

An example of System Implementation of  
Broadband Wireless Access in Japan

***Broadband Access by “Fiber + Radio”  
-WIPAS (Wireless IP Access System)-***

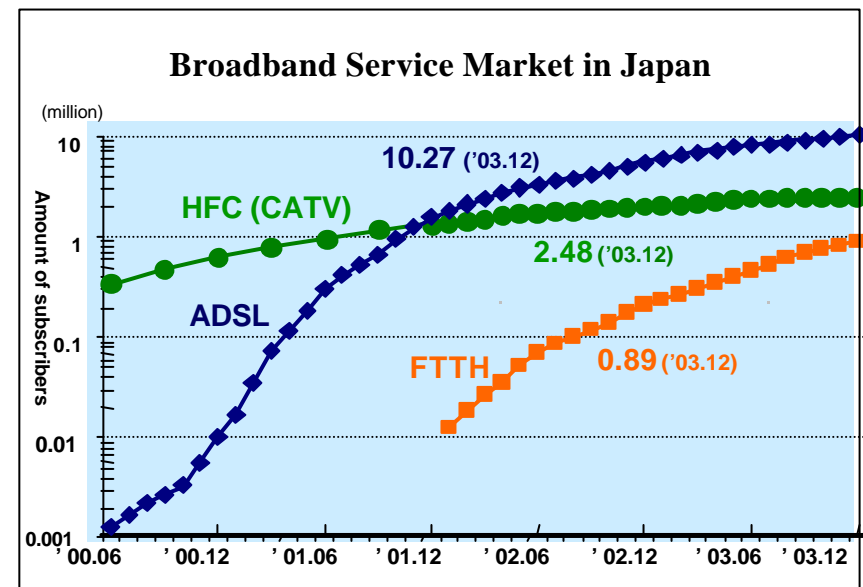
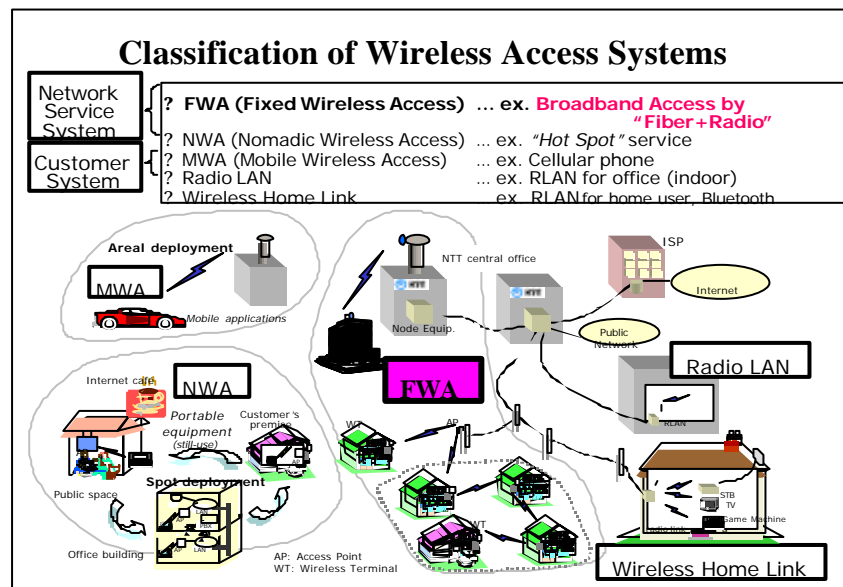
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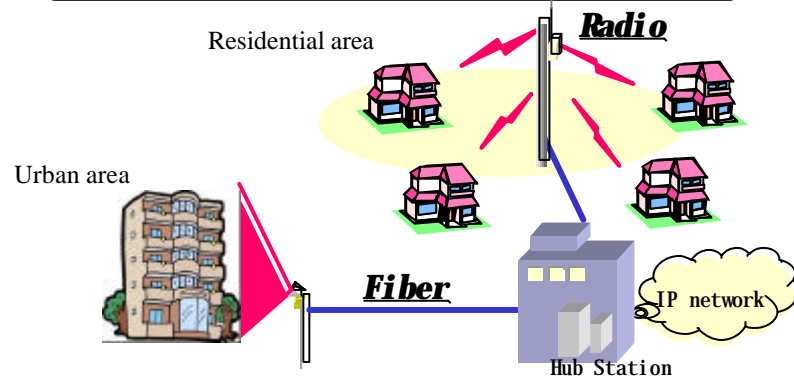
- Overview of Wireless Access and Broadband Services
- Broadband Access by “Fiber + Radio”: *WIPAS*
- Characteristics of *WIPAS*
- Examples of Broadband Services by “Fiber + Radio”

