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**Submission by: United States, Government**

**Note: Submission to the WSIS+10 MPP Vice Chair’s (Egypt’s) proposal for Chapter C, Challenges- during implementation of Action Lines and new challenges that have emerged.**

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**Note: This document is the WSIS+10 MPP Vice Chair’s (Egypt’s) proposal for Chapter C Challenges-during implementation of Action Lines and new challenges that have emerged. This is the version with track changes.**

Draft WSIS+10 Statement on the Implementation of WSIS Outcomes

C. Challenges-during implementation of Action Lines and new challenges that have emerged

**VC EGY: *We acknowledge* that the WSIS Action Lines, supported by a multistakeholder approach, have helped and continue to help in building awareness of the importance of people centric inclusive and development oriented Information Society.**

*We acknowledge* that the WSIS Action Lines have helped and continue to help in building awareness of the importance of people centric inclusive and development oriented Information Society. ***[Preliminarily Agreed]***

* **ISOC, Civil Society***: We acknowledge* that the WSIS Action Lines, (ISOC): supported by a multistakeholder approach, have helped and continue to help in building awareness of the importance of people centric inclusive and development oriented Information Society. ***[Preliminarily Agreed]***
* **Internet Democracy Project, CDT, IFLA and Access, Civil Society:** *We acknowledge* that the WSIS Action Lines have helped, and continue to help, in building awareness of the importance of the [WORD ADDED] people centric, inclusive and development oriented Information Society. ***[Preliminarily Agreed]***

**VC EGY: *We note* that the WSIS Action Lines have helped and will continue to help in constituting, enabling and supporting a sound framework and approach for realizing the goal of an inclusive Information Society.**

*We note* that the WSIS Action lines have helped and continue to help in constituting, enabling and supporting a Sound framework and approach forrealizing the goal of an inclusive Information Society. ***[Preliminarily Agreed]***

* **Japan, Government***: We note* that the WSIS Action lines have helped and continue to help in constituting, enabling and supporting a sound framework and approach forrealizing the goal of an inclusive Information Society. ***[Preliminarily Agreed]***

*We recognize*

**VC EGY:**

* **That several challenges have been identified in the implementation of the WSIS Action Lines that still remain and would need to be addressed in order to build inclusive Information Society beyond 2015.**
* **The need for ensuring proper integration of the WSIS and the Post-2015 Development Agenda.**
* That several challenges have been identified in the implementation of the WSIS Action Lines that still remain and would need to be addressed in order to build inclusive Information Society beyond 2015. ***[Preliminarily Agreed]***
* That in the vision of WSIS beyond 2015 in new challenges emerge in the development and implementation of the inclusive Information Society. ***[Preliminarily Agreed]***
* The need for integration of the WSIS and the Post-2015 Development Agenda, as appropriate. ***[Preliminarily Agreed]***
  + **Sweden, Government:** The need for ensuring proper integration of the WSIS and the Post-2015 Development Agenda. ***[Preliminarily Agreed]***
  + **Internet Democracy Project, CDT, IFLA and Access, Civil Society:** That there is a critical need [WORDS ADDED] for integration of the WSIS and the Post-2015 Development Agenda as appropriate. ***[Preliminarily Agreed]***

*We further recognize*

**the following challenges that have emerged in the implementation of Action Lines and**

**new challenges beyond 2015:**

**VC EGY: 1 - More than half of the world’s population is still not connected to the Internet, and the information and communication infrastructure development needs to continue, especially in rural and remote areas.**

1. More than **half of the world’s population is still not connected to the Internet**, and information and communication infrastructure development needs to continue, especially in rural and remote areas, through the fostering of policy frameworks that drive economic development, promote innovation and enable the free flow of information and services. ***[Preliminarily Agreed]***

* **Czech Republic, Government**: More than **half of the world’s population is still not connected to the Internet**, and information and communication infrastructure development needs to continue, especially in rural and remote areas, through the fostering of policy frameworks that drive economic development, promote innovation and enable the free flow of information and services. ***[Preliminarily Agreed]***
* **ISOC, Civil Society:** More than **half of the world’s population is still not connected to the Internet**, and information and communication infrastructure development needs to continue, especially in rural and remote areas, through the fostering enabling environments that drive economic development, promote innovation and enable the free flow of information and services. ***[Preliminarily Agreed]***
* **ICANN, Civil Society**: That more than **half of the world’s population is still not connected to the Internet**, and information and communication infrastructure development needs to continue, especially in rural and remote areas, through the fostering of policy frameworks that drive economic development, promote innovation and enable the free flow of information and services. ***[Preliminarily Agreed]***
* **Internet Democracy Project, CDT, IFLA and Access, Civil Society**: More than **half of the world’s population is still not connected to the Internet**, and the development of high quality information and communication infrastructure needs to continue, especially in rural and remote areas, through the fostering of policy frameworks that drive economic development, promote innovation and enable the free flow of information and services. ***[Preliminarily Agreed in slightly different version]***

**VC EGY: 2 - The need to protect and reinforce human rights, as referred to in the Preamble, and to recognize their importance to realize economic and social development, ensuring equal respect for and enforcement of human rights online and offline.**

1. Protection and reinforcement of human rights, as referred to in the Preamble.

[particularly privacy, freedom of expression and freedom of association, in a rapidly changing context, and recognition of their importance to realizing economic and social development ensuring equal respect for and enforcement of human rights online and offline.]

