



Strengthening Joint Efforts to Promote Global Food Security and Nutrition through South-South Cooperation

16 Nov, 2018 Nanjing China



An aerial photograph of a large warehouse filled with white sacks. A crane is lifting a sack in the background, and several workers are visible on the floor. The image is overlaid with a blue tint.

ABOUT WFP China

WFP in China

1979-2005

- 70 aid programmes in poverty alleviation and post-disaster recover totaling over US\$1billion.
- 30 million beneficiaries, mostly in the remote central land western regions of the country.



2006-2015

- Besides assisting emergency operations for the Sichuan and Qinghai earthquake affected areas in China in 2008 and 2010, WFP had no operations inside China.



2016 afterwards

- March 2016, WFP and the Government of China entered into a MOU to strengthen their partnership for ending global hunger.
- Feb 2017, WFP China Country Strategic Plan (2017-2021) : to facilitate countries to “help each other” through South-South and triangular cooperation.
- China has become an increasingly significant donor to WFP’s global activities, with over US\$166 million in funding from the Government of China as of November 2017, in support of WFP’s operations around the globe.

WFP China Office Centre of Excellence

- ❖ WFP China Office functions as a **Centre of Excellence** to enhance South-South and triangular cooperation
- ❖ WFP China Country Strategic Plan (2017-2021) : to facilitate countries to “help each other” through South-South and triangular cooperation.
- ❖ May 2017, South-South Cooperation Demand-driven Symposium



An aerial photograph of a large industrial warehouse or port area. The floor is covered with a vast sea of white sacks, likely containing agricultural products. In the upper center, a crane is lifting a large sack. Several workers are visible in the lower half of the image, some standing and some working with the sacks. The entire image is overlaid with a semi-transparent blue filter.

South-South Cooperation Engagement

Demand-Driven South-South Cooperation

- ❖ **The Symposium on Demand-Driven South-South Cooperation** was co-organized by WFP Policy and Programme Division(OSZ) and WFP China Office with support from Ministry of Agriculture and Rural Affairs of China.

Beijing , 11-12 May 2017



√ Identified four thematic areas and three levels of modalities for South-South cooperation

√ More than 120 participants from WFP headquarter, 3 Regional Bureaus and 25 Country Offices, as well as the Chinese government institutions, private sector, academia and UN agencies

√ 38 proposals comprising 15 DAA projects and 23 short-term programmes for SSC collaborations from the participating countries have been collected.

Thematic Areas of SSC for China Centre of Excellence

Value chain development and market access for smallholders

Supply chain strengthening including processing, PHLM and storage system

Climate adaptation, disaster risk reduction and resilience building

Implementation of national zero-hunger and nutrition strategies

Modality Levels of SSC for China Centre of Excellence

L₁: Policy Level

→ providing expert advice and policy support to governments

L₂: Institutional Level

→ knowledge sharing through study-tours, workshops, technology transfer and online SSC platform

L₃: Grass root Level

→ fostering leadership among a new generation of smallholder farmers by DAA Projects

Solutions based on demand analysis

Based on SSC Needs expressed by partnering countries through WFP Country Offices

Value chain development and market access for smallholders

- Strengthening farmer organizations and agribusinesses (L₁,L₂)
- Boosting productivity and strengthening of smallholder trading and marketing capacities-(L₂,L₃)

Supply Chain strengthening including processing, PHLM and storage systems

- Technologies and models to manage grain reserve and storage systems effectively. (L₁,L₂)
- Post-harvest loss handling techniques for smallholders and enhancing process efficiency at community level (L₂,L₃)

Climate adaptation, disaster risk reduction and resilience building

- Technology transfer and expertise to enhance food security analysis and rapid impact assessments. (L₁,L₂)
- Climate mitigation and adaptation practices for rural livelihood improvement and resilience building (L₂,L₃)

Implementation of national zero-hunger and nutrition strategies

- Rural transformation and livelihood improvement, pro-poor social protection and safety net (L₁)
- Nutrition improvement and food fortification (L₂)

