IPv6 Implementation Planning
Best Practices

ITU Regional Workshop for the CIS countries

Recommendations on transition from IPv4 to IPv6 in the CIS region,

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International Telecommunication Union
Contents

- **Learning from others** *(history shows that we often don’t do that)*

- This presentation is about:
  - Setting Goals, making decisions, taking responsibility
  - Planning early
  - Taking enough time
  - Work carefully
  - Value quality over profit
Define your Goal

What you should do and what you should not do depends on your goal.

Here is the first **DO**: get clear about your goal! ;-)

**What «Best Practice» or «Do's and Don'ts» means:**
- Do's are what others have not done and regret it
- Don'ts are what others have done and regret it
- And you can't have one without the other

Define your Goal
Define Your Goal

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th></th>
<th>Name</th>
<th>Address</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Internet</td>
<td>Domain name</td>
<td>IP address</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Fixed telephony</td>
<td>E.164 number</td>
<td>Q.708 ISPC</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Mobile telephony</td>
<td>E.164 number</td>
<td>E.212 IMSI</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

- Do I really need a goal?
- Do you have the information and understanding that you need in order to define your goal?
  a) Do you want to get this IPv6 topic off the table asap? What are you willing to pay to reach this goal? (are you actually paying it or will someone else have to pay that?)
  b) Is it your goal to have the best possible most cost effective deployment so your network can thrive in the future?
Early Planning

- We don’t need IPv6, we have enough IPv4 addresses
- We have outsourced our network / our services, we don’t care – oh really?
- Our applications won’t support IPv6 for many years, so why care?
- We have many other projects on the table, no priority for IPv6.
- We are currently busy planning our next generation datacenter.
Early planning allows for:

- Make use of product life cycles, refresh cycles, other IT projects
- Investment protection by having clear IPv6 requirements for purchasing, outsourcing contracts and SLA's
- Integrating IPv6 will take up to 3 or even more years. If you don’t plan early, you won’t be ready when you need it.
- You need time to educate all IPv6 team members and IT personnel
- You want to use all the opportunities IPv6 offers!
- You need sufficient time for labs, testing and pilots
- You need time for bugfixing with vendors (early stacks)
## Dual IP Layer

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Application Layer</th>
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</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>TCP/UDP</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>IPv6</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Network Interface Layer</td>
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- Many applications that follow the OSI model have no issues in IPv6 networks.
- If you develop your own applications for yourself or for your customers, make sure your developers understand the implications.
- State of the Art applications have to perform in an IPv4-only network, in a dual-stack network and also in an IPv6-only network.
- We don’t need IPv6, we have enough IPv4 addresses
- We have outsourced our network / our services, we don’t care – oh really?
- Our applications won’t support IPv6 for many years, so why care?
- We have many other projects on the table, no priority for IPv6.
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Facing the challenges

- **Don't think** IPv6 is almost like IPv4 and your guys can handle it without a lot of education and consulting, they have been doing IPv4 for many years after all.

- **Don't think** IPv6 is way too complex, new and immature, it will kill your company to introduce it.

- **Do try to find the balance**
  and use the opportunity to improve your network, your address, routing and security designs

- **Profit:**
  you will save many headaches and operational cost in the future!
IPv6 Strategy

- Get an overall perspective
- Involve all teams
- Include Business Vision, Business Strategy, IT-Strategy and base the IPv6 Strategy on this foundation to make it sustainable
- Your IPv6 strategy is supposed to support the business

Don’t base your strategy on the results of a generic assessment!
Don’t base your strategy on current bugs.
General Design Concepts

- Native IPv6 where ever possible, dual-stack as long as necessary
- New services IPv6-only whenever possible (internally)
- Tunneling only if necessary and only as a temporary solution
- No NAT, no translation (only with a gun to your head)
- Future networks are end-to-end
- The expanded address architecture allows for new security concepts
  (embed service information in address, adapt security concept)
- Consider new services (monitoring, sensors, health care, Car2Car … depending on industry) – many new services have a much higher demand for addresses and mobility requirements
Manage your Vendors

- Your vendors face the same challenges you do, only they should be ahead of the game. But don’t assume they are. Check!
- If they had the greatest services or products for IPv4, don’t assume they also have the best for IPv6.
- In the early stage write letters of intent
- Don’t forget SLA’s, Outsourcing contracts, ISPs....

