

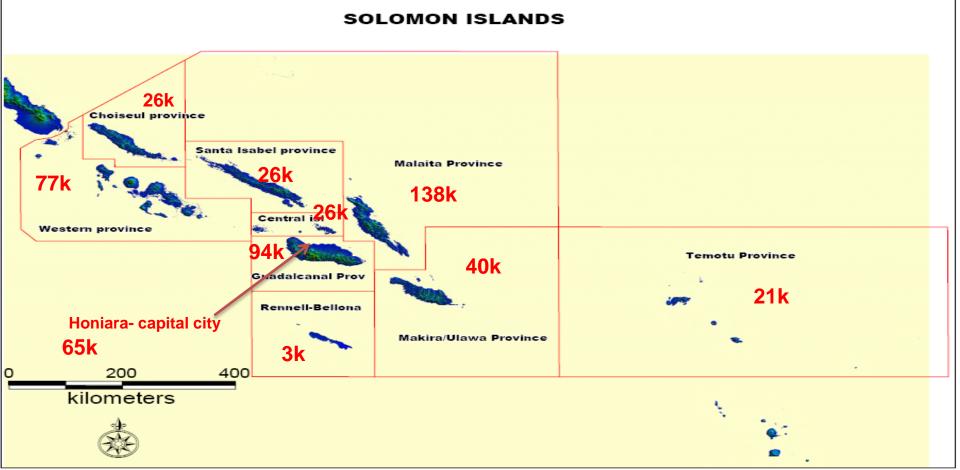
Broadband availability and adoption Solomon Islands

ITU-D Regional Economic & Financial Forum of Telecommunications/ICTs for Asia & Pacific, Yangon, Myanmar, 1 – 2nd September 2014

Telecommunications Sector



- 1. Gov't Policy Introduce private sector competition
- 2. Telecommunications Act 2009
- 3. World Bank Telco & ICT Project
- 4. Commission established (TCSI)
- 5. 15 year exclusive license to Our Solomon Telekom ended
- 6. Second operator enters the market Bmobile -Vodafone



- Population: 515,870 (80% in rural villages) (Approx. Pop density in red (k=000).
- Six main islands with 120 indigenous languages
- Telecom Mobile Network Coverage: 83%
- Penetration rate: 58%
- Providers: Solomon Telekom, BemobileVodafone
- Technology: GSM, 3G (UMTS), HSDPA/HSUPA 2.5G (EDGE and GPRS)
- Network: Fixed Line, Mobile, Wireless, Broadband, Submarine fiber-optic cable in planning
- Market Liberalized in 2009 with establishment of the Commission



Broadband

Availability

Present status of Mobile network



Operators:

- 1. Solomon Telekom (Provides Fixed-line, Mobile and ISP): 60% market share of mobile.
- 2. Bemobile (Provides and will become ISP) : 40% market share of mobile
- 3. two other small licensed firms provide Internet access

Backhaul:

- 1. Satellite
- 2. Microwave
- 3. V-sat

Infrastructure - Mobile



- Overall network around the islands consist of:
 - (i) 125 -2G Base Stations, (ii) 18 -3G 2100 Nodes, (iii) 19 3G 850 Nodes
- Connected by microwave and Satellite link
- International connectivity by Satellite
- 3G (HSDPA) in 3 major centres (Honiara, Auki & Gizo). Most of the islands have access to 2G (EDGE & GPRS)
- All traffic linked to Honiara where (MCS) located.

Infrastructure cont:-



- Technology: GSM, 3-3.5G (UMTS) 2.5G (EDGE and GPRS)
- Smart phones handsets: (Samsung, Nokia, Alcatel, others.)
- Network services: (Fixed Line, Mobile, Wireless, Internet, Broadband)
- Submarine fiber-optic cable project in progress

International Connectivity



- Satellite
- Bandwidth usage on simplex mode 230Mbps for 2014
- Traffics routed through single gateway via Microwave link
- Two ISPs with few connections through VSAT

