

BROADBAND DEPLOYMENT: GAMTEL EXPERIENCE

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OVERVIEW OF BROADBAND

- What is broadband?
 - ITU Standardization sector defines Broadband services as transmission capacity that is faster than primary rate ISDN at 1.5Mbits to 2Mbit/s.
 - Economic Co-operation and development (OECD) considers Broadband to correspond to transmission speeds equal to or more than 256Kbit/s

OVERVIEW OF BROADBAND

- It can also be defined as the last mile connection above 128kb to the end user and depends on infrastructure.
- Broadband platforms for particular applications depend on latency affected by congestion or echo in the transmission network.



 Broadband Technologies using fixedcopper network

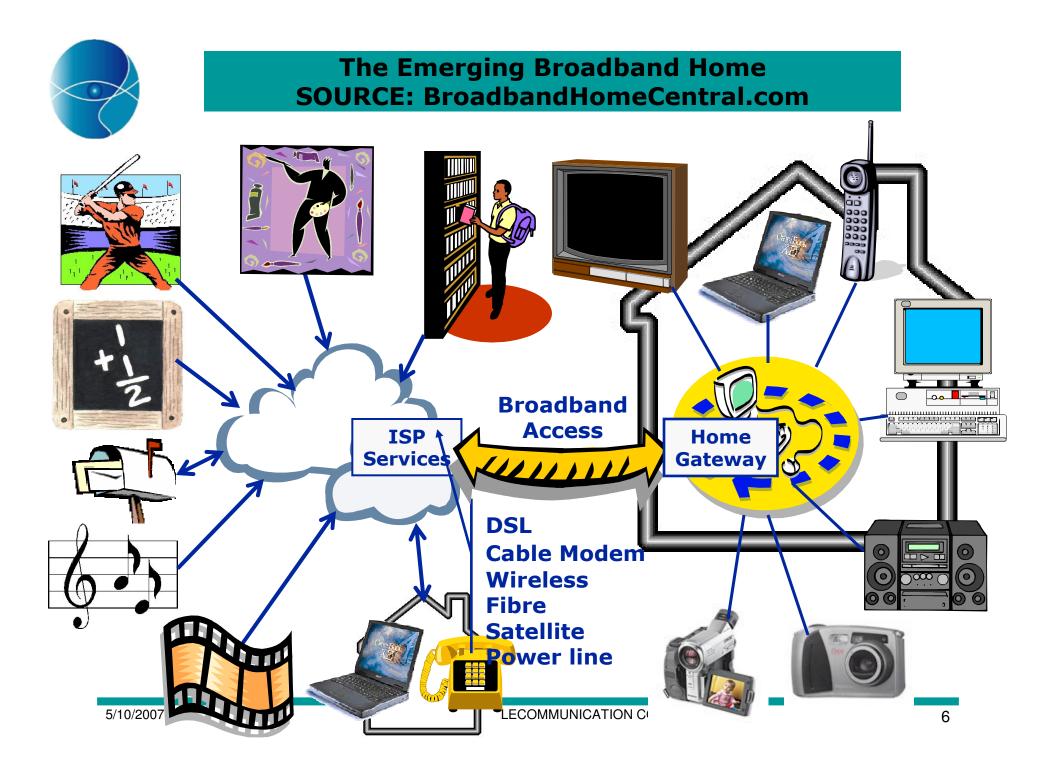
- Digital Subscriber Lines (DSL): <=256kbs
- Cable modems e.g. TV services
- Hybrid Fiber Coax (HFC)
- Fiber To The Home (FTTH)
- Broadband over Power line network



OVERVIEW OF BROADBAND

 Broadband Technologies using Wireless Network

- WiMax using the licensed frequencies
- CDMA (Ev-Do/DV)
- Satellite





The Promise of Broadband Source: BroadbandHomeCentral.com

Digital radio and TV everywhere in the home

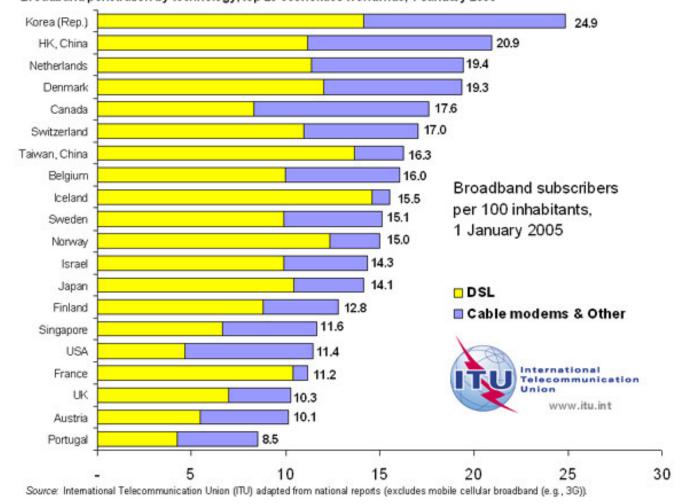
access



anywhere



Broadband penetration by technology, top 20 economies worldwide, 1 January 2005





Broadband roll-out considerations:

- Growing demand for high-speed Internet access.
- Fixed network faces competition (strategic shift from voice to data)
- Need to provide affordable high-speed Internet access.
- Add value to existing fixed lines and increase ARPU.
- The need to cater for the emerging services and applications

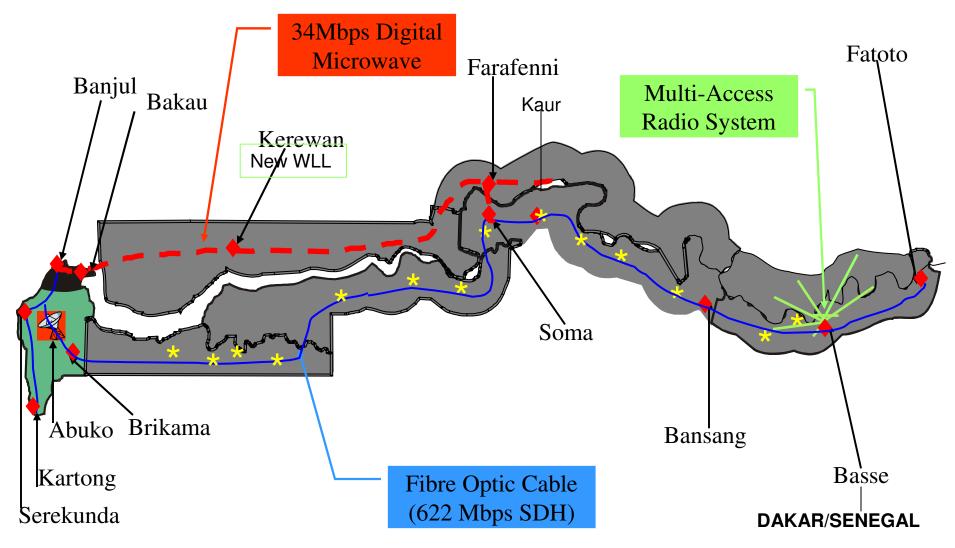


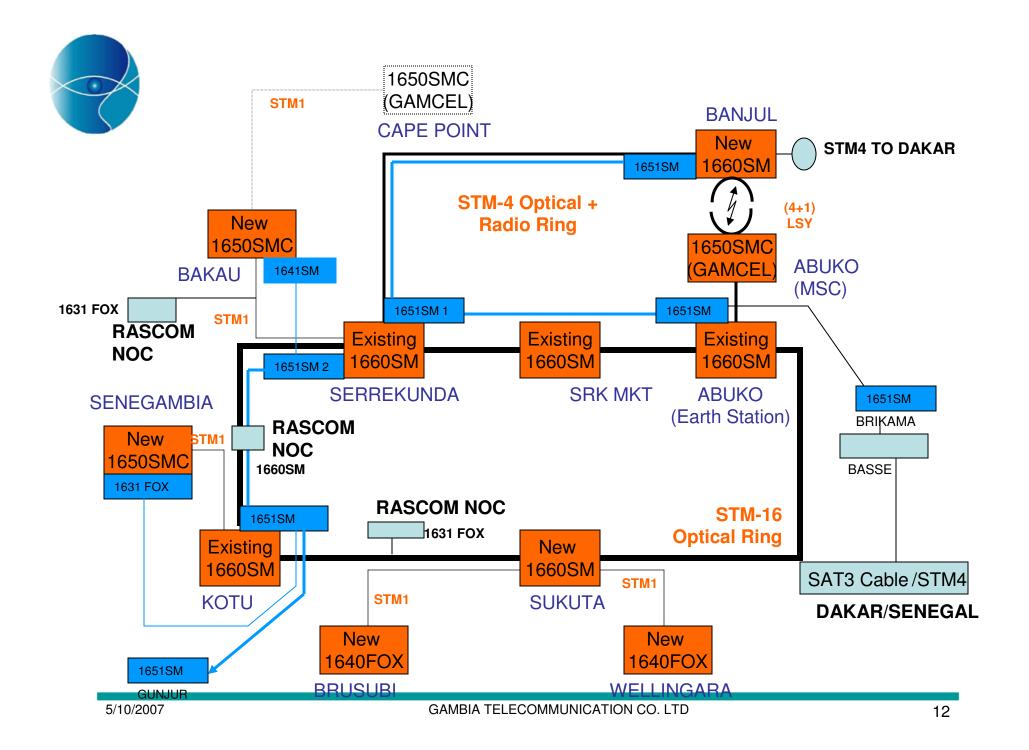
Existing infrastructures:

- Fixed line Network: Fiber core transmission and fixed copper lines for access with over 50,000 connected subscribers.
- CDMA EV DO data capacity : 5,000 customers
- An IP backbone for countrywide Internet access.
- Wireless network (WLL) deployed in remote areas.