L₁ : Policy Level L₂: Institution Level L₃: Grass root Level

南南合作在线交流平台

WFP On-line Exchange Platform for South-South Cooperation

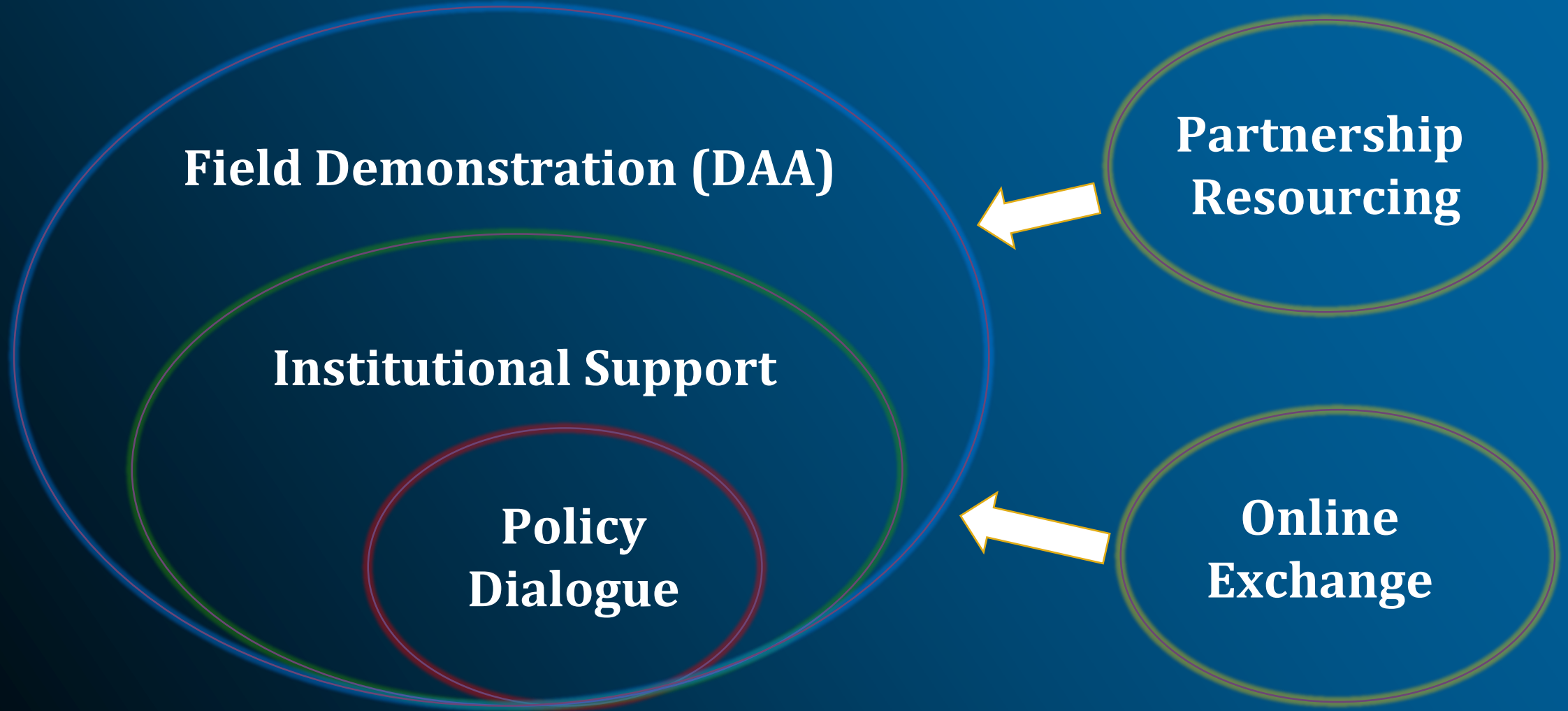
Sharing for Learning



WFP Online-Exchange SSC Platform



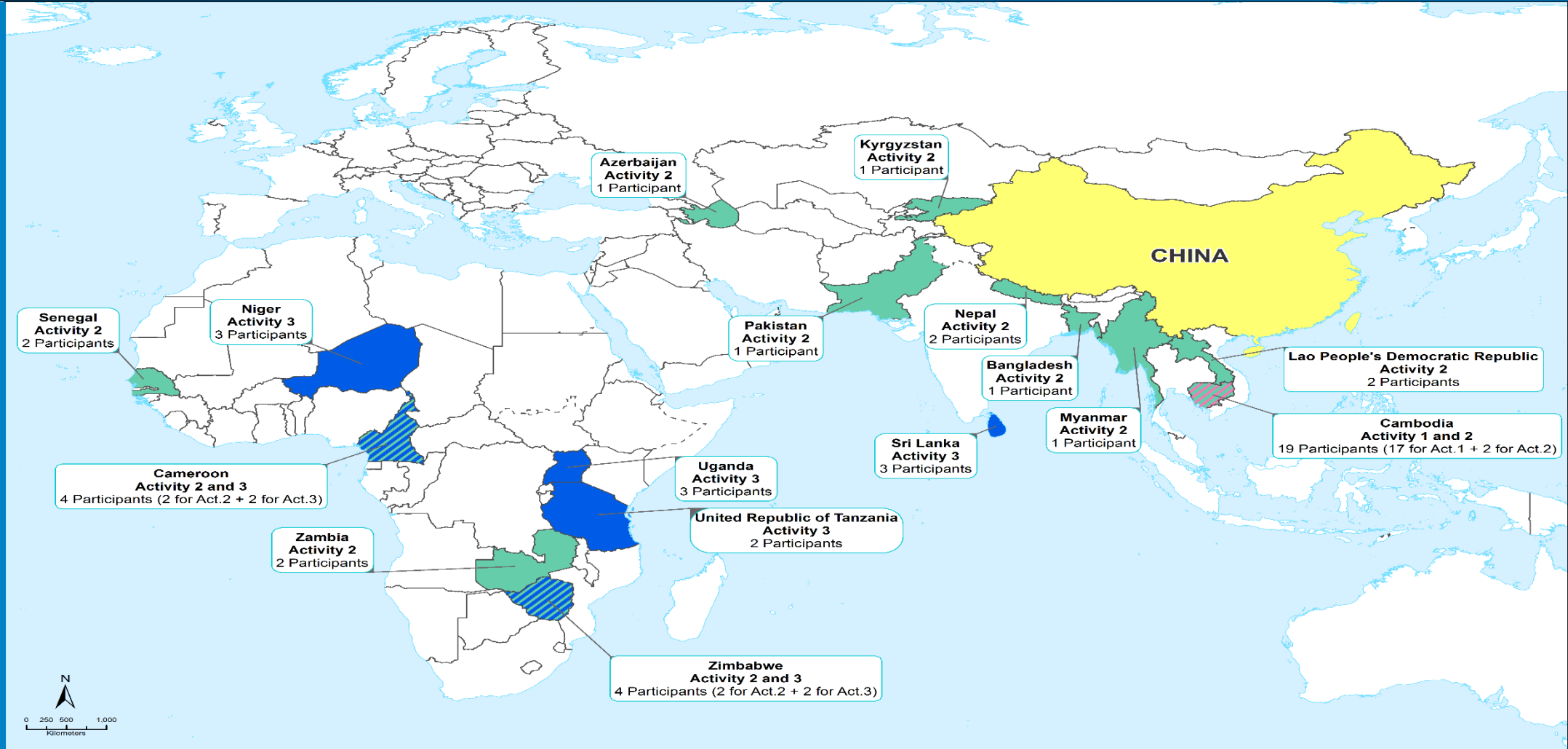
Operations methodology delivery mechanism



SSC Engagement WFP China Support in 2017

CHINA

South-South Cooperation activities supporting WFP global operation



Activities that have engagement from other Countries in 2017

- Activity 1: Cambodia SSC Mission on Smallholder Farmers' Capacity, Food Fortification and Grain Reserve System
- Activity 2: Seminar on Building Smallholder Farmers' Resilience under Climate Change through Value Chain Management
- Activity 3: Training Workshop on Post-Harvest Treatment and Storage Management for Smallholder
- Activity 1 + Activity 2
- Activity 2 + Activity 3

Data sources: WFP, UNGLWG, GeoNames, GADM
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❖ **Cambodia SSC Mission on Smallholder Farmers' Capacity, Food Fortification and Grain Reserve System**

Beijing, Jiangsu province/11-15 September 2017



❖ **Seminar on Smallholders Resilience under Climate Change through Value Chain Management**
Kunming, China /19-21 September 2017



❖ Workshop on Post-Harvest Treatment and Storage Management for Smallholders

Beijing, Yangzhou, Chengdu, Wuhan/20-27 October 2017



❖ **Workshop on Harvesting and Post-Harvest Mechanization to Support Food Security in Asia and Africa**
Shanghai, Jiangsu province/21-27 May 2018



❖ **Training Workshop on Value Chain Development for Smallholders through South-South Cooperation**