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## Broadband Access by “Fiber+Radio”

Broadband Wireless Access, compatible speed to FTTH  
...Fiber Optic Cable + **WIPAS (Wireless IP Access System)**

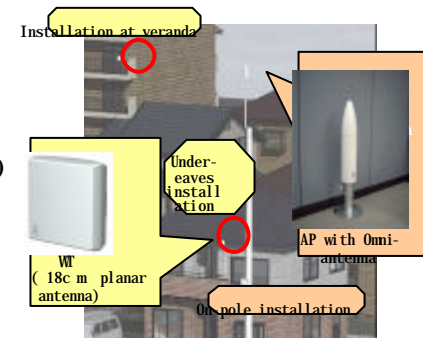


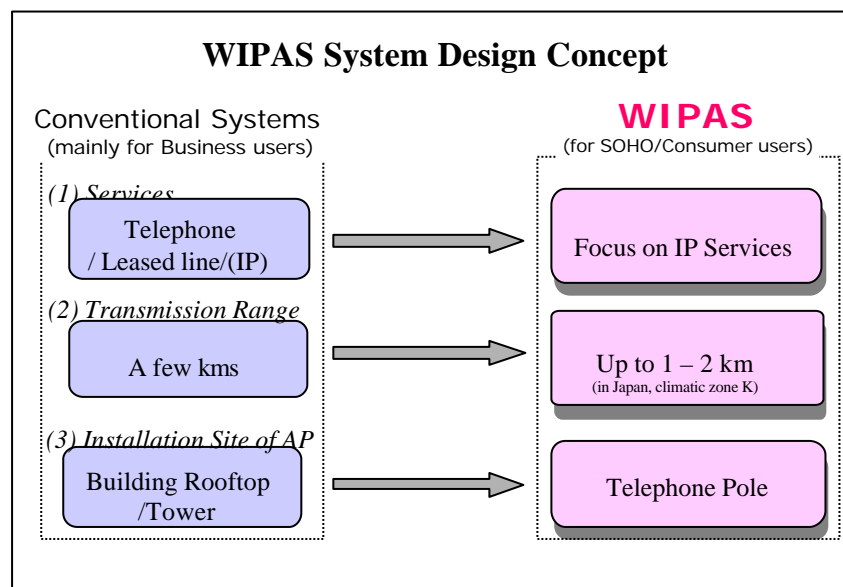
## WIPAS: Wireless IP Access System

**WIPAS** is the Broadband FWA (Fixed Wireless Access) system that consists of AP (Access Point) and WTs (Wireless Terminal) employing upper SHF: 26GHz band. Transmission rate of the wireless section is 80Mbit/s (Maximum transmission rate of Ethernet is 46Mbit/s), which is shared among the plural WTs.

- **Transmission rate**  
16QAM: 80 Mbit/s (46Mbit/s)  
QPSK: 40 Mbit/s (23Mbit/s)

