

Recommendation ITU-R BT.1543 (08/2001)

1 280 × 720, 16:9 progressively-captured image format for production and international programme exchange in the 60 Hz environment

BT Series
Broadcasting service
(television)



Foreword

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	Series of ITU-R Recommendations		
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Series	Title		
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BS	Broadcasting service (sound)		
BT	Broadcasting service (television)		
F	Fixed service		
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RA	Radio astronomy		
RS	Remote sensing systems		
\mathbf{S}	Fixed-satellite service		
SA	Space applications and meteorology		
SF	Frequency sharing and coordination between fixed-satellite and fixed service systems		
SM	Spectrum management		
SNG	Satellite news gathering		
TF	Time signals and frequency standards emissions		
V	Vocabulary and related subjects		

Note: This ITU-R Recommendation was approved in English under the procedure detailed in Resolution ITU-R 1.

Electronic Publication Geneva, 2010

RECOMMENDATION ITU-R BT.1543*

1280×720 , 16:9 progressively-captured image format for production and international programme exchange in the 60 Hz environment

(Question ITU-R 1/6)

(2001)

The ITU Radiocommunication Assembly,

considering

- a) that digital content production will increasingly include a mixture of audio, video, data and interactive content;
- b) that digital production equipment is increasingly designed to operate with a variety of image formats including 1280×720 , 16:9, progressively-captured (720/P);
- c) that production-quality conversion from progressive to other formats is easy to achieve;
- d) that 720/P format at 30/60 Hz provides a useful set of vertical-temporal/compressed bit rate options;
- e) that a 720/P production format offers an effective format for high vertical temporal resolution carried within the commonly used 1.5 Gbit/s production serial digital interface;
- f) that a maximum of commonality with the parameter values of Recommendation ITU-R BT.709 is advantageous for interchange;
- g) that the 720/P format provides a set of spatial characteristics between Recommendations ITU-R BT.601 and ITU-R BT.709, which is an efficient option for certain applications of acquisition, production and storage;
- h) that image format interoperability with computer applications is increasingly important, and the 720/P format is well matched to them,

recommends

1 that, for production and international programme exchange in the 60 Hz environment, in the 1280×720 image format, the parameters in Annex 1 should be used.

Annex 1

1280×720 progressive capture system

Introduction

This image format is defined to have common picture parameter values independent of the picture rate including the common system reference clock frequency of 74.25 MHz. The following picture rates are specified in this Annex: 60 Hz, 59.94 Hz, 30 Hz, 29.97 Hz.

Pictures are defined for progressive capture (P) only.

^{*} Radiocommunication Study Group 6 made editorial amendments to this Recommendation in November 2009 and May 2012 in accordance with Resolution ITU-R 1.

1 Opto-electronic conversion

Item	Parameter	Value	
1.1	Opto-electronic transfer characteristics before non-linear pre-correction	Assumed linear	
1.2	Overall opto-electronic transfer characteristics at source	$V = 1.099 L^{0.45} - 0.099$ V = 4.500 L where: L: luminance of the image V : corresponding electric	
1.3	Chromaticity coordinates (CIE, 1931) Primary: - Red (R)	0.640	0.330
	- Green (<i>G</i>) - Blue (<i>B</i>)	0.300 0.150	0.600 0.060
1.4	Assumed chromaticity for equal primary signals (reference white):	D_{65}	
		x	У
	$- E_R = E_G = E_B$	0.3127	0.3290

2 Picture characteristics

Item	Parameter	Value
2.1	Aspect ratio	16:9
2.2	Samples per active line	1 280
2.3	Sampling lattice	Orthogonal
2.4	Active lines per picture	720
2.5	Pixel aspect ratio	1:1 (square pixels)

