

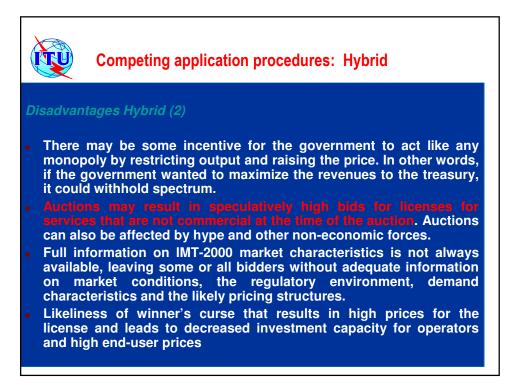


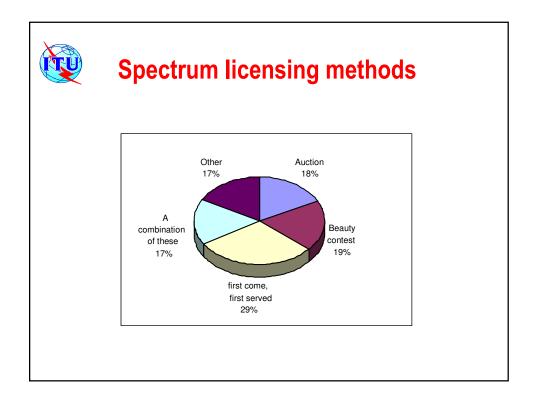


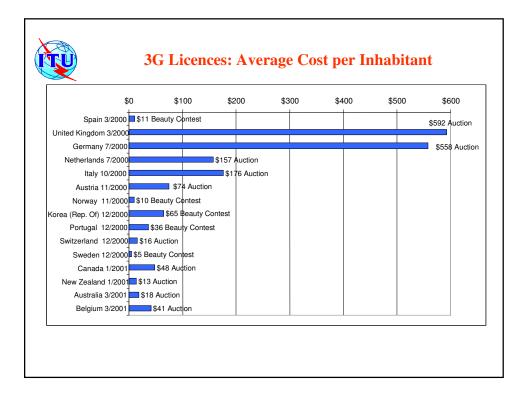
Competing application procedures: Hybrid

Disadvantages Hybrid (1)

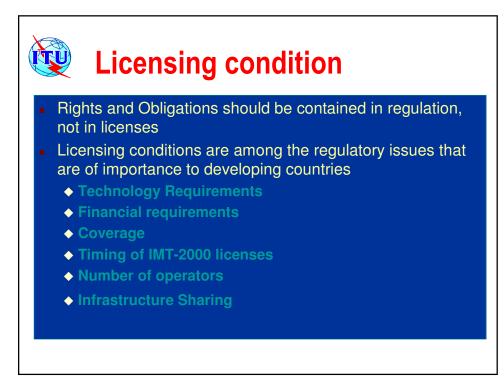
- Auctions may lead to increased concentration in the industry. The regulator can consider placing spectrum caps to limit the amount of spectrum that one entity can hold. In addition, a nation can address monopoly concerns through its antitrust laws or competition policies.
- Can be time consuming, particularly if the license is valuable. Applicants are often willing to exhaust all administration and litigation options.
- Beauty contest portion needs to be carefully structured to be fully transparent. Doubts over transparency of beauty contest process can lead to suspicions and dissatisfaction with the outcome.
- Can get expensive for the applicants if they are willing to spend large sums of money to succeed in the beauty contest portion of the process.



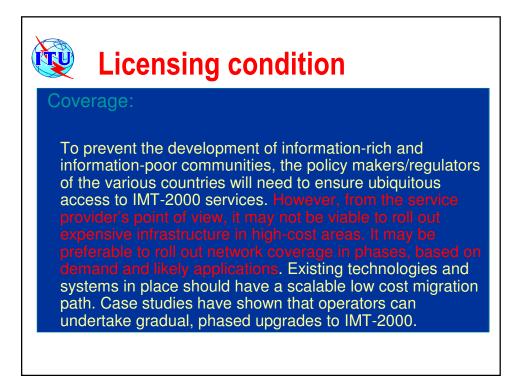


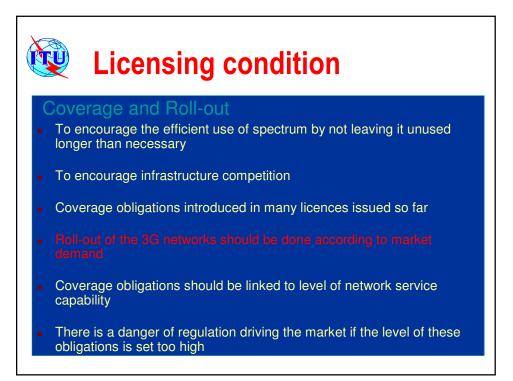












Licensing condition

Timing of IMT-2000 licenses:

The timing for introduction of a new service is crucial and varies from country to country. It is necessary to judge the market potential and to deploy technologies that are proven and established. Developing countries can ill-afford to experiment with technology. However, the process of introducing wideband wireless services is time consuming and would require licensing and regulatory preparedness from an early period. It would be advisable that developing countries begin consultation right as early as possible.

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