Activities of ITU-T on Smart Grid

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Smart Grid in ITU-T – related groups

- SG5: Environment, climate change and circular economy
- SG15: Transport, Access and Home (lead SG)
- SG20: Internet of things (IoT) and smart cities and communities (SC&C)



ITU-T SG15 - Terms of Reference

SG15 is responsible for the development of **standards** on:

optical transport network

systems

instrumentation and measurement techniques

access network

equipment

maintenance

management

test

home network and power utility network infrastructures

optical fibres and cables and their related installation

control plane technologies

to enable the evolution toward intelligent transport networks, including the support of smart-grid applications.



Access networks

- DSL (Digital Subscriber Line) broadband access using existing copper infrastructure
- High speed access through fibre PON (Passive optical networks)/FTTH
- G.fast/FTTdp To provide the best aspects of 'fibre to the home' and 'ADSL'

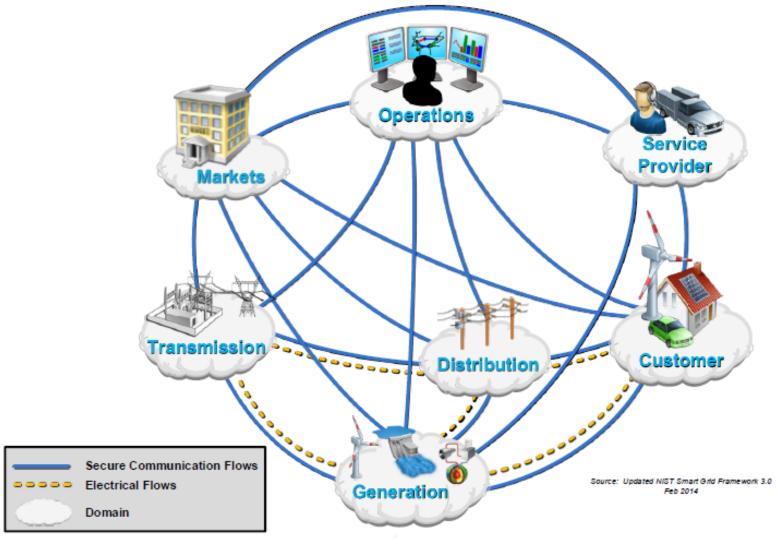


Networks in a household

- Home networking (G.hn) broadband
- Powerline communication(PLT) narrowband for a smart grid



Smart Grid conceptual model





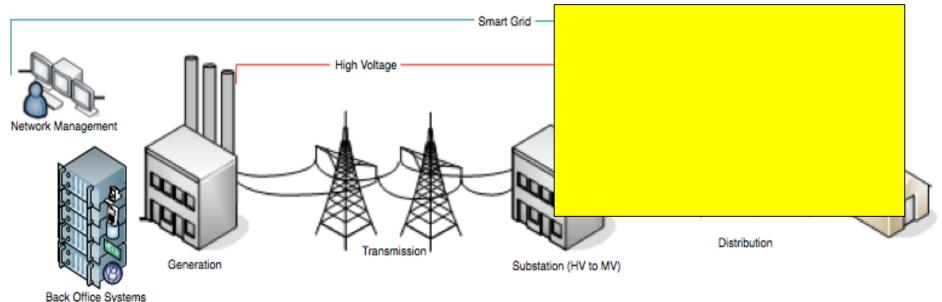
Source: NIST Framework and Roadmap for Smart Grid Interoperability Standards, Release 3.0

Role of ICT in Smart Grid

- The fundamental challenge in power grids is to ensure the balance of generation and demand/consumption
- The fundamental challenge in the Smart Grid is to ensure balance of generation and demand/consumption when integrating all those new technologies that are aimed at addressing in a sustainable manner energy independence and modernization of the aging power grid:
 - Utility scale Renewable Energy Sources (RES) feeding into the transmission system
 - Distributed Energy Resources (DER) feeding into the distribution system
 - Plug-in (Hybrid) Electric Vehicles (PHEV)
 - Demand Side Management (DSM)
 - Consumer participation
 - Storage to compensate for the time varying nature of some renewables

Source: S. Galli, A. Scaglione, Z. Wang, "For the Grid and Through the Grid: The Role of Power Line Communications in the Smart Grid," Proceedings of the IEEE, June 2011.

Smart Grid Communication



- ITU-T G.9901 (04/2014): Narrow-band OFDM power line communication transceivers Power spectral density (PSD) specification.
- ITU-T G.9902 (G.hnem) (08/2013): Narrow-band OFDM power line communication transceivers G.hnem Cenelec A, B, CD, and FCC.
- ITU-T G.9903 (G3-PLC) (08/2015): Narrow-band OFDM power line communication transceivers G3-PLC Cenelec A, B, FCC and ARIB bandplan.
- ITU-T G.9904 (PRIME) (10/2012): Narrow-band OFDM power line communication transceivers – PRIME Cenelec A.
- ITU-T G.9905 (11/2016): Centralized metric-based source routing

ITU-T SG5 - Mitigation of climate change and improving energy efficiency

- Report: "Boosting Energy Efficiency Through Smart Grids"
- Details are at http://www.itu.int/ITU-
 T/climatechange/report-smartgrids.html
- This report discusses the role of ICT in the smart grid with a view of energy efficiency, with the ultimate goal of hindering climate changes.