- **When evaluating check the following:**
  - Technical features (according to your RFC requirements)
  - Staff (do they have sufficient knowledge, certifications?)
  - All channels need to be educated, sales, engineering, support
  - Ask for their processes (upgrade, incident management)

- **Don’t trust brochures, test in your lab**
What happens if you don't?

- You may be purchasing products that do not support your IPv6 strategy
- You may become stuck in the deployment process when you find out that critical features are not supported or don’t work
- You may loose a lot of time to wait for your vendor to fix bugs

- This can cost a lot of money and be critical for the success of your IPv6 project or other projects that are based on it
Assessment

- Aligned with IPv6 strategy
- Definition of RFC requirements for all components
- Assessment of all components (Hardware, OS, Applications) according to RFC requirements
  - Systems that are IPv6-ready
  - Systems that need to be upgraded to be IPv6-ready (hardware and/or software upgrade)
  - Systems that are not IPv6-ready
- Vendor assessments

Only now you can estimate the cost for deployment (investment and labor).
Address Plan

- Take the learnings from operating an IPv4 network into designing an IPv6 address plan
- Use all the rules you know:
  - Aggregation
  - Subnet Consistency
  - .....  
- Get rid of all conservation rules (host counts)
- Value ease of administration over conserving address space. This results in saving operational cost!
- Align it with security concept
- Reserve enough space for Growth-Growth-Growth and new technologies
Time requirements

- Education across all teams
- Building experience in labs

- **Strategy – Addressplan – Security Concept**
  Plan for multiple iterations, take time for thorough reviews and discussions, get 2nd and even 3rd opinions from people with an external view

- This is going to be the foundation for your network for the next 20 years

- Don't do it quick and dirty!
External Review

- For reviews and external 2nd opinions choose the most experienced consultants you can find. **Experienced in IPv6!**
- They may cost a little more than standard IPv4 consultants, but this will save a lot of money in the project.

- You are laying the foundation for your future network to be operated for 20 years or so.

Saving on the initial planning of new concepts is the wrong way to go and will cost a lot (redo designs and concepts, high operational costs, complexity and therefore error-prone environments).
Methodology

Education

- Visions
  - Business Goals
  - IT Strategy
  - Processes
  - Policies
  - IT Infrastructure
  - IT Services
  - IT Projects
  - Adoption Drivers

- High Level Design
  - IPv6 Roadmap
  - Adoption Plan
  - Milestones
  - Dependencies

- Projects
  - Upgrades
  - Roadmaps
  - Lifecycles

- Design
  - Develop
  - Build
  - Test
  - Pilot

- Operations Improvement
  - Introduce the Interplanetary Communication Protocol

Discover

Strategy

Assess

Plan

Implement
The Most Common Problems

- Lack of management support
- Heads in the sand politics
- Processes (get in your own way)
- Shortterm thinking
- Lack of authority (across departments, no program manager)
- Too many projects, not enough people, no time for carefulness
- Too much pressure, doing it quick and dirty
- Treat IPv6 as a network and infrastructure project (mind the apps)
Conclusions

- IPv6 is on its way. It will take you 3 to 5 years for a smooth and cost efficient migration. So you have to start today with the planning and testing.

- Every component in your network is affected. If you don't use the natural life cycles of your products, costs will be excessive.

Why now?
- Business Continuity
- Reachability
- Life Cycle Management
- Investment protection
- Time for education and to build experience