

RECOMMENDATION ITU-R S.1328

SATELLITE SYSTEM CHARACTERISTICS TO BE CONSIDERED IN FREQUENCY SHARING ANALYSES BETWEEN GEOSTATIONARY-SATELLITE ORBIT (GSO) AND NON-GSO SATELLITE SYSTEMS IN THE FIXED-SATELLITE SERVICE (FSS) INCLUDING FEEDER LINKS FOR THE MOBILE-SATELLITE SERVICE (MSS)

(Questions ITU-R 205/4, ITU-R 206/4 and ITU-R 231/4)

(1997)

The ITU Radiocommunication Assembly,

considering

- a) that the World Radiocommunication Conference (Geneva, 1995) (WRC-95), in Resolutions 116 and 117, allocated frequencies to the FSS for use by feeder links of non-GSO MSS systems;
- b) that WRC-95, in Resolution 118, provided for parts of the 30/20 GHz bands in the FSS to be used by the non-GSO FSS without the restrictions of Radio Regulations (RR) No. 2613;
- c) that WRC-95, in Resolution 120, provided for parts of the 30/20 GHz band in the FSS to be shared with feeder links of the non-GSO MSS;
- d) that WRC-95, in Resolution 121, advocated the development of interference criteria and methodology for sharing between feeder links of the non-GSO MSS and networks of the GSO FSS,

recommends

- 1** that, in the planning and development of new FSS networks, both GSO and non-GSO, and feeder links for MSS systems affecting the FSS allocations, the technical characteristics of existing and planned satellite systems in the Annexes 1 to 6 be taken into consideration;
- 2** that, in studies pertaining to the development of sharing criteria between satellite systems, the technical characteristics of existing and planned systems in the Annexes 1 to 6 be used in interference analyses;
- 3** that administrations planning modifications to these systems or proposing future satellite system networks in FSS bands are urged to submit their technical characteristics to the ITU-R to update this data source.

ANNEX 1

TABLE 1
Technical characteristics of several LEO and GSO satellite networks

Parameters	Non-GSO MSS							
	LEO A	LEO B	LEO C	LEO D	LEO E		LEO F	LEO G
<i>1. Orbital parameters</i>								
Shape of orbit	Circular	Circular	Circular	Circular	Elliptical	Circular	Circular	Circular
Height (km)	780	10 355	2 000	1 414	7 846 × 520	80-90	10 355	1 500
Inclination angle (degrees)	86	50	55	52	116.6	0	45	74
Coherence (track repeat in h)	–	–	–	47.5	3	4.8	–	–
No. of satellites per plane	11	4	5	6	5	7	5	12
No. of orbital planes	6	3	8	8	2	1	2	4
Satellite separation (degrees) within plane	32.7	90	45	60	72	51	–	30
Satellite phasing between planes (degrees)	31.6 (22)	30	–	7.5	36	–	0	90
<i>2. Targeted frequency range and polarization</i>								
Uplink frequency (GHz)	29.1-29.3	29.1-29.5	5 091-5 250	5 091-5 250	15.45-15.65		5 100-5 250	14
Uplink polarization	RHCP	LHCP	RHCP/LHCP	LHCP/RHCP	–		–	LHCP
Downlink frequency (GHz)	19.4-19.6	19.3-19.7	6 875-7 075	6 875-7 055	6 875-7 075		6 925-7 075	11
Downlink polarization	LHCP	RHCP	RHCP/LHCP	LHCP/RHCP	–		–	RHCP
<i>3. Spectrum required in each direction (MHz)</i>	200	400	200	159/180	200		100	50
<i>4. Carrier transmission parameters</i>								
Modulation type	FDMA/QPSK Rate ½, coded Rate 6.25 Mbit/s	CDMA	CDMA/FDMA	CDMA/FDMA	QPSK	QPSK	TDMA/QPSK	CDMA/FDMA
Number of service link beams		–	32	16	61	37	16.3	–
No. of feeder-link segments/polarization		–	1	8	31	31	–	–
Segment bandwidth (MHz)		–	12	16.5	12	12	–	–
Receiver bandwidth (kHz)	3 000	2 500	200	1 230	3 000/7 000	3 000/7 000	25	5 800
Transmission bandwidth (kHz)	4 370	2 500	2 500	1 230	3 000/7 000	3 000/7 000	25	5 800
Overall (C/N_0) per user (dB(Hz)) or (C/N) (dB)	–	–	44.7-46.6	44	–	–	48	42 (E_b/N_0)

TABLE 1 (continued)

