



# Cognitive Radio is dead...

## Long live Cognitive Radio!

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# CR dead or alive?

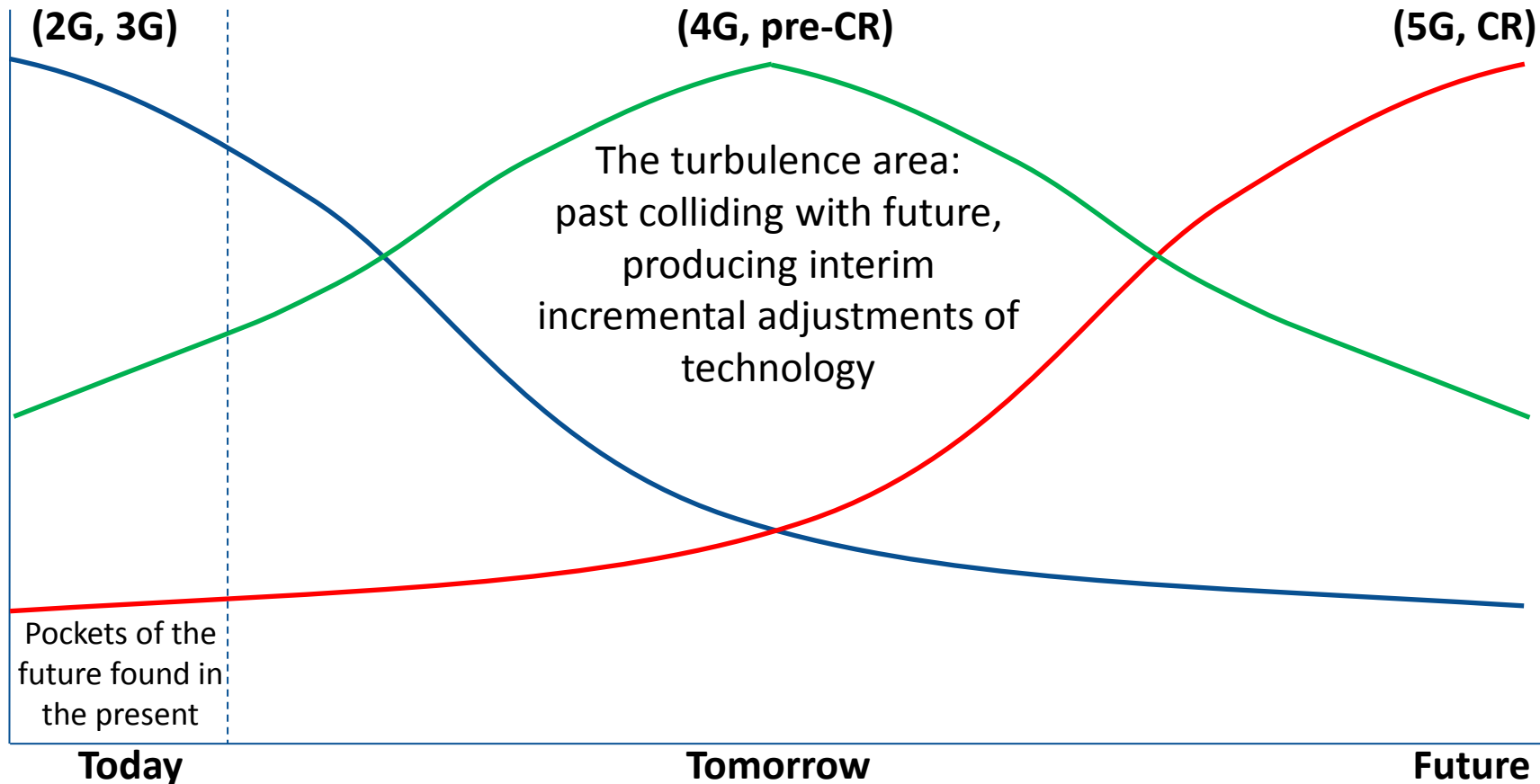
- The CR concept was so much overhyped that for some time now, one could feel a certain gloom in the industry about the state and future prospects of CR
- We believe what was overhyped is really an expectation that CR will offer a disruptive innovative leap overnight – that idea is as good as dead
- Meanwhile CR is alive and well, and gradually advances into radiocommunications market via a plethora of incremental innovations

