with **developing countries, LDCs, LLDCs, and SIDS** in addressing their constraints for accessing ICT-centric digital technologies and their integration into different sectors, such as government services, agriculture, education, health, finance, transport, etc.  |
| **TDAG-WG-RDTP/42 - Arab States**h) provide support to and cooperate with **developing countries, LDCs, LLDCs, and SIDS** in addressing their constraints to accessing digital technologies and their integration into different sectors, such as national government, agriculture, education, health, finance, transport, etc.;  |
| **TDAG-WG-RDTP/43 - ATU**e) support de development of digital Innovation ecosystems by setting up ecosystem acceleration mechanisms at national and regional levels, scaling up digital entrepreneurship of SMMEs through global partnerships and facilitating capacity building and knowledge sharing platforms. Provide adequatesupport to developing countries, LDCs, LLDCs, and SIDS in harnessing the benefits of the use of emerging technologies, considered to be a catalyst to socio-economic growth and development, through mobilizing resources to accelerate the establishment and development of conducive ecosystems to employ emerging technologies in the different aspects of economic and social activities; |
| **N/A** |
| **TDAG-WG-RDTP/42 - Arab States**i) further develop cooperation among actors, particularly ITU’s membership on cybersecurity and data protection issues, and also to contribute more effectively to the global efforts in order to make cyberspace more secure and safer for everyone; |
| f) promoting international cooperation among ITU Membership and development-oriented stakeholders to support LDCs, LLCDs, and SIDS to address their constraints to access digital technologies, including emerging ones, and integrate them in various economy’s sectors, taking into consideration conformance, interoperability and security of these Telecommunications/ICTs equipment and systems; |
| **TDAG-WG-RDTP/42 - Arab States**g) promote international **cooperation** among ITU Membership and development-oriented stakeholders for achieving sustainable development using ICTs. Also, enhance and encourage **cooperation and partnership** between developing countries and between developed and developing countries to facilitate technology and knowledge transfer with a view to promoting sustainable development and economic growth. |
| **TDAG-WG-RDTP/43 - ATU**f) promoting international **cooperation** among ITU Membership and development-oriented stakeholders for achieving sustainable development using ICT-centric digital technologies. We will enhance and encourage **cooperation and partnership** between developing countries and between developed and developing countries to facilitate technology and knowledge transfer with a view to promoting sustainable development and economic growth. |
| **N/A** |
| **TDAG-WG-RDTP/47 - CEPT**g) co-creating a secure and standard-based whole-of-society approach to designing and implementing generic digital public goods, which will simplify the costs, time, and resources needed for building human-centered digital government solutions. By simplifying the technology needed to build a digital society, countries can create digital solutions that empower individuals and businesses while improving social well-being. |
| **TDAG-WG-RDTP/43 - ATU**g) promote a culture of cybersecurity and data protection among ITU’s membership and continue to give high priority to building confidence and security in the use of ICTs, through engagement in best practices sharing related to strategies and policies, national CERTs/CIRTs implementations, technical measures regarding cybersecurity and data protection, but also, enhance and engage in regional and international cooperation and dialogue in terms of cybersecurity; |
| **N/A** |
| **TDAG-WG-RDTP/47 - CEPT**h) tackling environmental and climate change issues, notably the impact of telecommunication/ICT on the environment, as the ICT sector itself has a role to play to contribute to reach the Sustainable Development Goals, in collaboration with users and regulators. |
| **TDAG-WG-RDTP/43 - ATU**h) engage in the implementation and the preparation of the review, in 2025, of the outcomes of the World Summit on the information Society, taking into consideration challenges and opportunities expressed in WSIS+10 vision beyond 2015, such an engagement will set out a solid foundation towards achieving the 2030 agenda on sustainable development goals (SDGs); |
| Accordingly, we, the delegates to the eighth World Telecommunication Development Conference, **declare our commitment** to the full and rapid implementation of **this Declaration**. We also pledge to spare no effort towards the expansion and use of digital infrastructures, applications, and services for building and establishing truly sustainable digital economies and societies. The World Telecommunication Development Conference calls upon ITU membership as well as all development-oriented stakeholders, including those in the United Nations system, to contribute actively towards the successful implementation of **this Declaration**. |
| **TDAG-WG-RDTP/42 - Arab States**Accordingly, we, the delegates to the eighth World Telecommunication Development Conference, **declare** our commitment to the full and rapid implementation of **this Declaration**. We also pledge to spare no effort towards the expansion and use of digital infrastructures, applications, and services for building and establishing truly sustainable digital economies and societies. The World Telecommunication Development Conference calls upon ITU membership, and other interested parties and development-oriented stakeholders, including those in the United Nations system, to contribute actively towards the successful implementation of **this Declaration**. |
| **TDAG-WG-RDTP/43 - ATU**Accordingly, we, the delegates to the eighth World Telecommunication Development Conference, declare our commitment to the full and rapid implementation of this Declaration. We also pledge to spare no effort towards the expansion and use of digital infrastructures, applications, and services for building and establishing truly sustainable digital economies and societies. The World Telecommunication Development Conference calls upon ITU membership as well as all development-oriented stakeholders, including those in the United Nations system, to contribute actively towards the successful implementation of this Declaration. |

\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_