Parameters	Non-GSO MSS							
	LEO A	LEO B	LEO C	LEO D	LEO E		LEO F	LEO G
<i>4. Carrier transmission parameter (continued)</i>								
Uplink e.i.r.p./carrier (dBW)	ARC 34.0 to 43.5	54.25	40.2	54	50	50	47.5	49
Downlink e.i.r.p./carrier (dBW)	ARC 4.5 to 15.0	5.31	-8.5	-5	-	-	0	-6 (nadir)
Type of satellite transponder	Regenerative	Transparent	Transparent	Transparent	Transparent	Transparent	-	-
<i>5. Satellite antenna parameters</i>								
Tx maximum gain (dBi)	26.9, 2 dB axial ratio	35.7	3	2	11	15	13	5 (nadir)
Rx maximum gain (dBi)	30.1, 2 dB axial ratio	38.5	3	2	11	15	10	5 (nadir)
Main lobes	RR AP 29	-	-3 dB	ISO flux \pm 2 dB	-	-	RR AP 30B	-
Side lobes	RR AP 29	-	-3 dB	-14 dB	-16 dB	-16 dB	-	-
Back lobes	-	-	-10 dB	-35 dB	-38 dB	-38 dB	-	-
Steerable antenna or not	(Programmed Pointing) Steerable (4/SAT)	Steerable	No	No	No	No	No	No
<i>6. Earth station antenna parameters</i>								
Peak Tx gain (dBi)	56.3 (beamwidth 0.24°)	64.8	47.7	47.5	55.3		47.8	41
Peak Rx gain (dBi)	53.2 (beamwidth 0.36°)	60.8	50.2	50.0	48.2		50.7	42
Radiation pattern	RR AP 29	Rec. ITU-R S.465	Rec. ITU-R S.580	Rec. ITU-R S.465	-		Rec. ITU-R S.580	32.3 – 25 log ϕ
Minimum operating elevation angle (degrees)	5° Acquisition 8.3° Service (Auto tracking)	10	10	10	5		5	10
<i>7. Number of earth stations and distribution</i>								
	25 ww 7 USA	8-12	50-100	100-200	20-40		6-30	3 or more
<i>8. Earth station switching strategy</i>								
	Nom. 10° minimum, make before break	\geq minimum elevation angle	Highest elevation angle	Select highest elevation	Highest and 2nd highest elevation angle		\geq minimum elevation angle	

TABLE 1 (continued)

Parameters	Non-GSO/ MSS	GSO FSS					GSO MSS	Non-GSO FSS	FSS	
	LEO	GSO 1	GSO 2	GSO 3	GSO 13	GSO 20		LEO SAT-1	GSO 30	QUASI-GSO 31
<i>1. Orbital parameters</i>										
Shape of orbit	Circular				Circular	Circular	Circular	Circular	Circular	Elliptical
Height (km)	1 000	36 000	36 000	36 000	36 000	36 000	36 000	700	36 000	1 000-43 000
Inclination angle (degrees)	83	–	–	–	0	–	–	98.2	–	63
Coherence (track repeat in h)	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	Not applicable	–	12
No. of satellites per plane	1	–	–	–	17	–	–	40	1	1
No. of orbital planes	7	–	–	–	1 (GSO)	–	–	21	12	8
Satellite separation (degrees) within plane	–	–	–	–	At least 2° for co-channel sharing	–	–	9	–	–
Satellite phasing between planes (degrees)	51.4	–	–	–	Not applicable	–	–	Random	–	Varies
<i>2. Targeted frequency range and polarization</i>										
Uplink frequency (GHz)	7	6	6	14	30	30	30	28.6-29.1	30	30
Uplink polarization	RHCP	Circular	Circular	V and H	Circular with re-use	LHCP/RHCP	LHCP/RHCP	LHCP/RHCP	RHCP/LHCP	RHCP/LHCP
Downlink frequency (GHz)	5	4	4	12	20	20	20	18.8-19.3	19	19
Downlink polarization	LHCP	Circular	Circular	V and H	Circular with re-use	LHCP/RHCP	RHCP	LHCP/RHCP	RHCP/LHCP	RHCP/LHCP
<i>3. Spectrum required in each direction (MHz)</i>										
	50 up 66 down	500	500	500	1 000-2 500	1 000	500	500	1 000-3 200	1 000-3 200
<i>4. Carrier transmission parameters</i>										
Modulation type	CDMA/FDMA	FM/TV	64 kbit/s	FM/TV	FDMA up/ FDMA down	FDMA/QPSK	FDMA/QPSK	Shaped QPSK FDMA up/ TDMA down	Phase	Phase
No. of service link beams	–	–	–	–	48	8	4	< 49 per satellite	–	–
No. of feeder-link segments/polarization	–	–	–	–	Not applicable	–	–	–	–	–
Segment bandwidth (MHz)	–	–	–	–	Not applicable	–	–	–	–	–
Receiver bandwidth (kHz)	2 050	30 000	51.2	27 000	500 uplink/ 120 000 downlink	241 up	1 800	0.275-35.2 (MHz)	3 200	3 200
Transmission bandwidth (kHz)	2 050	30 000	51.2	27 000	340 uplink/ 81 000 downlink	1 800 down	1 800	500 (MHz)	3 200	3 200

TABLE 1 (continued)