# CR as part of future horizons

**Outgoing wireless technologies  
(2G, 3G)**

**Emerging wireless technologies  
(4G, pre-CR)**

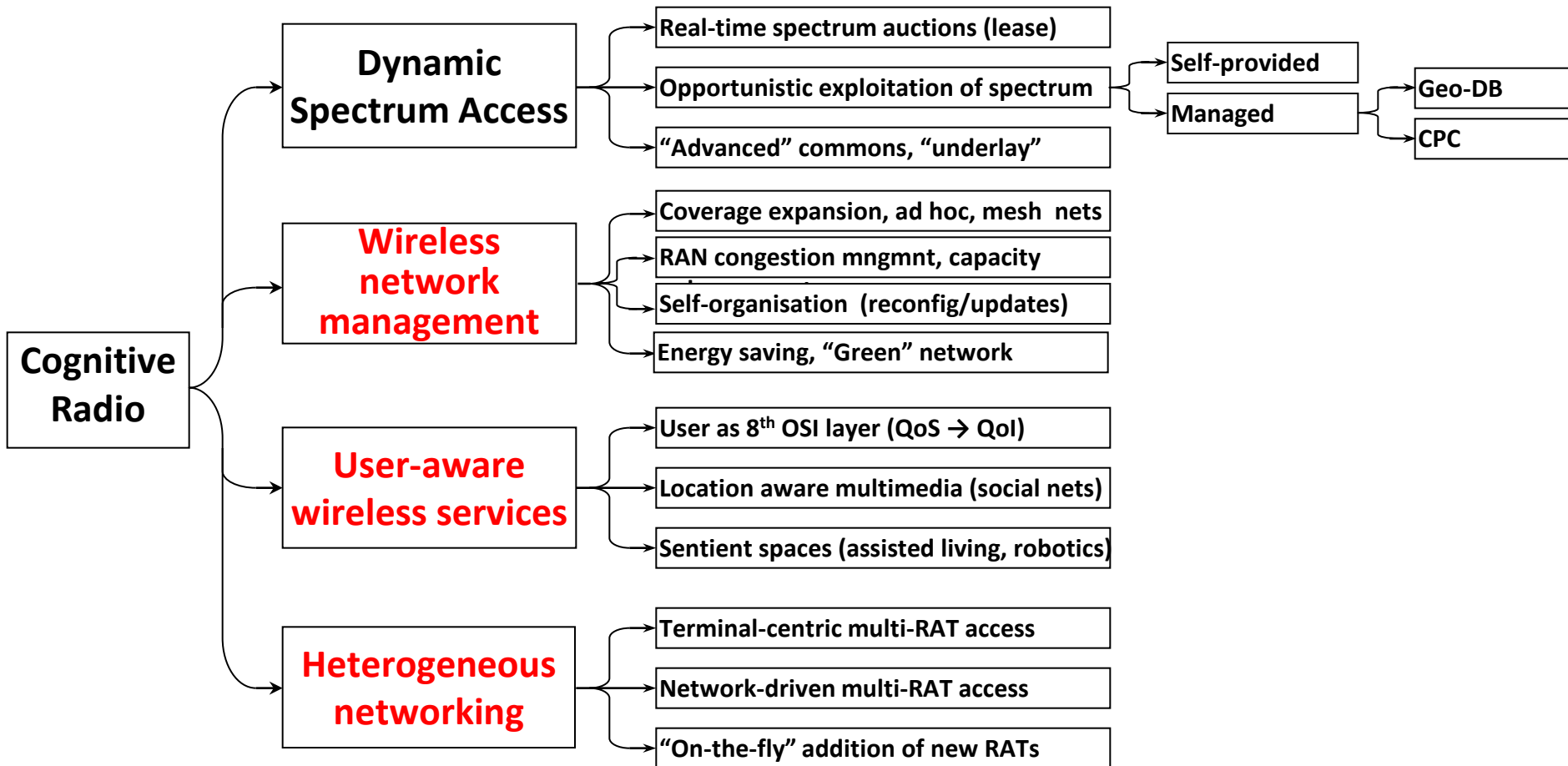
**Future wireless technologies  
(5G, CR)**