3 Signal format

Item	Parameter	Value	
3.1	Conceptual non-linear pre-correction of primary signals	$\gamma = 0.45$ (See Item 1.2)	
3.2	Derivation of luminance signal E'_Y	$E'_Y = 0.2126 \ E'_R + 0.7152 \ E'_G + 0.0722 \ E'_B$	
3.3	Derivation of colour-difference signal (analogue coding)	$E'_{CB} = \frac{E'_B - E'_Y}{1.8556}$	
		$=\frac{-0.2126E'_R - 0.7152E'_G + 0.9278E'_B}{1.8556}$	
		$E'_{CR} = \frac{E'_R - E'_Y}{1.5748}$	
		$= \frac{0.7874 E_R' - 0.7152 E_G' - 0.0722 E_B'}{1.5748}$	
3.4	Quantization of <i>RGB</i> , luminance and colour-difference signals ^{(1), (2)}	$D'_{R} = INT [(219 E'_{R} + 16) \cdot 2^{n-8}]$ $D'_{G} = INT [(219 E'_{G} + 16) \cdot 2^{n-8}]$	
		$D_B' = INT \Big[(219 \ E_B' + 16) \cdot 2^{n-8} \Big]$	
		$D'_Y = INT[(219 E'_Y + 16) \cdot 2^{n-8}]$	
		$D'_{CB} = INT [(224 E'_{CB} + 128) \cdot 2^{n-8}]$	
		$D'_{CR} = INT \left[(224 \ E'_{CR} + 128) \cdot 2^{n-8} \right]$	
3.5	Derivation of luminance and colour-difference signals via quantized <i>RGB</i> signals	$D'_Y = INT [0.2126 D'_R + 0.7152 D'_G + 0.0722 D'_B]$	
		$D'_{CB} = INT \begin{bmatrix} -\frac{0.2126}{1.8556}D'_R - \frac{0.7152}{1.8556}D'_G \\ +\frac{0.9278}{1.8556}D'_B \end{bmatrix} \cdot \frac{224}{219} + 2^{n-1} \end{bmatrix}$	
		$D'_{CR} = INT \left[\begin{pmatrix} \frac{0.7874}{1.5748} D'_R - \frac{0.7152}{1.5748} D'_G \\ -\frac{0.0722}{1.5748} D'_B \end{pmatrix} \cdot \frac{224}{219} + 2^{n-1} \right]$	

[&]quot;n" denotes the number of the bit length of the quantized signal.

The operator INT returns the value of 0 for fractional parts in the range of 0 to 0.4999 ... and +1 for fractional parts in the range of 0.5 to 0.9999 ..., i.e. it rounds up fractions above 0.5.

Digital representation 4

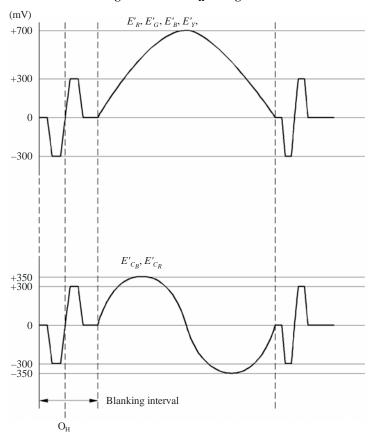
Item	Parameter	V	Value	
4.1	Coded signal	R, G, B	$R, G, B \text{ or } Y, C_B, C_R$	
4.2	Sampling lattice: - R, G, B, Y	Orthogonal, line a	and picture repetitive	
4.3	Sampling lattice: - C_B , C_R		oicture repetitive co-sited ith alternate ⁽¹⁾ Y samples	
4.4	Number of active samples per line: - R, G, B, Y - C _B , C _R	1	1 280 640	
4.5	Coding format	Linear 8 or 10) bits/component	
4.6	Quantization levels:	8-bit coding	10-bit coding	
	- Black level: - R, G, B, Y - Achromatic: - C _B , C _R	16 128	64 512	
	- Nominal peak: - R, G, B, Y - C _B , C _R	235 16 and 240	940 64 and 960	
4.7	Quantization level assignment:	8-bit coding	10-bit coding	
	Video dataTiming references	1 through 254 0 and 255	4 through 1 019 0-3 and 1 020-1 023	
4.8	Filter characteristics ⁽²⁾ : - R, G, B, Y - C _B , C _R	See Fig. 4A See Fig. 4B		

The first active colour-difference samples being co-sited with the first active luminance sample.
 These filter templates are defined as guidelines.