Beijing, Zhejiang, Hainan/29 July-7 August, 2018



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DAA Initiative by WFP China

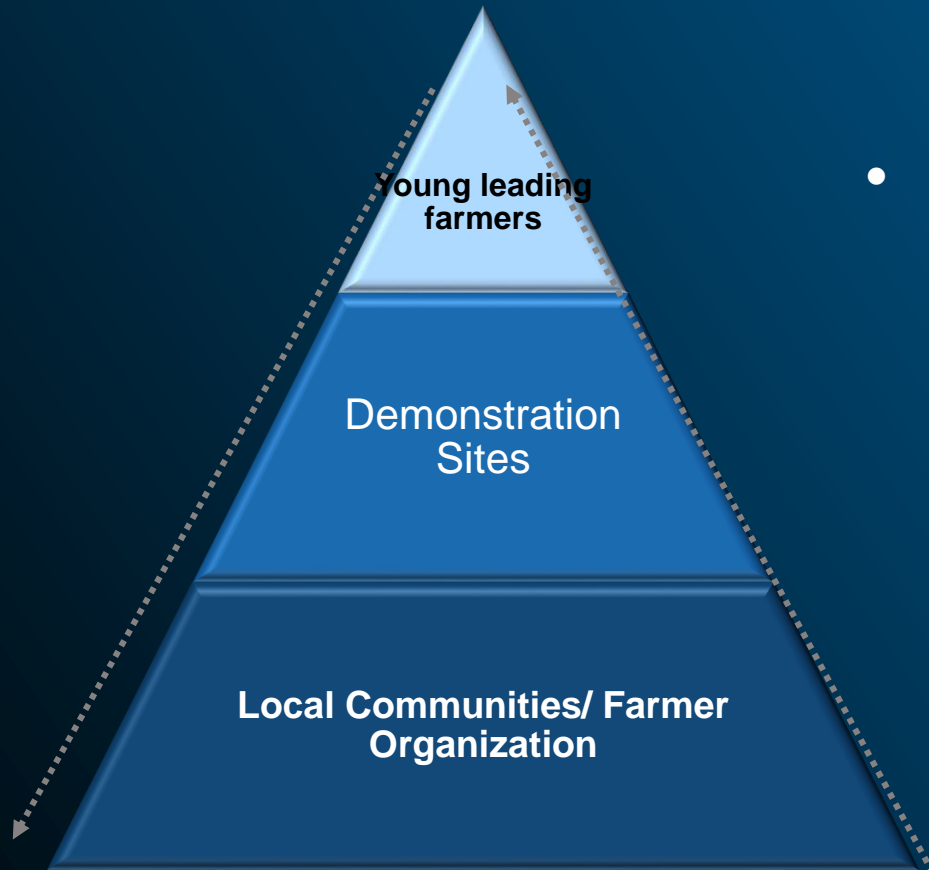
Demonstration in Africa/Asia by Africa/Asian (DAA)

Rationale :

- ❖ WFP China Office is initiating a new programme to foster leadership among a new generation of smallholder farmers in needed developing countries, abbreviated as DAA (Demonstration in Africa/Asia by African/Asian)
- ❖ The initiative draws on the Chinese concept of "the rural bellwethers of becoming rich" and foreign concept of "agricultural industry leaders"
- ❖ DAA aims to carry out a technical demonstration in increasing the development capacity of Asian nations by fostering a new generation of farmer leaders.



Demonstration in Africa/Asia by Africa/Asian (DAA)



- Selected young leading farmers from local representative demonstration sites
- Based on local agricultural production situation and business modalities, select representative demonstration sites
- Provide seed funds to trained farmers, and dispatch Chinese agricultural experts to host countries provide on site technical instruction

DAA Implementation Methodology:

