



International Telecommunication Union

**The Universal Communications Identifier
(UCI)
– Trusted, meaningful identification**

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ETSI work on UCI

- o The Universal Communications Identifier (UCI) concept originated in 2000
- o The eEurope programme has funded packages of work on the end-user aspects of UCI
- o Ongoing ETSI work considering application of UCI in NGNs



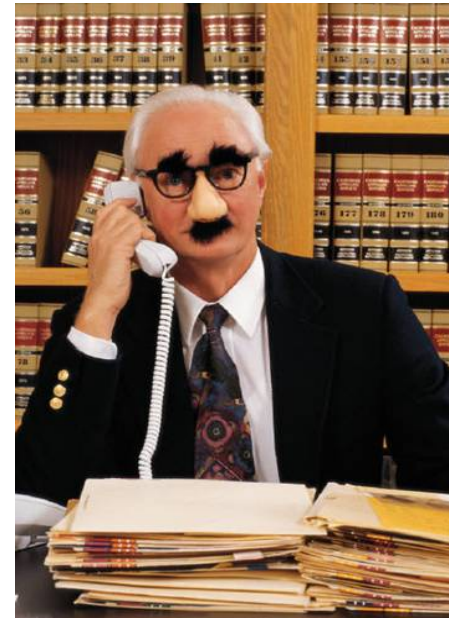
ITU-T

UCI - the meaningful identifier

- o You can use versions of your name that you find acceptable
- o Multiple alternatives
- o No forced compromises
- o No spurious data
- o Mike Pluke
- o 中尾 みち雄
or
Michio NAKAO
- o Martin Böcker
never
~~Martin Boecker~~
- o ~~jsmith35@aol.com~~

UCI – the trusted identifier

- o Masquerading in the real world is often obvious
- o In the online world it can be undetectable



Verity.truth@realme.com

UCI – the trusted identifier



Caller: 07824345768

- o Would you trust this anonymous character?
- o Is the person calling from this number to be trusted?

UCI – the trusted identifier



- If he assured you that an identifier was a true description of a person would you believe it?
- UCI has the concept of an “authentic” label that has been certified by a trusted 3rd party
- All other labels are considered to be aliases
- Almost all of today’s identifiers would be classed as aliases by UCI’s definition

UCI – the unique identifier

- An identifier must be resolvable to identify a unique resource
- If it is to be used universally, all systems must be able to transport and decode it
- It must be structured
- It would be beneficial if existing systems can process it without significant update
- A numeric element conforming to the E.164 scheme easily meets all of the above criteria

UCI – additional data

- Additional data elements can be used to convey information such as:
 - whether the UCI label is “authentic” or not
 - the preferred language for the information or communication session
 - special user requirements e.g. textual information presentation for a deaf user

UCI - the full picture

A UCI with the following structure meets all of the previous requirements:

child element	element declaration	meaning
UCI-numeric	<i>(none)</i>	Exactly one child element
UCI-label	*	Zero or more child elements
UCI-AdditionalData	*	Zero or more child elements

