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New technologies and their impact on regulatory practices: Back to the Future

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Where it all comes together:

V1.1

# New technologies, new vulnerabilities

- + Fundamental points of inflection
  - ? Digital networks, 1955 -
  - ? Packet networks, 1964 -
  - ? Network hosts, 1972 -
  - ? Connectionless networks/internets, 1974 -
  - ? Open systems interconnection, 1979 -
  - ? Intelligent signalling infrastructure enables nomadicity, security, infrastructure protection, public requirements, 1986 -
    - Academic internetworking goes public without infrastructure protection, 1994 -
    - ? Rapidly scaling SPAM, cybercrime, cyberstalking, and cyberterrorism (as undesirable net technologies), 1996 -
    - ? Wireless, cable, DSL enable broadband, ubiquity, 1998 -
  - ? IP-enabled NGN Intelligent signalling infrastructure enables nomadicity, security, infrastructure protection, public requirements, 2004 -
- + Drive changes to regulatory practices



### Intelligent infrastructure requirements and opportunities

- + Availability, Security and Protection
  - ? High availability
    - analysis network metrics and outages
  - ? Network attack mitigation
  - ? Priority access and notices during emergencies
  - ? Restoration
  - ? Personal emergency services
  - ? Prevent unwanted intrusions
    - Filters (DoNotCAII)
    - Aids (CallerID)
  - ? Nomadicity
    - Number portability
    - Roaming
    - Payment method flexibility
  - ? Cybercrime mitigation
    - Forensics capability
    - Law enforcement/national security assistance
    - Fraud detection and management
    - Prevent cyberstalking
    - Digital rights management

- + Competition Requirements
  - ? Unbundling
  - ? Service interoperability
  - ? User/subscriber access by service providers
  - ? Default service and routing options

#### + Operations Requirements

- ? Directory access among providers
- ? Intercarrier compensation
- ? Transaction accounting

#### + Innovation and Business Opportunities

- ? Infrastructure protection and security products
- ? Signalling and authentication products

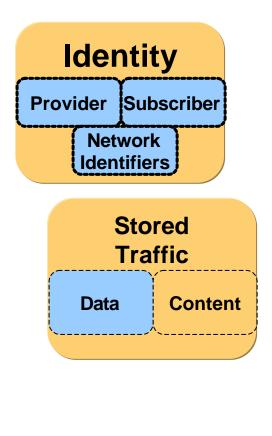
#### Other Consumer Requirements

- ? Disability assistance
- ? Universal Service
- ? CPNI protection

Ongoing regulatory, justice, and homeland security proceedings in countries worldwide



## EU Data Retention Directive as example of new regulation



- + Harmonizes data retention and access across Europe
- + Applies to
  - ? Fixed network telephony
  - ? Mobile telephony
  - ? Internet access, messaging and telephony
- + Provides data necessary to
  - ? trace and identify the source of a communication
  - ? trace and identify the destination of a communication
  - ? identify the date, time and duration of a communication
  - ? identify the type of communication
  - ? identify the communication device or purported device
  - ? identify the location of mobile communication equipment
- + Does not include content
- + Includes privacy enhancement features
- + Adopted by European Parliament on 14 Dec 2005
- Likely to be the subject of considerable implementation collaboration activities in 2006-2007



## Most important new technology-driven regulatory needs

- + Competitive requirements
  - ? Time to re-invent Computer III for IP-enabled NGN
    - Unbundled signalling network elements
    - Standard/open signalling interfaces
    - Secure reciprocal access to network signalling elements
- + Public infrastructure protection requirements
  - ? Controlled access to network resources
    - protected global "out-of-band" signalling infrastructure
  - ? Ability through trusted mechanisms to obtain authoritative
    - provider information
    - user/subscriber information and bindings to their communication identifiers
    - supplementary information to support public infrastructure needs

