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NGN Migration Strategies & Scenarios

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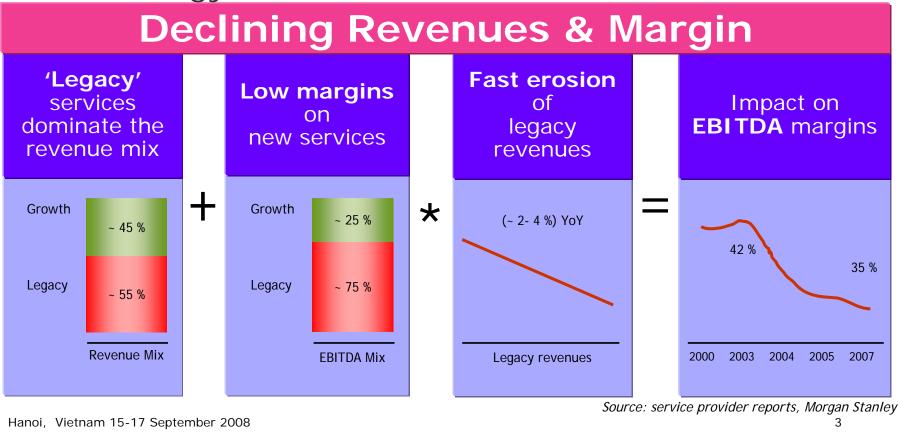
Agenda

- Drivers for NGN migration
- What needs to be migrated
- Migration Approaches & Perspectives
- Migration Strategies
- Summary

What is the Need to Migrate (1)?

Current Service Provider's Environment:

- Declining revenues from legacy services
- High operational expenses
- Technology Silo's



What is the Need to Migrate (2)?

Comparison of Service Providers with New Entrants

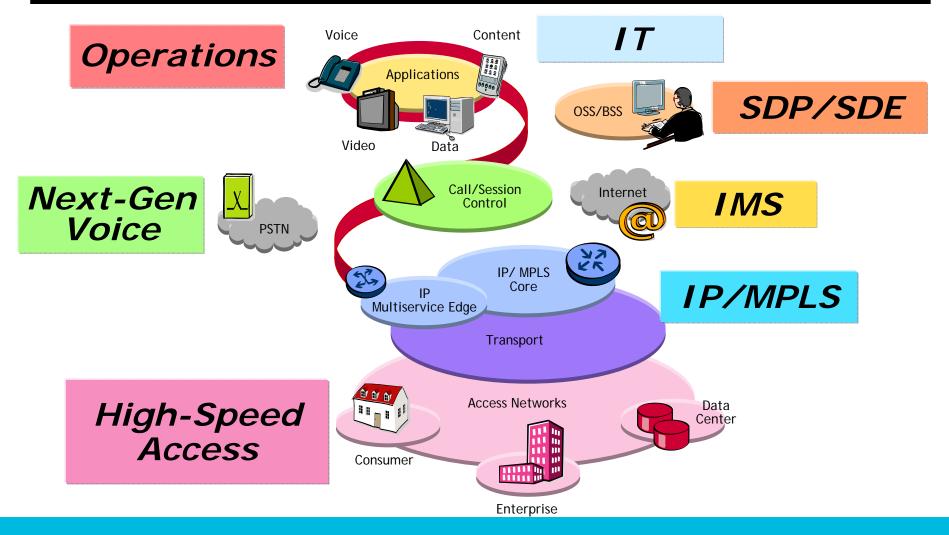
Low return of investment & limited innovation

	Market Cap /Revenue	EV/PPE	OPEX /Revenue	CAPEX /Revenue
Traditional service Providers	< 3	< 5	> 62%	> 18%
New market players (Google, Yahoo, eBay,)	> 8	> 53	< 47%	< 10%

EV = Enterprise Value; PPE = Property, Plant, Equipment

Source: the Yankee Group, Alcatel-Lucent

NGN Migration: What Needs to be Migrated?



