Tutorial on Security

Hiroyuki Ohno, Ph.D. (hohno@ohnolab.org)

ITU-T Q10/SG17 Rapporteur

Backgrounds

- OThreats and incidents on the Internet are increasing
- For the purpose of preventing threats and incidents, many people are in the spotlight of the role of communications standardization
- OITU-T attaches importance to security

Many Security Issues

Some security topics are very important and already well known.

Many Security Issues

- We need more consideration of security on telecommunications from many aspects.
 - Have you ever thought of biometrics technologies and security?
 - Have you ever thought of emergency telecommunications and security?
 - Have you ever thought of radio wave security?

ITU-T SG17

- □ The lead study group of Communication System Security
 - Q8 End-to-end QoS multicast communications
 - OQ9 Directory services and systems
 - OQ10 Security services, mechanisms and protocols
 - OQ12 Abstract Syntax Notation One (ASN.1)

ITU-T SG17

- □ Q8 End-to-end QoS multicast communications ○ Multicast Security
- □ Q9 Directory services and systems
 - OX.509
 - $\circ \mathsf{PKI}$

ITU-T SG17 □Q10 - Security services, mechanisms and protocols (next page) □Q12 - Abstract Syntax Notation One (ASN.1) ANS.1 Security

- □We have 4 questions.
 - Communication systems security.
 - Security Management.
 - OMobile Security.
 - OTele-biometrics.

- □ Communication systems security.
 - OHow should a complete, coherent data communications security solution be defined?
 - What are the architectural underpinnings for security?
 - Ohow should the upper and lower layer security model Recommendations be modified to adapt adapt them to the changing environment?

- □ Communication systems security.
 - OHow should architectural standards be structured with respect to Recommendation X.800?
 - Ohow should the security framework Recommendations be modified to adapt them to emerging technologies?
 - OHow are security services applied to provide security solutions? What security Recommendations are required to describe?

- □ Communication systems security.
 - Now we are trying to make security architecture for the next generations

- □ Security Management.
 - OHow should security risks in telecommunications system be identified?
 - OHow should information assets for telecommunications systems be identified?
 - OHow should specified management issues for telecommunications carriers be identified?

- □ Security Management.
 - OHow should information security management system (ISMS) for telecommunications carriers be properly constructed in line with the existing ISMS standards?

- □ Security Management.
 - ○Now, we are working very hard to focus on Telecom ISMS in relation to ISO/IEC JTC1/SC27
 - SC27 Information technology Security techniques
 - SC27 WG1 Requirements, Security services and Guidelines
 - SC27 WG2 Security techniques and mechanisms
 - SC27 WG3 Security Evaluation criteria
 - We are starting the discussion on incident handling and related issue (very soon).

- ☐ Mobile Security.
 - What are the security problems derived from restrictions and characteristics in mobile environment?
 - •What are the models of secure mobile systems? What is the difference between them and other models of communications systems?

- ☐ Mobile Security.
 - What are the considerable points when secure mobile system is constructed?

- ☐ Mobile Security.
 - Mobile security issue using PKI and so on.
 - We are also start discussion on ETS security (security study for Emergency Telecommunication System) jointly with Q.I/SG16.

- □ Tele-biometrics.
 - Ohow is authentication process excellently performed through use of telebiometric method?
 - OHow should ISO80000-3 be a suitable model for categorization of telebiometric devices?
 - What should security levels reference system be used for bringing telebiometric solutions in a hierarchical order?

ITU-T Q10/SG17
□Tele-biometrics.
○We have started to collaborate with ISO/SC27,37 and
some other standardization bodies.
Copyright (C) 2002 Communications Research Laboratory
Contact: hohno-sec@ohnolab.org