

Bridging the Regulatory Gap in the Euro-Mediterranean Region GSR14



Regulatory Associations Meeting

Presentation of the report on "Enforcement and Judicial review of the NRAs' decisions"

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Intro

New technologies

New global challenges for regulators

Exchange of information and best practices





- Findings of a questionnaire sent to all EMERG members
- Workshop in Brussels organized by EMERG and BEREC



- Comparing the instruments that NRAs may adopt in order to enforce their decisions
- Exploring to what extent the Judiciary power can intervene and overturn the NRAs' decisions



Analysis 1. The enforcement powers

- EU regulatory framework requires effective enforcement systems to ensure compliance with the regulatory obligations resulting from the framework
- Multi-purpose system of enforcement:
 - 1. Protection of the rights of market players and consumers
 - 2. Effectiveness of the regulatory regime
 - 3. Efficiency of the enforcement and review process
- EU toolbox for NRAs:
 - 1. Participation mechanisms
 - 2. Remedies (sanctioning procedures and fines)
 - 3. Judicial review measures

Findings 1. The enforcement powers

- The enforcement instruments available in the regulatory system of MENA countries differ from EU approach
- Some non-EU NRAs have to refer to the Tribunal in order to enforce their decisions
- Almost no MENA country has set out a secondary legislation identifying the steps for a sanctioning proceeding in order to grant transparency and participation
- Possible lack of trust on NRAs

Analysis 2. Judicial review of NRAs' decisions

• EU Framework Directive states that EU members are required to ensure the effectiveness of the appeal mechanism, including the possibility to review the merits of a case



The appeal body must have appropriate expertise and, pending the outcome of an appeal, the NRAs' decision should stand unless the appeal body decides otherwise

Findings 2. Judicial review of NRAs' decisions

- In MENA countries, in some cases the decision of a NRA could not enter into force before the last stage of appeal has been completed, differing from the European best practice
- Lack of expertise of the review Courts
- In many cases the appeal automatically suspends the enforcement of NRA's decision
- Not always all parties are allowed to stand and to intervene into an appeal
- Review proceedings often take too long

Recommendations and Conclusions

- I. Enforcement power
- II. Secondary legislation
- III. Nature of review Court
- IV. Effectiveness of NRAs' decisions during appeal proceedings
- V. Standing and third party intervention
- VI. Length of proceedings

Thank you for your attention

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