Migration is needed at all layers of the infrastructure

NGN Migration: No One Common Approach

Mobile NGN to greatly reduce the cost of <u>wireles</u>s core network

···**T**··Mobile·

"... positioned to quickly provide our customers with new innovative services, while optimizing our switching costs." Cole Brodman, Senior VP & Chief Development officer for T-Mobile USA

Fixed NGN for fixed voice evolution and IMS MM over broadband



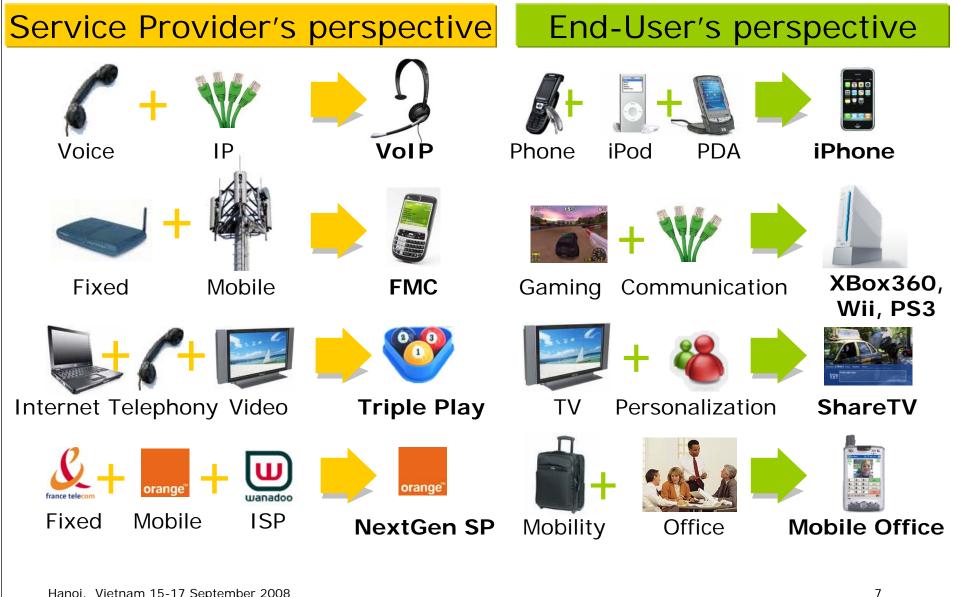
"Enterprise FMC is a perfect demonstration of BT's strategy that customers should be perfectly connected anywhere, regardless of networks and handsets" Steve Andrews MD Strategy, Convergence and Products, BT

SDF & IMS for launching new services across <u>fixed/mobile</u> networks



"To give the customer a powerful, seamless user experience across all devices and all platforms in a 1 Click, 1 Touch, 1 Button, 1 Screen way – whether that customer is an individual, small business, large business or governmental agency" Sol Trujillo, CEO

Migration- Different Perspectives



Migration Strategies

Subscriber-driven

end-users opt for IP-based service

Benefits:

- Lower initial CapEx due to staged deployment
- Minimal feature transparency or lower costs for transition
- Greater customer tolerance for transition issues

Trade-offs:

- Higher costs due to multiple touches in access network
- Longer term overlay network leading to higher costs
- Extreme workload on provisioning systems

Carrier-driven

Operators based schedule Benefits:

- Lower transition costs due to better control of customer transitions
- Lower OpEx due to rapid legacy decommissioning
- Avoids creation of additional technology silos

