

Optimal Pilot Patterns Considering Optimal Power Loading for Cognitive Radios in the Two Dimensional Scenario

**Boyan Soubachov, Neco Ventura
University of Cape Town
{boyan,neco}@crg.ee.uct.ac.za**

Contents

- ❑ Introduction
- ❑ Overview - OFDM-based Cognitive Radios
- ❑ Related Research & System Model
- ❑ Problem Formulation
- ❑ Optimal Solution
- ❑ Simulation Results
- ❑ Conclusion
- ❑ Standardization Aspects

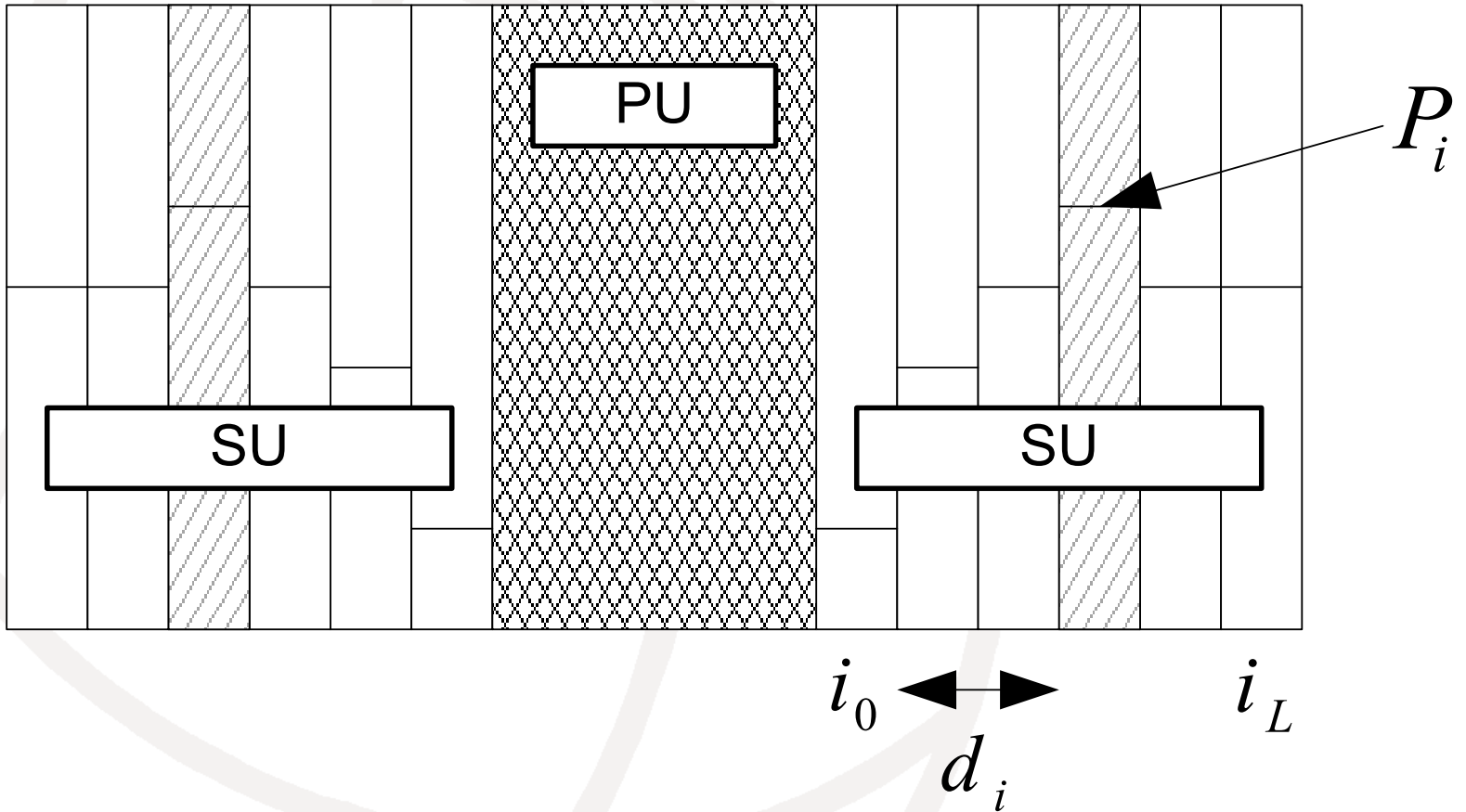
Cognitive Radio Principles

- ❑ Spectrum crowding
 - ❑ Increasing information drives increasing spectrum demand