* **Japan, Government**: Protection and reinforcement of human rights, as referred to in the Preamble.[particularly privacy, freedom of expression and freedom of assembly and association, in a rapidly changing context, and recognition of their importance to realizing economic and social development ensuring equal respect for and enforcement of human rights online and offline.]
* **ISOC, Civil Society**: Protection and reinforcement of human rights, as referred to in the Preamble. [particularly privacy, freedom of expression and freedom of association, in a rapidly changing context, and recognition of their importance to realizing economic and social development ensuring equal respect for and enforcement of human rights online and offline. Ensuringthat the **same rights that people have offline must also be protected online**, in particular freedom of expression, which is applicable regardless of frontiers and through any media of one’s choice, in accordance with articles 19 of the Universal Declaration of Human Rights and the International Covenant on Civil and Political Rights.]
* **Canada, Government**: Protection and reinforcement of human rights, as referred to in the Preamble. [particularly privacy, freedom of expression and freedom of association, in a rapidly changing context, and recognition of their importance to realizing economic and social development ensuring equal respect for and enforcement of human rights online and offline.]
* **ICANN, Civil Society*:*** That Protection and reinforcement of human rights, as referred to in the Preamble.[particularly privacy, freedom of expression and freedom of association, in a rapidly changing context, and recognition of their importance to realizing economic and social development ensuring equal respect for and enforcement of human rights online and offline.
* **Internet Democracy Project, CDT, IFLA and Access, Civil Society**: The need to **protect and reinforce human rights**, as referred to in the Preamble, and in particular the rights to privacy, freedom of expression and freedom of association, in a rapidly changing context, and to recognise their importance to realizing economic and social development, ensuring equal respect for and enforcement of human rights online and offline.
* **Sweden, Government**: Protection and reinforcement of human rights, as referred to in the Preamble. [particularly privacy, freedom of expression and freedom of association, in a rapidly changing context, and recognition of their importance to realizing economic and social development ensuring equal respect for and enforcement of human rights online and offline**Ensuringthat the same rights that people have offline must also be protected online, in particular freedom of expression, which is applicable regardless of frontiers and through any media of one’s choice, in accordance with articles 19 of the Universal Declaration of Human Rights** .]

**VC EGY: ~~3~~ - Delete it’s not relevant to challenges**

1. [Making possible that, in the information society, all States take measures to prevent, and refrain themselves from taking, any unilateral measures not in accordance with international law and the United Nations Charter, that impedes the full achievement of economic and social development of the population of the countries concerned, and be contrary to the welfare of their citizens.]

* **Japan, Government** [Making possible that, in the information society, all States take measures to prevent, and refrain themselves from taking, any unilateral measures not in accordance with international law and the United Nations Charter, that impedes the full achievement of economic including social development of the population of the countries concerned, and be contrary to the welfare of their citizens.]
* **UK, Government**: Deleted
* **ISOC, Civil Society**: Deleted
* **Internet Democracy Project, CDT, IFLA and Access, Civil Society**: COMMENT: ORIGINAL PARA 3 HAS BEEN MOVED DOWN.

**VC EGY~~: 4~~ – agree on the merging suggested by the 2nd MPP Meeting**

1. *Merged with para 46 during the meeting.*

**VC EGY:~~5~~ - Delete it’s already mentioned in the note challenges part**

1. *Deleted*

* **Sweden, Government***: Fully aligning the objectives of the WSIS Action Lines with the Post-2015 Development Agenda.*

**VC EGY: ~~6~~– 3 – (MERGE OF 6 and 7) The need to increase the global, regional and national awareness of the relevance of WSIS Process to national economic development-related strategies, policies and initiatives and the positive role it could play in their development.**

1. **The need for** increasing the low **global, regional and national awareness** about the relevance of WSIS to national economic development-related strategies and policies and the positive role it could play in the development of national strategies and policies, which underpins global development of ICTs, promote investment in ICTs and infrastructure, and foster entrepreneurship and innovation. ***[Preliminarily Agreed]***

* **Internet Democracy Project, CDT, IFLA and Access, Civil Society**: The need to **increase the low global, regional and national awareness** about the relevance of WSIS to national economic development-related strategies and policies and the positive role it could play in the development of national strategies and policies, which underpin[DELETED: s] global development of ICTs, promote investment in ICTs and infrastructure, and foster entrepreneurship and innovation. ***[Preliminarily Agreed]***

1. Need for a clear linkage **between the WSIS Process at the international level and initiatives** at the national and regional level, including **bottom-up initiatives ,**. ***[Preliminarily Agreed]***

**VC EGY: ~~6 bis)~~ – 4 - The need to continue to set realistic goals and decisive actions to reduce the gap between developed and developing countries in terms of technology.**

**6 bis) The need to** continue to set realistic goals and decisive action to reduce the gap between developed and developing countries in terms of technology, [in particular the establishment of important financing and technology transfer actions.]

* **ICANN: The need to** continue to set realistic goals and decisive action to reduce the gap between developed and developing countries in terms of technology, for example through the establishment of important financing and technology transfer actions.]
* **UK, Government**: **The need to** continue to set realistic goals and decisive action to reduce the gap between developed and developing and less developed countries in terms of technology,
* **Internet Democracy Project, CDT, IFLA and Access, Civil Society**:The need to continue to set realistic goals and take decisive action to **reduce the gap between developed and developing countries in terms of technology**, including in terms of their ability to create infrastructure, in particular through the establishment of effective, enhanced financing and technology transfer actions.

**VC EGY: ~~8~~ – 5 -** **Policy frameworks and other initiatives, and other measures are required to address the digital divide that drive economic development and social wellbeing, especially in developing and least developed countries.**

1. Policy frameworks and other initiatives [including establishment of IXPs and the other measures] are required that address the digital divide that drive economic development and social wellbeing, especially in developing and least developed countries. The adherence to the concept of access for all to ICT, including to broadband in developing countries and least developed countries is important.