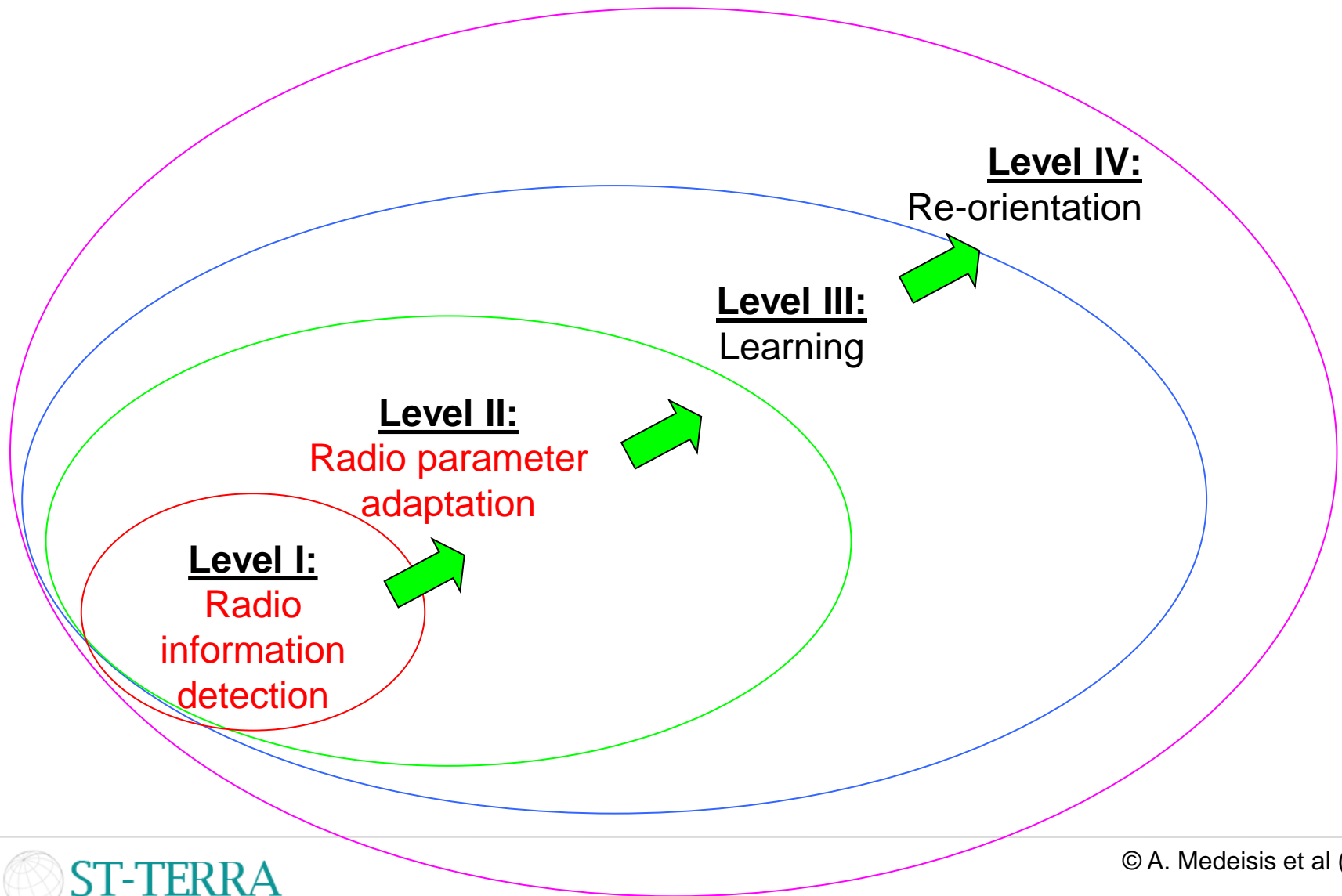
# But what *is* CR?

- The definitions many and vary widely
- The “philosopher’s stone” of our industry, which presents itself differently depending on who looks into it
- So to understand the CR we really need to start with its definition, or rather the entire breadth of implementation examples and development paths of this complex concept...