5 **Analogue representation**

Item	Parameter	Value
5.1	Nominal level (mV): $- E'_R, E'_G, E'_B, E'_Y$	Reference black: 0 Reference white: 700 (See Fig. 1)
5.2	Nominal level (mV): $- E'_{C_B}, E'_{C_R}$	±350 (See Fig. 1)
5.3	Form of synchronizing signal	Tri-level bipolar (See Fig. 3)
5.4	Line sync timing reference	O _H (See Fig. 3)
5.5	Sync level (mV)	±300 ±2%
5.6	Sync signal timing	Sync on all components (See Table 1, Figs 2 and 3)
5.7	Inter-component timing accuracy	Not applicable
5.8	Blanking interval	(See Table 2 and Fig. 2)
5.9	Total lines	750

 $\label{eq:figure1} FIGURE~1$ Analogue levels and $O_{\rm H}$ timing reference



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6 Picture capture characteristics

Item	Parameter ⁽¹⁾	Value	
		60/P	30/P
6.1	Order of sample presentation in a scanned system	Left to right, top to bottom	
6.2	Frame frequency ⁽²⁾ (Hz)	60 (60/1.001)	30 (30/1.001)
6.3	Picture rate (Hz)	60 (60/1.001)	30 (30/1.001)
6.4	Line frequency ⁽³⁾ (Hz)	45 000 (45 000/1.001)	22 500 (22 500/1.001)
6.5	Samples per full line: - R, G, B, Y - C _B , C _R	1 650 825	3 300 1 650
6.6	Nominal channel bandwidths (MHz)	(For R, G, B, Y components) 30	
6.7	Sampling frequency ⁽⁴⁾ (MHz): – R, G, B, Y	74.25 (74.25/1.001)	74.25 (74.25/1.001)
6.8	Sampling frequency ⁽⁵⁾ (MHz) – C_B , C_R	37.125 (37.125/1.001)	37.125 (37.125/1.001)

⁽¹⁾ For this table and the following tables, the precise value of 59.94 is 60/1.001 and the precise value of 29.97 is 30/1.001.

TABLE 1
Level and line timing specification
(See Figs 2 and 3)

Symbol	Parameter	System values		
		60/P	30/P	
T	Reference clock interval (µs)		1/74.25 (1.001/74.25)	
a	Negative line sync width $(T)^{(1)}$	40	40 ± 3	
b	End of active video ⁽²⁾ (T)	+6 110 -0	+6 1 760 -0	
С	Positive line sync width (<i>T</i>)	40 ± 3		

⁽²⁾ For this table and the following tables, values in parentheses are those for the systems where there is a frame rate divisor of 1.001.

⁽³⁾ The tolerance on line frequency is $\pm 0.001\%$.

 $^{^{(4)}}$ $\;$ The tolerance on sampling frequencies is $\pm\,0.001\%$.

 $^{^{(5)}}$ C_B , C_R sampling frequency is half of luminance sampling frequency.

TABLE 1 (end)

g 1.1	Parameter	System values	
Symbol		60/P	30/P
d	Clamp period (T)	110±3	
e	Start of active video (T)	+6 260 -0	
f	Rise/fall time (T)	4 ± 1.5	
$t_2 - t_1$	Symmetry of rising edge	Symmetric about T _r	
_	Active line interval (T)	+0 1 280 -12	
S_m	Amplitude of negative pulse (mV)	300 ± 6	
S_p	Amplitude of positive pulse (mV)	300 ± 6	
V	Amplitude of video signal (mV)	700	

 $^{^{(1)}}$ T denotes the duration of a reference clock or the reciprocal of the clock frequency.