* **Czech Republic, Government**: Policy frameworks and other initiatives are required that address the digital divide that drive economic development and social wellbeing, especially in developing and least developed countries. The adherence to the concept of access for all to ICT, including to broadband in developing countries and least developed countries is important.
* **Japan, Government**: Policy frameworks and other initiatives [including establishment of IXPs and the other measures] are encouraged that address the digital divide that drive economic development and social wellbeing, especially in developing and least developed countries. The adherence to the concept of access for all to ICT, including to broadband in developing countries and least developed countries is important.
* **ICANN, Civil Society**: That Policy frameworks and other initiatives [including establishment of IXPs and the other measures] are required that address the digital divide that drive economic development and social wellbeing, especially in developing and least developed countries. The adherence to the concept of access for all to ICT, including to broadband in developing countries and least developed countries is important.
* **UK, Government:** Policy frameworks and other initiatives including establishment of IXPs and the other measures are required that address the digital divide that drive economic development and social wellbeing, especially in developing and less developed countries. The adherence to the concept of access for all to ICT, including to broadband in developing countries and least developed countries is important.
* **APIG, Civil Society**: Policy frameworks and other initiatives [[including establishment of IXPs and the other measures called for in Recommendation ITU-T D.50 and its Supplements] ¦ [including measures such as establishment of IXPs; development of local services including local hosting and local applications; access to landing points for submarine cables and related issues; mirror sites and caches; additional infrastructure; submarine cable build out; implementation of elements of Recommendation ITU-T D.50, in particular mechanisms for sharing the cost of international Internet bandwidth; agreements enabling direct international Internet connections that take into account the possible need for compensation between them for the value of elements such as traffic flow, number of routes, geographical coverage and cost of international transmission, and the possible application of network externalities, amongst others]] are required that address the digital divide that drive economic development and social wellbeing, especially in developing and least developed countries. The adherence to the concept of access for all to ICT, including to broadband in developing countries and least developed countries is important.

**VC EGY: ~~9~~ – 6 - The need to improve policies, including policy coherence across key information society sectors and reduce the skills gap between rich and poor within the same country, between countries, and between regions.**

1. **Improving policies** (including policy coherence across key information society sectors such as ICT, Science and Innovation, and Education) and reducing a growing skills gap between rich and poor within the same country, between countries, and between regions of the world, which is hindering economic and social development.

* **Czech Republic, Government: Improving policies** (including policy coherence across key information society sectors such as ICT, Science and Innovation, and Education) and reducing a skills gap between rich and poor within the same country, between countries, and between regions of the world, which is hindering economic and social development.

**VC EGY:** **delete 9 bis and 9bis alt, it will be covered in other points in details.**

9 bis) Improving the socio-economic situation of developing countries that affects, as regards to ICT, the ability of creating infrastructures and the training of the necessary human resources.

**9 bis Alt.) Responding to the social economic difficulties of developing countries as regard to ICTs ,** the ability of creating infrastructures and the training of the necessary human resources.

**VC EGY: ~~10~~ – 7 - The need to enable the legal, regulatory and policy environment, including multi-stakeholder approaches, as appropriate at the national, regional, and international levels to continue to promote best access to ICT, investment and infrastructure and foster entrepreneurship and innovation.**

**(ALT) EGY VC:** The need to enable appropriate process, including multistakeholder approaches, where applicable to develop the necessary legal, regulatory and policy frameworks at the national, regional, and international levels to continue to promote best access to ICT, investment and infrastructure, foster entrepreneurship and innovation..

1. The need for the **necessary legal, policy and regulatory frameworks** developed using appropriate process, [including multistakeholder approaches], [where applicable,] at the national, regional and international levels to continue to promote best access to ICT, investment and infrastructure, foster entrepreneurship and innovation.

* **Japan, Government**: The need for the **necessary legal, policy and regulatory frameworks** to be developed using appropriate process, [including multistakeholder approaches], [where applicable,] at the national, regional and international levels to continue to promote best access to ICT, investment and infrastructure, foster entrepreneurship and innovation
* **ISOC, Civil Society**: The need for **enabling policy frameworks,** including multistakeholder approaches,,] at the national, regional and international levels to continue to promote best access to ICT, investment and infrastructure, foster entrepreneurship and innovation. (edited by ISOC)
* **Canada, Government:** Deleted
* **ICANN, Civil Society**: The need for  **legal, policy and regulatory frameworks** (including independent regulators) developed using appropriate process, [including multistakeholder approaches], [where applicable,] at the national, regional and international levels to continue to promote best access to ICT, investment and infrastructure, foster entrepreneurship and innovation.

**VC EGY: ~~11~~ Deleted by the 2nd MPP meeting**

1. *Deleted*

**VC EGY:~~12~~ – 8 – (merging 12, 15 & 63) That greater efforts are still required to improve affordable access to ICTs for all citizens, in particular in the developing countries and LDCs. There is also a need to ensure equity of access, in terms of human capacities and access to current and new ICTs technologies, between urban and rural communities within countries and between countries.**

1. Bridging **inequity of access in terms of human capacities and access to technologies** between countries, and between urban and rural communities within countries and the same country. ***[Preliminarily Agreed]***

* ***ICANN, Civil Society:*** The need to Bridge **inequity of access in terms of human capacities and access to technologies** between countries, and between urban and rural communities within countries and the same country. ***[Preliminarily Agreed]***

1. - Ensuring continued extension of **access to ICTs for all,** as well as information and knowledge, **including public access,** particularly in developing countries and among marginalised communities in all countries. ***[Preliminarily Agreed]***

