Effective Public Warnings and the Common Alerting Protocol (CAP)

<?xml version="1.0" encoding="UTF. <alert xmlns="urn:oasis:names:tc:emer> <identifier>KLOX1339588233</identifie <sender>KLOX@nwws.oes.ca.gov</senc <sent>2006-10-14T10:04:11-07:00</sent> <status>Actual</status> <msgType>Alert</msgType> <incidents>KLOX.MA.S.0026</incidents> <scope>Public</scope> <event>MARINE WEATHER STATEME <category>Met</category> <info> <urgency>Future</urgency> <severity>Severe</severity> coertainty>Possible</certainty> 20.10.14T13:00:00

• Goals of Public Warning

Save lives

Reduce losses

Alleviate fear

The measure of a warning is the change in action and attitude that results.

• Effective Warning Systems

Reach everyone at risk, wherever, whenever, doing whatever

Don't raise irrelevant alarms

Easy to use

Reliable and secure

Deliver effective warning messages

Effective Warning Messages

Accurate and specific Action oriented Understandable in terms of: Control Languages and special needs • Prior knowledge and experience • Timeframe and instructions

• There is no "magic bullet"

No single system or technology can ever solve the public warning problem alone:

Conversion Conversio Conversion Conversion Conversion Conversio

O Limits of reach

• Need for corroboration

• Corroboration

Most people will not act on the first warning message they receive

Instead, they become vigilant and search for corroboration

Only when persuaded it's not a false alarm will people transform information into action

O Challenges

Many different warning systems Different capabilities, different procedures Social diversity - languages, needs Detecting patterns in activity Implementing best practices

• • Opportunities

Digital control of most warning technologies

Internet and other data networks

Encryption and digital signatures

Extensible Markup Language (XML) and other content standards

CAP Timeline

2000 - "Effective Disaster Warnings" study published

2001 - CAP Working Group and Partnership for Public Warning form;

2002 - CAP draft specification and prototype field trials

CAP Timeline

2003 - OASIS Emergency Management Technical Committee releases CAP 1.0 draft

2004 - CAP 1.0 adopted, international implementations begin

2005 - CAP 1.1 update

2006 - Broad global adoption, continuing standards advancement

O Historically...



Multiple systems Multiple purposes Multiple operators

O Today's reality...



Single originator must activate each system individually

• Using CAP...



One activation triggers multiple systems

Consistent, complete messages

• The CAP Message

Alert Status Alert Status Alert Status Alert Type Password Operator ID **Alert Scope** Restriction Address Handling Code Note Reference ID Incident ID



Language **Event Category Event Type** Response Type Urgency **Severity** Certainty Audience Event Code Effective Date/Time **Onset Date/Time** Expires Date/Time Sender Name Headline Hazard Description Instructions Information URL Contact Info **Parameters**



Tesource Description *MIME* Type File Size URI Dereferenced URI Digest

Area Description Polygon Circle Geocode

Altitude Ceiling

• The Alert Block

Basic information about this message:

O Date/Time

Sender

Message Type & Status
 Distribution Scope

Message Type

Describes the general purpose of this message:

| Alert | Initial information about an event or hazard |
|--------|--|
| Update | New information updating an earlier message |
| Cancel | Cancels an earlier message |
| Ack | Acknowledges receipt and acceptance of a message |
| Error | Indicates rejection of a message (explained in Note) |
| Draft | Prepared language or pending release authority |

Message Status

Describes appropriate use of this message:

| Actual | Refers to actual hazards or events |
|----------|--|
| Exercise | Refers to simulated hazards of events, for exercise participants |
| Test | Technical testing, not actionable |
| System | Network internal messages, updates, etc. |

Message Scope

Describes the appropriate dissemination of this message:

| Public | For general delivery to unrestricted audience and the public |
|------------|--|
| Restricted | For delivery only according to a specified rule. |
| Private | For delivery only to specified addresses. |

O The Info Block

Specifics of an event or a threat: Category and description OUrgency / Severity / Certainty **O** Timeframes O Recommended action • Supplemental information

Multiple Info Blocks

Different languages

Different instructions or timeframes for different areas

O Phased evacuation

Evacuate vs shelter-in-place

• Watch vs. warning

• Event Category

(A perfect list is hard to find!)

| Geo | Geophysical |
|-----------|--|
| Met | Meteorological |
| Safety | General emergency and public safety |
| Security | Law enforcement, military, homeland and private security |
| Rescue | Rescue and recovery |
| Fire | Fire suppression |
| Health | Public heath and medical |
| Env | Hazmat, pollution and other environmental |
| Transport | Public and private transportation |
| Infra | Utility, telecommunications, other infrastructure |
| Other | Not otherwise categorized |



Traditional onedimensional model of "priority" is expanded into a "3D" model that expresses:



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Ourgency (time)



Traditional onedimensional model of "priority" is expanded into a "3D" model that expresses:

Severity (impact)

Urgency (time)



Traditional onedimensional model of "priority" is expanded into a "3D" model that expresses: Urgency (time) Severity (impact) Certainty (probability)



Describes the time available to prepare:

| Immediate | Responsive action should be taken immediately |
|-----------|---|
| Expected | Action within next hour |
| Future | Action in near future (typically 6-24 hours) |
| Past | Past, no preparatory action required |
| Unknown | Not known |



In the U/S/C model

Describes the intensity of impact (if it occurs):

| Extreme | Extraordinary or large-scale threat to life and property |
|----------|--|
| Severe | Significant threat to life and property |
| Moderate | Potential threat to life and property |
| Minor | Limited threat to live and property |
| Unknown | Not known |

O Certainty

In the U/S/C model

Describes the issuer's confidence that the event will occur or has occurred:

| Observed | Definitely occurred or occurring |
|----------|--------------------------------------|
| Likely | Likely, although not certain (p>50%) |
| Possible | Possible but not likely (p<50%) |
| Unlikely | Not expected to occur (p<5%) |
| Unknown | Not known |

• The Area Block

Geographic target area:

Text description and combo of: **GIS Polygon (area)** Point and Radius O Geographic Code Optional altitude and ceiling

O The Area Block



Geospatial description may be based on administrative, predicted or observed scope of effects

More precise targeting means fewer irrelevant warnings ("cry wolf")

Multiple Area Blocks

Multiple areas affected in same way and simultaneously:

 Multiple flood-plain areas along a river

Multiple utility service zones
Areas with different

descriptions

• The Resource Block

"Attachment" of other content (binary, XML, etc.)

Audio, images, maps, etc.
 Reference (by URI) preferred

 Inclusion (Base-64 encoded) for data-broadcast application

O The Road Ahead

Transport contexts Identity and authentication contexts From geocodes to geospatial descriptions Standard of practice - expectation management Standard refinement (GML and EDXL integration, ITU, etc.)

O D D Contact For the Common Alerting Protocol project

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OASIS EM TC http://www.oasis-open.org/ committees/emergency/

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