International Telecommunication Union

Effective Harmonisation between SDO's

Bob Williams Representing ISO

UK HOD ISO TC204

Convenor 2 Working Groups in TC204

Editor 7 ISO Standards

Chair ETSI TG37 (ITS)

ITU-T Workshop on "The Fully Networked Car, A Workshop on ICT in Vehicles" Geneva, 2-4 March 2005



What comprises ISO?

147 national members

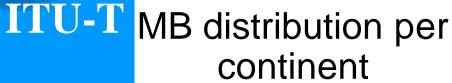
188 TCs
3 000 technical bodies
35 000 experts

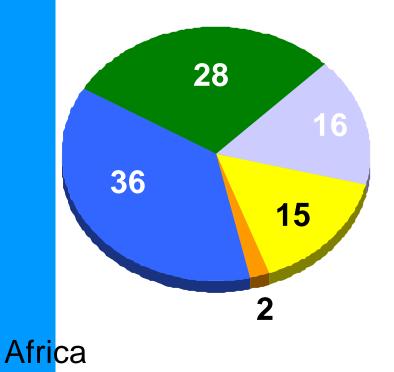
- IT tools
- standards development procedures
- consensus building
- dissemination

Central Secretariat 160 staff



Distribution of ISO members per continent

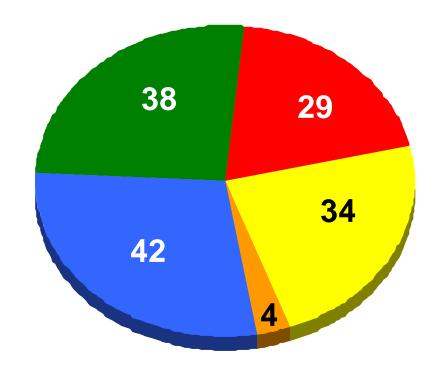




Oceania

Europe

MB+MC+MS distribution per continent

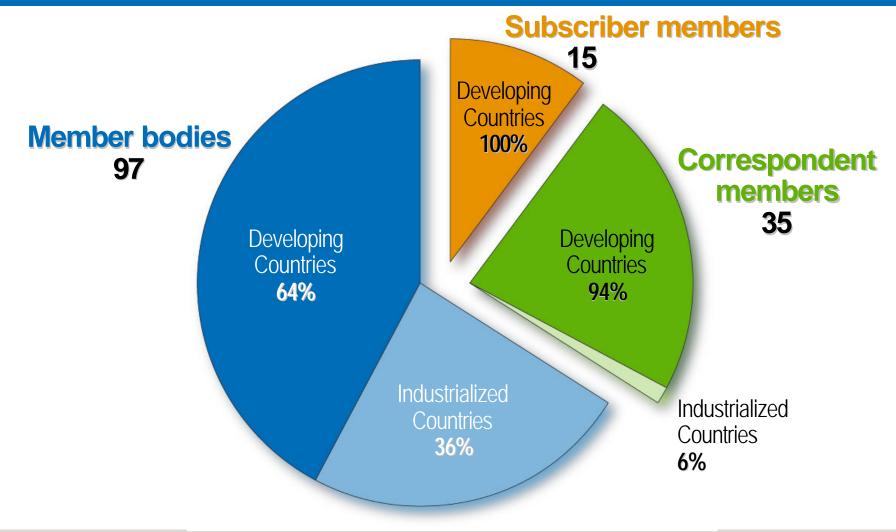


Americas

Asia



Developing countries in ISO





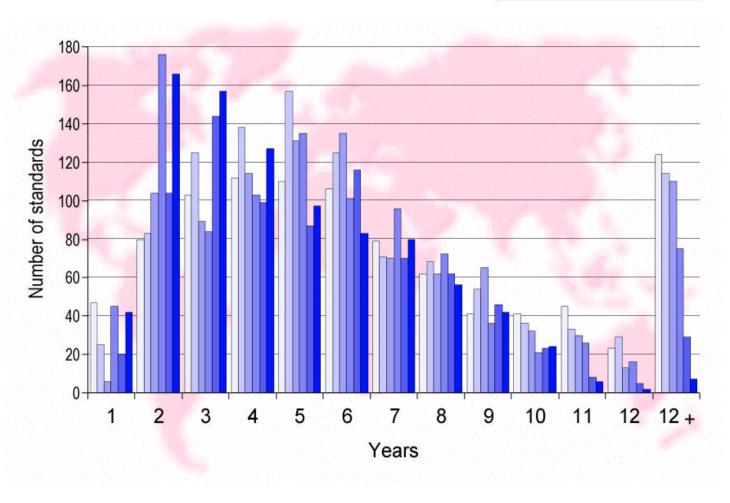
Report to the ISO General Assembly 16



Standards production times

(Start-to-finish 1997-2002)





Our challenge:

ITU-T

Producing and promoting market relevant international standards to facilitate global trade and support sustainable development, based on efficient and flexible processes, broad stakeholders input and optimal use of resources



Adding value for our stake holders International and regional acceptance and networking