* **ICANN, Civil Society*:*** The need to Ensure continued extension of **access to ICTs for all,** as well as information and knowledge, **including public access,** particularly in developing countries and among marginalised communities in all countries. ***[Preliminarily Agreed]***

63. Greater efforts are still required to improve affordable access for all citizens, in particular in the developing countries and LDCs. ***[Preliminarily Agreed]***

* **ICANN, Civil Society*:*** That greater efforts are still required to improve affordable access for all citizens, in particular in the developing countries and LDCs. ***[Preliminarily Agreed]***

**VC EGY: ~~13~~ – 9 –** **(merging point 13, 19 and 54 as recommended by the 2nd MPP meeting) The need to fully integrate gender equality perspectives in WSIS related strategies and facilitate their implementation as referred to in the Preamble to ensure that the Information Society enables women’s empowerment and full participation on the basis of equality in all spheres of society and in all decision-making processes.**

1. - To fully integrate **gender equality perspectives** in WSIS related strategies and facilitate their implementation. Efforts should go beyond techno-centric solutions towards advancing women’s innovative and meaningful use of ICTs for their empowerment and development.

* **ICANN, Civil Society**: The need to fully integrate **gender equality perspectives** in WSIS related strategies and facilitate their implementation. Efforts should go beyond techno-centric solutions towards advancing women’s innovative and meaningful use of ICTs for their empowerment and development.

1. - Despite progress, **women still lack access, requisite skills and awareness**. They are still not well represented in decision-making positions and as producers in the ICT sector and are under-represented in the ICT industry in general.

* **Canada, Government**: Despite progress, **women still lack access and requisite skills** . They are still not well represented in decision-making positions and as producers in the ICT sector and are under-represented in the ICT industry in general.
* **ICANN, Civil Society**: That Despite progress, **women still lack access, requisite skills and awareness**. They are still not well represented in decision-making positions and as producers in the ICT sector and are under-represented in the ICT industry in general.

1. - Providing continuing skills development, **especially for women,** in a wide range of digital and technology-based skills to meet existing employment opportunities but also to allow youth to participate in the development and growth of digitally-based industries including the creative and cultural industries.

* **ICANN, Civil Society**: The need to provide continuing skills development, **especially for women,** in a wide range of digital and technology-based skills to meet existing employment opportunities but also to allow youth to participate in the development and growth of digitally-based industries including the creative and cultural industries.

**VC EGY: ~~14~~ –** **delete its covered in other points.**

1. **- The need to acknowledge indigenous and traditional knowledge** as fundamental in building pathways to develop innovative processes and strategies for locally-appropriate sustainable development. ***[Preliminarily Agreed]***

**VC EGY: ~~15~~ – merged with original point 12**

**VC EGY: ~~16 – 16bis – 16ter~~ - 10 - the need to promote and ensure the safety of online journalists, including citizen journalists, human right defenders and their freedom of expression in accordance with the principles cited in the Preamble and subject to national laws and legislation.**

16- [Promote and ensure the s**afety of online journalists,** [including citizen journalists ] [bloggers ]and human right activists, in accordance to the principles cited in the Preamble ] [subject to national legislation]

* **Japan, Government**: [Promote and ensure the s**afety of online journalists,** [including citizen journalists ] [bloggers ]and human right activists, in line with the principles cited in the Preamble ] [subject to national legislation]
* **ISOC, Civil Society**: [Promote and ensure the s**afety of online journalists,** including citizen journalists , [bloggers ]and human right activists, in accordance to the principles cited in the Preamble ]
* **UK, Government**: [Promote and ensure the s**afety of online journalists,** [including citizen journalists ] [bloggers ]and human right defenders, in accordance to the principles cited in the Preamble ] [subject to national legislation]
* **Canada, Government:** [Promote and ensure the s**afety of online journalists,** [including citizen journalists ] [bloggers ]and human rights activists, in accordance with the Universal Declaration of Human Rights and the International Covenant on Civil and Political Rights ]
* 16 bis) [Promote a safe and enabling environment for journalists to perform their work in  accordance with article 19 of the International Covenant on Civil and Political Rights. ] [subject to national legislation]**UK, Government**: Delete
* **Canada, Government**: Delete

16 ter.) [Promote and ensure the safety of online journalists, bloggers and human right activists, in accordance to the principles cited in the Preamble] [subject to national legislation]

**VC EGY: ~~17~~ – 11 - (merging point 17, 18 and 54) The need for more engagement of youth and enhancement of their participation in the WSIS process, to facilitate their inclusion and to strengthen their role in the Information Society development at the national, regional and international levels as referred to in the Preamble,**

1. - The need for **engagement of youth, the older persons, indigenous people and persons with disability** in the discussions related to ICTs for Development.

* **Czech Republic, Government**: Enable the **engagement of youth, the older persons, indigenous people and persons with disability** in the discussions related to ICTs for Development .

1. - Enhance the **participation of all youth,** and their access to the benefits of the information revolution and contribution to decision making processes. Improved engagement of youth in the discussions related to ICTs for Development.

54- Providing continuing skills development, **especially for women,** in a wide range of digital and technology-based skills to meet existing employment opportunities but also to allow youth to participate in the development and growth of digitally-based industries including the creative and cultural industries.

* **ICANN, Civil Society**: The need to provide continuing skills development, **especially for women,** in a wide range of digital and technology-based skills to meet existing employment opportunities but also to allow youth to participate in the development and growth of digitally-based industries including the creative and cultural industries.

