

*Regional Seminar on Costs and Tariffs for TAF Group Member Countries*

*BANJUL, GAMBIA 7-8 MAY 2007*

## **International Telecommunication Union/Union Internationale de telecommunications**

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**Tariff policy feedback from countries - an African  
perspective / Retroaction sur les politiques tarifaires  
– perspective Africaine**

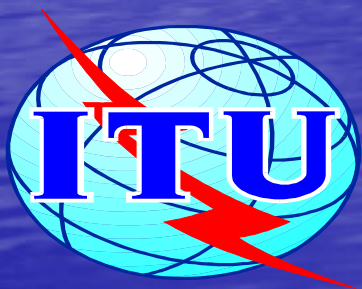
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# Tariff policy tracking : ITU INITIATIVES

- SURVEY MECHANISM A KEY FEATURE TO COLLECT AND COORDINATE DETAILED COUNTRY LEVEL DATA



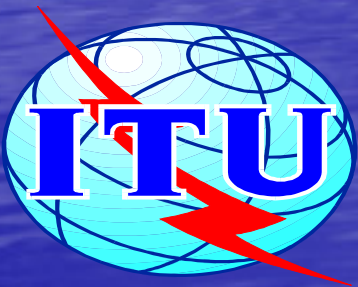


# OUTLINE OF SURVEY

TARIFF SURVEYS CONDUCTED BY ITU ARE DETAILED AND SEEK TO ELICIT INFORMATION ON A NUMBER OF KEY PARAMETERS

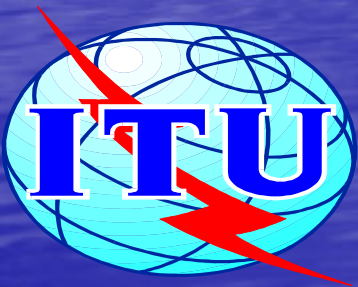
**OBJECTIVE** : To track and show trends in the application of Tariff Policies related to pricing, cost/tariff models, analytical accounting, interconnection charges, management of universal service and price control in different countries.

**Data is provided annually** by Telecommunication Regulatory Authorities and Network Operators. This reflects the situation of the organization at the date the questionnaire is completed.



# PARAMETERS STUDIED

- COST AND Tariff models
- Universal policy framework



# Brief overview of Tariff issues-Africa

## PRICE SETTING

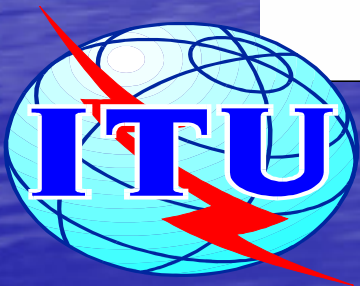
|                                                                             |      |         |
|-----------------------------------------------------------------------------|------|---------|
| 1. Set by the State                                                         | 2001 | 18.75 % |
|                                                                             | 2002 | 17.39 % |
|                                                                             | 2003 | 22.22 % |
|                                                                             | 2004 | 16.67 % |
|                                                                             | 2005 | 13.04 % |
| 2. On the basis of revenue requirements, having regard to company overheads | 2001 | 50.00 % |
|                                                                             | 2002 | 52.17 % |
|                                                                             | 2003 | 55.56 % |
|                                                                             | 2004 | 33.33 % |
|                                                                             | 2005 | 47.83 % |
| 3. On the basis of the individual production costs of each service          | 2001 | 37.50 % |
|                                                                             | 2002 | 52.17 % |
|                                                                             | 2003 | 33.33 % |
|                                                                             | 2004 | 33.33 % |
|                                                                             | 2005 | 56.52 % |
| 4. Benchmarking of Tariffs                                                  | 2001 | 0.00 %  |
|                                                                             | 2002 | 0.00 %  |
|                                                                             | 2003 | 0.00 %  |
|                                                                             | 2004 | 33.33 % |
|                                                                             | 2005 | 52.17 % |