# CR implementation *paths*



# CR technology path

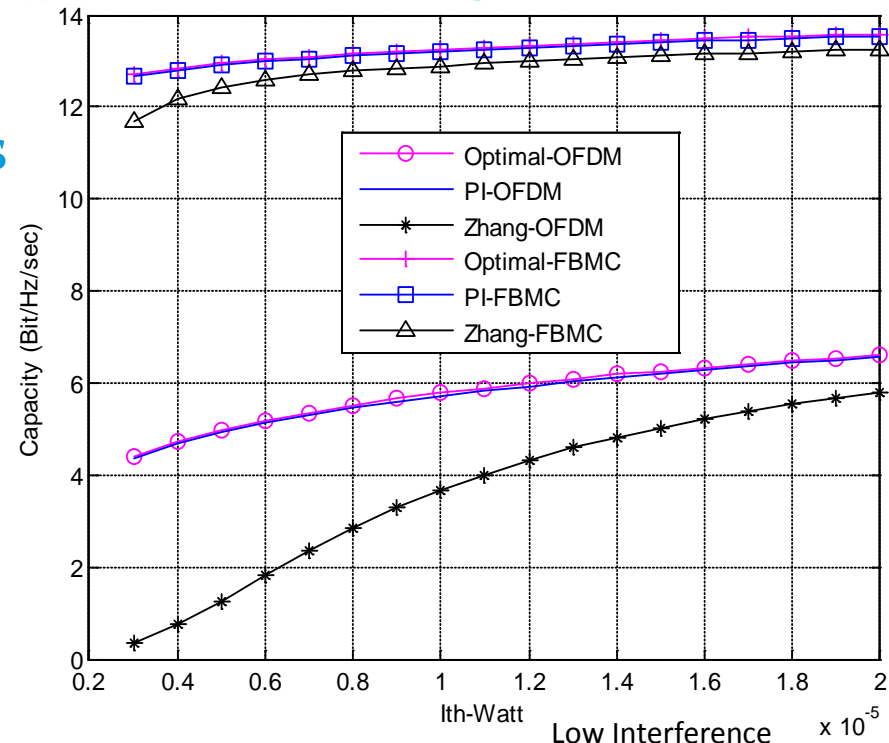


# So the CR is already here

- In some applications, such as:
  - Wireless network management applications
  - User-aware wireless services
  - Heterogeneous networking
- And growing from the lowest technological levels towards the highest
- So the CR is alive, well, and growing, but how do we make it more pervasive?...
- The following shows some examples considered in COST-TERRA for progression of CR technologies

# Physical layer

- Modulation advances - FBMC vs OFDM:
  - High spectral containment, reduced side lobes
  - No Cyclic Prefix, increased spectral efficiency
  - Increased robustness
  - When used in CR scenarios FBMC may provide significant boost of radio links resilience and capacity

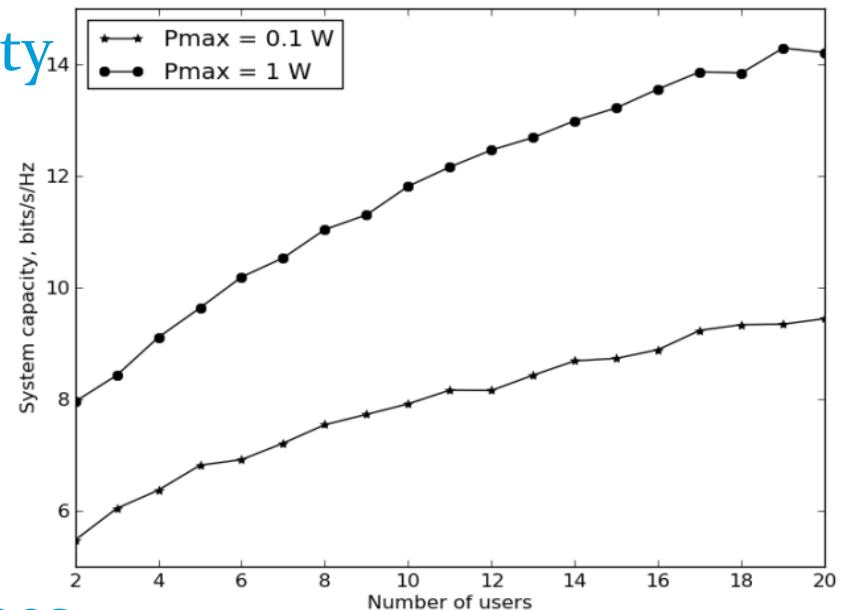


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# MAC: time for ISM-Advanced?