Parameters	Non-GSO/ MSS	GSO FSS					GSO MSS	Non-GSO FSS	FSS	
	LEO	GSO 1	GSO 2	GSO 3	GSO 13	GSO 20		LEO SAT-1	GSO 30	QUASI-GSO 31
4. Carrier transmission parameters (continued)										
Overall (C/N_0) per user (dB(Hz)) or (C/N) (dB)	63	17.7	12.7	17.7	8.0 up/ 5.0 down (E_b/N_0)			63.3 (dB(Hz)) uplink C/N_0 105.4 (dB(Hz)) downlink C/N_0	–	–
Uplink e.i.r.p./carrier (dBW)	42.1	85.4	48.3	86.3	32.8-40.8	39.0	62.0	15.2 (90° clear)- 33.6 (40° minimum)	110	110
Downlink e.i.r.p./carrier (dBW)	-5.8	30.5	0.5	50.0	59.5	61.0	57.0	47.5 (90°), 48.6, 49.7 (40°)	74	74
Type of satellite transponder	–	–	–	–	Digital filtering/routing	On-board processing	On-board processing	On-board processing	On-board processing	On-board processing
5. Satellite antenna parameters										
Tx maximum gain (dBi)	3				46.5/35.0	48.9	40.9	29.8 (90°), 30.9, 32.0 (40°)	55	55
Rx maximum gain (dBi)	3				46.5/35.0	48.9	40.9	29.8 (90°), 30.9, 32.0 (40°)	55	55
Main lobes	–				Report ITU-R S.558	RR AP 30B	RR AP 30B	–	Report ITU-R S.558	Report ITU-R S.558
Side lobes	–				Report ITU-R S.558	–	–	–	Report ITU-R S.558	Report ITU-R S.558
Back lobes	–				Report ITU-R S.558	–	–	–	Report ITU-R S.558	Report ITU-R S.558
Steerable antenna or not	No				No, fixed pointed array	Yes	Yes	64 steerable beams	Yes	Yes
6. Earth station antenna parameters										
Peak Tx gain (dBi)	43.1	57.8	51.6	62.3	44.5/53.3	34.0-43.5	37.5-43.5	36	70	70
Peak Rx gain (dBi)	48.5	54.0	47.7	60.2	44.5/53.3	30.5-40.0	34.0-40.0	33	70	70
Radiation pattern	29 – 25 log ϕ	–	–	–	29 – 25 log ϕ	32 – 25 log ϕ	32 – 25 log ϕ	RR AP 29, Annex III	RR AP 29	RR AP 29
Minimum operating elevation angle (degrees)	10	–	–	–	5	10	10	40	5	5
7. No. of earth stations and distribution	4 or more				Unlimited, through urban and suburban areas and certain rural areas			Up to 20 million, worldwide	Global	Global
8. Earth station switching strategy					Not needed/used	Not applicable	Not applicable	Track nearest satellite		

ARC: Automatic Range Compensation

LHCP: left hand circular polarization

RHCP: right hand circular polarization

NOTE 1 – Ref. Based on Table 7 of CPM-95 Report.

ANNEX 2

TABLE 2

Technical characteristics of feeder links of GSO MSS satellite networks

Parameters	GSO-C	GSO-D	GSO-E	GSO-F	GSO-G	GSO-H
1. Frequency range (GHz)						
Uplink	12.75-13.25	12.75-13.25	6	28.75-28.6/29.5-30.0	27.5-29.5	27.5-29.5
Downlink	10.7-10.95	11.2-11.45	4	18.55-18.80/19.7-20.2	18.4-19.7	18.4-19.7
2. Spectrum requirements in each direction (MHz)						
	200	150	50	250/500 up 250/500 down	1 300	1 300
3. Carrier transmission parameters						
Carrier type	600HG1ECF, 2K40G1EDF, 5K25G1EDF, 12K0G1EDF, 56K0G1EDF	2K40G1EDF, 4K80G1EDF, 32K0M7EDT, 144KG1EDF, 1M25G1EDC	QPSK/TDMA	FDM/TDMA/QPSK up TDM/QPSK down	QPSK	QPSK
Receiver bandwidth (kHz)	0.75-70	3-90	30	125 000	76.8	76.8
Allocated bandwidth (kHz)	5-100	5-1 250	33	125 000	84.5	84.5
Overall (C/N_0) (dB/Hz)	32-58	41-57	48	19.4 up/ 14.1 down per user	66.6	66.6
Uplink e.i.r.p./carrier (dBW)	34-47	36-52.0	53.2	53.2	67.5	61.5
Downlink e.i.r.p./carrier (dBW)	-8 to 5	-2 to 14	3.8	61.8	40.6	34.6
4. Satellite antenna parameters						
Peak Tx gain (dBi)	30 at all frequencies	30 at all frequencies	20	49.0	-	-
3 dB beamwidth (degrees)	-	-	17.8	-	-	-
Peak Rx gain (dBi)	-	-	20	49.0	-	-
3 dB beamwidth (degrees)	-	-	17.8	-	-	-
Side-lobe gain or pattern	Fig. 1	Fig. 1	RR AP 30B STD	RR AP 30B	Rec. ITU-R S.672	Rec. ITU-R S.672
Roll-off of pattern			RR AP 30B STD	-	Square law	Square law
Steerable antenna or not	None	None	No	Fixed points		
5. Earth station antenna parameters						
Maximum Tx gain (dBi)	61.3 at 13 GHz	61.3 at 13 GHz	50.2	57.2	49.2	55.2
Maximum Rx gain (dBi)	60.0 at 11 GHz	60.0 at 11 GHz	45.5	53.5	45.7	51.7
Radiation pattern	Rec. ITU-R S.580	Rec. ITU-R S.580	Rec. ITU-R S.580	Rec. ITU-R S.465	Rec. ITU-R S.580	Rec. ITU-R S.580
Minimum elevation angle (degrees)	25	25	5	10	10	10
6. No. of earth stations and distribution						
	Diversity pair	Diversity pair	Up to 30	Unlimited	-	-

