Broadband Service Deployment Experiences in Japan

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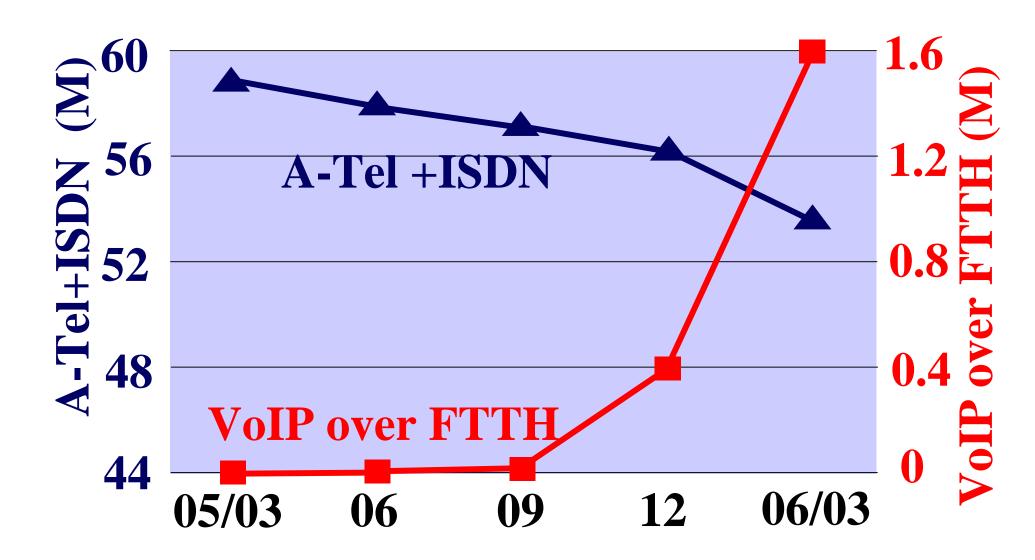
Present Situation in NTT

March 2006

FTTH	265 k	3.4 M
ADSL	-22 k	5.7 M
3 G	1,448 k	22.0 M
2 G	-963 k	28.6 M



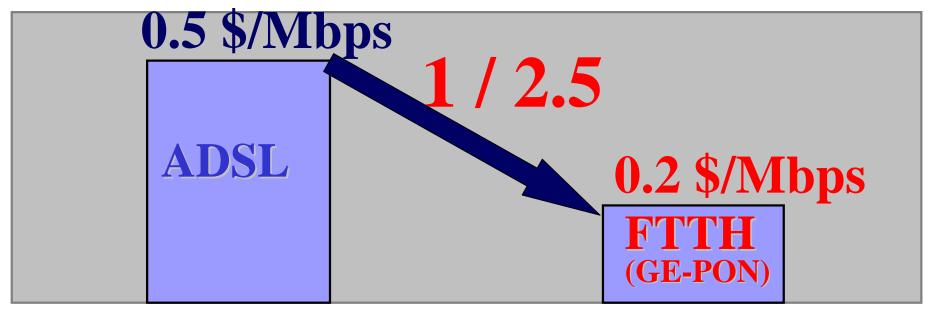
Rapid Shift to VoIP





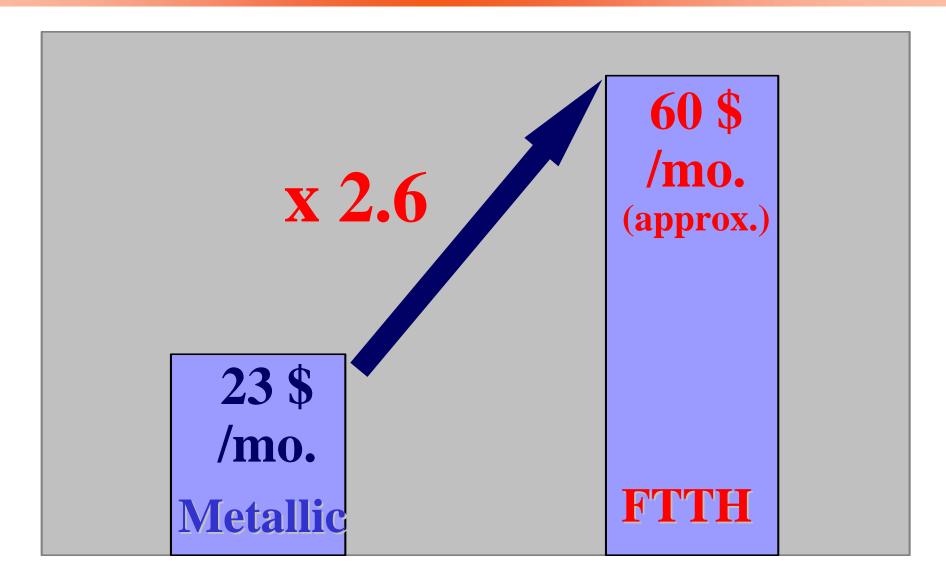
Why FTTH & VoIP - Price -

	Max. Speed Down/Up (Mbps)	Monthly Charge (US\$)
ADSL	47 / 5	22.3
FTTH	100 / 100	22.1





Why FTTH & VoIP - ARPU -





Why NGN for NTT/Japan

1. Social Demand

- i) Shift to Broadband & Service Convergence
- ii) New infrastructure toward "Aged Society"

