# ITU-T The Leader on Ason Standards

### **Architecture and Requirements**

**G.8080/Y.1304**, Architecture for the automatically switched optical network (ASON)

**G.807/Y.1302**, Requirements for automatic switched transport networks (ASTN)

#### Call and Connection Management

G.7713/Y.1704, Distributed call and connection management (DCM)

**G.7713.1/Y.1704.1**, DCM signalling mechanism using PNNI/Q.2931

**G.7713.2/Y.1704.2**, DCM signalling mechanism using GMPLS RSVP-TE

**G.7713.3/Y.1704.3**, DCM signalling mechanism using GMPLS CR-LDP

### Discovery and Link Management

**G.7714/Y.1705**, Generalized automatic discovery techniques

**G.7715/Y.1706**, Architecture and requirements of routing for automatic switched transport network

**G.7716/Y.1707**, Architecture and requirements of link resource management for automatically switched transport networks

G.7717/Y.1708, ASTN connection admission control

#### Other Related Recommendations

G.872, Architecture of optical transport networks

**G.709/Y.1331**, Interface for the optical transport network (OTN)

**G.959.1**, Optical transport network physical layer interfaces

**G.874,** Management aspects of the optical transport network element

**G.874.1**, Optical transport network (OTN) protocolneutral management information model for the network element view.

**G.875**, Optical transport network (OTN) management information model for the network element view

G.7041/Y.1303. Generic framing procedure (GFP)

**G.7042/Y.1305**, Link capacity adjustment scheme (LCAS) for virtual concatenated signals

G.65x series on optical fibre cables and test methods

G.693. Optical interfaces for intra-office systems

**G.7710/Y.1701**, Common equipment management function requirements

**G.7712/Y.1703**, Architecture and specification of data communication network.

**G.806**, Characteristics of transport equipment - Description methodology and generic functionality

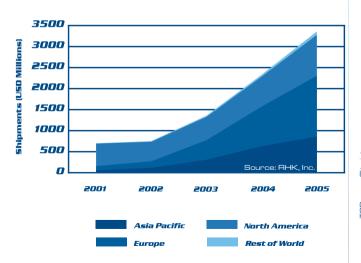
## ASON means

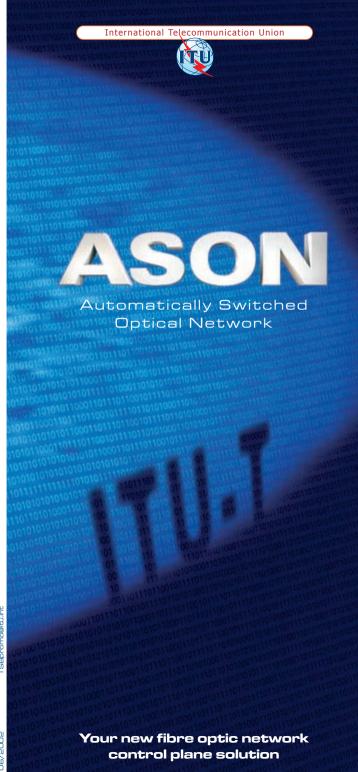
- Dynamic signalling-based policy-driven control over OTN and SDH networks via a distributed (or partially distributed) control plane that provides auto-discovery and dynamic connection set-up. This enables:
  - Improved support for current end-to-end provisioning, re-routing and restoration
  - New transport services such as bandwidth on demand, rapid service restoration for disaster recovery, switched connections within a Private Network, etc.
  - Support for a wide range of narrowband and broadband clients signals such as:
  - · SDH/SONET
  - IP
  - Ethernet
  - ATM
  - Frame Relay
  - ESCON, FICON, Fibre Channel
  - Audio/Video

Given the global scope of fibre optic transport networks based on WDM, the ASON market potential is bright.

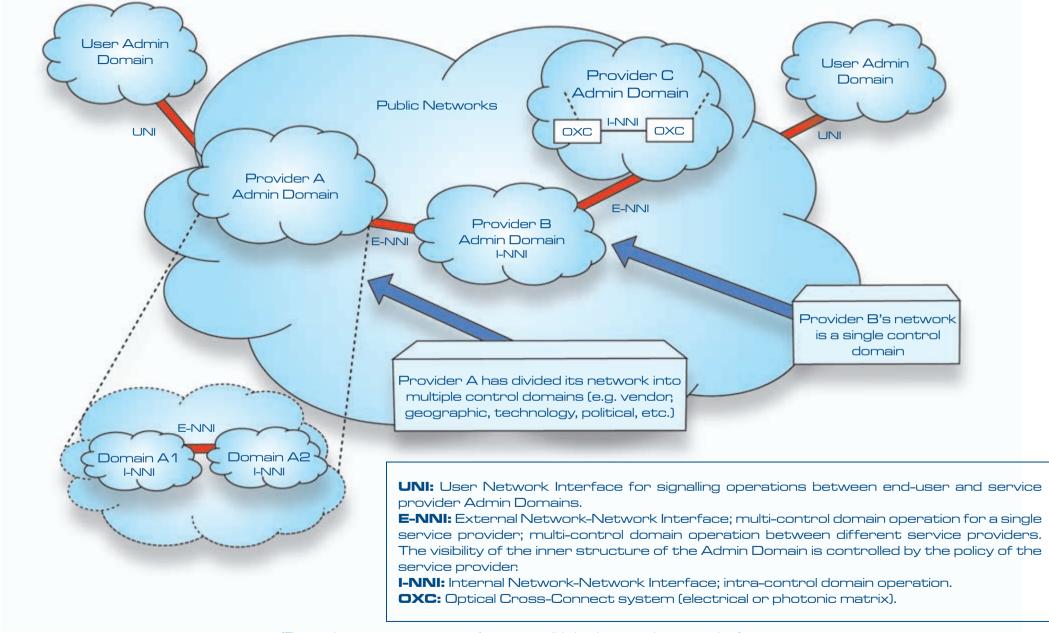
## Wavelength Service Forecast (worldwide)

### Global Optical Core Switch Market (USD Millions)





## **Global Optical Connection Control**



(Figure above represents one of many possible implementation scenarios.)

ITU-T SG15 Question 19 is responsible for tracking and coordinating the development of Recommendations in the OTN area. For more detailed information, the "Optical Transport Networks and Technologies Standardization Work Plan" has been developed. See http://www.itu.int/ITU-T/studygroups/com15/otn