TABLE 3

Technical characteristics of GSO satellite networks using FSS frequency bands

1a. Frequency band (GHz)	6/4 (Conv.)				6/4 (Allot)	14/12 (Conv.)		14/12 (Allot)	30/20		
1b. System	GSO 1	GSO 2	GSO 5	GSO 6	GSO 9	GSO 3	GSO 7	GSO 10	GSO 11	GSO 12	GSO 13
No. of co-located satellites	1				1	1		1	1	1	2
No. of beams/satellite and polarization	2 and RHCP + 2 and LHCP					V and H		V and H	7V and 7H	1 circular polarization	24 and RHCP + 24 and LHCP
2. Spectrum requirements in each direction (MHz)	500				300	500		500	800	1 000	1 000-2 500
3a. Uplink carrier	FM/TV		64 kbit/s IDR			FM/TV	64 kbit/s		147 Mbit/s	65 Mbit/s	384 kbit/s
Beam identification??	Global	Hemi	Global	Hemi		Spot	Spot		Spot	Spot	Spot (Global)
Occupied bandwidth (Hz)	30 M	30 M	51.2 k	51.2 k		27 M	51.2 k		110 M	110 M	500 k
Minimum required C/N or E _b /N ₀											8
3b. Downlink carrier	Same as uplink				Same as uplink	Same as uplink		Same as uplink	Same as uplink		Data mux
Occupied bandwidth (MHz)	Same as uplink				Same as uplink	Same as uplink		Same as uplink	Same as uplink		120
Minimum required C/N or E _b /N ₀ ⁽¹⁾ (dB)	17.7		9.7			17.7	9.7				5
4. Uplink parameters											
Transmitter power to antenna (dBW)									20		-11.5 to -3.5 (power control)
Transmitting antenna size (m)									5	11.5	0.66
Transmitting antenna gain (dBi)	57.8	57.8	51.6	51.6	52.5	62.3	55.5	50.7	61.9	69.0	44.3
E.i.r.p. (dBW)	85.4	87.8	48.3	46.1	6.6 ⁽²⁾	86.3	40.9	14.6 ⁽²⁾	81.9	91.0	32.8-40.8 (power control)
Peak system G/T (dB(K ⁻¹))									21.8		18.9
Receiving antenna beamwidth (degrees)											0.9
Receiving antenna side-lobe pattern											
Steerable or not											No
5. Downlink parameters											
Transmitter power to antenna (dBW)									6		12.5
Peak transmitting antenna gain (dBi)									49.5	33.0	46.5
Peak e.i.r.p. (dBW)	30.5	35.0	0.5	0.9	-35.6 ⁽²⁾	50.0	7.7	-21 ⁽²⁾	55.5	39.0	59
Transmitting antenna beamwidth (degrees)									0.44		1.4
Receiving antenna size (m)									5		0.66
Peak receiving antenna gain (dBi)	54.0	54.0	47.7	47.7	49.1	60.2	53.5	49.4	58.4	33.0	41.0
6. Earth segment											
No. of earth stations											600 000
Distribution of earth stations											Home and business location

IDR: intermediate data rate

⁽¹⁾ For GSO 1 - GSO 12, this is the C/N for the overall link (uplink and downlink).

⁽²⁾ E.i.r.p. is given in dB(W/Hz). The total e.i.r.p. is given in Annex 1 of Appendix 30B as the indicated e.i.r.p. density averaged over the necessary bandwidth..