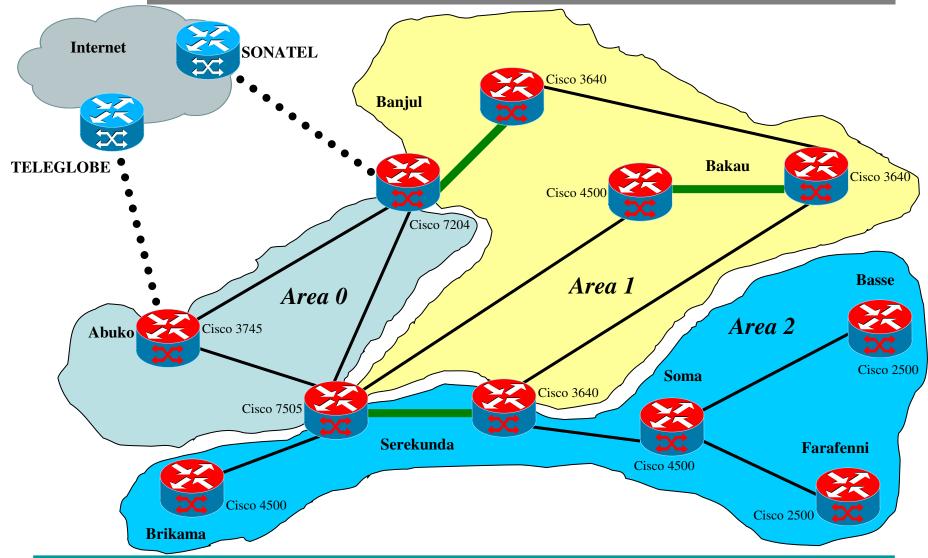


Topology





Existing Backbone Topology







Broadband Roll-out: GAMTEL

Market conditions for broadband services

- Large number of dial up customers
- Several ISDN services customers
- Many dedicated Internet leased lines services



- GAMTEL Broadband Technologies:-
 - Being the fixed network provider. The DSL technology was used to take advantage of the existing fixed line infrastructure.
 - Five DSLAM were deployed in five switching areas with one ATM switch in January 2006. This was preceded by a pilot of one DSLAM to test the operations as well as assess customers reaction.



- The feedback received from customers was encouraging and in effect demand for the service grew more than the provisioned capacity.
- One IP DSLAM was deployed to address the Internet needs of the AU conference in June 2006.



- Two categories of DSL services are being offered and both have the potential to grow:-
 - 1.0 Asymmetrical Digital Subscriber line (ADSL) is a form of DSL where more bandwidth is allocated to download than upload. This makes it ideal for web browsing and typical Internet usage. ADSL is available at a maximum distance of 3km from the local exchange- one of its disadvantages.



- Found to be suitable for residential use as the need for multiple lines is eliminated; on a single pair the telephone can be used and the Internet surfed simultaneously.
- SMEs also form the bulk of ADSL customers and is increasing.



Broadband Roll-out: GAMTEL

- 2.0 Single pair High-speed DSL (SHDSL): Its symmetric. SHDSL connections are best suited for servers (web, FTP, File) and other business uses such as video conferencing that require high speed in both direction.
 - Does not support voice, mostly used for business and substitutes the leased line.



CHALLENGES IN GAMTEL

- Limitation of distance in deploying DSL services and slow growth due to huge investment cost in copper network fixed lines.
- ✓ Hence the deployment of WLL (Air span) and CDMA wireless technologies deployed in both the pilot and expanded project included the EV-DO



CHALLENGES

- To upgrade the internet infrastructure and make it scalable and flexible, particularly to allow GAMTEL change their pricing model.
- Lack of suitable local content and hosted applications for broadband usage.
- Higher usage of the International bandwidth requiring more capacity. The International bandwidth is very expensive for African countries (full circuit)!!!



THE WAY FORWARD

- A state of the art IP-MPLS backbone is being implemented except to launch late July 2007 that is scalable and flexible. This will greatly enhance and help expand access to quality broadband services.
- A Wimax is also under consideration for roll out in collaboration with DOSCIT in support of the egovernment initiative as well as the e-health and e-education of the Pan African initiative.
- Food for thought: MAKING BANJUL A WIRELESS INTERNET CITY!!!



THANK YOU

END