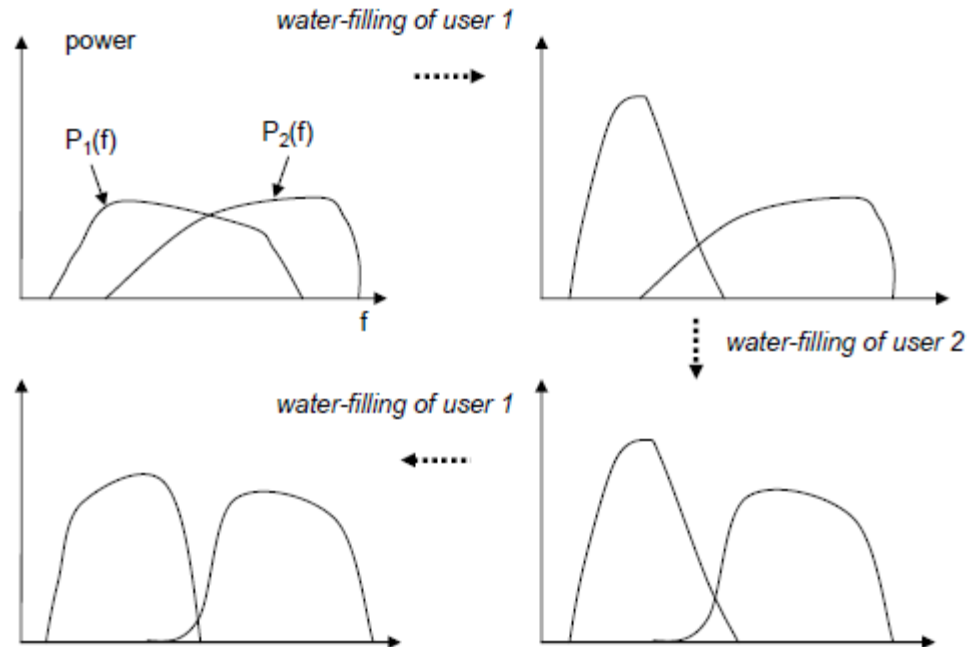
- Commons become increasingly important, including for mobile network traffic off-loading
- ISM-Advanced concept:
  - Increased spectrum use efficiency
  - Better throughput & stability
  - Waving EIRP limit
- Studied means:
  - Improved MAC protocols
  - Smart Antennas
  - Cooperative sensing/REM
  - Game-theoretical approaches



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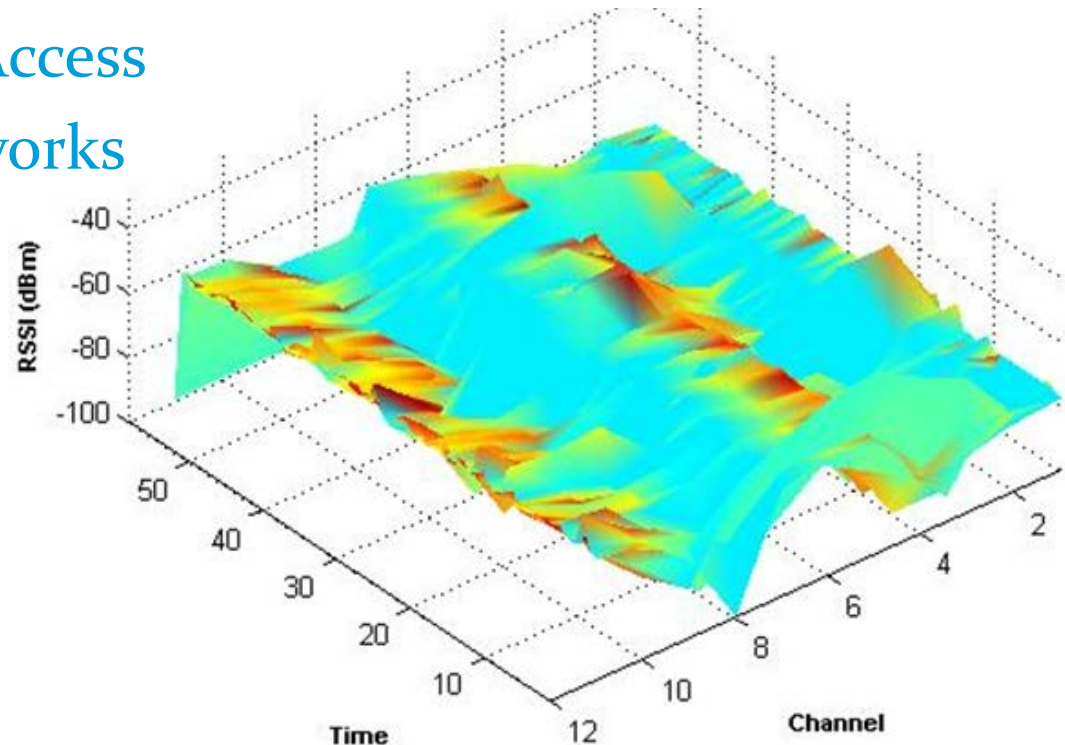
# Adaptive channel access

