

International Telecommunication Union International Multimedia Telecommunications Consortium



IPTV market trends

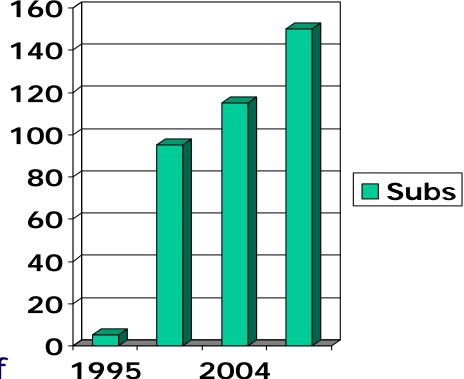
Noel Matthews - TANDBERGTV



TV over last 10 years



- Increase in digital TV platforms
 - \bullet 1995 = 5
 - 2000 = 100
 - 2005 = 230
- STB prices decreased
 - 1995 = \$300+
 - 2005 = \$50-



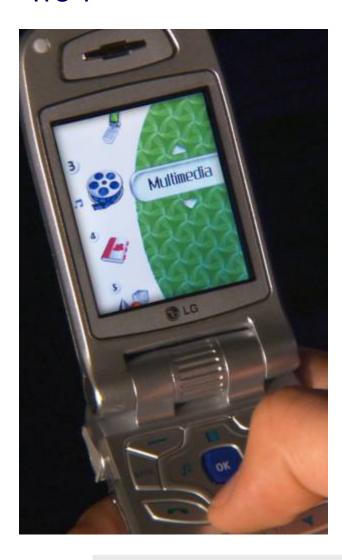
- Worldwide adoption of digital standards
 - DVB and ATSC



Continuous changes



ITU-T



Consumed

- Digital TV growing and replacing analog
- Time shifted viewing goes mainstream (VOD & PVR)
- Interactivity spreading based on a proven business model

Acquired and delivered

- Produce once, deliver many
- IP everywhere!
- Driving new delivery models for contribution and DTH delivery
- HDTV spreading worldwide

Monetized

 New revenue models exploit new technology & changing viewer habits

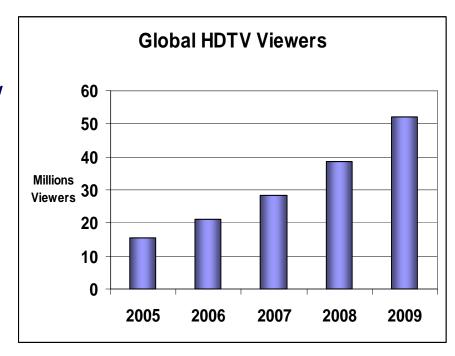


High Definition TV

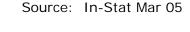


ITU-T

- HD is already a mass market in the USA
 - 15M HDTV Broadcast Viewers by the end of 2005 - MPEG2
 - HD cable boxes up 170% in 2005
 - Direct TV = 1,650 channels by 2007 - H.264
- o APAC is already there
 - Australia and Japan
 - PCCW launching HD over DSL
- H.264 HD services happening in Europe
 - 14m HD homes receiving HDTV by 2009











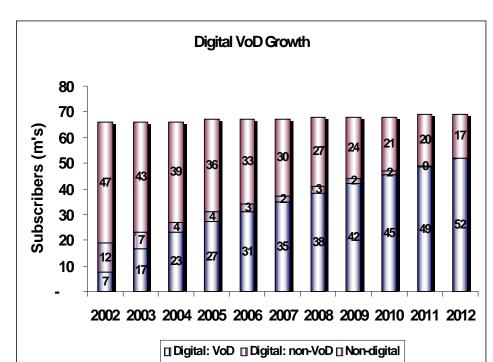


On demand content



- 10% of today's television is time shifted
 - 2010 50% of television will be viewed on the PVR
- Video on demand will drive cable and IPTV growth
 - Comcast on Demand:
 - 2003: 1,400 titles with 21M views/month
 - 2005: 3,400 titles with 107M views/month