TABLE 2
Frame timing specification (See Figs 2 and 3)

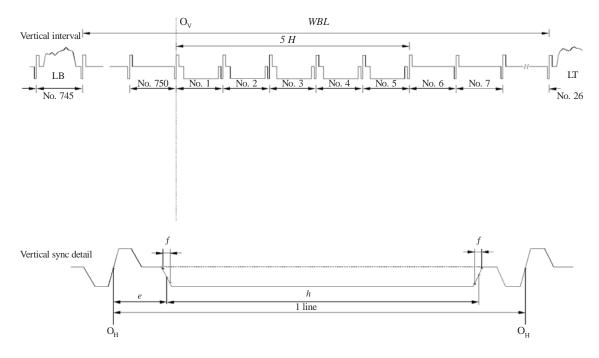
Symbol	Parameter	System values	
		60/P	30/P
$H^{(1)}$	Total line interval $(T)^{(2)}$	1 650	3 300
h	Vertical sync width (T)	1 280 ± 3	
LT	Top line of picture	No. 26	
LB	Bottom line of picture	No. 745	
WBL	Frame blanking interval	30 H	
	Start of frame	No. 1	
	End of frame	No. 750	

 $^{^{(1)}}$ H denotes the duration of a line or the reciprocal of the line frequency (see § 6). A line starts at line sync timing reference O_H (inclusive), and ends at just before the subsequent O_H (exclusive).

 $^{^{(2)}}$ A line starts at line sync timing reference O_H (inclusive), and ends just before the subsequent O_H (exclusive).

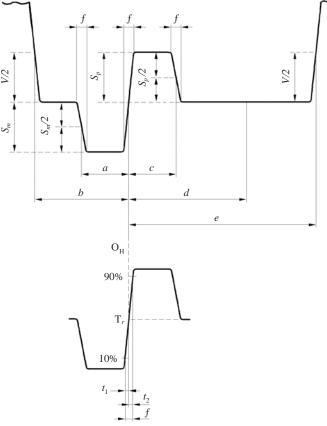
⁽²⁾ T denotes the duration of a reference clock or the reciprocal of the clock frequency (see Table 1).

FIGURE 2 Frame synchronizing signal waveform



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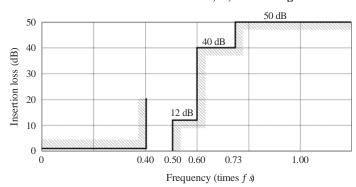
FIGURE 3 Line synchronizing signal waveform



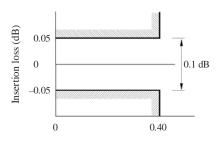
(The waveform exhibits symmetry with respect to point T).

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FIGURE 4A Filter characteristics for R, G, B and Y signals

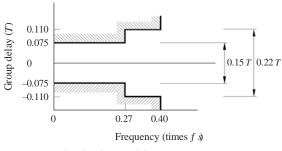


a) Template for insertion loss



Frequency (times f s)

b) Passband ripple tolerance



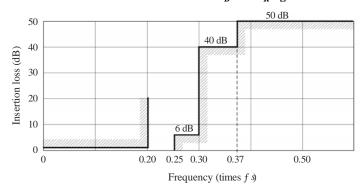
c) Passband group-delay

Note 1-fs denotes luminance sampling frequency, the value of which is given in Item 6.7.

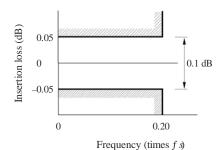
Note 2 - Ripple and group delay are specified relative to their values at 100 kHz.

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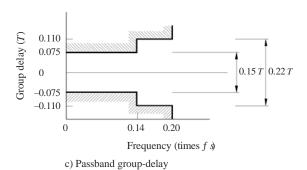
FIGURE 4B Filter characteristics for C_B and C_R signals



a) Template for insertion loss



b) Passband ripple tolerance



Note 1-fs denotes luminance sampling frequency, the value of which is given in Item 6.7.

 $\it Note~2-$ Ripple and group delay are specified relative to their values at 100 kHz.

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