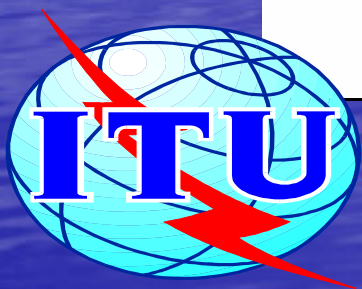


# TYPE OF COST MODEL

|                                               |      |         |
|-----------------------------------------------|------|---------|
| 1. Cost model developed by the company itself | 2001 | 46.67 % |
|                                               | 2002 | 63.64 % |
|                                               | 2003 | 44.44 % |
|                                               | 2004 | 57.14 % |
|                                               | 2005 | 39.13 % |
| 2. Cost model acquired on the market          | 2001 | 6.67 %  |
|                                               | 2002 | 4.55 %  |
|                                               | 2003 | 0.00 %  |
|                                               | 2004 | 0.00 %  |
|                                               | 2005 | 13.04 % |
| 3. Cost model of a regional organization      | 2001 | 0.00 %  |
|                                               | 2002 | 0.00 %  |
|                                               | 2003 | 0.00 %  |
|                                               | 2004 | 0.00 %  |
|                                               | 2005 | 4.35 %  |
| 4. ITU cost model                             | 2001 | 13.33 % |
|                                               | 2002 | 13.64 % |
|                                               | 2003 | 22.22 % |
|                                               | 2004 | 28.57 % |
|                                               | 2005 | 17.39 % |



|                                                               |      |         |
|---------------------------------------------------------------|------|---------|
| 6. Cost model of an international organization other than ITU | 2001 | 0.00 %  |
|                                                               | 2002 | 0.00 %  |
|                                                               | 2003 | 11.11 % |
|                                                               | 2004 | 0.00 %  |
|                                                               | 2005 | 4.35 %  |
| 7. None                                                       | 2001 | 33.33 % |
|                                                               | 2002 | 18.18 % |
|                                                               | 2003 | 22.22 % |
|                                                               | 2004 | 14.29 % |
|                                                               | 2005 | 21.74 % |



# TYPE OF COST MODELS USED

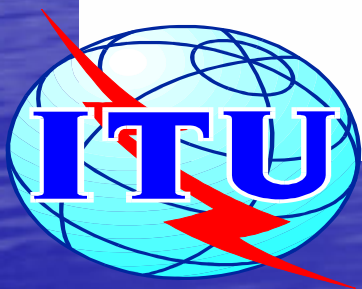
|                                         |      |         |
|-----------------------------------------|------|---------|
| . Historical costs                      | 2001 | 68.75 % |
|                                         | 2002 | 45.83 % |
|                                         | 2003 | 0.00 %  |
|                                         | 2004 | 57.14 % |
|                                         | 2005 | 69.57 % |
| . Current costs                         | 2001 | 12.50 % |
|                                         | 2002 | 45.83 % |
|                                         | 2003 | 0.00 %  |
|                                         | 2004 | 28.57 % |
|                                         | 2005 | 30.43 % |
| . Long-run market-based benchmark costs | 2001 | 6.25 %  |
|                                         | 2002 | 12.50 % |
|                                         | 2003 | 0.00 %  |
|                                         | 2004 | 14.29 % |
|                                         | 2005 | 21.74 % |
| . Long-run incremental costs (LRIC)     | 2001 | 0.00 %  |
|                                         | 2002 | 0.00 %  |
|                                         | 2003 | 0.00 %  |
|                                         | 2004 | 0.00 %  |
|                                         | 2005 | 0.00 %  |





# Basis of costing for tariffs

|                                 |      |         |
|---------------------------------|------|---------|
| . Fully distributed costs (FDC) | 2001 | 69.23 % |
|                                 | 2002 | 62.50 % |
|                                 | 2003 | 62.50 % |
|                                 | 2004 | 66.67 % |
|                                 | 2005 | 47.62 % |
| . Incremental costs (IC)        | 2001 | 0.00 %  |
|                                 | 2002 | 8.33 %  |
|                                 | 2003 | 25.00 % |
|                                 | 2004 | 33.33 % |
|                                 | 2005 | 19.05 % |



# FINANCING ISSUES IN RESPECT OF UNIVERSAL SERVICE

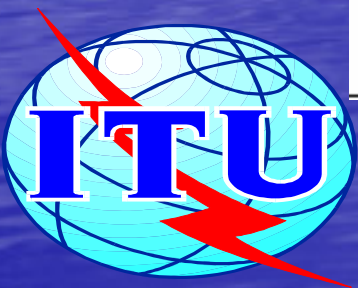
Cross-subsidies between international and national services

|      |         |
|------|---------|
| 2001 | 92.86 % |
| 2002 | 63.16 % |
| 2003 | 62.50 % |
| 2004 | 85.71 % |
| 2005 | 56.25 % |