2. Internal Demand

- i) Life time of existing digital switch
- ii) More competitive in ever-changing business environment





NTT's NGN Strategy

1. Contribute to National Target as e-Japan and u-Japan

- various services
- fixed-mobile/wireless convergence
- human-machine-environmentinformation-communication-time
- sustainable, safe, secure, convenient



NTT's NGN Strategy (Cont'd)

- 2. Build a next-generation network that is open, flexible, easy-to-use, iner-operable, and safe&secure
 - => 30 million FTTH users by 2010
 - field trials in 2006
 - commercial core network from 2006
 - Commercial service edges from 2007

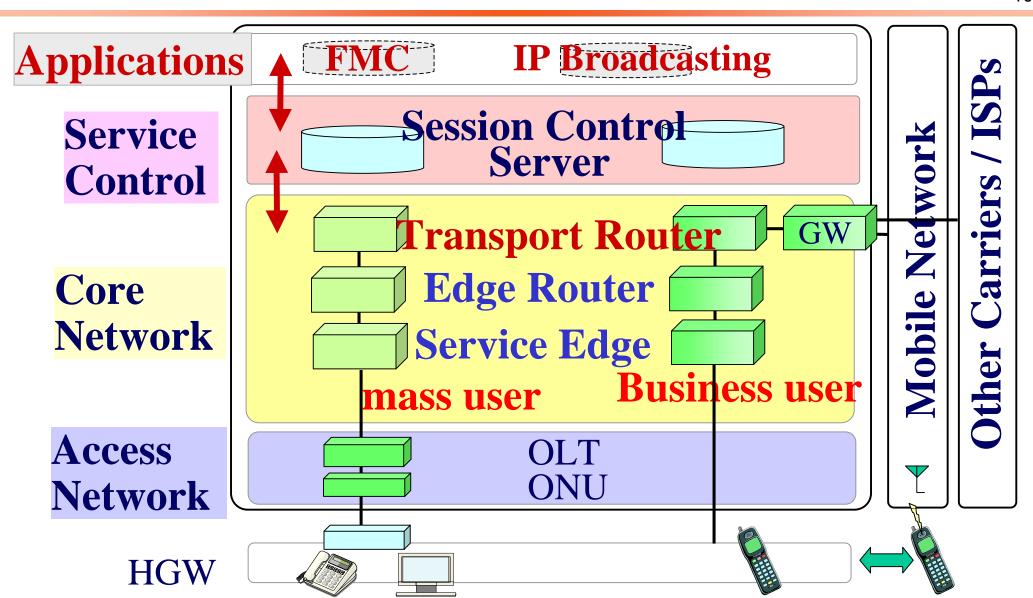


NTT's NGN Strategy (Cont'd)

- 3. Seamlessly migrate from existing public switched telephony to IP telephony, and from copper wire to optical fiber
- 4. Strengthen our competitiveness and financial base (Targets up to 2010)
 - Annual additional sales: 5 billion US\$
 - Total capital expenditure: 50 billion US\$
 - Annual cost reduction: 8 billion US\$

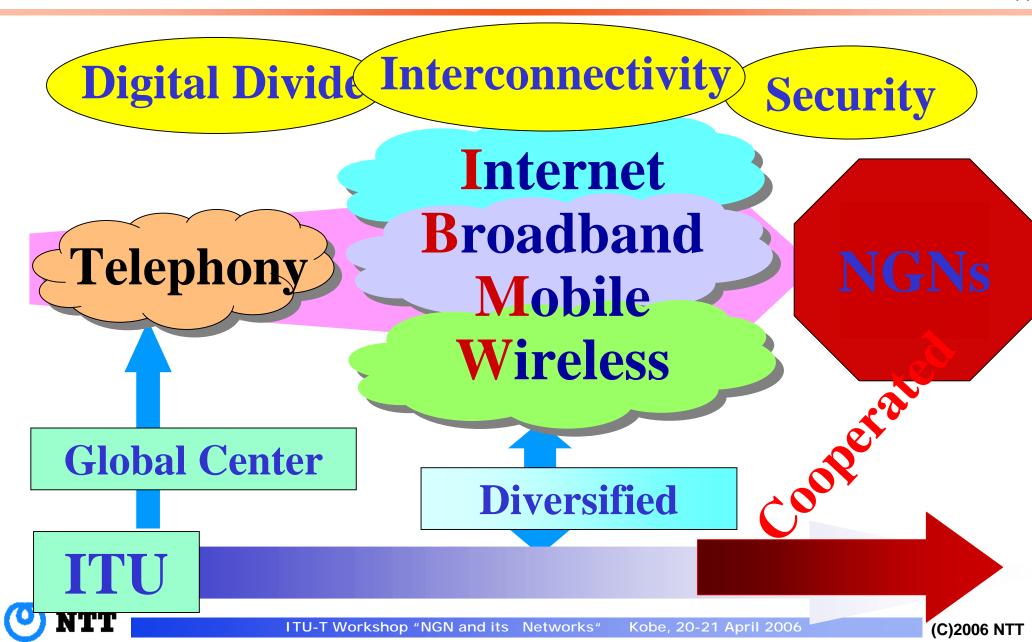


NTT's NGN Architecture





Why NGN for Global



I am a candidate for the Director of ITU-T

Challenge in a Changing Era, NGN

