SOCIAL MEDIA (3)

<Challenge or opportunity for governance?>

#Engagement

#Emergence

Alan G. Alegre ITU-ASEAN Forum on Social Media | 16 December 2014/ Jakarta

#Ecosystems

Roadmap

- The Rise of Social Media in a Hyper-Connected World
- Begovernment 2.0: ICTs, Governance & Social Media
- Social Media Use in ASEAN
 Governments* (Preliminary Findings)
- N. SocialMedia@ASEAN.gov: Limits & Opportunities, Policy Challenges & Choices
- v. Towards a Balanced Policy Framework for SM Use by Governments

Social.Media@ASEAN.Gov (Limits & Opportunities, Policy Challenges & Choices)

IV.

The Case for PRINCIPLED ENGAGEMENT BENEFITS TO GOVT

1.Enhances internal collaboration within and between agencies: efficiency/effectiveness

2. Promotes greater transparency in government

- Improves information sharing/communications functions with the public: Up-to-date
- Direct access to citizens + interactivity allows 2-way comms
- Increases sense of "trust" in govt
- Increase direct engagement with the public

3.Better Delivery of Services

4.Reduced Costs

The Case for PRINCIPLED ENGAGEMENT BENEFITS TO CITIZENS

1. Transparency: Easier access to govt info and services

- More interactive platforms: real-time/24/7, faster answers, PSAs
- Feels more appreciated as stakeholders: "govt is listening to us"

2.More citizen participation & direct political engagement: 'direct democracy' viz 'representative democracy'

 Interact directly with govt officials > channel criticisms directly

ISSUES AND CHALLENGES NEGATIVE IMPACTS TO GOVT / CITIZENS

1.Security impacts: Illegal online activity > more points of contact/failure

2. Social impacts?

> New channels for online harm: eVAW, bullying, trafficking

> Decrease in "solidarity": addiction to SM alienating?

3. Economic impact: Decrease in productivity?

...but, "no going back"?

ISSUES AND CONCERNS

LEGAL & REGULATORY

- 1. Lack of formal mandates & admin accountabilities
- 2. Jurisdictional Issues: from intra-agency to cross-border
- 3. Complex issues of REGULATIONS vs RIGHTS

ISSUES AND CONCERNS

(DATA) PRIVACY & (CYBER) SECURITY ISSUES

1.Quickly evolving landscape: TECHNOLOGY always trumps LAW?

2.PRIVACY is the important human rights issue of the hyperconnected network society (+ Internet of "Me"!)

3. Cybersecurity/cybercrime/cyberwarfare are emerging domains: need for multi-stakeholder policy development

ISSUES AND CONCERNS

CAPACITY ISSUES

1. Access Issues: the new "digital divide"?

2. Gaps in state capacity:

> lack of (financial) resources

 > gaps in policy development & praxis: internet governance
 > socio-technical issues: privacy/data protection, genderspecific issues; "smart" technologies...

3.Gaps in public education:

digital literacy, safe/secure/responsible SM use

4. Language Issues

POLICY CHALLENGES & CHOICES

BALANCING ACTS: Regulation vs Rights

1.Free and Open Internet in a an era of Cybercrime/Cyber Crime/Cyberwarfare

2.Net Neutrality vs the need to protect/enclose "Intellectual Property"

3.Content Filtering of "Harmful Content" ("Censorship") viz Freedom of Expression

4.Content Monitoring ("Surveillance") viz Data Protection/Privacy Rights

POLICY CHALLENGES & CHOICES

Basic Questions

1.Is Social Media a public or private space?

2.Role of Third Party providers > Appropriate regulation/oversight to big providers with global footprints

3.Cultural Factors: complex
> religion/faith; "obscenity"; "defamation";

MODELS OF (INTERNET) GOVERNANCE: contested "intergovernmental/multi-lateral" viz "multistakeholder"

Thank you. Terima Kasih.



Al Alegre alalegre@fma.ph alalegre@yahoo.com F: /alalegre T: @alalegre