ANNEX 3

TABLE 4

Technical characteristics of planned 30/20 GHz GSO FSS networks

Satellite system	A	A'	B	J	K	L	M	N	S	T	U
<i>General parameters</i>											
Nominal frequency (GHz)	20/30	20/30	20/30	20/30	20/30	20/30	20/30	20/30	20/30	20/30	20/30
No. of transponders per satellite	64	64	48	48	40						48
Transponder bandwidth (MHz)	120	250	120	120	120	120	120	24	120	54	36
Transponder high power amplifier (W)	30	30	20	30	60			95		40-60	60-90
Satellite e.i.r.p. (dBW) ⁽¹⁾	61	61	59	61	61	60	60.2	54	58	61	51-55
Polarization ⁽²⁾	Circular	Circular	Circular	Circular	Circular	Circular	Circular	Circular	Circular	Linear	Linear
<i>Downlink parameters</i>											
Modulation/access	TDM	CDMA	TDM	TDM	TDM	TDM	TDM	TDM	TDM	PSK/ MCPC	PSK/ MCPC
“Central” frequency (GHz)	19.5	19.5	19.5	19.5	19.7	19.5	19.95	19.5	20.0	19.92	18.95
Data rate (Mbit/s)	92	95.04	92	155	92	155	130	40	90	51.84	38.88
Digital service ⁽³⁾	Narrow-band data	Narrow-band data	Narrow-band data	Narrow-band data	Narrow-band data	Narrow-band data	Narrow-band data	Narrow-band data	Narrow-band data	SC/TV	SC/TV
E.i.r.p. spectral density (dB(W/Hz))	-23.6	-26.6	-21.3	-25.9	-20.8	-20.8	-20.9	-22.0	-22.6	-16.3	-18.0
<i>Uplink parameters</i>											
“Central” frequency (GHz)	29.5	29.5	29.5	29.5	29.5	29.5	29.75	29.5	30.0	29.72	28.75
Modulation/access	CDMA	CDMA	FDM	FDM	FDM	FDM	FDM	FDM	FDM	TV/MCPC	TV/MCPC
Nominal rate (kbit/s)	384	384	384	384	384	384	128	384	384	51 840	38 880
Minimum earth station antenna diameter (m)	0.66	0.66	0.66	0.66	0.70	0.70	0.65	0.75	0.70	4.6/0.6	4.6/0.6
Up/down earth station (dB) antenna discrimination at 2°	22.5/19	22.5/19	22.5/19	22.5/19	23/19.5	23/19.5	22.5/19	23.5/20	23/19.5	40/18	40/18
Maximum power spectral density (dB(W/Hz))	-61.7	-70	-60.5	-58.9	-57.9	-57.9	-65.9	-63.7	-58.9	-61.1	-61.9

MCPC: multi-channel per carrier

SC: single carrier

(1) Estimated peak e.i.r.p. values of spot beams, with edge of coverage of spot beams from 3 to 5 dB below peak.

(2) Left- and right-hand circular polarization used for up and downlinks.

(3) Narrow-band digital data rates may include mixtures of 64, 128, 384, and 1 544 kbit/s.

TABLE 4 (continued)

Satellite system	V	W	X	Y	Z
<i>General parameters</i>					
Nominal frequency (GHz)	20/30	20/30	20/30	20/30	20/30
No. of transponders per satellite					360 ⁽¹⁾
Transponder bandwidth (MHz)	125				25-120
Transponder high power amplifier (W)	40				
Satellite e.i.r.p. (dBW) ⁽²⁾	60-62	22.6	62.8		70 ⁽³⁾
Polarization ⁽⁴⁾	Circular				Linear
<i>Downlink parameters</i>					
Modulation/access	TDM	TDM	FDM		TDM/FDM/CDMA
“Central” frequency (GHz)	20	20	20.2	17.7-20.2	⁽⁵⁾
Data rate (Mbit/s)	92.16	0.064	1.544/0.384		To be determined
Digital service ⁽⁶⁾	Narrow-band data	Narrow-band data	Narrow-band data/video		
E.i.r.p. spectral density (dB(W/Hz))	-19.1	-25.5	-23.1/-16.0	-63/-38	-4.1
<i>Uplink parameters</i>					
“Central” frequency (GHz)	30	30	30	27.5-30.0	⁽⁵⁾
Modulation/access	FDM	FDM	FDM		TDM/FDM/CDMA
Nominal rate (kbit/s)	384	64	1 544/384		
Minimum earth station antenna diameter (m)	0.70	0.60	1.0/0.3		0.3-12.0
Up/down earth station (dB) antenna discrimination at 2°	23/19.5	21.5/18	26/12		Rec. ITU-R S.580
Maximum power spectral density (dB(W/Hz))	-58.8	-45.1	-65.9/-56.8	-40	-44.0

(1) Co-location of six or more satellites providing a total of 360 transponders with 25 MHz bandwidth. Where larger bandwidths are used the number of transponders will vary.

(2) Estimated peak e.i.r.p. values of spot beams, with edge of coverage of spot beams from 3 to 5 dB below peak.

(3) In compliance with RR No. 2578.

(4) Left- and right-hand circular polarization used for up and downlinks.

(5) Uplink frequency: 18.1-18.2/27.5-28.0/28.0-31.0.

Downlink frequency: 21.9-22.0⁽⁷⁾, 21.4-21.9⁽⁷⁾/18.2-21.2.

(6) Narrow-band digital data rates may include mixtures of 64, 128, 384 and 1 544 kbit/s.

(7) Downlink operation in accordance with RR Resolution 525.