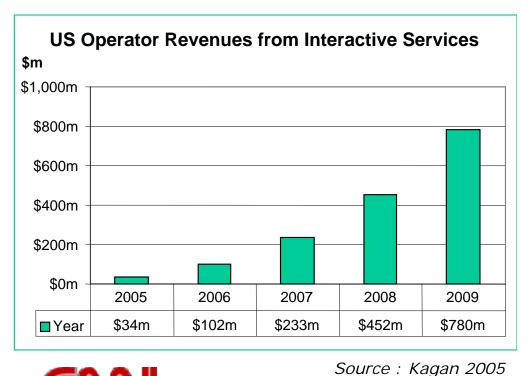




Interactive Television



- ITU-T
 - Service providers need to differentiate
 - Interactive allows delivery of specific content FOR the consumer
 - No longer just the push model of broadcast TV
 - Logical extension of on demand content
 - Interactive is the future of Television
 - Red button applications in UK
 - Over 20,000 hours of iTV in USA last year













Broadband TV



- Broadband networks allow delivery of TV directly to the home
 - Direct connection between the content owner and the consumer
 - No platform operator!
 - Forrester estimating 2006 broadband TV advertising revenues of \$200 M
- o MTV Overdrive broadband site delivered 13 million video streams from the Video Music Awards, during or after the show ran on cable networks.

- o Already there
 - SKY movies
 - MTV Overdrive
 - VH1 VSpot,
 - Nickelodeon,
 - CNN Pipeline
 - Comedy Central,
 - Country Music Television),
 - ESPN,



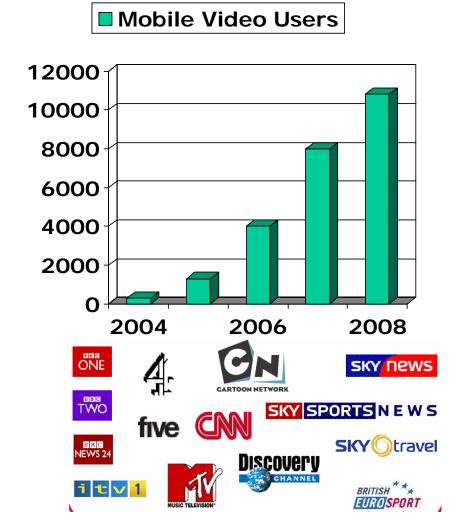


Mobile video



ITU-T

- Mobile will have a significant impact on the TV industry
 - For both the creation and delivery of content
- 2005 market for mobile content was £600m
- By 2008 there will be 10.8 million mobile video users
 - 2004 revenue \$29M
 - 2008 revenue \$1.4B
- o O2 UK trial
 - 3 hours per week average and 23 minutes per viewing session
 - 36% used it at home!





IPTV



- Telcos, ISPs and utility companies are engaging in IPTV
 - Defensive strategies
- o 2005 Real success stories
 - Imaginio (Telefonica Spain)
 - Jazztelia TV (Jazztel)
 - Belgacom (Belgacom)
 - Fastweb TV (Fastweb)
 - MaLigneTV (France Telecom)
 - Lyse Bredbånd TV (Lyse)
 - NOW Broadband TV (PCCW)
 - Dubai Internet City (Dubai)





























European IPTV market



- 700k subscribers by end
 Forecast = 9m by end of 2005
 - France = 281,000 (Free + Maligne)
 - Italy = 190,000 (Fastweb)
 - Spain = 58,000
- o IPTV penetration
 - Norway = 1.5%
 - France = 1.1%
 - Italy = 0.86%