**VC EGY: ~~18~~ – deleted (merged with original point 17)**

**VC EGY: ~~19~~ - deleted (merged with original point 13)**

**VC EGY: ~~20~~ – 12 – The need to encourage multi-stakeholder approaches in policy development and decision-making at the national, regional, and international levels as referred to in the Preamble**

1. - [Building models of multi-stakeholder **governance at national, regional, and international levels** that are open, transparent, and inclusive and accessible, and encourage multistakeholder participation in policy development and decision-making.]

* **Czech Republic, Government** : [Building models of multi-stakeholder **governance at national, regional, and international levels** that are open, transparent, and inclusive and accessible, and encourage multistakeholder participation in policy development and decision-making.]
* **UK, Government**: Building models of multi-stakeholder **governance at national, regional, and international levels** that are open, transparent, and inclusive and accessible, and encourage multistakeholder participation in policy development and decision-making.
* **ISOC, Civil Society:** Building models of multi-stakeholder **governance at national, regional, and international levels** that are open, transparent, and inclusive and accessible, and encourage multistakeholder participation in policy development and decision-making. Regional IGF can, in this regard, be used as useful vehicles.
* **ICANN, Civil Society:** That [Building models of multi-stakeholder **governance at national, regional, and international levels** that are open, transparent, and inclusive and accessible, and encourage multistakeholder participation in policy development and decision-making.]

**VC EGY: ~~21~~ – 13 – (merging point 21, 22, 23 & 24) The deployment of broadband networks are still needed to achieve the sustainable development agenda beyond 2015.**

1. - Broadband and mobility that characterize newly emerging tendencies in the development of the Information Society infrastructure are still unavailable for the majority of the world's population.

* **ICANN, Civil Society:** That the Broadband and mobility that characterize newly emerging tendencies in the development of the Information Society infrastructure are still unavailable for the majority of the world's population.

1. **Deployment of broadband networks** that provides affordable access to devices and services especially for people with disabilities.

* **ICANN, Civil Society: The need for Deployment of broadband networks** that provides affordable access to devices and services especially for people with disabilities

1. Ensuring continued extension of **access for all to ICTs**, particularly deployment of broadband networks without increasing further gaps in access; and affordability of broadband devices and services ensuring the inclusion to broadband services, especially in developing countries and among marginalized communities in all countries, including people with disabilities

* **Czech Republic, Government** : CZ supports merging as proposed in ALL
* **ICANN, Civil Society:** The need for continued extension of **access for all to ICTs**, particularly deployment of broadband networks without increasing further gaps in access; and affordability of broadband devices and services ensuring the inclusion to broadband services, especially in developing countries and among marginalized communities in all countries, including people with disabilities

1. Promoting universal access to information and knowledge through capacity building, policies, relevant content, media and of telecoms and broadband Internet infrastructure. ***[Preliminarily Agreed]***

**VC EGY: ~~22~~, merged with original point 21**

**VC EGY:~~23~~, merged with original point 21**

**VC EGY: ~~24~~, merged with original point 21**

**VC EGY: NEW 14 - The need for continued extension of access for people with disabilities and vulnerable people to ICTs, especially in developing countries and among marginalized communities, taking into account the commitments mentioned within the preamble.**

**VC EGY: ~~25~~ – 15 - (merging 25 and 26) The need for policies that support and respect, preservation, promotion and enhancement of cultural and linguistic diversity, cultural heritage and diversity of tradition, and religious beliefs and convictions, within the Information and knowledge societies, to encourage the development of local language content online and promotion of language technologies in minority languages.**

1. [Full respect for **cultural diversity and cultural heritage, linguistic diversity,** and institutional diversity, religious beliefs and convictions including the right for all to express themselves, to access, create and disseminate their work in the language of their choice, including on the Internet.]

* **Canada, Government:** [Full respect for **cultural diversity and cultural heritage, linguistic diversity,** and institutional diversity, religious beliefs and convictions including the right for all to express themselves, to access, create and disseminate their work in the language of their choice, including on the Internet.]
* **UK, Government** : Full respect for **cultural diversity and cultural heritage, linguistic diversity,** and institutional diversity, diversity of tradition and religious beliefs and convictions, including the right for all to express themselves, to access, create and disseminate their work in the language of their choice, including on the Internet

26- Lack of policies that **support and respect, preservation, promotion and enhancement of cultural and linguistic diversity and cultural heritage** within the Information and knowledge societies, for example those that encourage the development of local language content and of language technologies in minority languages. The lack of production of **content in local languages** threatens the local cultures and life styles. Development and promotion of language technologies in minority languages.

* **Czech Republic, Government**: CZ supports combining or deleting para 25.
* **ISOC, Civil Society**: Need additional initaitives to **support the preservation, promotion and enhancement of cultural and linguistic diversity and cultural heritage** within the Information and knowledge societies, for example those that encourage the development of local language content and of language technologies in minority languages
* **ICANN, Civil Society:** The need for policies that **support and respect, preservation, promotion and enhancement of cultural and linguistic diversity and cultural heritage** within the Information and knowledge societies, for example those that encourage the development of local language content and of language technologies in minority languages. The lack of production of **content in local languages** threatens the local cultures and life styles. Development and promotion of language technologies in minority languages.