 - ❑ Practical spectrum range is heavily congested
 - ❑ Expensive spectrum
- ❑ Temporal underutilization
 - ❑ 15% - 85%, wide geographic dispersion [1]
 - ❑ 7% for suburban environments [2]
- ❑ Efficient utilization
 - ❑ Interference control
 - ❑ Maximize transfer rates

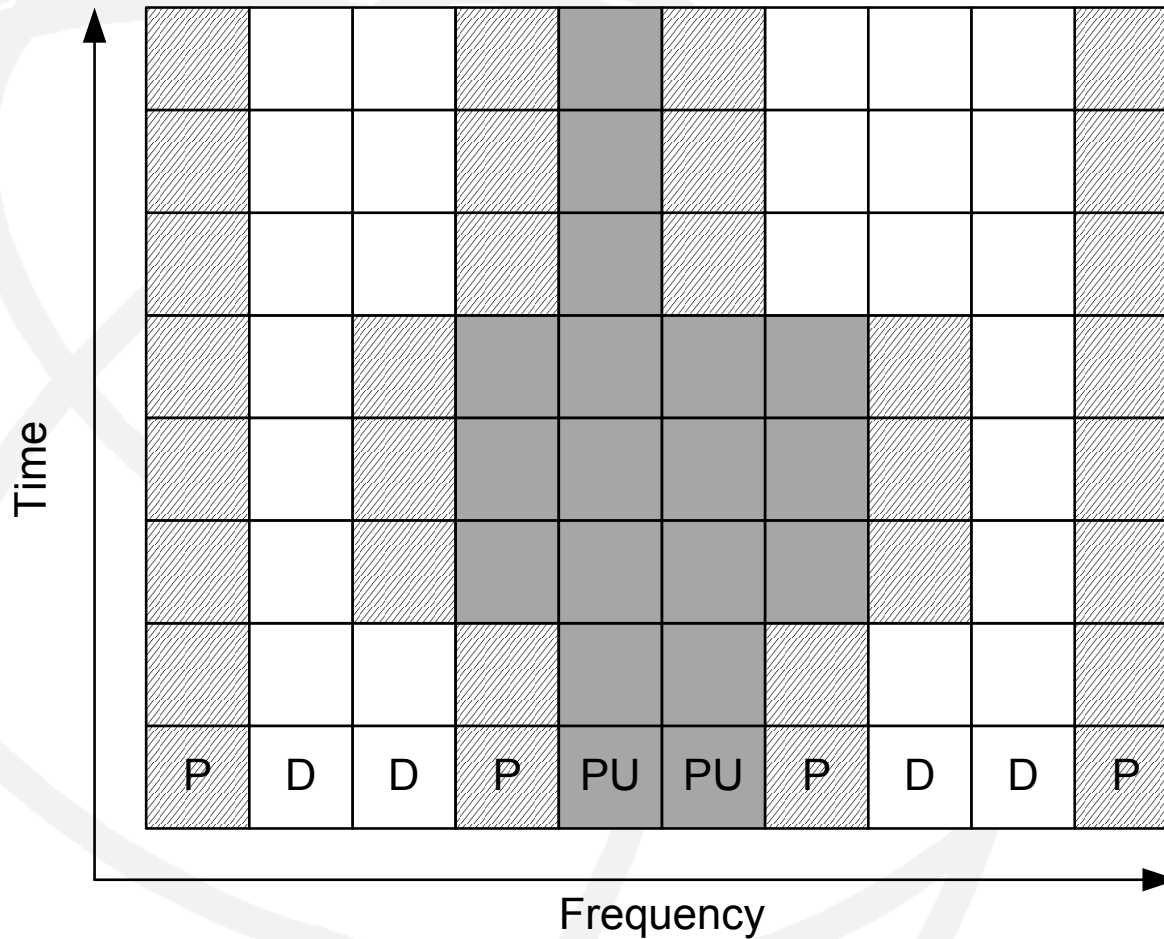
OFDM-based Cognitive Radios

- ❑ OFDM modulation approaches Shannon limit
- ❑ Sets of sub-carriers assigned to different users
- ❑ Sub-carriers interfering with primary users (PUs) may be disabled
- ❑ Optimal, instantaneous utilization of spectrum