- Water Filling Method, well known in the DSL world
- Allows to better exploit the varying channel characteristics:
  - Optimising Tx power consumption
  - Maximising throughput
  - Improved co-existence



# Radio Environment Mapping

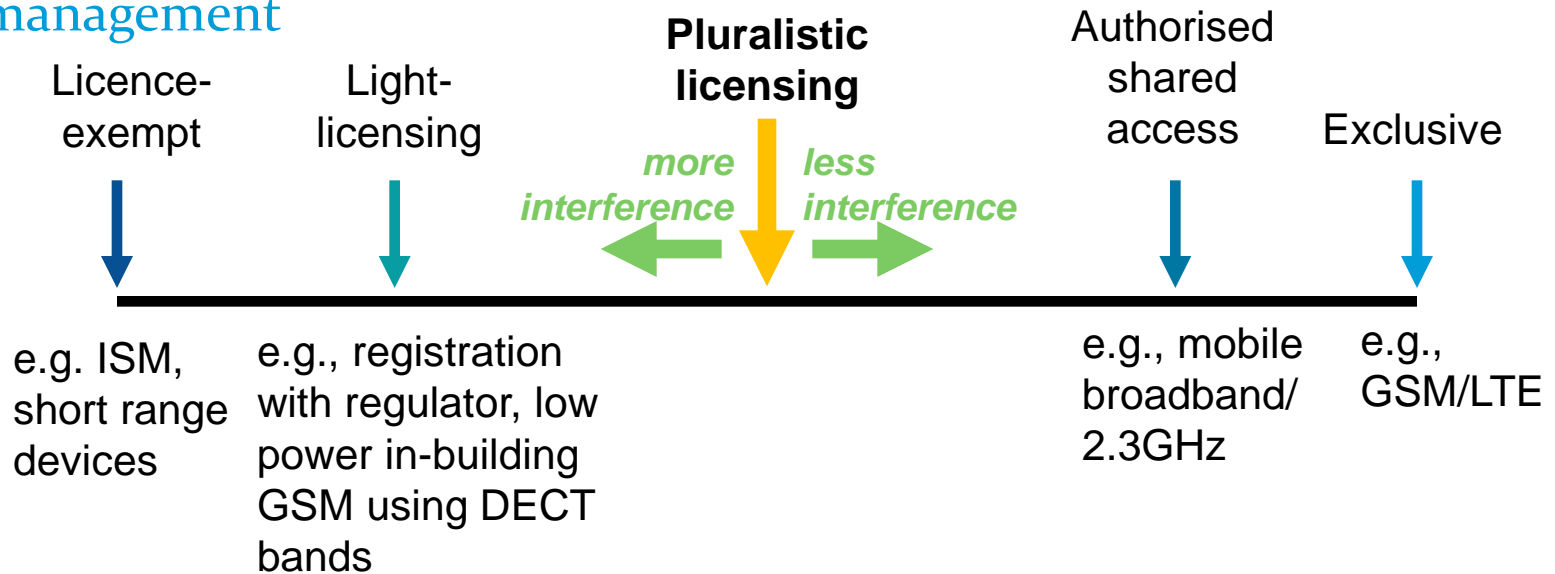
- Essential *platform* for developing environmentally aware, robust CR systems:
  - White Space Devices
  - Authorised Shared Access
  - Self-Organised Networks
  - Etc.