**VC EGY: ~~26~~, merged with original point 25.**

**VC EGY: ~~27~~ – 16 - (merging 27 and 28) The need for education that builds ICT skills to respond to the specific human and market needs and ICT-skilled and -knowledgeable teachers and learners on all educational levels to ensure genuine lifelong learning opportunities for all, with national educational programs. In addition to promoting innovative approaches for distance education and for open education resource (OER) content and applications.**

**27-Education that reaches out to all members of society**, that provides genuine lifelong learning opportunities for all, with national educational programmes which build ICT skills to respond to the specific human and market needs and ICT-skilled and -knowledgeable teachers and learners on all educational levels, empowered to use technologies for sustainable development and building inclusive Information Society

* **ICANN, Civil Society: That Education that reaches out to all members of society**, that provides genuine lifelong learning opportunities for all, with national educational programmes which build ICT skills to respond to the specific human and market needs and ICT-skilled and -knowledgeable teachers and learners on all educational levels, empowered to use technologies for sustainable development and building inclusive Information Society

1. Promotion of and empowerment through innovative approaches for **distance education and for open education resource (OER) content and applications.**

**Czech Republic, Government** : CZ supports combining 27 and 28

**VC EGY: ~~28~~, merged with original 27**

**VC EGY: ~~29~~ - 17 - (merge point 29, 30, 31, 32, 33, 34, 35, 36 and 37) The need for further developing the openness and multi-stakeholder character of the Internet development which has underpinned the remarkable growth to date; maintaining free access of the Internet for all citizens, ensuring its innovative capabilities and capacities for development, which drive economic and social wellbeing amongst peoples of the World; and reaching consensus on how to enhance cooperation among all stakeholders on issues related to Internet, but not the day to day technical issues.**

1. Further developing and building the **openness and multi-stakeholder character of ICT and of Internet** standards, development and governance, which has underpinned the remarkable growth of the Internet to date, within a framework which supports a robust and resilient Internet also protects the internet against disruption by criminal or malign activity. ]

* **Canada: Government :** [Further developing and building the **openness and multi-stakeholder character of ICT and of the Internet** which has underpinned the remarkable growth of the Internet to date]
* **ICANN, Civil Society:** Deleted
* **i2Coalition, Civil Society**: Paragraphs 29 through 26 express points important to achieving the Goals by preserving the openness of the Internet from both a technical and regulatory standpoint. These paragraphs should not be deleted.

1. [Maintaining and building an Internet that is **free and rights-based,** open**, accessible for all, and nurtured by multi-stakeholder participation]**

**Czech Republic, Government** : CZ proposes to combine para 30, 33 and 34. The rest from this group to be deleted.

* **ICANN, Civil Society:** Deleted

1. [Ensuring that the **Internet remains open, unconstrained by technology mandates and burdensome** regulation, and free of limitations on what, when, and how users can communicate, access information, and build community.]
2. [Recoginize the importance of how **to govern and regulate (or not) the internet** and internet-related activity. ]

* **Canada, Government**:
* **UK, Government**: Deleted
* **ICANN, Civil Society:** Deleted

1. [Ensuring that there continues to be an enabling approach to the governance of the Internet, which ensures that it keeps and maintains its innovative capabilities and capacity for development, that drives economic and social wellbeing amongst peoples of the World.]

* **Canada, Government:** [Ensuring that the Internet keeps and maintains its innovative capabilities and capacity for development, that drives economic and social wellbeing amongst peoples of the World.]
* **ICANN, Civil Society:** Deleted

1. [Reaching consensus on how **to enhance cooperation among all stakeholders in issues related to internet, but not the day to day technical issues].**

* **UK, Government**: [Reaching consensus on **enhanced cooperation among all stakeholders in issues related to internet, but not the day to day technical issues].**
* **ISOC, Civil Society:** Deleted
* **ICANN, Civil Society:** Deleted

1. [Reaching consensus on the role of governments in international Internet-related public policy issues].

* **ISOC, Civil Society:** Deleted
* **Canada, Government**: Deleted
* **ICANN, Civil Society:** Deleted

1. [Further developing and refining the distributed, bottom-up Internet governance mechanisms and recognizing that they are both a reflection of the technology itself, as well as a fundamental enabler for innovation and growth on the Internet.]

* **Canada, Government**: [Further developing and refining distributed, bottom-up Internet governance approaches and recognizing that they are both a reflection of the technology itself, as well as a fundamental enabler for innovation and growth on the Internet.]
* **ICANN, Civil Society:** Deleted

1. [Urgent need to remove barriers that prevent people accessing over the Internet services provided in other countries].

* **ICANN, Civil Society:** Deleted

**VC EGY: ~~NEW - 18~~ suggest deletion to the new para.**

**[New Para**: **ICANN, Civil Society]** [Promoting the role of national, regional and the global IGF as ways in which policy issues pertaining to the Internet can be discussed;

**VC EGY: ~~38 – 38bis~~ – suggested deletion since access to all information is already covered in other points**

1. The need to provide open access to scientific information in all parts of the world, especially in least developed countries.

* **UK, Government**: Deleted

38 bis. [The need to provide open access to scientific information resulting from publicly funded research in all parts of the world, especially in least developed countries.]

**VC EGY: ~~39~~ - suggested deletion since access to all information is already covered in other points**

39- Ensuring the further development of E-government though e-participation and access to information.