TABLE 5

**Technical characteristics of planned 30/20 GHz GSO FSS networks
Satellite system P**

Type of satellite/service	GSO FSS			
	Transparent		Regenerative	
Type of transponder				
Type of carrier	Ka-1	Ka-2	Ka-3	Ka-4
Up and/or downlink	Up and Down	Up and Down	Up	Down
Frequencies (GHz)				
Earth-space/space-Earth	30/20	30/20	30/20	30/20
Uplink e.i.r.p. (dBW)				
Minimum	73.0	66.1	37.7	–
Maximum	77.0	70.1	41.7	–
Earth station peak Tx Gain (dBi)	63.7	63.7	45.1	–
Uplink free-space path length (dB)				
Minimum	213.1	213.1	213.1	213.1
Maximum	214.2	214.2	214.2	214.2
Downlink e.i.r.p. (dBW)				
Maximum	62.0	57.0	–	62.5
Minimum	58.0	53.0	–	58.5
Satellite peak Tx/Rx gain (dBi)	53.2	53.2	47.7	46.2
Earth station peak Rx gain (dBi)	60.1	60.1	–	41.6
Earth station Tx/Rx diameter (m)	6.0/6.0	6.0/6.0	0.66/–	–/0.66
Satellite Tx/Rx 3 dB beamwidth (degrees)	0.3/0.3	0.3/0.3	–/0.6	0.6/–
Occupied bandwidth (MHz)	186.6	186.6	0.333	115
Downlink free-space path length (dB)				
Minimum	209.5	209.5	209.5	209.5
Maximum	210.6	210.6	210.6	210.6
Earth station elevation angle to satellite (degrees)				
Minimum	10	10	10	10
Maximum	90	90	90	90
Intersatellite links (Yes or No)	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes
On board processing (Yes or No)	No	No	Yes	Yes
Message type (voice, data, video, paging, messaging, etc.)	All	All	All	All
Reference information data rate (Mbit/s) ⁽¹⁾	155.52	155.52	0.384	120
Modulation	QPSK	QPSK	QPSK	QPSK
FEC (type)	1/2 convolutional	1/2 convolutional	3/4 convolutional and Reed-Solomon	2/3 convolutional and Reed-Solomon
Spectral shaping factor	1.2	1.2	1.2	1.2
Network performance (design values): Bit error rate and performance mask				
4% of year	1×10^{-9}	1×10^{-9}	Not applicable	Not applicable
1% of year	Not applicable	Not applicable	1×10^{-10}	1×10^{-10}
0.6% of year	1×10^{-8}	1×10^{-8}	Not applicable	Not applicable
0.5% of year	Not applicable	Not applicable	1×10^{-8}	1×10^{-8}
0.04% of year	1×10^{-6}	1×10^{-6}	Not applicable	Not applicable
BER threshold	1×10^{-6}	1×10^{-6}	1×10^{-8}	1×10^{-8}
Required C/N (dB)	6.9	6.9	5.8	4.8
Required margin (dB)	18	12	2.5	2.5

⁽¹⁾ The above information data rates may vary according to traffic/user requirements, and should be taken as reference for general analysis.

TABLE 6

**Technical characteristics of a planned 30/20 GHz GSO/FSS network using on-board processing
Satellite system Q**

	Residential terminals	Business VSAT	Gateway
<i>1. Frequency range and polarization</i>			
Uplink frequency (GHz)	29.5-30.0	28.35-30.0	28.35-29.5
Uplink polarization	LHCP/RHCP	LHCP/RHCP	LHCP/RHCP
Downlink frequency (GHz)	19.7-20.2	18.55-20.2	18.55-19.7
Downlink polarization	LHCP/RHCP	LHCP/RHCP	LHCP/RHCP
Spectrum in each direction (MHz)	Up to 500	Up to 1 500	Up to 1 000
Transponder bandwidth (MHz)	110-120	110-120	110-120
<i>2. Uplink transmission parameters</i>			
Access technique	MF-TDMA	MF-TDMA	TDMA
Modulation type	O-QPSK/PFMO	O-QPSK/PFMO	O-QPSK/PFMO
User bit rate (Mbit/s)	0.512-2.048	2.048	65.536
Nominal carrier bandwidth (MHz)	0.8-3.0	3.0	110.0-115.0
Transmit earth station size (m)	0.45-0.75	1.2-1.8	3.0
Transmit earth station gain (dBi)	41.0-45.5	49.5-53.0	57.5
Uplink e.i.r.p. per carrier (dBW)	44.0-48.5	49.5-53.0	72.5-79.5
Typical clear sky C/N_0 (dB(Hz))	70.5-74.5	82.0	103.0
<i>3. Satellite antenna parameters</i>			
Beamwidth	0.55 diameter	0.55 diameter	0.55 diameter
Beam shape	Circular	Circular	Circular
Maximum Rx/Tx gain (dBi)	49.0	49.0	49.0
Radiation pattern	Rec. ITU-R S.672	Rec. ITU-R S.672	Rec. ITU-R S.672
Peak satellite G/T (dB(K ⁻¹))	20.0	20.0	20.0
Peak satellite e.i.r.p. (dBW)	65.0	65.0	65.0
Type of transponder	On-board processing	On-board processing	On-board processing
<i>4. Downlink transmission parameters</i>			
Modulation type	TDM/QPSK	TDM/QPSK	TDM/QPSK
User bit rate (Mbit/s)	65.536	65.536	65.536
Nominal carrier bandwidth (MHz)	109.5	109.5	109.5
Receive earth station size (m)	0.45-0.75	1.2-1.8	3.0
Receive earth station gain (dBi)	37.5-42.0	46.0-49.5	54.0
Receive earth station G/T (dB(K ⁻¹))	14.5-19.0	23.0-26.5	31.5
Typical clear sky C/N_0 (dB(Hz))	95.0	99.0	102.0
<i>5. Earth station parameters</i>			
Expected number of earth stations	Millions	Thousands	Less than 50
Minimum elevation angle (degrees)	10	10	20
Antenna pattern	32 – 25 log ϕ	32 – 25 log ϕ	29 – 25 log ϕ
<i>6. Fade compensation strategy</i>			
	UPC, adaptive FEC, rate reduction	UPC, adaptive FEC, rate reduction	UPC, adaptive FEC, site diversity

