



## Day 2: Advancements in Managed Connected Users and Services

Standards development update on technologies for in-premises networking and related access applications



Les Brown,  
ITU-T Rapporteur Q3/15

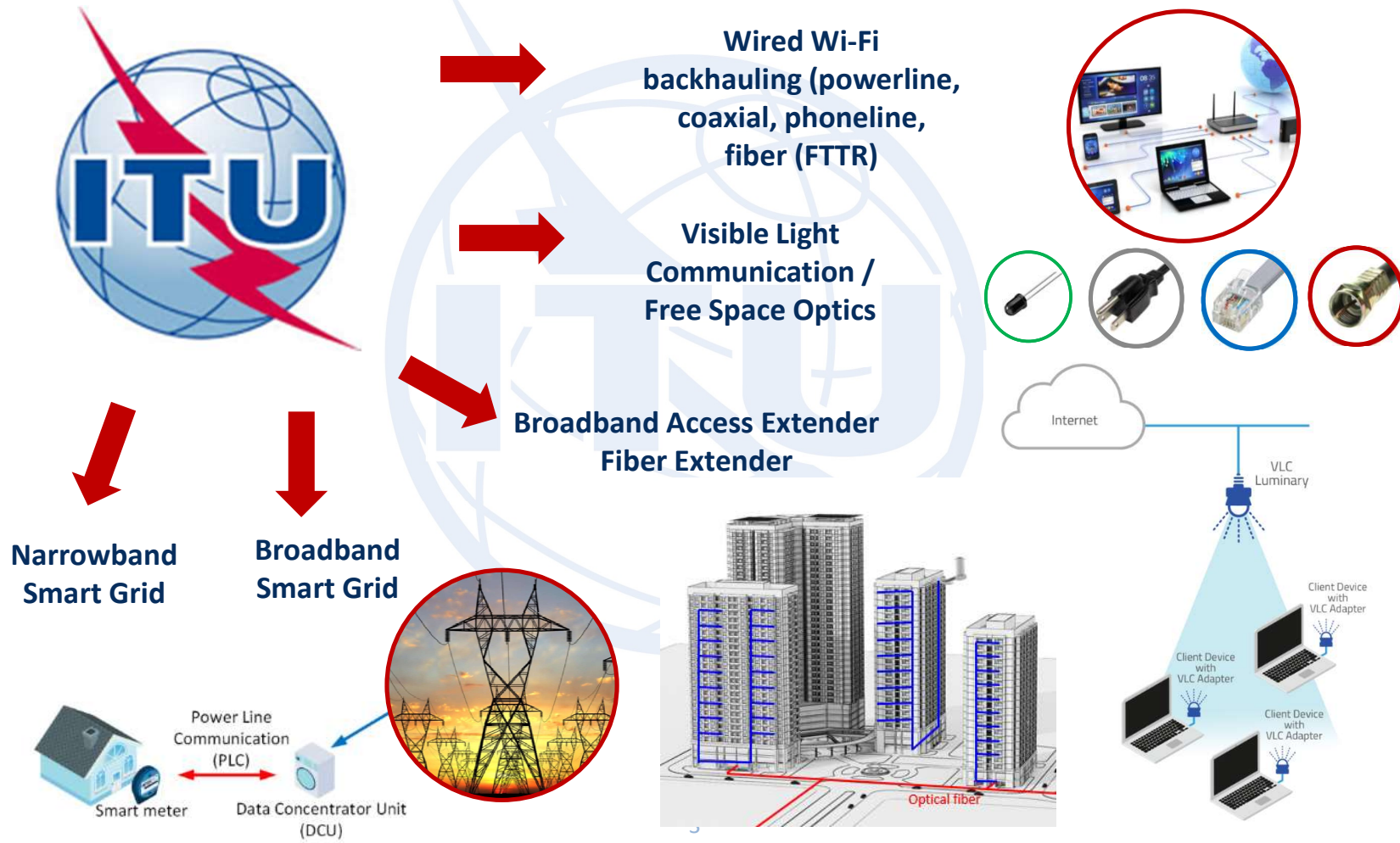


# ITU-T SG15/Q3 experts group (ex Q18)

- Study Group 15: Networks, Technologies and Infrastructures for Transport, Access and Home
- Q3: Technologies for in-premises networking and related access applications
- Project areas:
  - **G.hn:** Unified high-speed wire-line based home networking transceivers
    - Operation over coax, twisted pair, powerline and POF
    - Recommendations: PHY layer (G.9960), DLL (G.9961), management layer (G.9962), MIMO (G.9963), Spectrum (G.9964), secure admission (G.9978)
  - **G.vlc:** High speed indoor optical wireless communications
    - Recommendations: G.9991
  - **G.fin:** High speed fiber-based in-premises transceivers – “Fiber to the Room (FTTR)”
  - **G.uvs:** Support of UHD video service over G.hn
    - Recommendations: G.9976
  - **G.loT:** IoT smart home over PLC
  - **G.hetnet:** Terminology and overview of the architecture of Heterogeneous Home Networks
  - **G.sg:** Narrowband PLC for Smart Grid:
    - Recommendations: G.9901 (PSD), G.9902, G.9903 (G3-PLC), G.9904 (Prime)
- Ecosystem: Chip vendors, system vendors, service providers
- End customers: Telco operators, Power Utilities, Lighting companies, retail channels
- Main liaisons: ITU-R, ETSI TC ATTM, ETSI ISG F5G, CCSA TC6, Broadband Forum, and HomeGrid Forum



# ITU-T SG15/Q3 Application Space



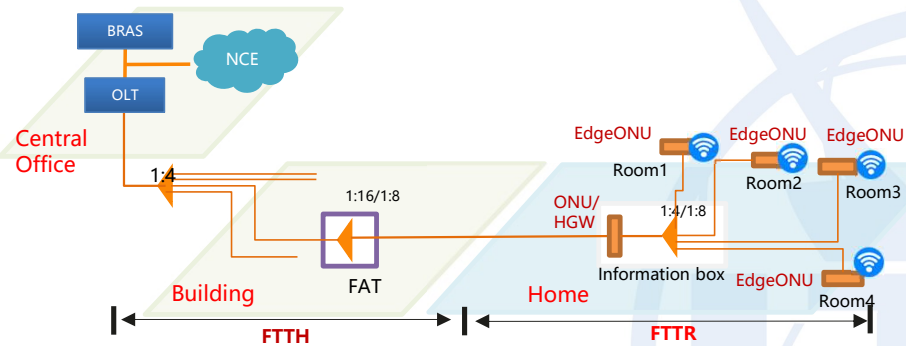
# ITU-T SG15/Q3 latest project: Fiber to the Room (FTTR)

- FTTR project started in 2020 and has become a hot topic in Q3/15