? ( ) : Maximum transmission rate of Ethernet frame

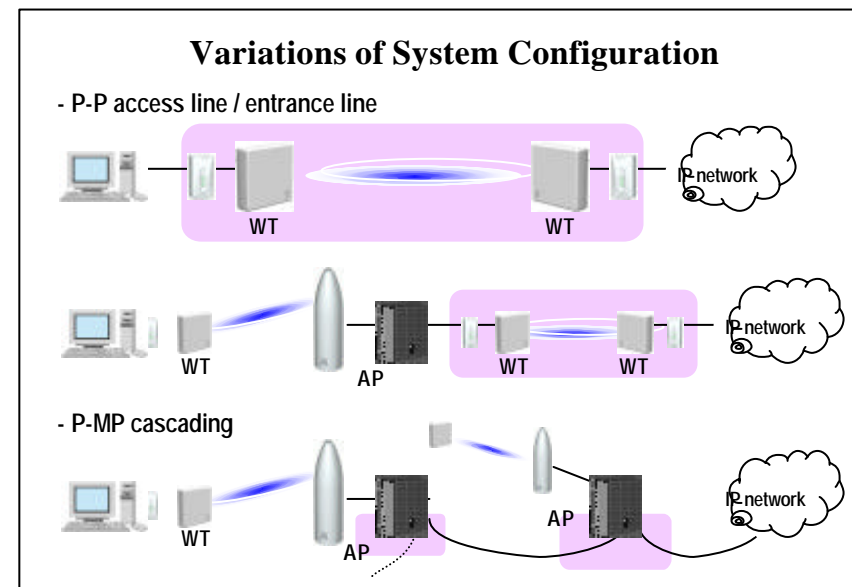
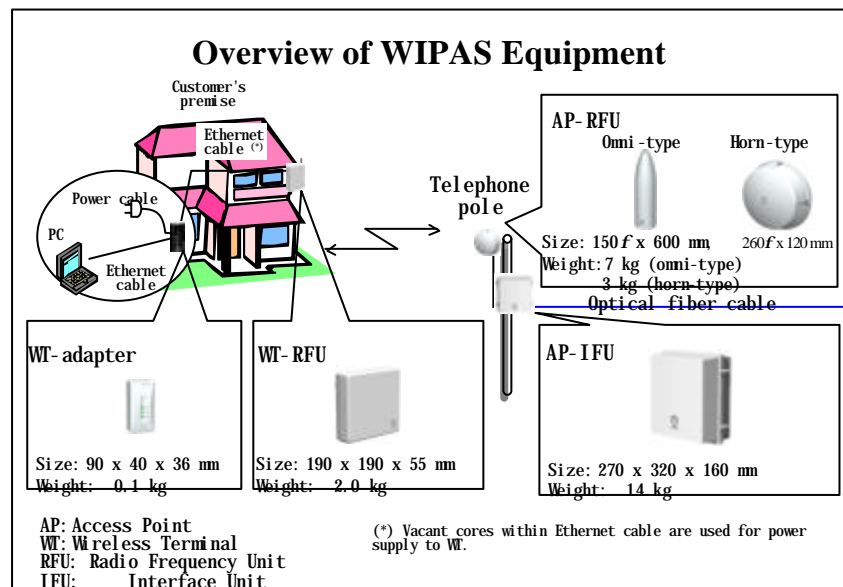










### Technical Specifications of WIPAS

conformable to ARIB STD T 58( P-P) / T 59 ( P-MP)

Frequency Band	26GHz band
Communication Scheme	TDMA/dynamic TDD
Symbol Speed	20M Symbol/Sec
Modulation Scheme	Adaptive Modulation (16QAM/QPSK)
Wireless Transmission Speed <small>(Maximum forward rate of Ethernet frame)</small>	QPSK: 40 Mbps (23 Mbps) 16 QAM: 80 Mbps (46 Mbps)
Transmission Power	QPSK : 14dBm 16 QAM : 11.5dBm
Maximum Number of Subscriber	239 Subscriber Stations per Access Point
Network Interface	100 Base-TX or 100 Base-FX <small>(Interactive service can be attained by one optic fiber)</small>
User Interface	100 Base-TX or 10 Base-T
Antenna Gain	Access Point (AP) Horn Antenna (5.5 dBi) CPE (WT) Omni Directional Antenna (6dBi) 18cm Flat Antenna (31.5dBi)
Transmission Range	1-2 km (Line of Sight)
Bandwidth Control	-Fairness Queuing Control by Round-robin Minimum Bandwidth Grant by Priority Queuing



### WT/AP Installation Images

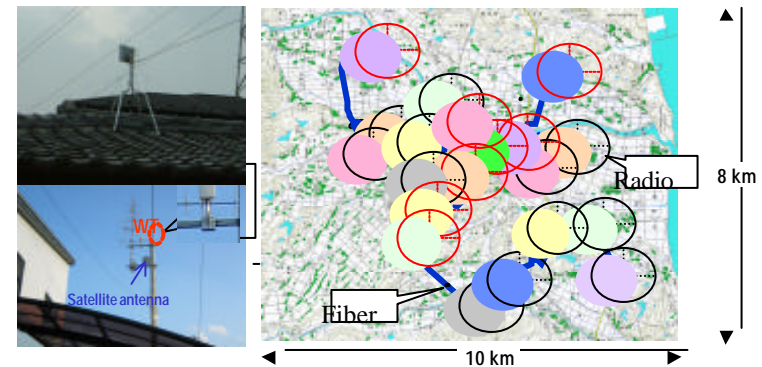
W T	Verandarailing	Concrete fence	Indoor (window glass)
			