# EMERGING AREAS FOR POLICY – VoIP

- Role of incumbent operator

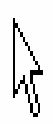
|                                                                                                                                    |      |         |
|------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|------|---------|
| <br>1. Permit interconnection with an IP provider | 2001 | 0.00 %  |
|                                                                                                                                    | 2002 | 42.11 % |
|                                                                                                                                    | 2003 | 42.86 % |
|                                                                                                                                    | 2004 | 20.00 % |
|                                                                                                                                    | 2005 | 36.84 % |
| 2. The incumbent operator is the only entity authorized to provide IP                                                              | 2001 | 0.00 %  |
|                                                                                                                                    | 2002 | 31.58 % |
|                                                                                                                                    | 2003 | 14.29 % |
|                                                                                                                                    | 2004 | 40.00 % |
|                                                                                                                                    | 2005 | 42.11 % |

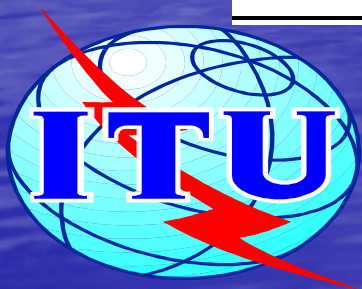




# Policy towards VoIP

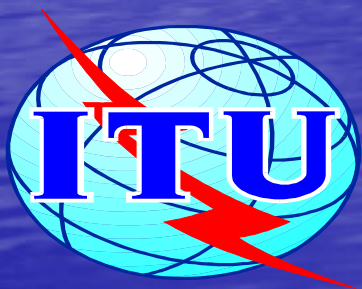
- Regulatory policy

|                                                                                                                                       |      |         |       |
|---------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|------|---------|-------|
| <br>4. No regulatory arrangements defined at present | 2001 | 0.00 %  | 0/0   |
|                                                                                                                                       | 2002 | 42.86 % | 9/21  |
|                                                                                                                                       | 2003 | 71.43 % | 5/7   |
|                                                                                                                                       | 2004 | 100.00  | 4/4   |
|                                                                                                                                       | 2005 | 72.22 % | 13/18 |



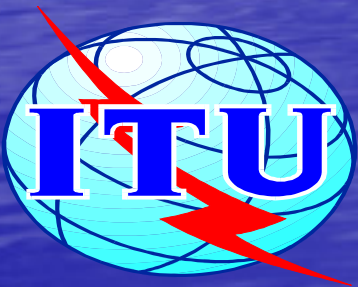
# FEEDBACK ON TARIFF LEVELS

| (IN US\$)                          | 2002  | 2005                |
|------------------------------------|-------|---------------------|
| Connection fee<br>Residence -fixed | 52    | 53                  |
| Monthly/ mensuel -fixed            | 4.3   | 5.2                 |
| Connection charge-<br>mobile       | 28.32 | 14.78<br>(AUG 2006) |
| Per minute call-mobile             | 0.25  | 0.26<br>(AUG 2006)  |



# INTERNET TARIFFS

- Interesting trend
- For 20 hours of use
- In 2002- USD 60.09
- In 2006(March)USD 47.09