  - To provide reliable very high speed low latency communications within premises to guarantee user experience over various in-premises network services.
- Use case study: Recently published a Technical Paper on Use cases and requirements of fibre-to-the-room
  - **For home:** [GSTP-FTTR - Use cases and requirements of fibre-to-the-room \(FTTR\)](#)
  - **For small business:** G.Sup on FTTR for small business applications scheduled for agreement 09/2022
- Technical Recommendations:
  - **G.fin-SA:** System architecture – goal for consent 2023
  - **G.fin-PHY:** Physical layer specification – goal for consent 2024
  - **G.fin-DLL:** Data link specification – goal for consent 2024
  - **G.fin-Magnagment:** Management layer specification – goal for consent 2024
- Standards promotion: coordinating the effort with ITU-T Q2/15, ETSI ISG F5G, CCSA TC6, and Broadband Forum
  - Have held 2 workshops on the topic (2021 and 2022), attracting 300+ participants from 38 counties.
    - [Joint ETSI ISG F5G, BBF, CCSA TC6 and ITU-T SG15 Workshop on "FTTR" \(Fibre to the room\)](#)
    - [Second Joint ETSI ISG F5G, BBF, CCSA TC6 and ITU-T SG15 Workshop on "FTTR" \(Fibre to the room\)](#)
- Next: Critical to accelerate the development of these standards since deployments, particularly in China, using proprietary solutions has already started.
  - **[If you are interested in this work, please consider participating in the work of ITU-T Q3/15](#)**

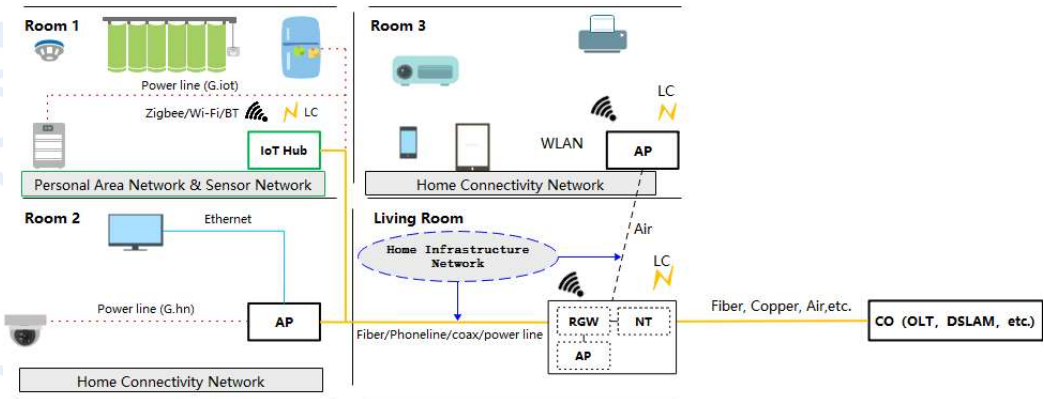


# ITU-T SG15/Q3 - FTTR in home area

## Network: From Access to Home



## Connection: Service oriented



Change

1. **Small Loop length** (50-100m, 20-30dB channel gain), Transmission latency  $< 0.1\mu s @ 30m$
2. Less nodes with **QoS requirements for nodes**: VR/Video/IoT