**VC EGY: ~~40 – 40bis~~ - 19 – The need to ensure environmental sustainability to avoid any harmful outcomes that may result from the disposal of massive e-waste.**

**40- [Ensuring environmental sustainability**, and avoiding harmful outcomes in the future from the massive increases in ICT production and consumption. This ranges from energy consumption, to sourcing of conflict minerals for the production cycle, to disposing of massive e waste. Unless there is a substantial shift in the approach to hardware design to be more sustainable (e.g. with devices that last longer and are upgradable) this challenge is likely to escalate. In this context, building global alliances for development to achieve a more peaceful, just and prosperous world]

**40 bis) [Ensuring environmental sustainability, including through more sustainable** hardware design and minimizing e-waste and disposing of it appropriately. [avoiding increases in energy consumption, avioid sourcing of conflict minerals for the production cycle and avoid massive e waste. ]

* **Japan, Government**: **[Ensuring environmental sustainability, including through more sustainable** hardware design and minimizing e-waste and disposing of it appropriately. [avoiding increases in energy consumption, avoid sourcing of conflict minerals for the production cycle and avoid massive e-waste. ]
* **ISOC, Civil Society**: Deleted

**VC EGY: ~~41- 41bis~~ – 20 – The need to identify and develop best practices to build confidence and security in the use of ICTs while considering the importance of developing international cooperation using multi-stakeholder approaches.**

41-Further developing [of existing] [**equitable]and inclusive [global frameworks ] for international cooperation**by using inter alia multi-stakeholder approaches to identify and develop best practice for building confidence and security in the use of ICTs.

41 bis) [The need for collaborative development and implementation of international norms, standards, rules and measures to strengthen confidence and security in the production and use of ICTs, to ensure ICT protection, integrity, sustainability and viability.]**Czech Republic, Government**: CZ – As we support the text of para 39 on information security, network robustness and privacy to citizens, we propose to suppress this para as it is duplication.

**UK, Government**: Delete

**VC EGY: ~~42~~ – 21 - The need to strengthen the continued development of appropriate network security and privacy, and continue to support capacity building and coordination on incident response and to encourage the creation of national and regional centers for incidents in computing security, in accordance with applicable national and international law.**

1. Strengthen the continued development of appropriate [information security and network security] **and privacy** to citizens and continue to support capacity building on incident response and coordination. Encouraging the creation of [authorized] national and regional centers of coordination for incidents in computing security, in accordance with applicable national and international law..

* **UK, Government**: Strengthen the continued development of appropriate [information security and network security] **and privacy** to citizens and continue to support capacity building on incident response and coordination. Encouraging the creation of national and regional centers of coordination for incidents in computing security, in accordance with applicable national and international law.
* **ISOC, Civil Society**: Strengthen the Internet’s resiliency in order to offer a trusted environements for all users. Encouraging the creation of national and regional centers of coordination for incidents in computing security.
* **ICANN, Civil Society**: The need to Strengthen the continued development of appropriate [information security and network security] **and privacy** to citizens and continue to support capacity building on incident response and coordination. Encouraging the creation of [authorized] national and regional centers of coordination for incidents in computing security, in accordance with applicable national and international law.

**VC EGY: ~~43~~, suggest deletion**

43-The development of **telemedicine at new levels,** with mobile devices, distance intervention and controls, and accessibility solutions which allows improving health care services across the national territory. ***[Preliminarily Agreed]***

* **Czech Republic, Government** : CZ – We suggest the wording to be harmonized as in some provisions e-health is mentioned, here telemedicine.

**VC EGY: ~~44~~ – 22- (the text suggested by UK) The Internet and ICTs have become vitally important drivers for economic growth and development, and have stimulated innovation and new business opportunities. Accordingly, it has become important to ensure that trade policy and regulatory mechanisms enable Small and Medium-sized Enterprises to benefit from the economic potential of the Internet and other ICTs, and that such mechanisms do not create unnecessary barriers to new cross-border business opportunities.**

44-[Ensuring that that trade policy and regulatory mechanisms encourage, rather than impede, this new driver for economic growth and development , while recognizing the need to further develop the economic potential of the **Internet and other** **ICTs for Small and Medium-Sized Enterprises** (SMEs).

* **Japan, Government**: Ensuring that that trade policy and othermechanisms encourage, rather than impede, this new driver for economic growth and development , while recognizing the need to further develop the economic potential of the **Internet and other** **ICTs for Small and Medium-Sized Enterprises** (SMEs).
* **Canada, Government**: Ensuring that that trade policy encourages, rather than impedes, this new driver for economic growth and development , while recognizing the need to further develop the economic potential of the **Internet and other** **ICTs for Small and Medium-Sized Enterprises** (SMEs).
* **Internet Infrastructure Coalition, Civil Society:** The i2Coalition supports the principles set out in this paragraph and looks forward to the alternate text to be provided by the United Kingdom.
* **UK, Government**: The Internet and ICTs have become a vitally important driver for economic growth and development, and have stimulated innovation and new business opportunities. Accordingly it has become important to ensure that trade policy and regulatory mechanisms enable Small and Medium-sized Enterprises to benefit from the economic potential of the Internet and other ICTs, and that such mechanisms do not create unnecessary barriers to new cross-border business opportunities.

**VC EGY: ~~45~~ – agree to the 2nd MPP meeting suggestion to move to point 60.**

***45-****. Moved to 60*

**VC EGY: ~~46~~ – 22 - agree to the text to be as follows: Recognizing the need to enhance the financing mechanisms and sufficient investment in digital inclusion measures, taking into account innovative approaches to bring the benefits of ICT to all.**

46-Recognising the need to enhance the **financing mechanisms, and sufficient investment in digital inclusion measures, taking into account innovative approaches** to bring the benefits of ICT to all. ***[Preliminarily Agreed]***

**VC EGY: ~~47~~, deleted by 2nd MPP meeting.**

*47-Deleted*

**VC EGY: ~~48~~ – 23 - The need for citizens to have media and information literacy skills that are indispensable in order to fully participate in an inclusive Information Society.**

48-The need for citizens to have the media and information literacy skills that are indispensable in order to fully participate in an inclusive Information Society .***[Preliminarily Agreed]***