# Implications for Revenue

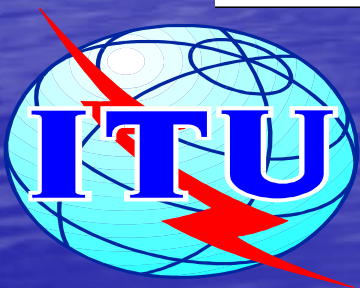
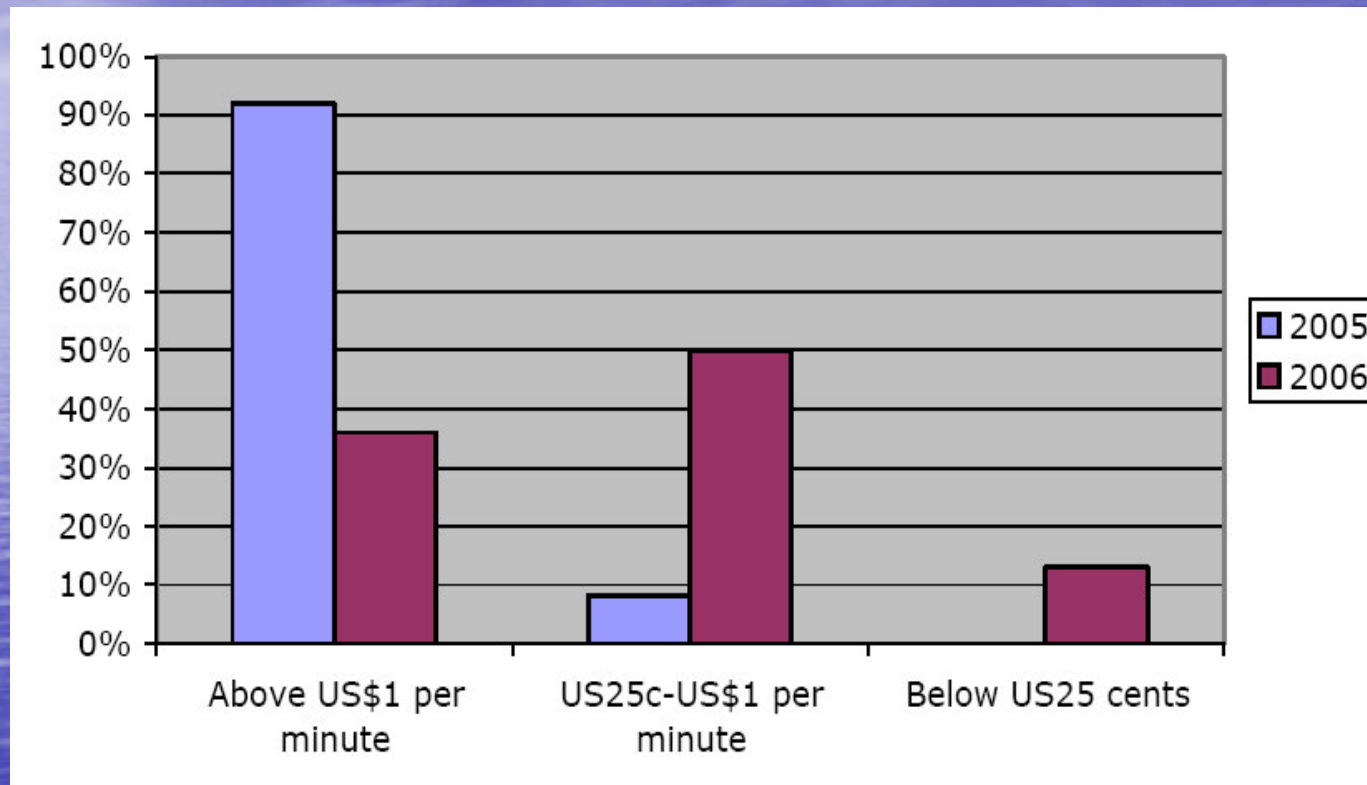
|          | Total<br>US\$(million) | %Mobile<br>revenues |
|----------|------------------------|---------------------|
| WORLD    | 1 287 088,4            | 38.3                |
| AFRICA   | 37 604,2               | 64,6                |
| AMERICAS | 39 088,4               | 32,7                |
| ASIA     | 381 550,1              | 47,1                |
| EUROPE   | 446 718,6              | 37,7                |
| OCEANIA  | 30 335,2               | 27,3                |





## International retail rates in Africa

Source: <http://www.itu.int/osg/spu/ni/voice/papers/FoV-Africa-Southwood-draft.pdf>

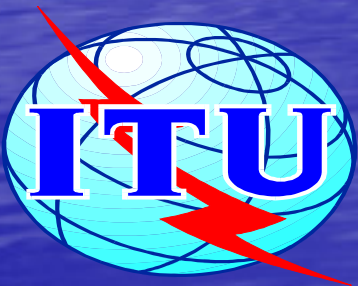


Implications for revenues : Source:  
<http://www.itu.int/osg/spu/ni/voice/papers/FoV-Africa-Southwood-draft.pdf>