A P	Dedicated pole	Common pole	Building rooftop
			

### Examples of Broadband Services by “Fiber + Radio”

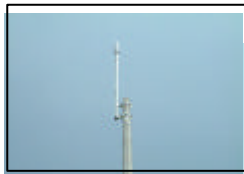
#### - Suburban residential area-

Dense deployment in Haramachi city

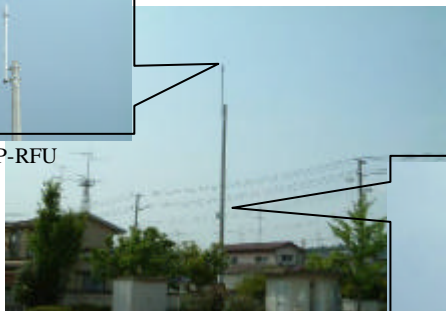
- designed to have more than 80 % LOS with premises in the cell



### Installed AP at suburban residential area



AP-RFU



AP installed at a park in residential area.



AP-IFU



Aerial view of residential area

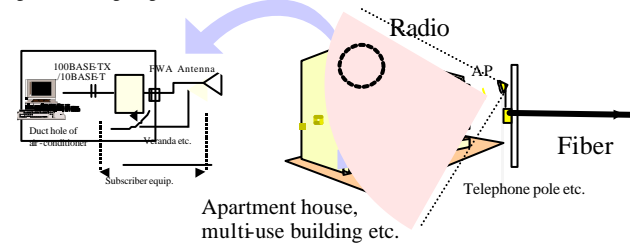
### Examples of Broadband Services by “Fiber + Radio”

#### - Urban residential spot-

Spot deployment at apartment houses

- fiber construction problems due to architectural limitations

Share connection of up to 46 Mbps download  
and up to 32 Mbps upload



(1) AP ( Installation height: 8-10m)

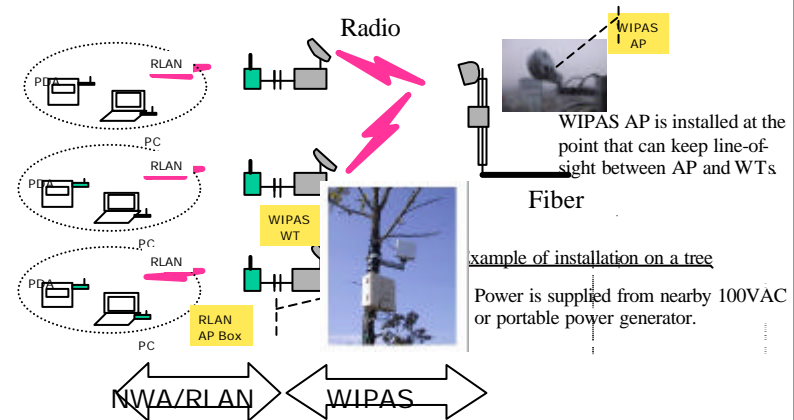
(1) AP ( Installation height: 8-10m)



(2) WT



**- NWA/RLAN Backhaul -**





## Required Technologies for Higher Speed “Fiber + Radio” FWA

### Background

- Digital broadcasting services has been started in 2003 in Japan.
- Last-one-hop problem is still essential.

**High speed**  
( >100 Mbit/s)



### *Key technologies*

- Frequency resource management
- Multi-level modulation
- Selected beam antenna
- Transmitter power problem
- Higher efficiency for MAC

## Summary

-Broadband Access by “Fiber+Radio” may be useful concept for deploying of Broadband Wireless Access Network.

-FWA systems using upper SHF band (for example: 26GHz band) can be introduced in Broadband Access Service Network effectively.

-Higher speed capability of FWA will be also required as complement for FTTH in the future.