Visualization



Two-Dimensional Variance



Optimal Power Loading

- ❑ Secondary/CR users (SUs) need to maintain interference to PUs below a threshold [3]
- ❑ Waterfilling is optimal for contiguous OFDM but not non-contiguous (NC) OFDM
- ❑ Optimal, NC-OFDM waterfilling requires that channels closer to the PUs have less power [4]

Optimal Power Loading Formulation

$$\square P_i^* = \frac{1}{\lambda \cdot \frac{\partial I_{SU}}{\partial P_i}} - \frac{\sigma^2 + I_{PU}}{|H(i)|^2}$$

- Note: sub-channels closer to the PU will have less power assigned to them.

Optimal Pilot Patterns

- ❑ Channel estimation greatly reduces BER
- ❑ LS & MMSE estimators are most common
- ❑ LS is low complexity & less accurate, MMSE is high complexity & more accurate
- ❑ Both need to be as close as possible to the PU in order to reduce estimator MSE [4].

LS Estimator Error

□ Linear interpolation assumed

$$\square \varepsilon_{\text{int}} \leq \frac{d_{p,p'}^2}{8} \cdot \max \left| \frac{\partial^2 H(p, p')}{\partial i^2} \right|$$

$$\square \varepsilon_p = \hat{\mathbf{H}}_p - \mathbf{H}_p = \mathbf{P}^{-1} \mathbf{n}_p$$

□ Note: the error decreases exponentially when closer to the PU & increases when SNR decreases

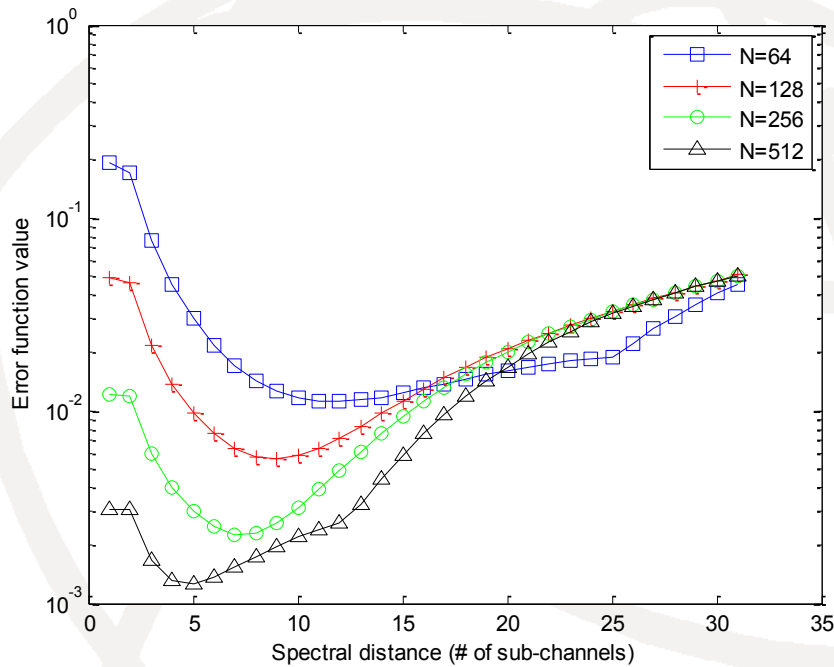
Contradicting Aspects

- ❑ Optimal CR pilot patterns require new pilots adjacent to PU
- ❑ Optimal power loading will assign less power to adjacent sub-channels
- ❑ A solution is required to find optimal placement when both aspects are considered!