1. **Close to service**: Guaranteed QoE, from enough throughput to enough latency and packet loss rate
2. **Close to device**: Various device types and tech generations

New

1. **P2MP networking**: South-North streaming to East-West streaming: New opportunities on system design and protocol

1. **Low power devices**: IoT center-control low power mode
2. **One single network**: Optimized FTTR + Wi-Fi network

Use cases

- ① High Quality Wi-Fi Backhuling (Throughput 1-10G, Roaming 1-10 ms)
- ② Support of Extremely low latency ( $< 1ms$ , jitter negligible)
- ③ Low Complexity and Easy ODN (Pre-conectorized fibre, engineering tool)
- ④ FTTR Slicing (FTTR + Wi-Fi coordination)

- ⑤ East-West Streaming (Support East-West direction)
- ⑥ Support Various Device Types (STB, IoT hub, RGW, etc.)
- ⑦ Enable Smart Home Connections (low power mode)
- ⑧ FTTR Applications in Business (other applications)

**Source:** GSTP-FTTR - Use cases and requirements of fibre-to-the-room,2021



# FTTR application in small business

## FTTR4B

Smart office



Campus/Classroom/



Small building



Shops  
(restaurant,  
chain store, etc.)

Hospital



## FTTR4H

Small flat (2~3 Rooms)



Large flat (3~5 Rooms)



Independent house (> 5 Rooms)

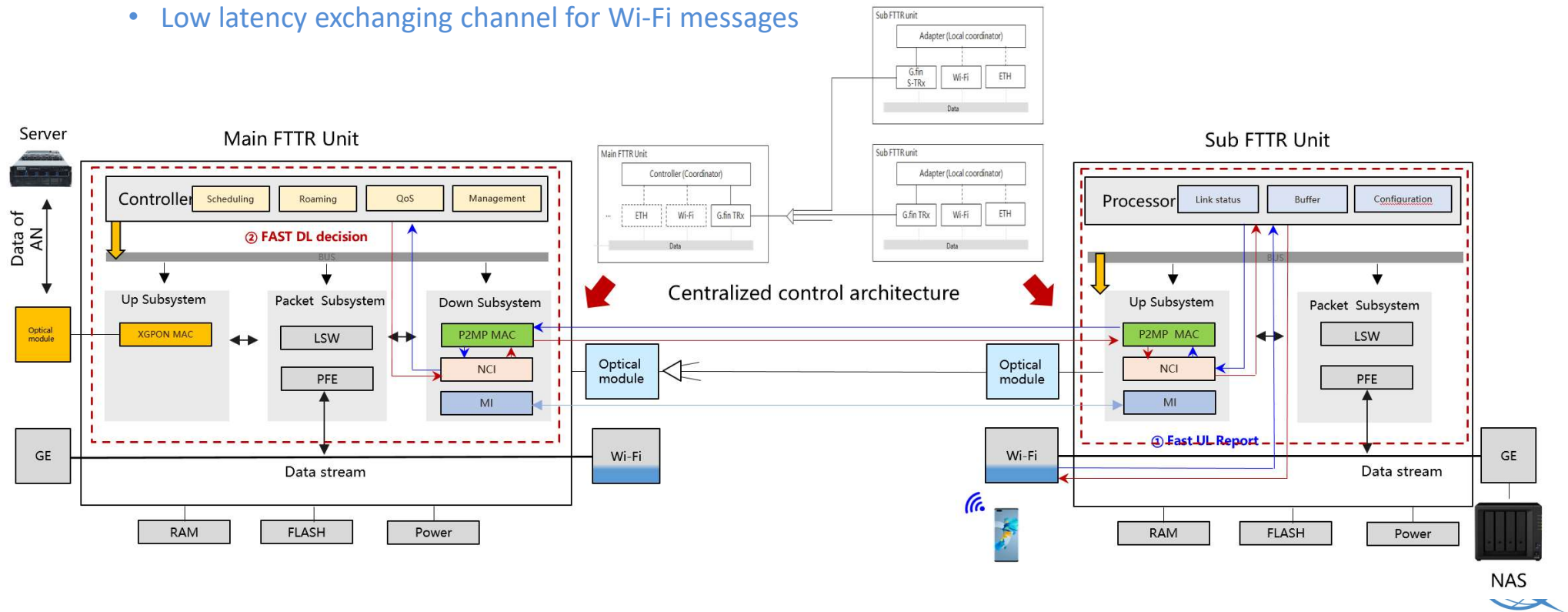


Source: ITU-T SG15 Q3, G.sup FTTR for small business application, 2022



# FTTR: Driving forces

- FTTR driving forces:
  - Centralized control architecture
    - Coordination with Wi-Fi nodes to allocate the appropriate resources
  - QoS guaranteed in-premises network
    - Guaranteed QoS
    - Low latency exchanging channel for Wi-Fi messages