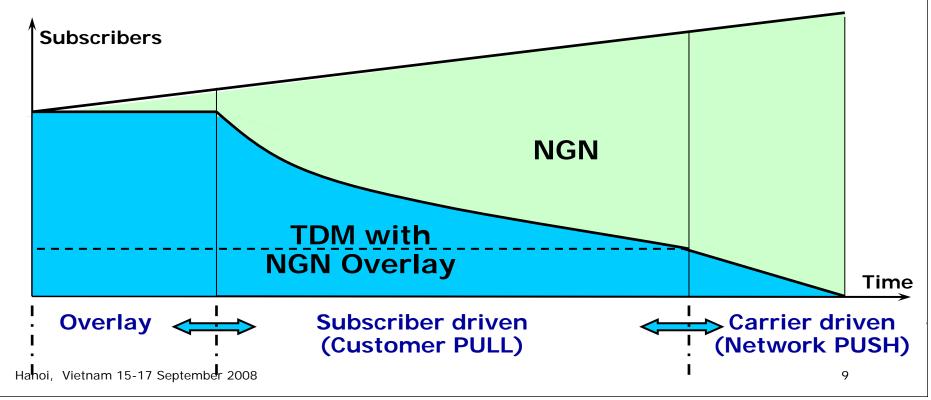
Trade-offs:

- Higher costs due to stringent feature transparency
- Higher initial CapEx without much revenue from new services
- More sensitive to End-User impact

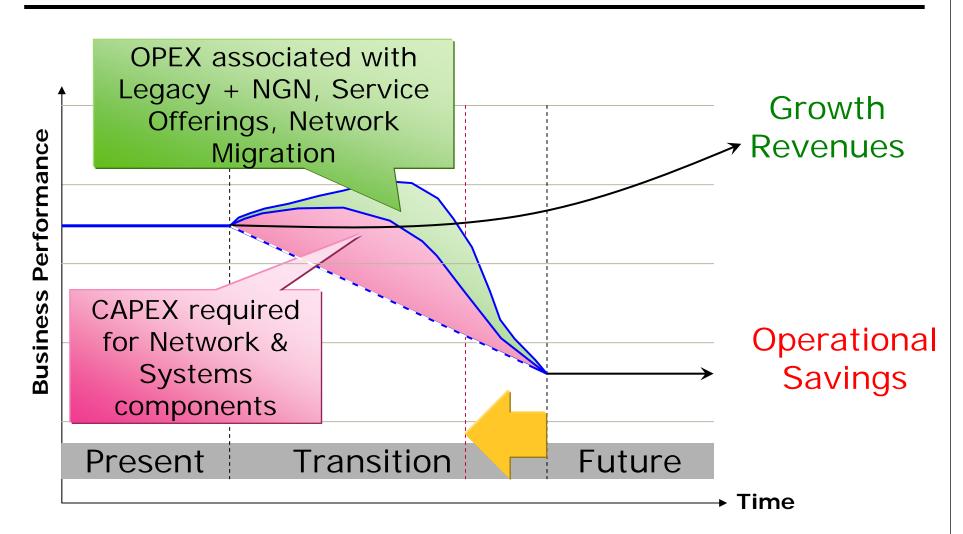
Most IP migration programs have evolved to blend both

Combined Migration Strategy

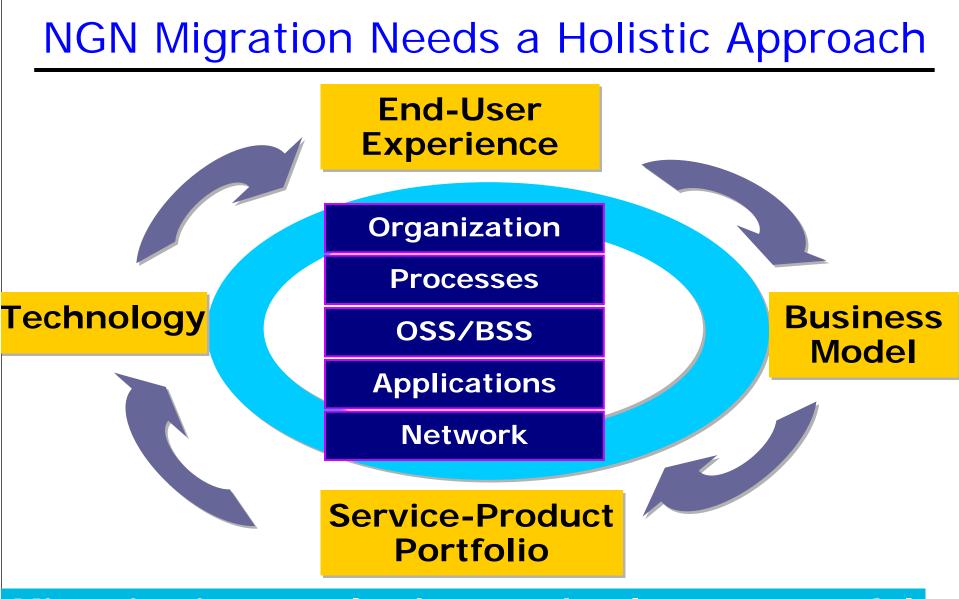
- 1. Overlay capability is first established and used to serve growth
- 2. New additions to legacy network discontinued at appropriate time
- 3. Carrier driven migration used to complete migration when legacy networks reaches a critical threshold