1. [Convergence of **mass media and social media** lead to a need of rethinking the enabling environment and self-regulation of media to maintain its social responsibility, objectivity, freedom, independence and pluralism]

**Czech Republic, Government** : CZ supports this text and suggests to delete 49bis

**Canada, Government**: Deleted

**UK, Government**: Deleted

**Sweden, Government** : Deleted

**Russian Federation, Government**: [Convergence of **mass media and social media** lead to a need of rethinking the enabling environment and self-regulation of media to maintain its social responsibility, objectivity, freedom, independence and pluralism]

* **ICANN, Civil Society**: [That the Convergence of **mass media and social media** lead to a need of rethinking the enabling environment and self-regulation of media to maintain its social responsibility, objectivity, freedom, independence and pluralism]

49 bis. [We need to recognize the need to address the issues arising from the convergence of mass media and social media in areas such as social responsibility, objectivity, freedom, independence and pluralism] .

**Canada, Government**: Deleted

**Sweden, Government** : Delete

**UK, Government**: Deleted

**VC EGY: ~~50~~ – 25- suggest deletion.**

50-[Promoting interoperability at international levels, allowing to share information in the fields of intellectual property, biodiversity and crime. ] Proposed for Deletion

* **Czech Republic, Government** Proposed for Deletion
* **UK, Government**: Delete

**VC EGY: ~~51~~ – deleted by the 2nd MPP meeting**

51- *Deleted*

**VC EGY: ~~52~~ – suggest deletion**

52- [Mutual recognition of ICT professionals globally is not something that has been on the agenda to date, it is now timely that this be added to the list of challenges that face the Information Society.]

**VC EGY: 52bis, suggest deletion**

52 bis. [ the need to investigate or otherwise the issue of recognition of ICT professionals globally.].

**VC EGY: ~~53~~ – deleted by the 2nd MPP meeting**

*53-Deleted*

**VC EGY: ~~54~~, suggest deletion as already covered in point 13**

1. Providing continuing skills development, **especially for women,** in a wide range of digital and technology-based skills to meet existing employment opportunities but also to allow youth to participate in the development and growth of digitally-based industries including the creative and cultural industries.

* **ICANN, Civil Society**: The need to provide continuing skills development, **especially for women,** in a wide range of digital and technology-based skills to meet existing employment opportunities but also to allow youth to participate in the development and growth of digitally-based industries including the creative and cultural industries.

**VC EGY: ~~55~~, deleted by the 2nd MPP meeting**

**VC EGY: ~~56~~, deleted by the 2nd MPP meeting**

57-Encourage international and interdisciplinary reflection and debate on the ethical challenges of emerging technologies and the information society.

* **UK, Government**: Deleted

**VC EGY: ~~58,~~ deleted by the 2nd MPP meeting**

58-

**VC EGY: ~~59~~ - 27 The need to promote and protect the right of all citizens to seek, receive, and impart information regardless of their language, age, gender, or impairment within the Information Society as enshrined in the preamble.**

1. The need to share good practice and solution on the **right of all citizens regardless of their language, age , gender, or impairment to access content** within the Information Society. ***[Preliminarily Agreed]***

* **Canada, Government:** The need to promote and protect the **right of all individuals to seek, receive and impart information, as enshrined in article 19 of the Universal Declaration on Human Rights and the International Covenant on Civil and Political Rights, regardless of their language, age, gender, or impairment,** within the Information Society. ***[Preliminarily Agreed]***

**VC EGY: ~~60~~ – suggest deletion.**

1. - [Making possible that, in the information society, all States take measures to prevent, and refrain themselves from taking, any unilateral measures not in accordance with international law and the United Nations Charter, that impedes the full achievement of economic and social development of the population of the countries concerned, and be contrary to the welfare of their citizens. ]

* **Czech Republic, Government : CZ supports deleting of this text.**
* **UK, Government :Deleted**
* **ICANN, Civil Society:** The need to make it possible that, in the information society, all States take measures to prevent, and refrain themselves from taking, any unilateral measures not in accordance with international law and the United Nations Charter, that impedes the full achievement of economic and social development of the population of the countries concerned, and be contrary to the welfare of their citizens. ]

**VC EGY: ~~62~~ – suggest deletion.**

62. [Ensuring that ICTs, particularly the Internet, have a responsible use, so that they cannot be used on the basis of warmongering and terrorist interests or for the dissemination of racist and xenophobic messages or other messages encouraging hatred among individuals and peoples.]

**Czech Republic, Government** : CZ supports deleting of this emotional language.

**Canada, Government**: Deleted

**UK, Government**: Deleted

**Sweden, Government** : Delete

**VC EGY: ~~61~~ – 29 – (UK text) The need for further improving management and use of radio-frequency spectrum/satellite orbits for facilitating development and deployment of low-cost telecommunication networks, including satellite networks for all countries, taking into account special needs of developing and less developed countries. These are implemented through application and in accordance with ITU Radio Regulations.**

1. Need for further improving management and use of radio-frequency spectrum/satellite orbits for facilitating development and deployment of low-cost telecommunication networks including satellite networks by all countries, taking into account special needs of developing countries. These are implemented through application and in accordance with ITU Radio Regulations.. ***[Preliminarily Agreed]***

* **UK, Government *:*** Need for further improving management and use of radio-frequency spectrum/satellite orbits for facilitating development and deployment of low-cost telecommunication networks including satellite networks for all countries, taking into account special needs of developing and less developed countries . These are implemented through application and in accordance with ITU Radio Regulations.. ***[Preliminarily Agreed]***

**VC EGY: ~~62~~, merged with original point 60**

**VC EGY: ~~63~~, merged with original point 12**