- of 2009
 - France = 2.4m
 - Italy = 1.5m
 - UK = 1m

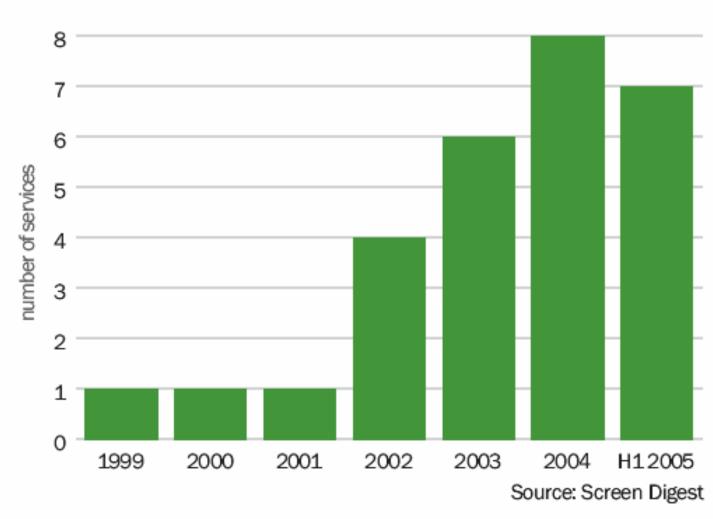




European IPTV launches



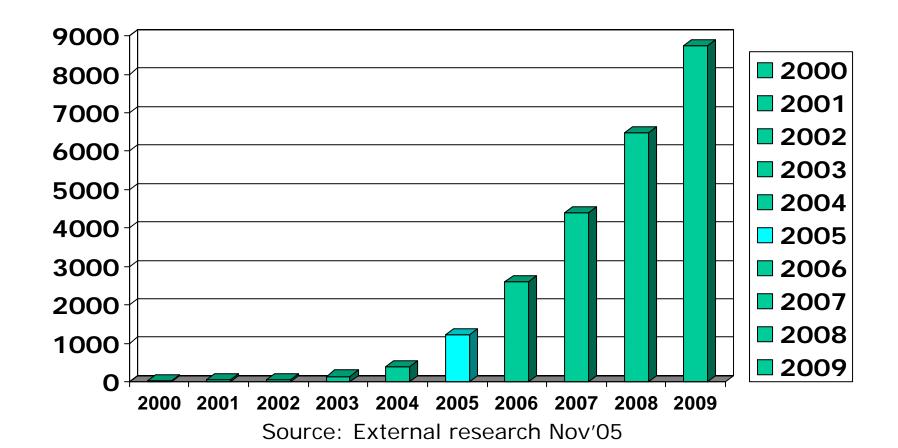
IPTV launches per year (as of mid 2005)