PFMO: pulse frequency modulation (offset)

UPC: upward power control

APPENDIX 1
TO ANNEX 3

TABLE 7

Typical one-way link availability objectives (BER of 1×10^{-9})

Connection between	One-way availability (%)
Residential terminal and residential terminal	99.5
Residential terminal and business VSAT	99.6
Residential terminal and gateway	99.7
Business terminal and business terminal	99.7
Business terminal and gateway	99.8
Gateway and gateway	99.8-99.9

ANNEX 4

TABLE 8

**Technical characteristics of some current 30/20 GHz GSO FSS networks
Satellite system R**

Satellite system	R-1	R-2	R-3	R-4	R-5	R-6
<i>General parameters</i>						
Nominal frequency (GHz)	20/30					
No. of transponders per satellite ⁽¹⁾	10					
Transponder bandwidth (MHz)	100					
Transponder high power amplifier (W)	29					
Satellite e.i.r.p. (dBW) ⁽²⁾	55					
Polarization	Circular					
<i>Downlink parameters</i>						
Modulation/access	TDM	FDM	FDM	FDM	FDM	FM
“Central” frequency (GHz) ⁽³⁾						
Data rate (Mbit/s)	20.4	0.032	0.032	1.544	7.2	Not applicable
Digital service	Voice, data and fax	Voice, data and fax	Voice, data and fax	Voice, data and fax	Digital video	TV/FM
E.i.r.p. spectral density (dB(W/Hz))	-9.1	-3.1	-5.3	-14.6	-17.0	-3.9 ⁽⁴⁾
<i>Uplink parameters</i>						
“Central” frequency (GHz) ⁽³⁾						
Modulation/access	TDMA	FDMA	FDMA	FDMA	FDMA	FM
Nominal rate (Mbit/s)	20.4	0.032	0.032	1.544	7.2	Not applicable
Minimum earth station antenna diameter (m)	7.6	1.4	3.6	3.6	1.4	3.0
Up/down earth station (dB) antenna discrimination at 2°	Rec. ITU-R S.465					
Maximum power spectral density (dB(W/Hz))	-31.1	-23.3	-25.3	-27.6	-28.2	-14.0 ⁽⁴⁾

(1) Include 3 transponders connected to spot beams.

(2) Peak e.i.r.p. of national beam.

(3) Not specified.

(4) Modulated by 1 MHz p-p energy dispersal signal.

ANNEX 5

TABLE 9

**Technical characteristics of a planned 10.95-11.2, 11.45-11.7/13.75-14.5 GHz
non-GSO FSS network**

	Non-GSO			
	FSAT-MULTI 1-B			
<i>1. Orbital parameters</i>				
Shape of orbit	Circular			
Height (km)	1 457			
Inclination angle (degrees)	55			
Coherence (track repeat (h))	665			
No. of satellites per plane	4			
No. of orbital planes	16			
Satellite separation (degrees) within plane	90			
Satellite phasing between planes	Not applicable			
<i>2. Targeted frequency range and polarization</i>				
Uplink frequency (GHz)	13-14			
Uplink polarization	Circular			
Downlink frequency (GHz)	11-12			
Downlink polarization	Circular			
<i>3. Spectrum required in each direction (MHz)</i>	1 000 within the above frequency range			
<i>4. Carrier transmission parameter</i>				
Modulation type	SSMA			
No. of service link beams	< 45			
No. of feeder-link segments/polarization	-			
Segment bandwidth (MHz)	-			
Receiver bandwidth (kHz)	Forward: 41 000; Return: 5 200			
Transmission bandwidth (kHz)	Forward: 41 000; Return: 5 200			
Overall (C/N_0) per user (dB(Hz)) or (C/N) (dB)	4 dB (E_b/N_0)			
Uplink e.i.r.p./carrier (dBW)	63.8 ⁽¹⁾ 68 ⁽¹⁾ (13.75-14 GHz) 35.5 ⁽²⁾			
Downlink e.i.r.p./carrier (dBW)	90°: 17.5 ⁽²⁾ 75°: 19.7 ⁽²⁾ 50°: 21.2 ⁽²⁾ 32°: 23.1 ⁽²⁾ 4.8 ⁽¹⁾ 7.1 ⁽¹⁾ 8.6 ⁽¹⁾ 10.2 ⁽¹⁾			
Type of satellite transponder	Transparent			
<i>5. Satellite antenna parameters</i>				
Tx maximum gain (dBi)	90°: 17.2	75°: 19.8	50°: 21.7 ⁽²⁾	32°: 23
Rx maximum gain (dBi)	90°: 16.9	75°: 19.5	50°: 21.4	32°: 22.7
Main lobes	-			
Side lobes	-			
Back lobes	-			
Steerable antenna or not	Yes+			
<i>6. Earth station antenna parameters</i>				
Peak Tx gain (dBi)	51.6 ⁽¹⁾	54.1 ⁽¹⁾ (13.75-14 GHz)	33 ⁽²⁾	
Peak Rx gain (dBi)	50.5 ⁽¹⁾	53 ⁽¹⁾ (13.75-14 GHz)	31.8 ⁽²⁾	
Radiation pattern	Rec. ITU-R S.580	Rec. ITU-R S.580	-	
Minimum operating elevation angle (degrees)	5	5	10	
<i>7. No. of earth stations and distribution</i>	Up to 20 million			
<i>8. Earth station switching strategy</i>	Track best elevation satellite within the operating range			