Migration Approaches & Transition Costs



Time is critical: flatten the curve + shorten the time to maximize savings



Migration is not only about technology, successful migration needs sound business decisions

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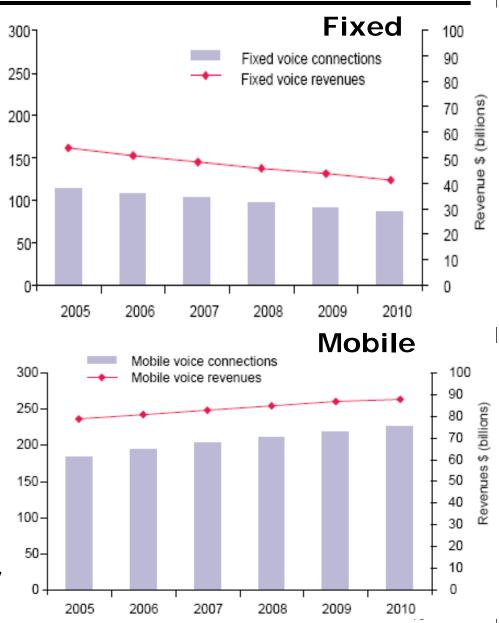
Future of Voice in Asia-Pacific

Connections (millions)

Developed Markets: (2005-2010)

- Fixed voice connections to decline by about 20% and revenues to decline by about 30%
- Mobile voice connections to increase by about 22% and revenues to increase by about 13%
- VoIP revenue to increase by from 4% to 13%

Source: Ovum 2007

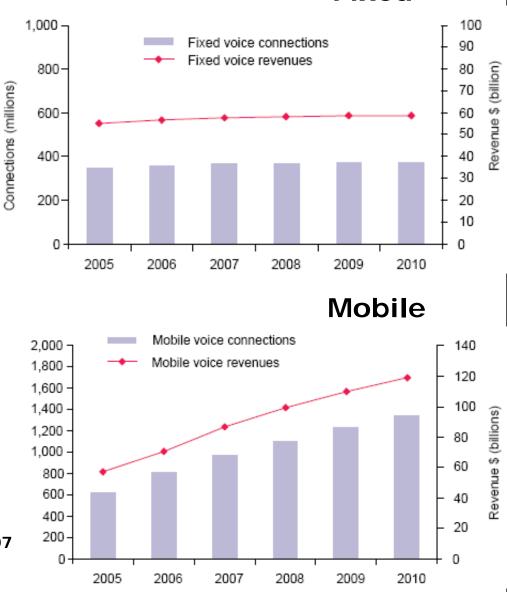


Future of Voice in Asia-Pacific

Emerging Markets: (2005-2010)

- Fixed voice connections and revenues will marginally improve
- Mobile voice connections and revenues will almost double
- VoIP revenue to increase from 4% to 13%

Source: Ovum 2007



Fixed