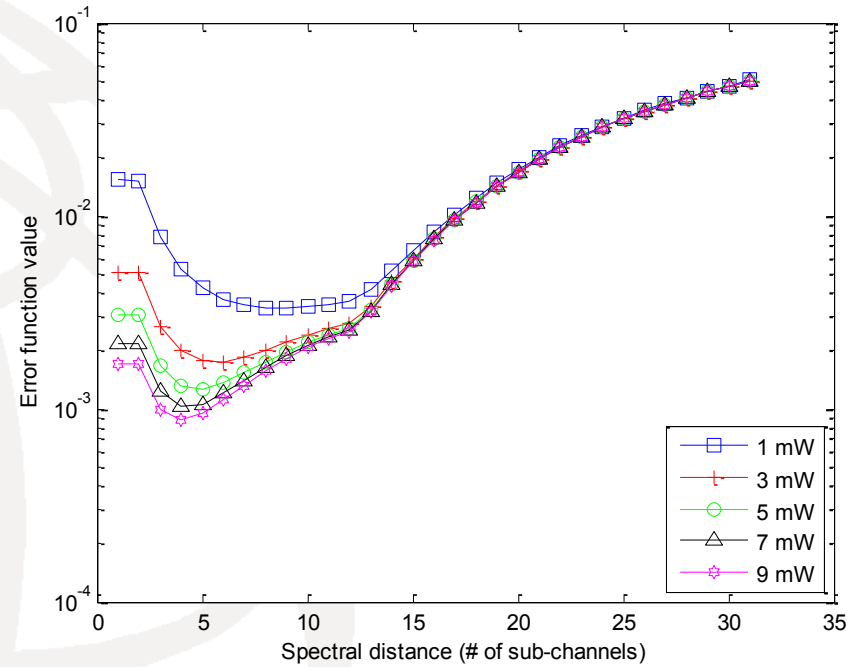
Problem Formulation

$$\begin{aligned} \square \quad \varepsilon &= \min_i \left| \varepsilon_p \right| + \varepsilon_{\text{int}} \\ &= \frac{\sigma^2 + I_{PU}(i)}{P_i^*} \\ &\quad + \frac{(i - i_L)^2}{8} \max \left| \sum_{l=0}^{L-1} \frac{-4\pi^2 \tau_l^2}{N_{fft}^2} \alpha_l \exp \left(\frac{-2j\pi\tau_l i}{N_{fft}} \right) \right| \end{aligned}$$

Simulation Results



Fixed Interference Threshold



Fixed PU Bandwidth

Conclusion

- ❑ An inter-dependence was identified where optimal power loading needs to be considered for optimal pilot patterns
- ❑ A naïve 2-dimensional optimization problem was proposed and simulated
- ❑ It was found that the new optimal pilot placements are drastically different

Standardization Aspects

- ❑ Power loading & pilot pattern algorithms will need to be implemented & standardized
- ❑ The optimal versions of both algorithms cannot coexist together
- ❑ The proposed algorithm allows both aspects to be optimally implemented

References

- ❑ [1] I. F. Akyildiz, W. Lee, M. C. Vuran, and S. Mohanty, "NeXt generation/dynamic spectrum access/cognitive radio wireless networks: A survey," *Computer Networks*, vol. 50, pp. 2127-2159, 9/15, 2006.
- ❑ [2] V. Valenta, Z. Fedra, R. Marsalek, G. Baudoin and M. Villegas, "Towards cognitive radio networks: Spectrum utilization measurements in suburb environment," in *Radio and Wireless Symposium, 2009. RWS '09. IEEE, 2009*, pp. 352-355.
- ❑ [3] J. Mitola III and G. Q. Maguire Jr., "Cognitive radio: making software radios more personal," *Personal Communications, IEEE*, vol. 6, pp. 13-18, 1999.
- ❑ [4] G. Bansal, M. J. Hossain and V. K. Bhargava, "Optimal and Suboptimal Power Allocation Schemes for OFDM-based Cognitive Radio Systems," *Wireless Communications, IEEE Transactions on*, vol. 7, pp. 4710-4718, 2008.
- ❑ [5] I. Rashad, I. Budiarto and H. Nikookar, "Efficient pilot pattern for OFDM-based cognitive radio channel estimation - part 1," in *Communications and Vehicular Technology in the Benelux, 2007 14th IEEE Symposium on*, 2007, pp. 1-5.