(1) Feeder link/gateway.

(2) Service link/user station.

TABLE 10

Technical characteristics of a planned 30/20 GHz non-GSO satellite network FSAT-MULTI 1A

a) Orbital parameters

The satellites are distributed between two types of plane, as shown in the following table:

Number of plane	161
Number of satellites per plane	1
Right ascension node (degrees)	$0 + 1\ 315\ i$ for $i = 0-160$
Altitude (km)	1 675
Eccentricity	0
Inclination (degrees)	87 1133

b) Communications parameters

<i>2. Frequency range and polarization</i>			
Uplink frequency (GHz)	27.5-30.0		
Downlink frequency (GHz)	17.3-20.2		
<i>4. Carrier transmission parameters</i>			
Modulation type	QPSK + Viterbi and Reed-Solomon coding		
Information rate (Mbit/s)	0.384	2.048	33.0
Transmission bandwidth (MHz)	0.500	2.66	42.9
Required E_b/N_0 (dB)	6.0	6.0	6.0
Uplink e.i.r.p./carrier (dBW) Minimum Maximum (depends on the antenna diameter and on the elevation angle (rain fades compensation))	32.4	29.5 53.4	
Downlink e.i.r.p./carrier (dBW) depends on the elevation angle (3 dB edge of the beam value)	–	–	41 at 20°, 36 at 30°, 31.2 at 50°, 29.2 at 70°, 28.9 at 90°
Type of satellite transponder	On-board processing		
<i>5. Satellite antenna parameters</i>			
Tx maximum gain (dBi) (beam edge)	31.7 at 20°, 28.6 at 30°, 24.5 at 50°, 22.7 at 70°, 22.4 at 90°		
Rx maximum gain (dBi) (beam edge)	31.7 at 20°, 28.6 at 30°, 24.5 at 50°, 22.7 at 70°, 22.4 at 90°		
Main/side/back lobes			
<i>6. Earth station antenna parameters</i>			
Radiation pattern	Rec. ITU-R S.580 (side lobes), RR Appendix 30B (main beam)		
Minimum operating elevation angle (degrees) (depends on the latitude)	20 at the Equator		

ANNEX 6

TABLE 11

Additional parameters for the feeder links of the non-GSO MSS and FSS systems of LEO-G

	FS MSS	FL FSS	FSS
<i>1. Orbital parameters</i>			
Shape of orbit		Circular	
Height (km)		1 500	
Inclination angle (degrees)		74	
Satellites per plane		12	
No. of orbital planes		4	
Satellite separation within plane (degrees)		30	
Satellite phasing between planes (degrees)		90	
<i>2. Targeted frequency range and polarization</i>			
Uplink frequency (GHz)	19.3-19.6	28.6-29.1	28.6-29.1
Uplink polarization	LHCP	LHCP	LHCP
Downlink frequency (GHz)	15.45-15.65	18.8-19.3	18.8-19.3
Downlink polarization	RHCP	RHCP	RHCP
<i>3. Spectrum required in each direction (MHz)</i>			
	200	300	200
<i>4. Carrier transmission parameters</i>			
Receiver bandwidth (kHz)	48 000	64 000	32 000
Transmission bandwidth (kHz)	48 000	64 000	32 000
Overall C/N_0 per user (dB(Hz))	46	46	46
Uplink e.i.r.p./carrier (dBW)			
Maximum	67	63.9	60.9
Minimum	29.6	28.2	28.2
Downlink e.i.r.p./carrier (dBW)			
Maximum	24.9	29.1	29.7
Minimum	-3.8	2.0	5.6
<i>5. Satellite antenna parameters</i>			
Tx maximum gain (dBi)	22	30	30
Rx maximum gain (dBi)	22	30	30
Main, side and back lobes	Fig. 1	Fig. 2	Fig. 2
Steerable antenna or not	Yes	Yes	Yes
<i>6. Earth station antenna parameters</i>			
Peak Tx gain (dBi)	49	49	45
Peak Rx gain (dBi)	49	49	45
Radiation pattern	Fig. 3	Fig. 4	Fig. 5
Minimum operating elevation angle (degrees)	10	10	10
<i>7. Number of earth stations and distribution</i>			
	6 or more	6 or more	Multiple
<i>8. Earth station switching strategy</i>			
	\geq minimum elevation angle		