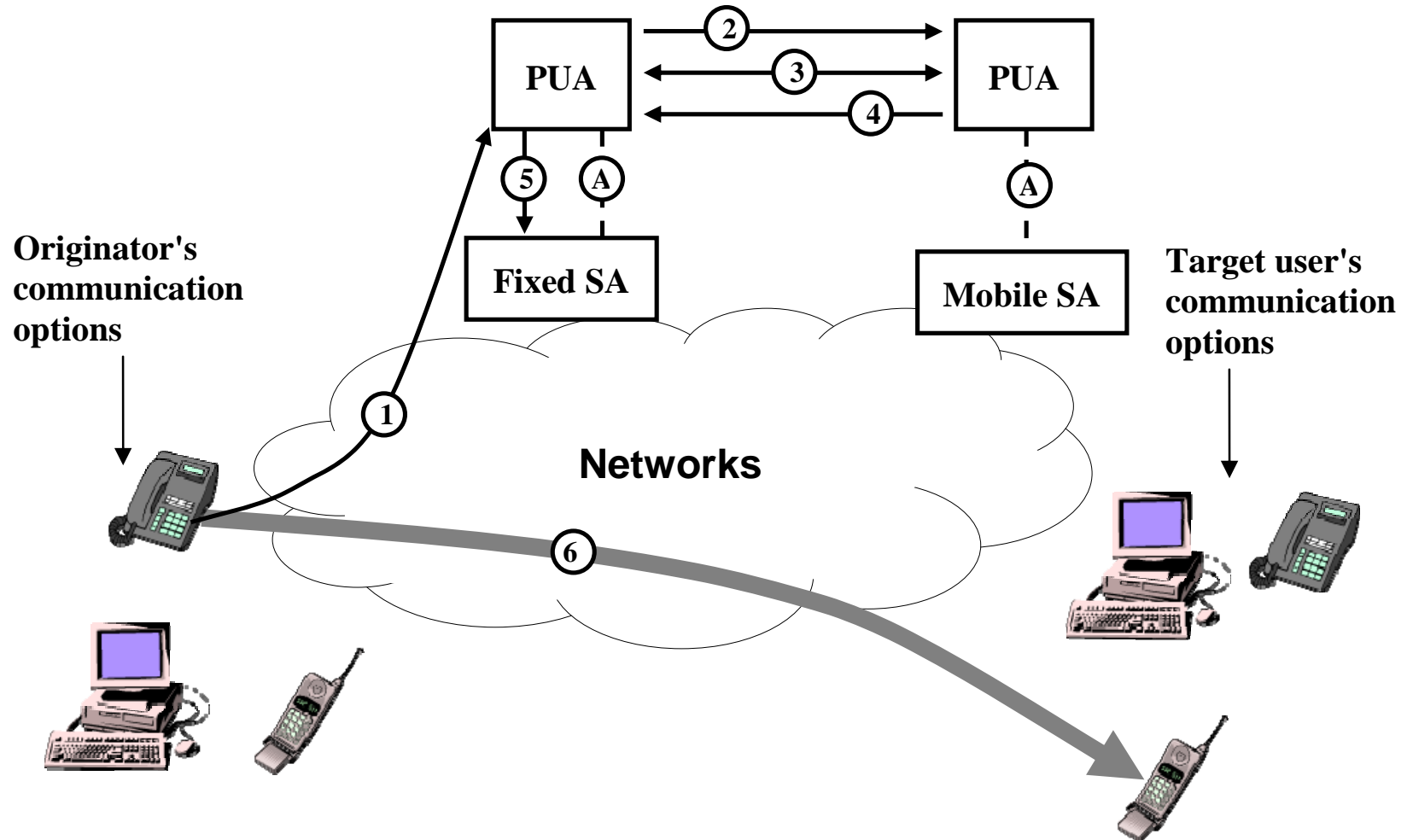
The Personal User Agent (PUA)

- Each UCI user has a Personal User Agent (PUA). This is permanently available, and acts as a proxy for the user within the ICT environment. PUAAs:
 - have access to a list of the user's contacts
 - have access to all of the user's information and communication preferences
 - contain rules that control how a user wishes their communications to be managed
 - can negotiate with other PUAAs to try to achieve a mutually acceptable outcome

The Service Agent (SA)

- UCI needs Service Agent (SA) functionality to ensure that PUAs have a standardized interface to all applications, services and networks
- The SA functionality could require little or no changes to some existing APIs and gateways
- In other cases, SA functionality could require some form of specialised middleware

The UCI in use



UCI as a future value add

- If UCI and the supporting PUAs and SAs are deployed they provide a platform from which a number of new value-added capabilities can easily be built. These include:
 - protection from spam and phishing attacks by trusting only “authentic” identities
 - potential to meet a wide range of user preferences e.g. type of communication, language, high availability and do-not-disturb periods

Mapping to NGNs

- Early UCI work described requirements and defined a conceptual architecture
- This makes mapping to concrete environments easy:
 - no pre-defined technology choices
 - can examine if available services deliver required functionality
- Now examining how NGN system entities, protocols and services (e.g. SIP, Presence and ENUM) can deliver the capabilities required by UCI

Interest in UCI

- o ETSI's TISPAN is evaluating how UCI can be supported
- o InternetNZ identified UCI as a significant value-add for their ENUM trial
- o ETSI's UCI requirements were acknowledged by a major company as being invaluable when defining the features of a corporate converged communications product
- o VisionNG identified UCI as a desirable evolution for their global UPT service