

CYBERWELLNESS PROFILE SAO TOME AND PRINCIPE



BACKGROUND

Total Population: 182 000 **Internet users**, percentage of population: 23.00%

(data source: <u>United Nations Statistics Division</u>, December 2012) (data source: <u>ITU Statistics</u>, 2013)

1. CYBERSECURITY

1.1 LEGAL MEASURES

1.1.1 CRIMINAL LEGISLATION

Sao Tome and Principe does not have any officially recognized national legislation pertaining to cybercrime.

1.1.2 REGULATION AND COMPLIANCE

Sao Tome and Principe does not have any officially recognized regulation pertaining to cybersecurity.

1.2 TECHNICAL MEASURES

1.2.1 CIRT

Sao Tome and Principe currently does not have any officially recognized national CIRT.

1.2.2 STANDARDS

Sao Tome and Principe does not have any officially recognized national (and sector specific) cybersecurity frameworks for implementing internationally recognized cybersecurity standards.

1.2.3 CERTIFICATION

Sao Tome and Principe does not have any officially approved national (and sector specific) cybersecurity frameworks for the certification and accreditation of national agencies and public sector professionals.

1.3 ORGANIZATION MEASURES

1.3.1 POLICY

Sao Tome and Principe does not have any officially recognized national cybersecurity strategy.

1.3.2 ROADMAP FOR GOVERNANCE

Sao Tome and Principe does not have any officially recognized national governance roadmap for cybersecurity.

1.3.3 RESPONSIBLE AGENCY

The <u>General Regulatory Authority (AGER)</u> is the officially recognized agency responsible for implementing a national cybersecurity strategy, policy and roadmap.

1.3.4 NATIONAL BENCHMARKING

Sao Tome and Principe does not have any officially recognized national or sector-specific benchmarking exercises or referential used to measure cybersecurity development.

1.4 CAPACITY BUILDING

1.4.1 STANDARDISATION DEVELOPMENT

Sao Tome and Principe does not have any officially recognized national or sector-specific research and development (R&D) programs/projects for cybersecurity standards, best practices and guidelines to be applied in either the private or the public sector.

1.4.2 MANPOWER DEVELOPMENT

Sao Tome and Principe does not have any officially recognized national or sector-specific educational and professional training programs for raising awareness with the general public, promoting cybersecurity courses in higher education and promoting certification of professionals in either the public or the private sectors.

1.4.3 PROFESSIONAL CERTIFICATION

Sao Tome and Principe does not have any public sector professionals certified under internationally recognized certification programs in cybersecurity.

1.4.4 AGENCY CERTIFICATION

Sao Tome and Principe does not have any certified government and public sector agencies certified under internationally recognized standards in cybersecurity.

1.5 COOPERATION

1.5.1 INTRA-STATE COOPERATION

Sao Tome and Principe does not have any officially recognized partnerships to facilitate sharing of cybersecurity assets across borders or with other nation states.

1.5.2 INTRA-AGENCY COOPERATION

Sao Tome and Principe does not have any officially recognized national or sector-specific programs for sharing cybersecurity assets within the public sector.

1.5.3 PUBLIC SECTOR PARTNERSHIP

Sao Tome and Principe does not have any officially recognized national or sector-specific programs for sharing cybersecurity assets within the public and private sector.

1.5.4 INTERNATIONAL COOPERATION

Sao Tome is a member of the ITU-IMPACT initiative and has access to relevant cybersecurity services. Sao Tome is among the beneficiaries of the EU/ITU co-funded project "Support for Harmonization of the ICT Policies in Sub-Sahara Africa" (HIPSSA). Sao Tome and Principe is also a member of ARCTEL.

2. CHILD ONLINE PROTECTION

2.1 NATIONAL LEGISLATION

Specific legislation on child online protection has been enacted through the following instrument: -The Criminal Code (Article 180)

2.2 UN CONVENTION AND PROTOCOL

Sao Tome and Principe has acceded, with no declarations or reservations to articles 16, 17(e) and 34(c), to the Convention on the Rights of the Child.

2.3 INSTITUTIONAL SUPPORT

Sao Tome and Principe does not have any the officially recognized agency that offers institutional support on child online protection.

2.4 REPORTING MECHANISM

Sao Tome and Principe does not have any the officially recognized agency that offers an avenue for the reporting of incidents related to child online protection.

2