**Box 3.1: Examples of Grey Market revenues as a % of overall international call revenue**

|                   |        |
|-------------------|--------|
| Overall average   | 20-30% |
| Cameroon          | 30%    |
| Lesotho           | 17%    |
| Sierra Leone      | 47%    |
| Equatorial Guinea | 20%    |

*Note:* Incumbent and Balancing Act estimates

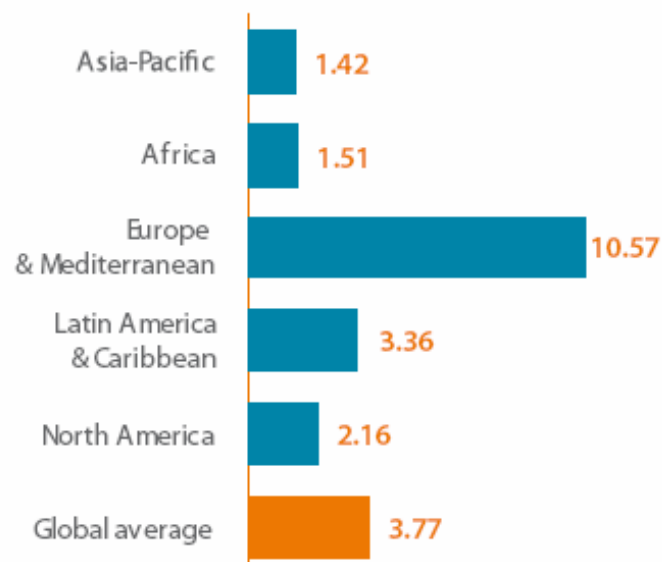


*international fixed and mobile call termination rates in different world regions, 2006*

Termination rates in US cents per minute

| Region                    | Average fixed rate | Average mobile rate |
|---------------------------|--------------------|---------------------|
| Asia-Pacific              | 11.69              | 16.58               |
| Africa                    | 13.62              | 20.57               |
| Europe & Mediterranean    | 3.11               | 32.86               |
| Latin America & Caribbean | 4.88               | 16.43               |
| North America             | 2.81               | 6.07                |
| Global average            | 5.77               | 21.76               |

Ratio between fixed and mobile call termination rates



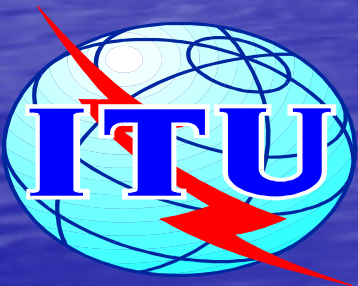
Note: The regions used in this analysis refer to the ITU regional tariff groups (TAS, TAF, TEUREM and TAL) and do not correspond precisely to those used for analysis elsewhere in the report. The "North America" region is not a regional tariff group, and this includes also jurisdictions and carriers regulated in North America.

Source: ITU-T Study Group 3 research, based on January 2006 questionnaire of ITU Member States



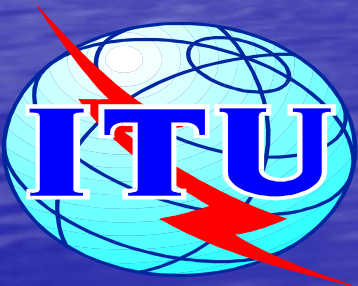
# Insights from analysis

- Tariff and revenue issues key to investment generation
- Linked to balanced and targeted policies of tariff policies
- Need to align future investment and financing policies with trends observed and targets sought to be achieved



# Way ahead

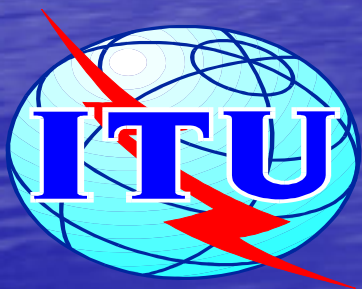
- Tariff policies need to be seen in alignment with market trends
- Cost orientation of tariffs and its regulatory implications to be shaped by competition conditions
- Accessibility and affordability still a key factor





# ENCOURAGING FINANCING AND INVESTMENT

- Thinking ahead- impact of VoIP
- Protecting consumer interests and choices
- Providing operators an enabling environment





THANK YOU  
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