- Fully compliant with the six WTO/TBT criteria for international standards
- Liaisons with all major relevant international organizations
- Structured relations with seven regional groups of standardization bodies
- Regional Liaison Officers (RLOs)

Adding value for our stake holders Strong national membership base



- Building a true international consensus
- Providing mechanisms for disseminating, implementing and maintaining our standards
- Ensuring the participation of all interested stakeholders

ISO

: Contributing positively to globalization

ITU-T

- Support to the implementation of the WTO TBT Agreement
- Standards for a sustainable development
- A growing involvement in standards for services
- A contribution to security
- Open standards for the information society
- Networking with 565 international organizations
- International Standards in support of regional cooperation



ISO & Europe: the Vienna Agreement

- New Approach for eliminating TBT in the European Economic Area
- European legislation and importance of European Standards
- Single European Market
- Integration of the European Single Market into the global market

Vienna Agreement:

(signed in 1991)

Ensuring the equivalence (whenever possible) of International and European standards



ISO & Europe: the Vienna Agreement (cont.)

Four main mechanisms for ensuring equivalence of ISO and European standards:

- Adoption of ISO standards by CEN
- Parallel approval of work items under ISO leadership (Vienna Agreement, clause 5.1)
- Parallel approval of work items under CEN leadership (Vienna Agreement, clause 5.2)
- Adoption by ISO of European Standards

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Vienna Agreement situation

Last update : 2004-06-30

- June 2004: 2611 available CEN European standards and pre-standards are identical to ISO standards (28% of the total number of CEN European standards)
- In 2003: among 995 ISO Standards, 26% were published under the Vienna Agreement
- Ongoing work
 - Parallel approval
 - ISO lead 679
 - CEN lead 303



Harmonisation is not just about Institutions- it is about People

- So much for the formal structures
- But Standardization is not just about structures and procedures
- Standards are largely developed by volunteers
- And this relies on the companies behind these volunteers feeling that the investment is sound
- Different parts of Standards dealt with by Different SDO's can be wasteful on this scarce resource
- Nothing is more infuriating to a company that investing in a Standard only to find out that a different SDO has started similar work in a committee of a different SDO

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Joint Working

- o SDO's are separate for good reason- ITU has three global regions where the regulatory regimes are very different.
- ETSI specialise in Providing European Region
 1 Telecommunications Standards
- o IEEE specialise in Region 2 Standards
- o IEC deal with Electrotechnical Standards
- ISO deal with Application Standards
- CEN deal with Application Standards with specific European requirements



Sharing WG's

- The Vienna Agreement enables ISO and CEN to work together on common work items -The ITS Committee- ISO TC204 provides good example of this.
- Of its 10 active working groups, 7 are common with CEN TC278.
- o 4 of the WG's meet jointly
- 3 WG's regularly share documents



Common Resources

- I am making this presentation representing ISO as an active participant of CEN TC204
- But I am also here at this workshop as the Chair of ETSI TG37 (ITS)
- Using common resources enables us to avoid duplicating work
- Using common resources helps to ensure that WG's are well informed about docs in progress and deliverables of related groups



In Intelligent Transport we are lucky

- ISO TC204 CEN TC278 ETSI TG37 work closely together, and jointly participate in an ITCSB Steering group
- ISO CEN ETSI ITU participate in a panel that organises and manages the sharing of information
- That panel organised this workshop so that automotive manufacturers and OEM's have a single focus for, in this case the subject of ICT in Vehicles



The Future

- Collaboration, not competition, between SDO's
- More timely, market related, delivery of Standards
- Mutually supporting Standards environment
- Greater struggle to evolve the business model for SDO's



ISO TC204 – Intelligent Transport Systems: Main Areas of Activity-1

- WG1:Systems Architecture, Data Registries, Glossaries. Support Tools to assist Standards development and implementation (e.g. Using XML in ITS Standards)
- WG3 Geographic Data Files, Physical Storage, Navigation system API etc
- o WG4: AVI, AEI, ERI
- o WG5: Electronic Fee Collection
- WG7: Freight and Fleet- Data Dictionary and Message Sets, Hazmat



ISO TC204 – Intelligent Transport Systems: Main Areas of Activity-2

- WG8: Public Transport-Comms interface profiles, Standard numbering systems for PT, Public Transport Cabling, Data Dictionary for pre-emption and prioritization
- WG9: Data Interfaces, Data concepts, & Data exchange between TMC's
- WG10: TTI- Messages, coding protocols via several media, TPEG etc



ISO TC204 – Intelligent Transport Systems: Main Areas of Activity-2

- WG11_ Navigation Systems and route Guidance
- WG14- ADAS- Warning systems- obstacles, lane departure etc., collision avoidance, etc
- WG15- Dedicated Short Range Communications Communications
- WG16- Wide Area Communications incl
 Message Protocol Management and headers,
 CALM (quasi continuous communications with and between vehicles and infrastructure) etc.



ISO TC22 Road Vehicles

 My Colleague, Mr. Jean - Pierre Cheynet ,from ISO TC22 will summarise the activities of their committee at the end of my presentation



Thank you for listening- enjoy the workshop



o Bob Williams, CSI bw@2-csi.com

o www.2-csi.com