European IPTV Subscriber Growth



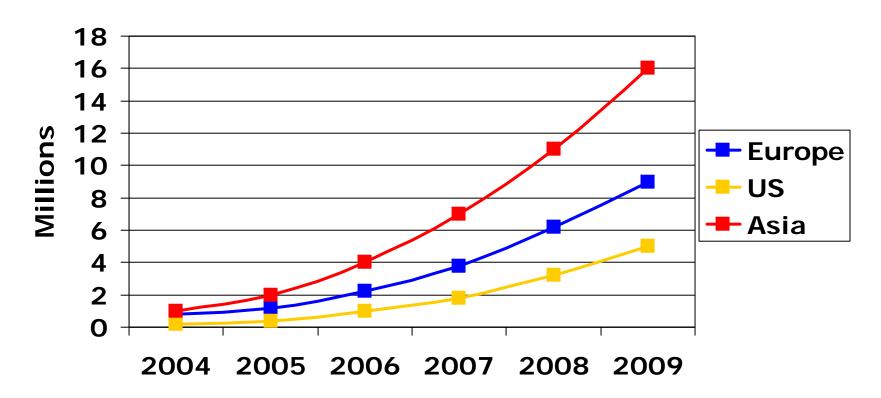




Market Trends by Region



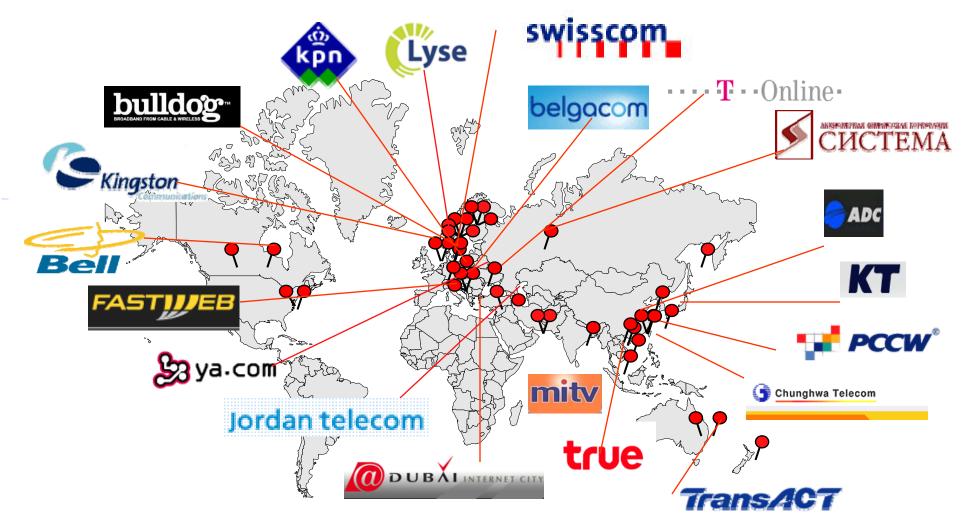
Total IPTV Households





IPTV reality - 2005







IPTV market offerings



- H.264 is the key enabling technology for DSL
 - SD = 1.5 Mbit/s
 - HD = 6 8 Mbit/s
 - Hybrid TV services
- o But "me2TV" is not enough
 - Very competitive market
 - Telcos need to capitalise on inherent 2-way
 IP network
- Content on demand including video
 - Everything is an asset
 - On demand and push models
- DENhanced τΨ-Ψνοχρογήσηντο Forum 2006 "H.323, SIP: is H.325 next?" San Diego, 9-11 May 2006



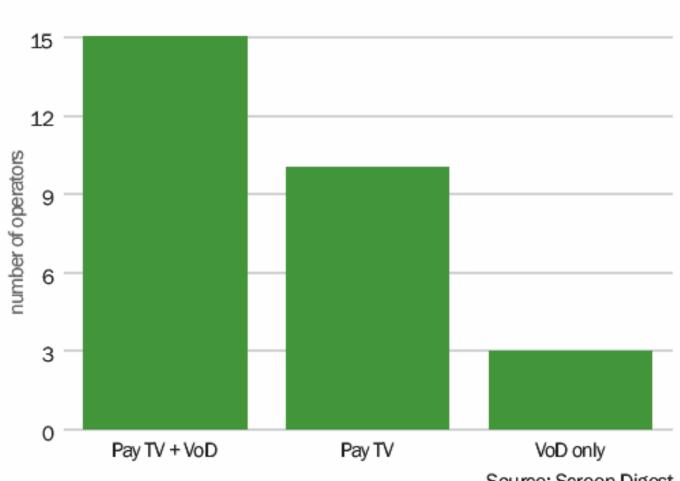




IPTV service offering



IPTV operators by service offering (as of mid 2005)



Source: Screen Digest



Challenges for IPTV



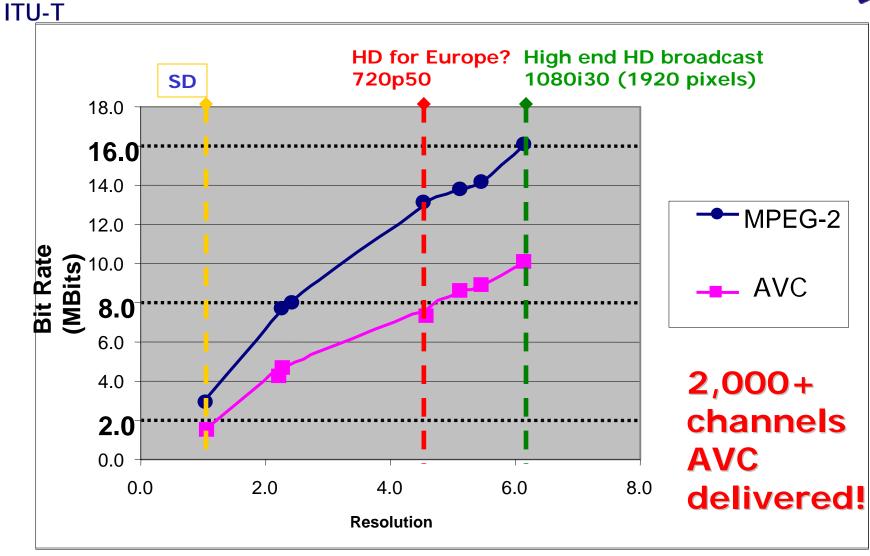
- o Network
 - Improved access technologies for higher rate
 DSL
 - True end to end QoS in to the home network
 - Intelligent network resource allocation (BRAS)
- o IPTV Service provision
 - Picture quality on DSL (Advanced video coding)
 - Advanced "Content on demand" nservices