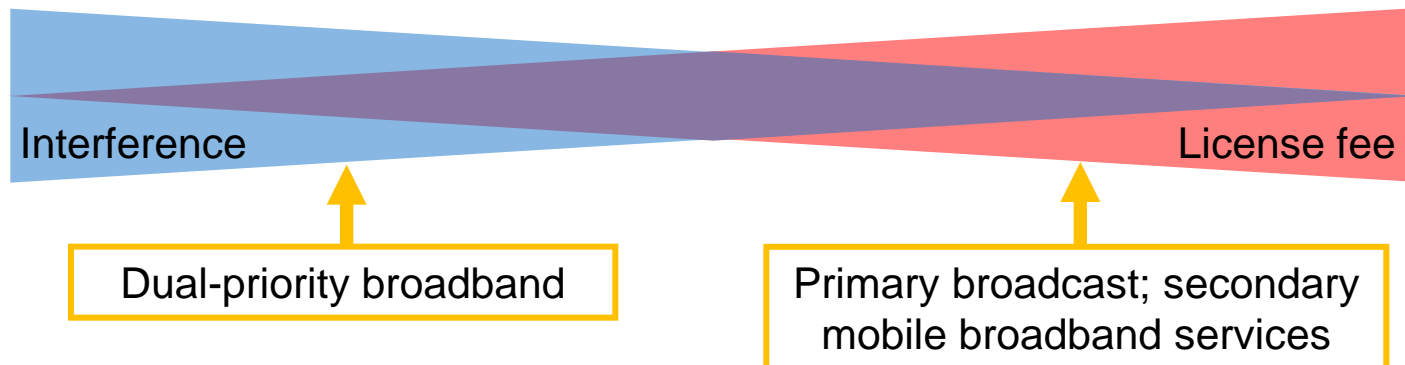
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# Interference management