# ITU-T SG15/Q3 - Recently approved Recommendations

- **G.hn:**

- *G.9960 amd1 and G.9961 amd1 (02/2020)*
  - Extended bandwidth over coaxial (10 Gbps) and phoneline mediums (5 Gbps), multi-level coding and RCM schemes
- *G.9960 amd2, G.9961 amd2, and G.9962 amd1 (07/2020)*
  - Support for smart grid applications, reverse power feeding over coax, IEEE 802.1X port-based network access control, new logical interface between the security controller entity and the domain master management entity
- *G.9961 amd3 (04/2021)*
  - Enhancements to simplify routing mechanisms in tree topologies
- *G.9961 amd4 (05/2022)*
  - Additional support for smart grid applications, enhancements to secure admission
- *G.9978 amd1 (05/2022)*
  - Added external authentication procedures in addition to G.hn native authentication

- **G.vlc:**

- *G.9991 amd1 (07/2020)*
  - IEEE 802.1X-based authentication in addition to native authentication
- *G.9991 amd2 (04/2021)*
  - Mechanism to support advanced inter-domain mobility through an external controller (“Handover”)

- All can be found at [ITU-T Recommendations](#)





# ITU-T SG15/Q3 - Recently approved Technical Papers

- **G.hn:**
  - GSTP-HNSG - Technical paper on the use of G.hn technology for smart grid (2020)
  - GSTP-HNIA: Use of G.hn in Industrial Applications (2020)
  - GSTP-OVHN - Overview of the ITU-T G.hn technology (2021)
  - GSTP-HNAFS - Architecture, functions, and services of home network (2021)
- **G.fin:**
  - GSTP-FTTR - Use cases and requirements of fibre-to-the-room (FTTR) (2021)
  - All can be found at [Technical papers and technical reports \(itu.int\)](https://www.itu.int/ITU-T/technical_papers_and_reports/)



# ITU-T SG15/Q3 - Future deliverable timeline

- **G.hn:**
  - G.9962 amd2 – for consent 09/2022
    - Includes G.hn management parameters in YANG format
    - Centralized neighbouring domain interference mitigation (C-NDIM) protocol & mapping into Layer 2 Configuration and Management Protocol (LCMP)
  - Update to the technical paper on using G.hn for access – for agreement 09/2022
- **G.fin:**
  - Supplement on uses cases for FTTR 4B – for agreement 09/2022
- **Narrowband PLC for Smart Grid:**
  - Narrowband orthogonal frequency division multiplexing power line communication transceivers – PSD specification – G.9901 Amd 1 & Corr 1 – for determination 09/2022
  - Narrowband orthogonal frequency division multiplexing power line communication transceivers for G3-PLC networks – G.9903 Amd 2 & Corr 1 – for consent 09/2022

2022

2023

2024

- **G.hn:**
  - G.9960/1 PLC update (G.hn2) – for consent
  - Technical paper on the use of ITU-T G.hn technology for in-home networking – for agreement
- **G.fin:**
  - Recommendations: system architecture – for consent
- **G.vlc:**
  - Technical paper on the use of ITU-T Visible Light Communication technology – for agreement - 1 or 2 Technical Papers on use cases and requirements for narrow beam OWC and channel adaptive OWC
- **G.uvs:**
  - Technical requirements of AR/VR/MR service over in-premises networks (G.uvs-XR) – for consent
- **G.IoT:**
  - System architecture, PHY layer and DLL layer for IoT Smart Home over PLC (G.IoT) – for consent
- **G.hetnet:**
  - Terminology and overview of the architecture of a Heterogeneous Home Network – consent 2023

- **G.fin:**
  - Physical layer - for consent
  - Data Link layer - for consent
  - Management layer - for consent



# ITU-T SG15/Q3 - Collaboration with Broadband Forum

- Network architecture
  - Incorporating Q3/15 technologies (e.g., G.hn, G.fin, G.vlc) into the overall end-user management architectures and requirements (WT-488)
  - Development of novel management architectures (e.g. Fiber Access Extension)
- Network management
  - Creation/maintenance of technology data models (Yang, TR-181)
- Marketing
  - Promote/Showcase Q3/15 technologies for deployment (BASe)