 (Notwork DVD)



AVC - bit rates for HD and SD







Challenges - VoD and advertising



- IPTV operators must run Ondemand services
- On demand changes the revenue model
 - Linear advertising no longer works
- Dynamic on demand ad insertion enables revenue generation
 - For free and premium content.
- As VoD volumes build so does the attractiveness to the advertising world
- Targeting on demographic/geographic basis now possible
 - Particularly in an IP network



Intelligent Ad Placement Decisions



ITU-T

Media Types

- iTV
- DVR
- RFI

Targeting Engines

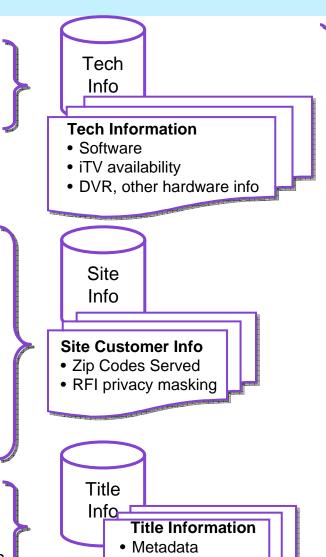
- Geographic
- Demographic
- Psychographic

Tag Information

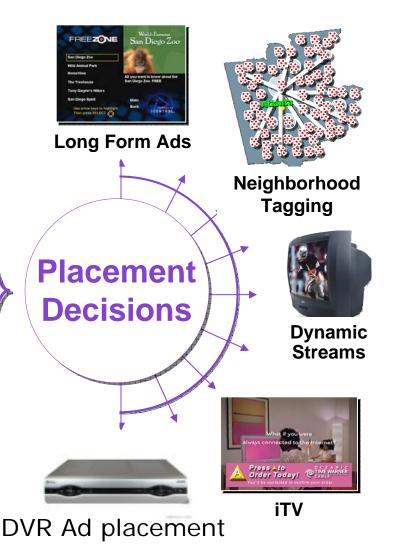
- Local Dealers
- Proximity Mapping

Placement Rules

- Genre/Type
- Avail Rules
- Brand Associations



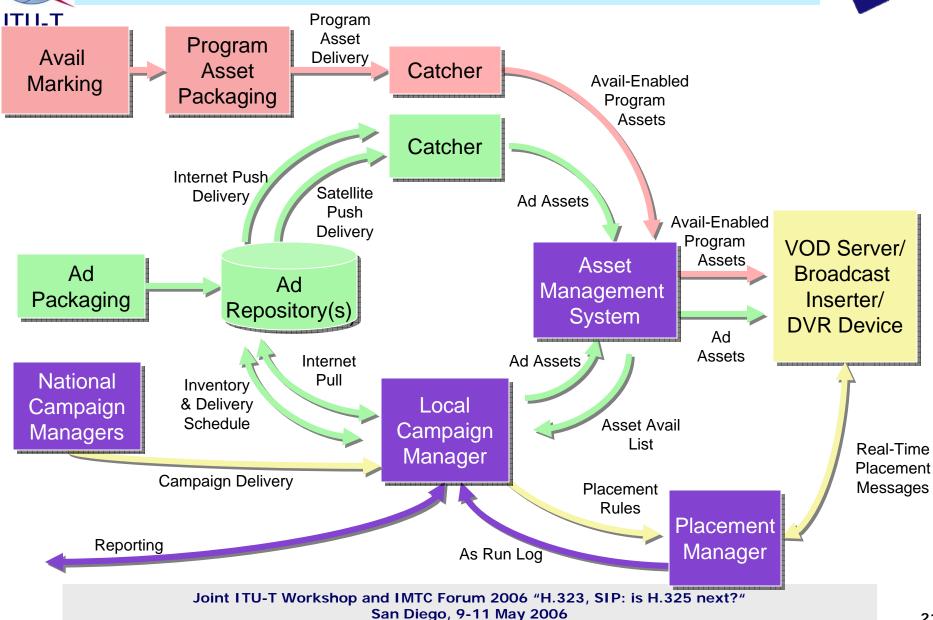
Avails





VOD/DVR Ad Placement architecture

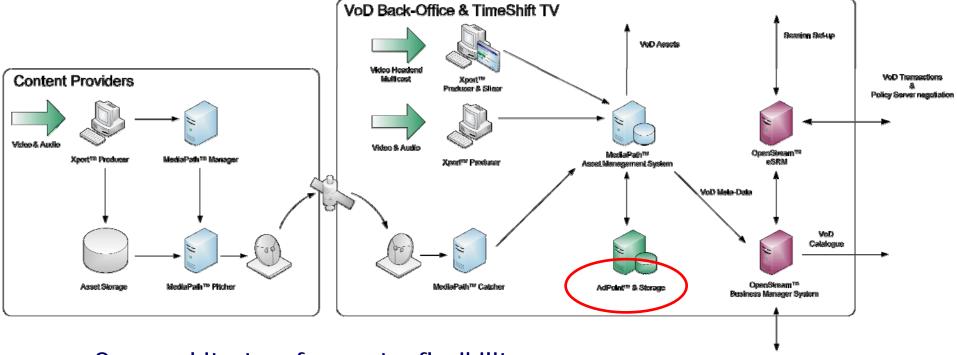






On demand content in the network





- Open architecture for greater flexibility
- Distributed architecture across the network
- Content encrypted throughout the entire network
- Content ingest process must be streamlined
- o Produce once, know where it is and deliver many time!