Learning by Doing + On-site Instruction



Expected Outcome / DAA

- **For Recipient Countries**

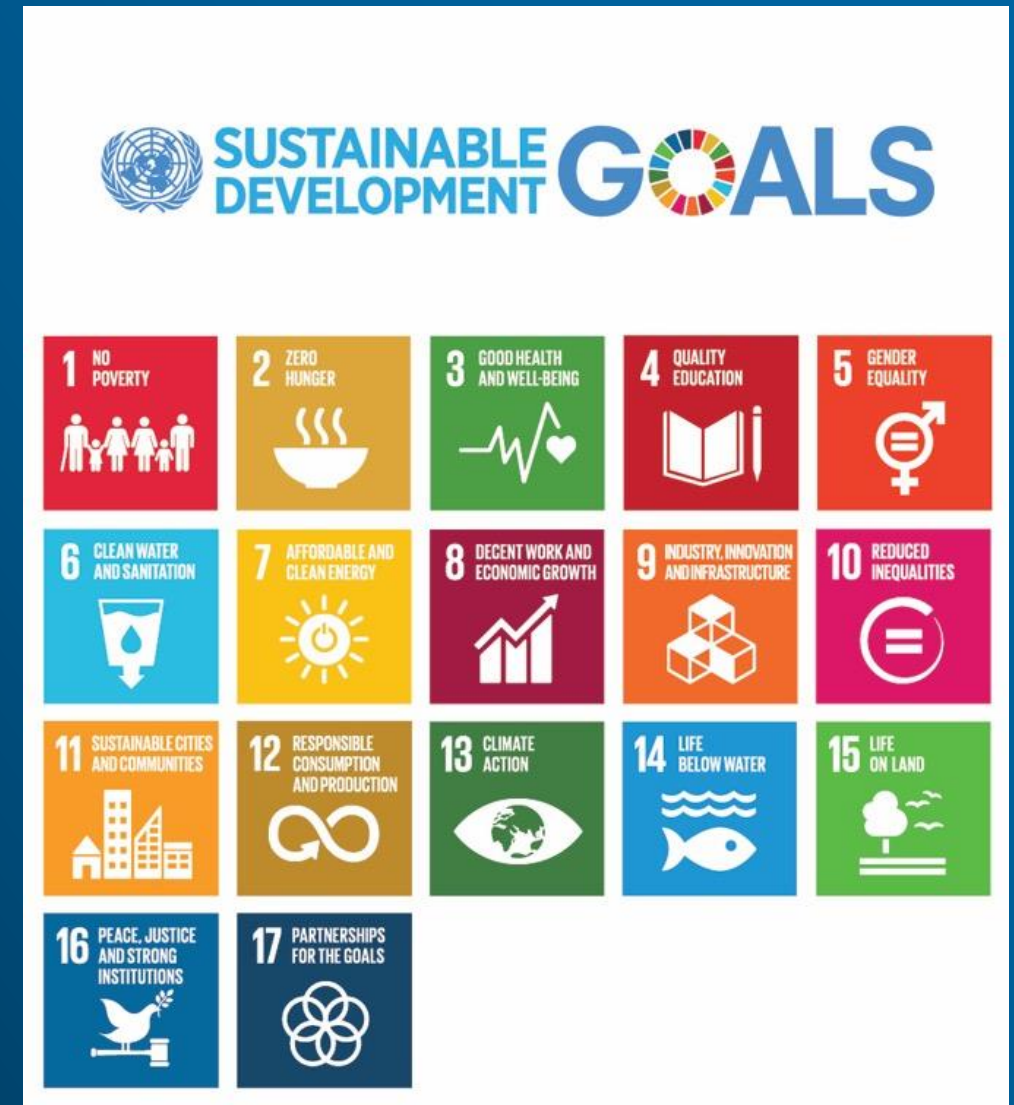
- **❖ For Developing Countries:**

- Improved productivity of small-scale farmers due to introduction of Chinese agricultural technology suitable for local conditions
- Increased level of organization in small-scale farming communities and strengthened integration of farming cooperatives with the market
- Improved ability of small-scale farmers to cope with the dangers of climate change
- Increased entrepreneurial ability of young farmers
- Development of several industries in the project area, increased income of small farmers, and improved livelihood of affected communities



Expected Outcome / DAA

- **For Recipient Countries**
- Share China's agro-industrial technologies and experiences to develop local agricultural and rural economies and raise food security
- Improve nutrition, promote the sustainable development of agriculture, and promote the realization of Sustainable Development Goal 2 on Zero Hunger
- Support the implementation of China's "Belt and Road" initiative and actively promote participation in South-South Cooperation initiatives
- Cooperate with other international aid agencies and WFP's Purchase for Progress (P4P) project to increase the effects of projects on sustainable development
- Expand the effects of technology demonstrations such as DAA, promote youth entrepreneurship, and stimulate local industry and economic development



Demonstration in Africa/Asia by African/Asian (DAA)

Sustainable Development

Commercialization-and up scaling

Chinese Experts Field Deployment

(1)On-site trainings (2) Technical support (3) local Tailorship

Demonstration in Partnering Country

(1)Seed funding (2) Demonstration in community (3) Agro-Business

Training in China

(1)On farm coaching (2) Field practice (3) Agro-business training

Lead Farmer Selection

Young lead farmers with strong enthusiasm and and potential for entrepreneurship

Project Identification

Concept Note proposed by partnering Country

THANK YOU!

Joint Efforts through South-South Cooperation

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