3G+ Availability as at August 2014





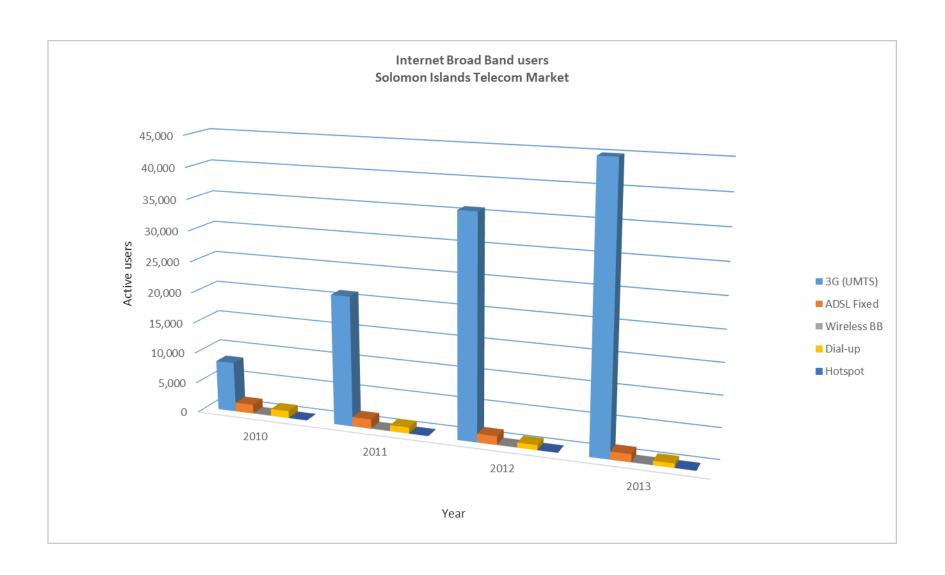
Speed and Technology



- Current speed (Mbps)
 - i) Wireless < 2 = 5% of Population (
 - ii) Wireless <3 = 3% of Population
 - iii) Fixed line 256-2048kbps/64-896kbps = 0.2% of Pop.
- Access by Technology type
 - i) Mobile access = 8% of Population
 - ii) ADSL = 0.2% of Population (Cafés & Business)
 - iii)DSL = 0.1% of Population (small business)
 - iv) Wireless hotspot =0.02% of Pop (Hotspot)

Access by Technology





Rural vs Urban access



- Rural Islands & Villages only access to voice
- Urban areas (Honiara, Auki, Gizo, Noro) access to almost 98% of the Broadband. WHY? – electricity, infrastructure cost, cost of handsets & data, low level of cash transactions due to subsistence economic activities. Only about 10% of population.



Broadband

Adoption

National ICT & Broadcasting Policy



- A scoping and draft National ICT policy plan is in progress under World Bank project
- Broadcasting policy launch in Oct 2013
- Consultation of all stakeholders for input

Government Network



 Metro Network (SIG Connect) currently installed- connecting all Government Ministries & agencies (Ausaid funded)

- New platform for services like:
 - E- government
 - E-education
 - E-commerce
 - Mobile banking

Mobile banking



- Pacific Financial Inclusion Project (PFIP)
- First in Pacific good regulatory regime as an enabling environment
- All Commercial Bank launched services;
 - ANZ-go money
 - BSP branchless bank
 - Westpac soon

Rural Connectivity



80% of the population lives in rural areas where network access is low (coverage & penetration)

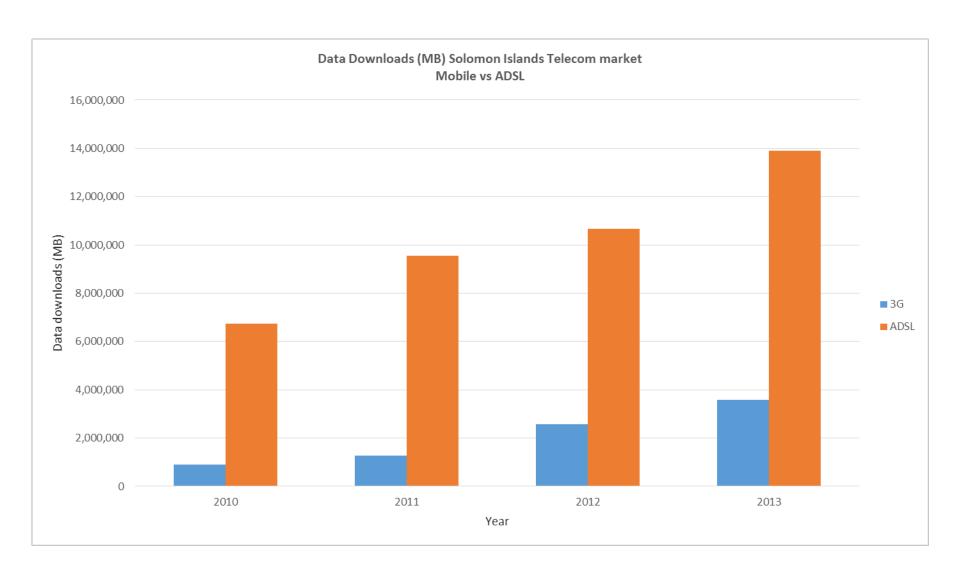
Demand Access through:

- Universal Access Policy
- V-sat network
- Access to land/power sometimes prohibits

Let the market force works with Gov't the purchaser of services

Downloads (MB)