- “Pluralistic Licensing” - an adaptable balance of interference management

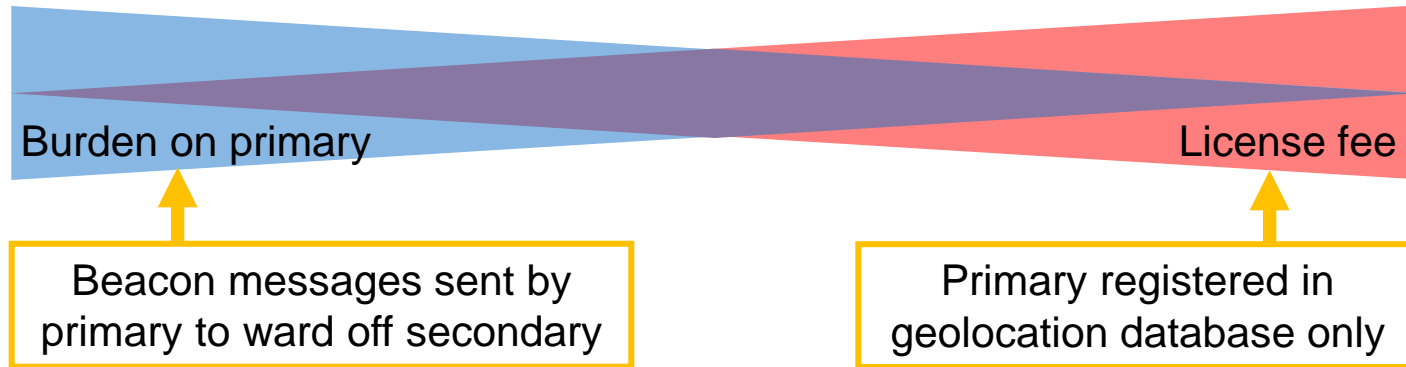


- Primary interference and license fee based on primary/secondary services

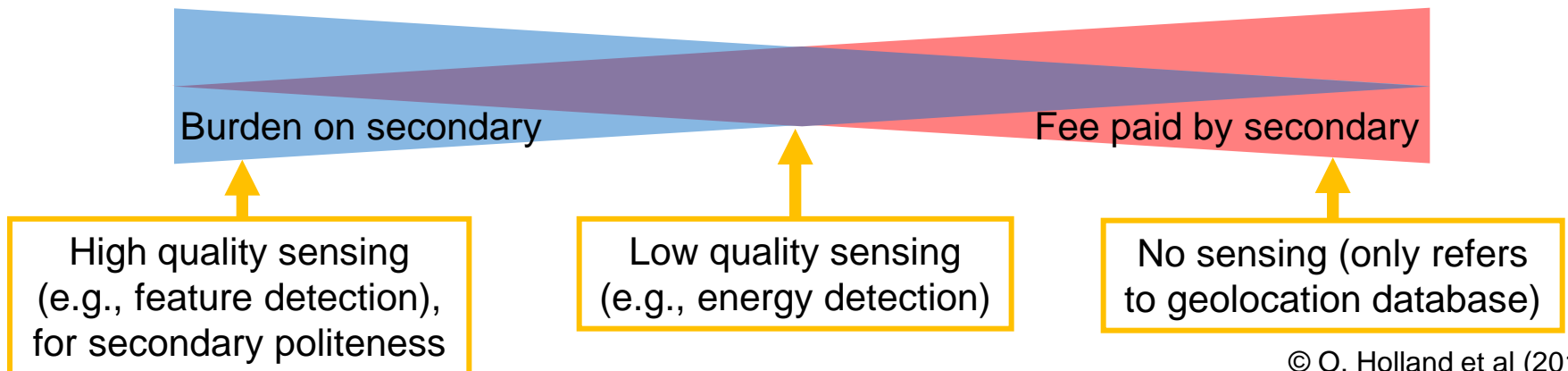


# PL: technical details

- Proactive primary mechanisms and pricing

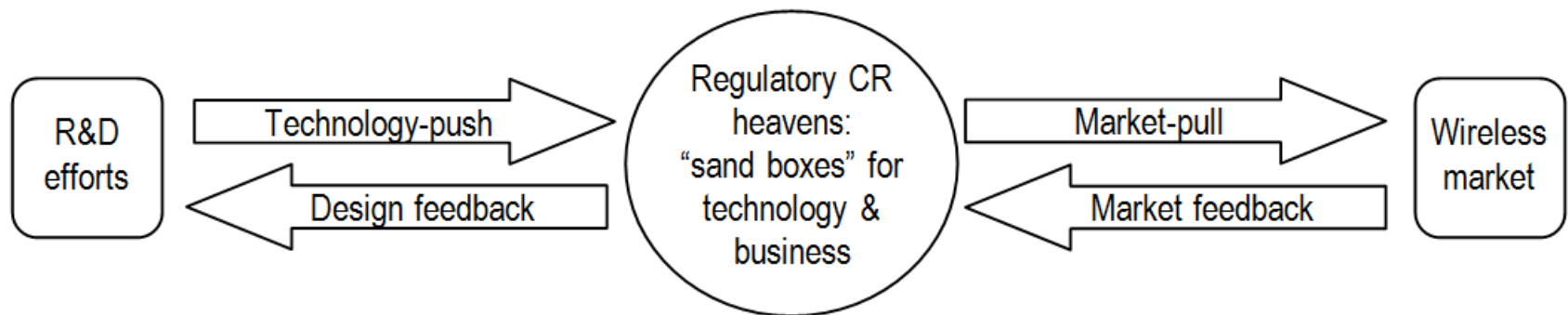


- Possible pricing example for secondary (relevant to secondary-secondary coexistence; could be relevant also to primary-secondary)



# Conclusions

- Cognitive Radio is a complex term hiding many nascent wireless technologies, and rumours of its death had been greatly exaggerated
- The regulatory establishment could greatly help the pace of technological innovation by creating favourable conditions that would be conducive to CR development and use



# References

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- Sources of material reflected in this presentation:
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  - A. Medeisis et al, “ISM-Advanced: Improved Access Rules for Unlicensed Spectrum”, submitted to DySPAN’14, April 2014