- o Timeshift TV brings technical and legal challenges!



Multi platform delivery



- Consumers will expect content delivery to a range of devices
- Platform operators want common infrastructure
- o Many challenges
- o Technical:
 - Format for many devices
 - Content work flow and storage for multiple formats



- Content does not look the same on different devices
- Wide screen shots
- Contrast ratios
- o Role of standards?



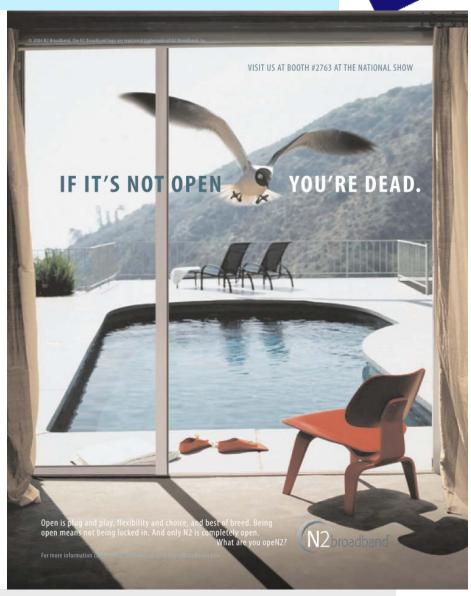


Open standards



ITU-T

- Digital TV's success is directly related to open standards
- Core to the success of IPTV is non-proprietary, standard based delivery architecture
 - Published, open APIs
 - no vendor lock-in
- o In particular:
 - Open interfaces/API for content management
 - International Metadata standards for IPTV and cable





Summary





- o The future is not just delivery of content to the viewer but for the consumer
 - When, what and where the consumer wants it
- o Revenue models will change
 - VoD vs linear
 - There will be winners and losers
- IPTV is happening and will become an important player in the content delivery market
 - But not just "me2tv"
- Build flexible networks and workshop and IMIC Forum 2006 "H.323, SIP: is H.325 next?" San Polary 140 244 eir strengths