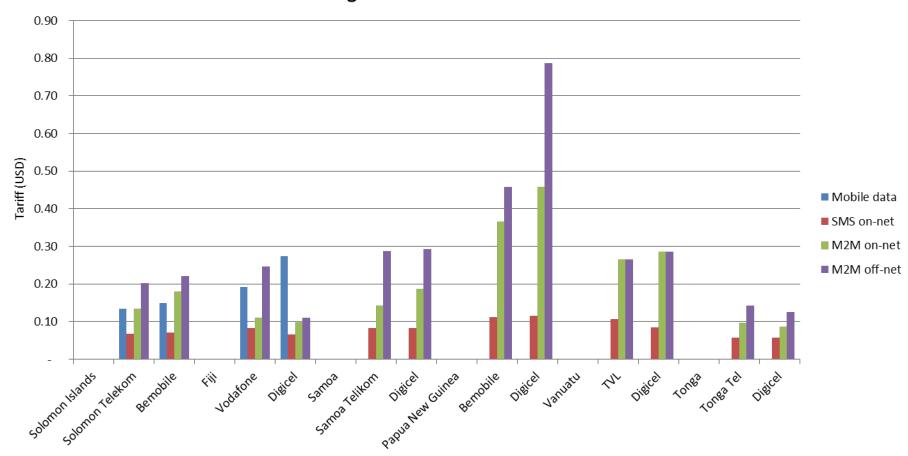




Tariffs



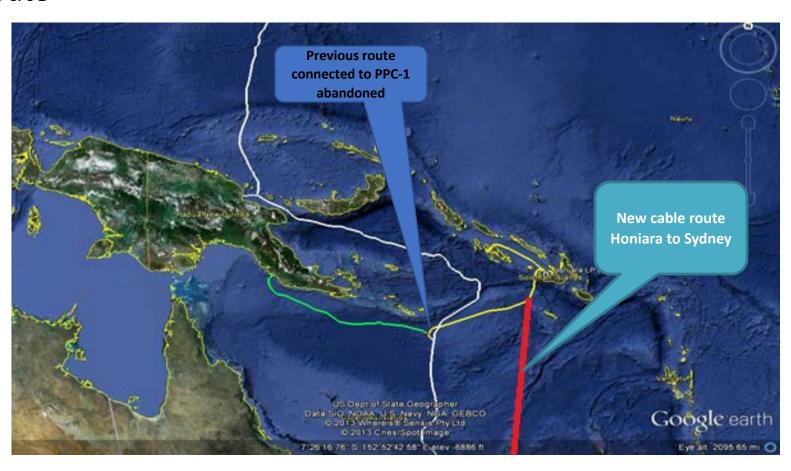
Regional tariff rates Dec 2013



Sub-marine cable



Route



Timetable



Solomon Oceanic Cable Company.

MoU and project kickoff September 2013

New Route negotiations December 2013

Financing June 2014

Procurement Mar 2015

Construction July 2015

Broadcasting



- Policy and License under Ministry of Communication and Aviation
- Television Act being reviewed for private sector competition
- Chairman of TV board TCSI
- Free to air (ABC,BBC, TBN)
- Paid (sky pacific solomon telekom), Satsol (rebroadcasting)
- SIBC, five FM station
- TV coverage 5% of population

Qualitative factors



Improvement in availability access and growth in telecom network, in-depth penetration and qualitative infrastructure is critical in these areas;

- Cost
- Poor electricity supply
- Quality of Service
- Appropriate license fees
- Incentives/Taxation
- Human capacity building

International/Roaming



International bandwidth

- International gateway competition
- International roaming agreement
- Competition in ISP services (Class License issued by TCSI)
- Fiber optic-cable project (ADB/WB)



Challenges



- Uneven distribution of infrastructure
- Low population density in rural area
- Electricity
- Tax/duties on infrastructures & services
- Geography of Solomon Islands
- High cost of backhauling and rollout to rural areas
- Land access
- Political environment



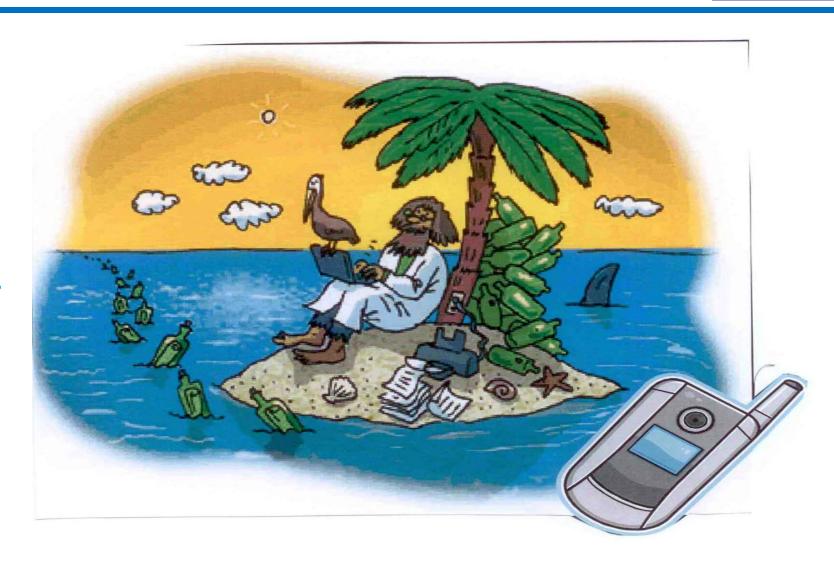
Converged environment



- Converging technologies
- Trend in regulatory regime of ICT
- Current obstacles:
 - Telecommunications TCSI
 - ICT ICTSU MoFT
 - Policy Ministry of Communications & Aviation (MoCA)
 - Broadcasting MoCA
 - No coordination

Hapi Isles







Thank you

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